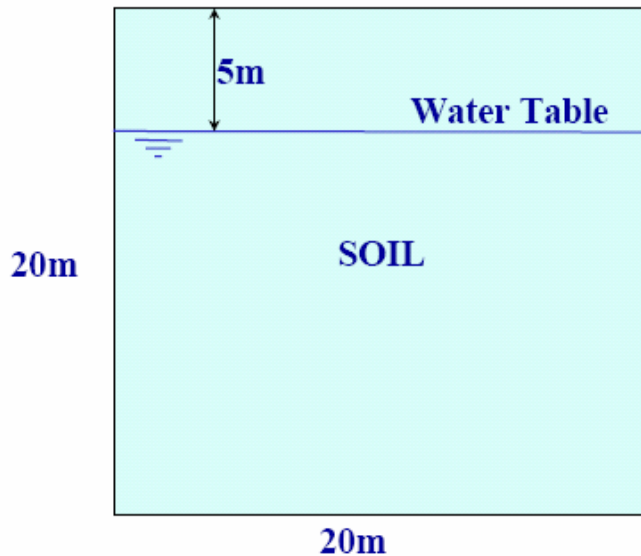


Phần 1 : PLAXIS INPUT



$$\begin{aligned}\gamma_{sat} &= 20 \text{ kN/m}^3 \\ \gamma_{unsat} &= 15 \text{ kN/m}^3 \\ E_{oed} &= 400 \text{ kPa} \\ K_o &= 1 - \sin \phi' \\ \nu &= 0.3\end{aligned}$$

Dùng Plaxis để tính toán ứng suất trong đất .

Kết quả tính tay ta có :

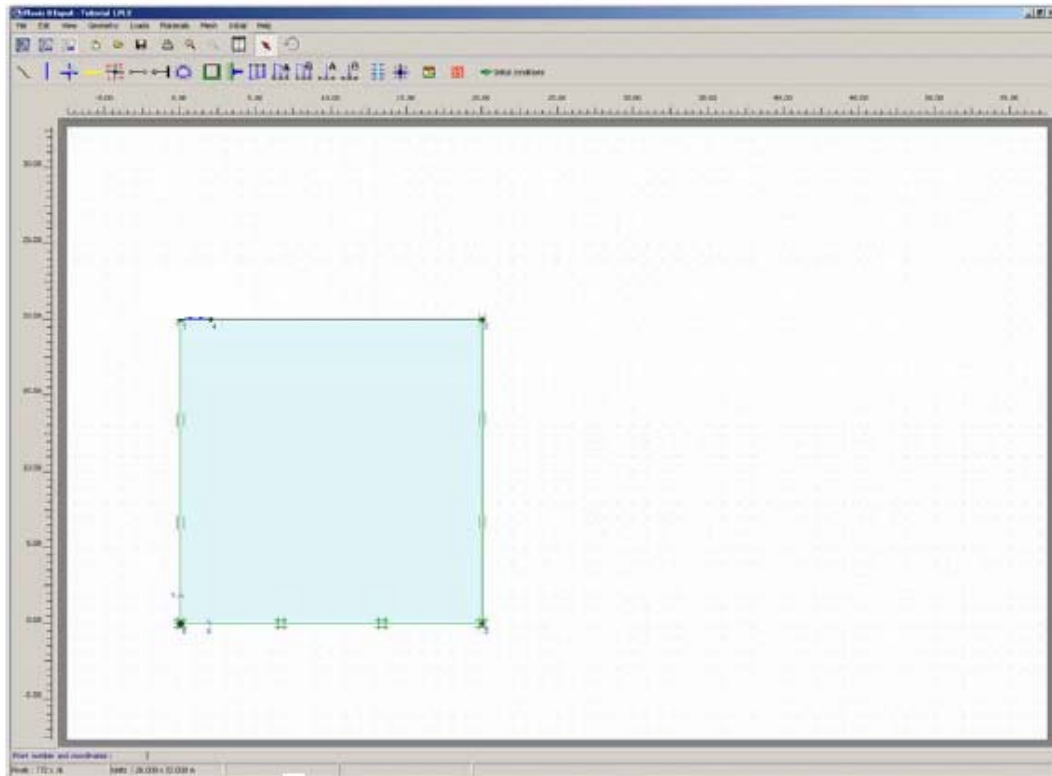
Ứng suất tổng

$$\sigma_v = 5m \times 15 + 15m \times 20 = 375 \text{ kPa}$$

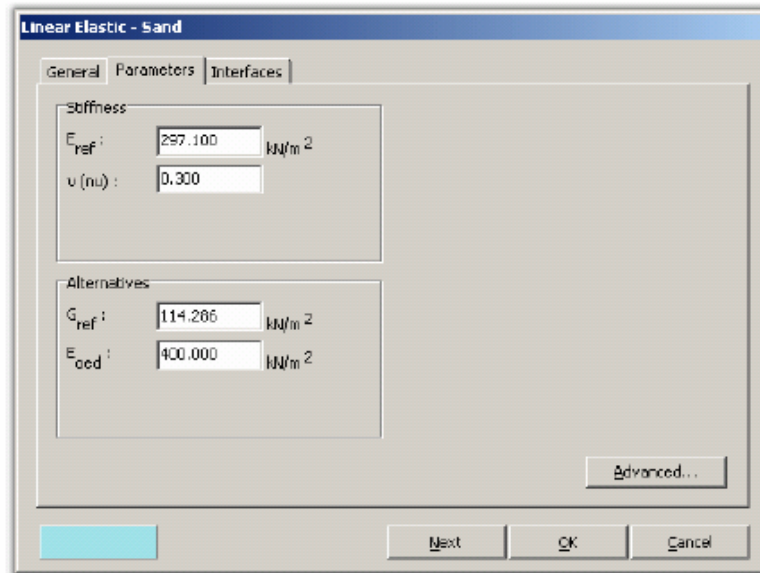
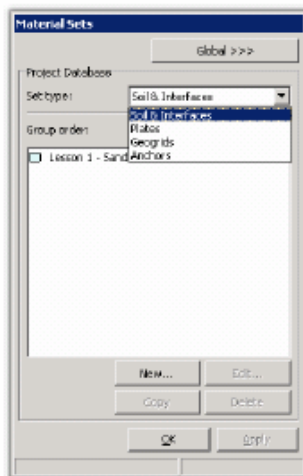
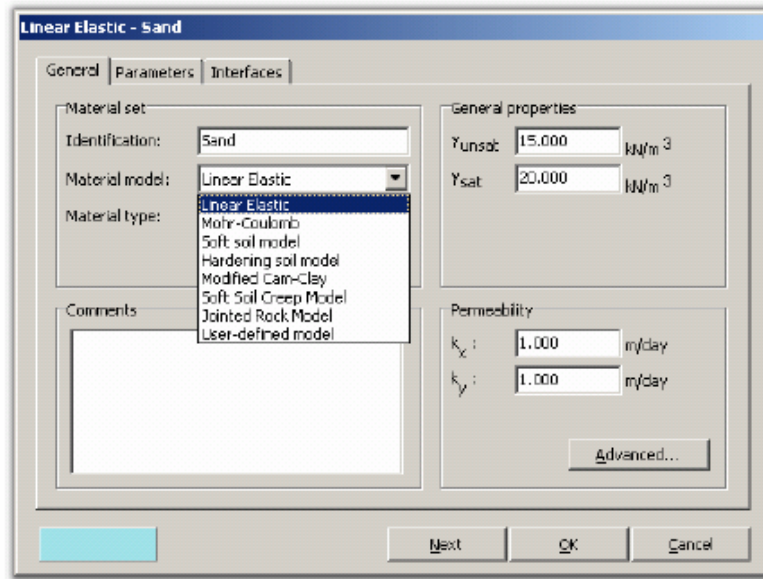
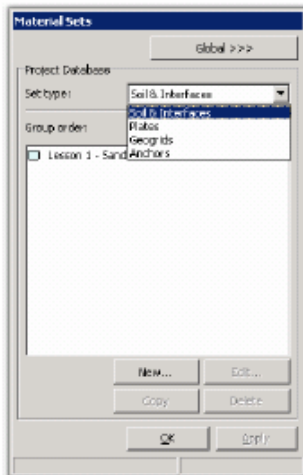
Ứng suất hữu hiệu

$$\sigma'_v = 5m \times 15 + 15m \times 20 - 15m \times 10 = 225 \text{ kPa}$$

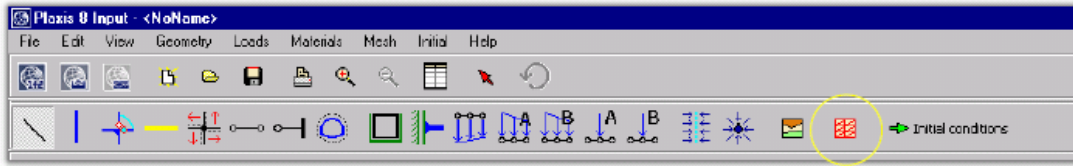
1. Tạo hình dạng bài toán và tạo biên của bài toán.



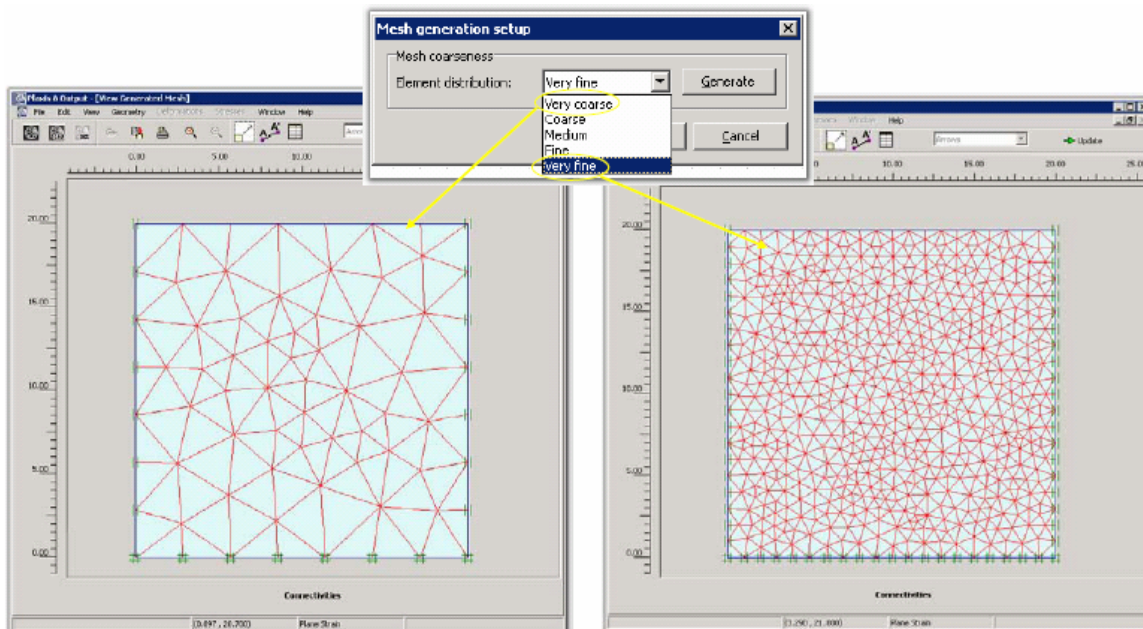
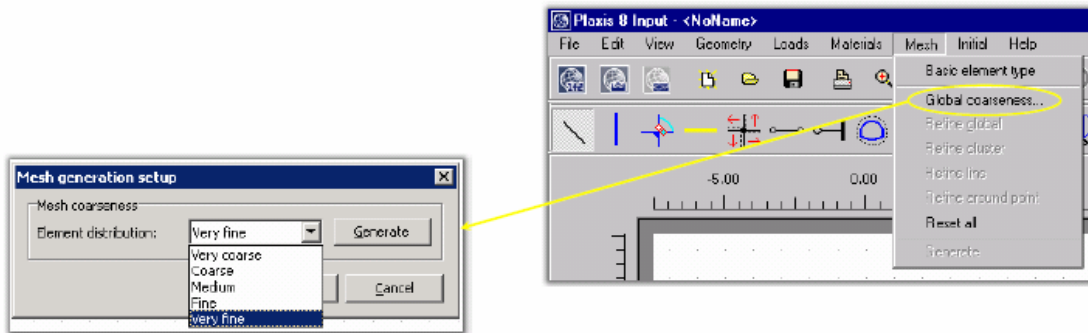
2. Khai báo các thông số của đất và gán cho bài toán



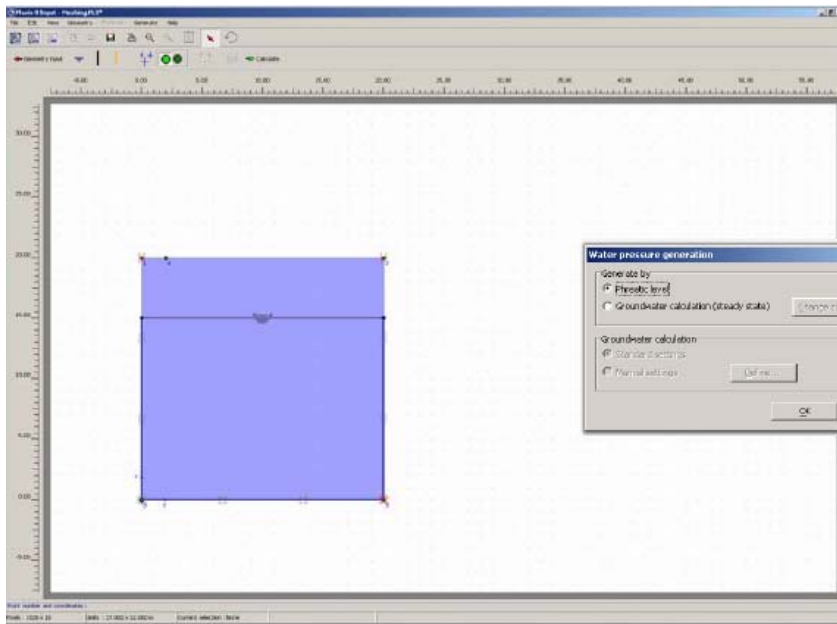
3. Chia lưới các phần tử



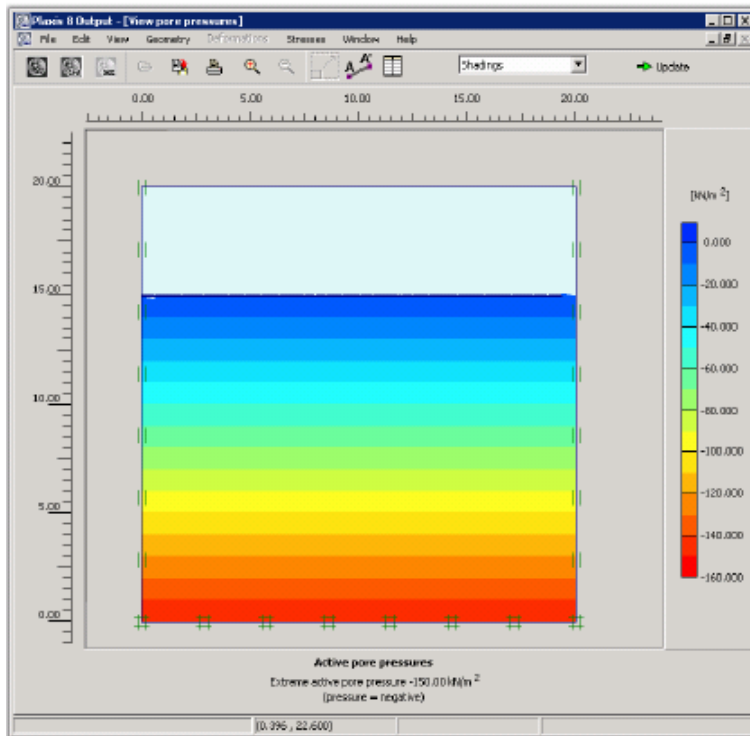
Mesh your model



4. Gán mực nước ngầm

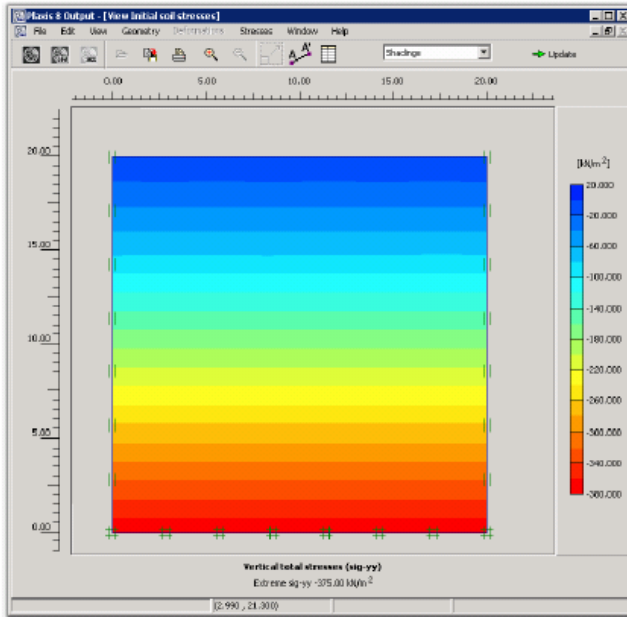


Draw water table and generate pore pressure distribution (static)



Check Pore Pressure Distribution then press update

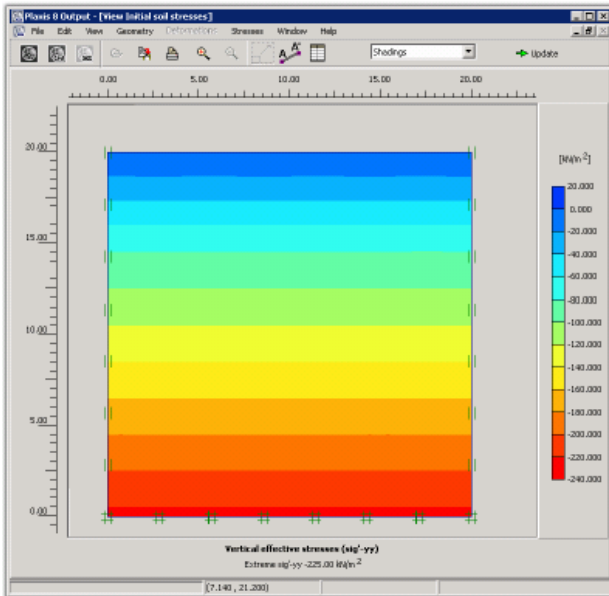
5. Tính toán ứng suất ban đầu



Check Total Vertical Stress Distribution

$$\sigma_v = 5m \times 15 + 15m \times 20 = 375 \text{ kPa}$$

Vertical total stresses (sig-yy)
 Extreme sig-yy -375.00 kN/m²

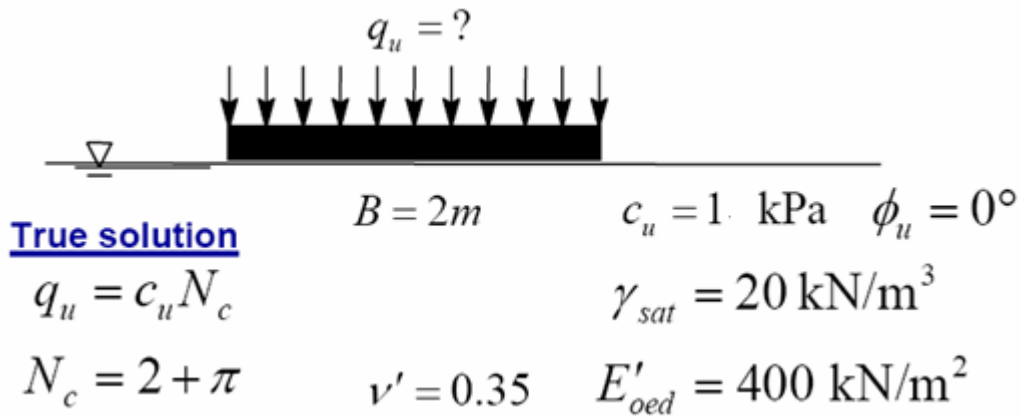


Check Effective Vertical Stress Distribution

$$\sigma'_v = 5m \times 15 + 15m \times 20 - 15m \times 10 = 225 \text{ kPa}$$

Vertical effective stresses (sig'-yy)
 Extreme sig'-yy -225.00 kN/m²

Phần 2 : PLAXIS INPUT, CALCULATE,CURVES



1. Tạo hình dạng bài toán

Gán chuyển vị biết trước



Gán biên



Gán số liệu địa chất



Mohr-Coulomb - Lesson 2 - Clay

General Parameters Interfaces

Material Set

Identification: Lesson 2 - Clay

Material model: Mohr-Coulomb

Material type: UnDrained

General properties

γ_{unsat} : 20.000 kN/m³

γ_{sat} : 20.000 kN/m³

Comments

Permeability

k_x : 1.000E-05 m/day

k_y : 1.000E-05 m/day

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help

Mohr-Coulomb - Lesson 2 - Clay

General Parameters Interfaces

Stiffness

E_{ref} : 249.200 kN/m²

ν (nu): 0.350

Strength

c_{ref} : 1.000 kN/m²

ϕ (phi): 0.000 °

ψ (psi): 0.000 °

Alternatives

G_{ref} : 92.308 kN/m²

E_{oed} : 400.000 kN/m²

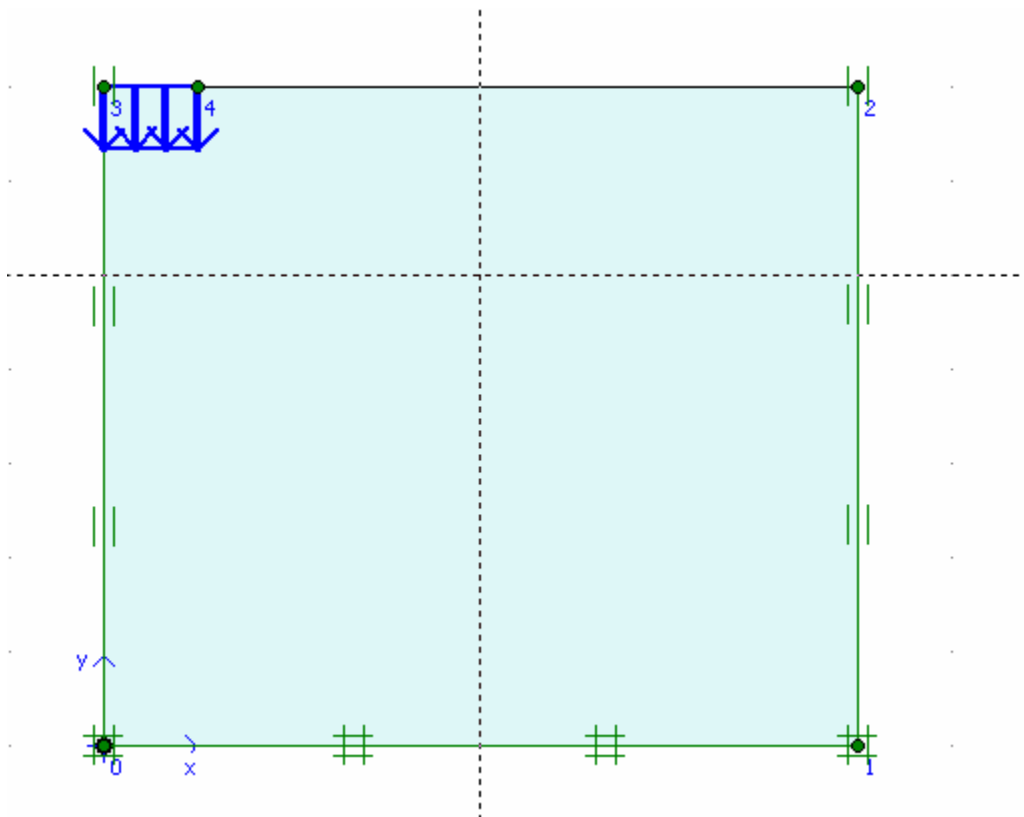
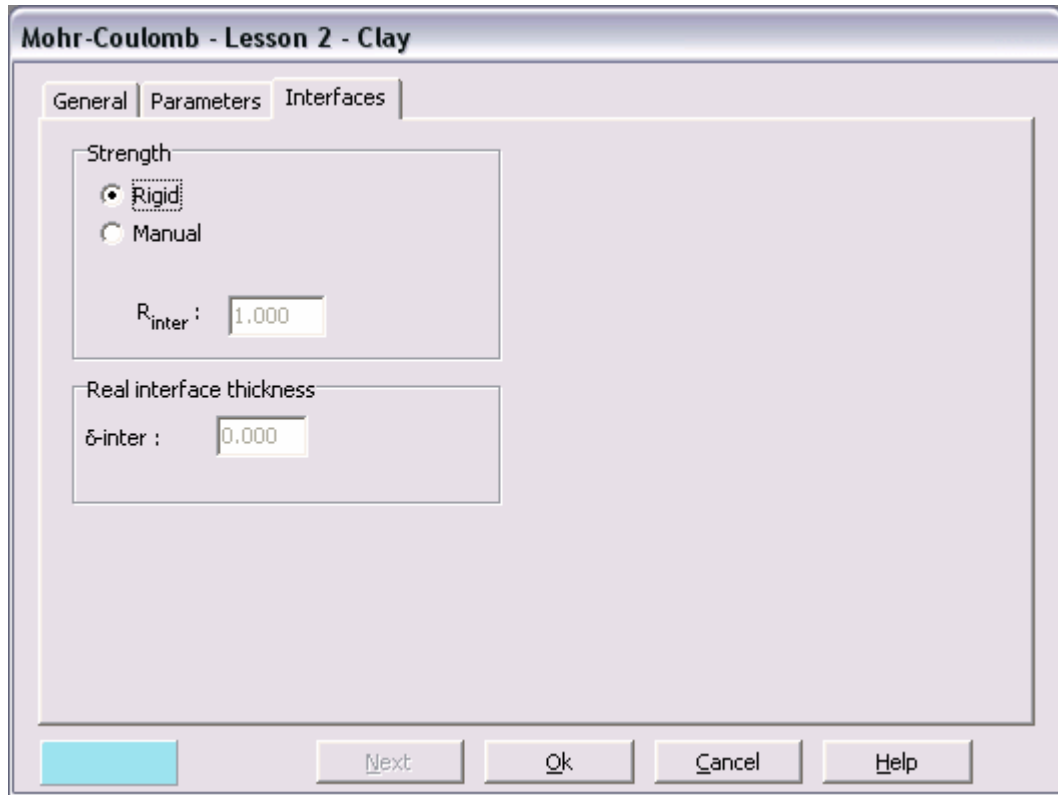
Velocities

V_s : 6.725 m/s

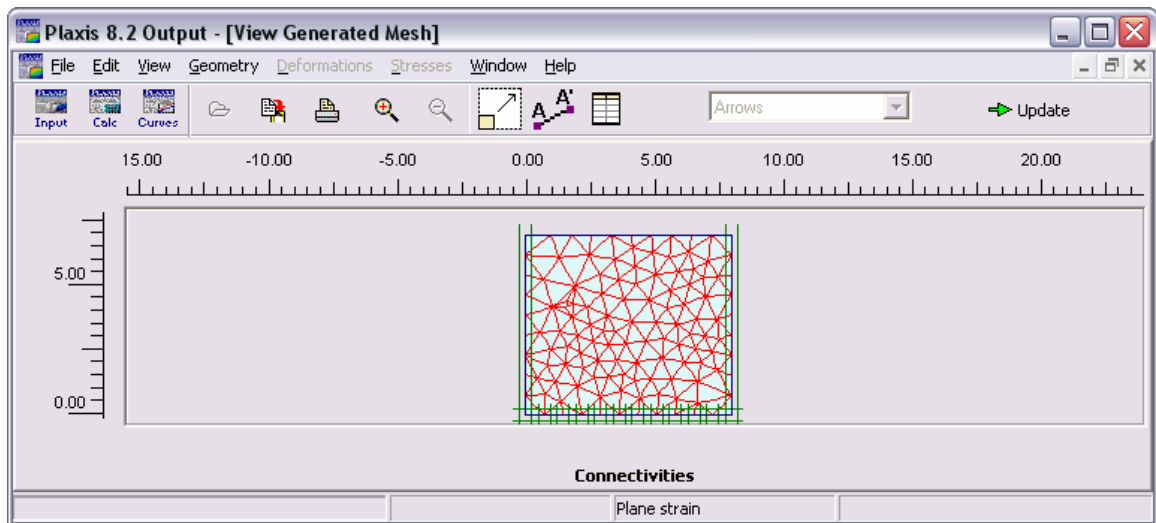
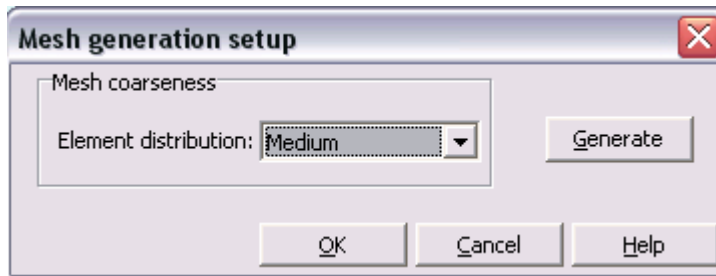
V_p : 14.000 m/s

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help



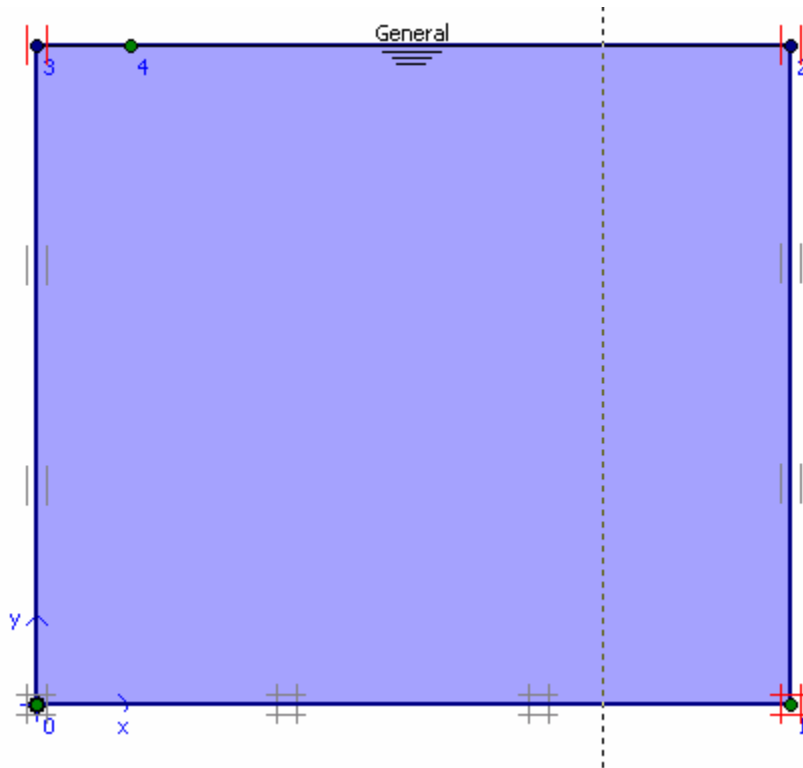
2. Tạo lưới phần tử




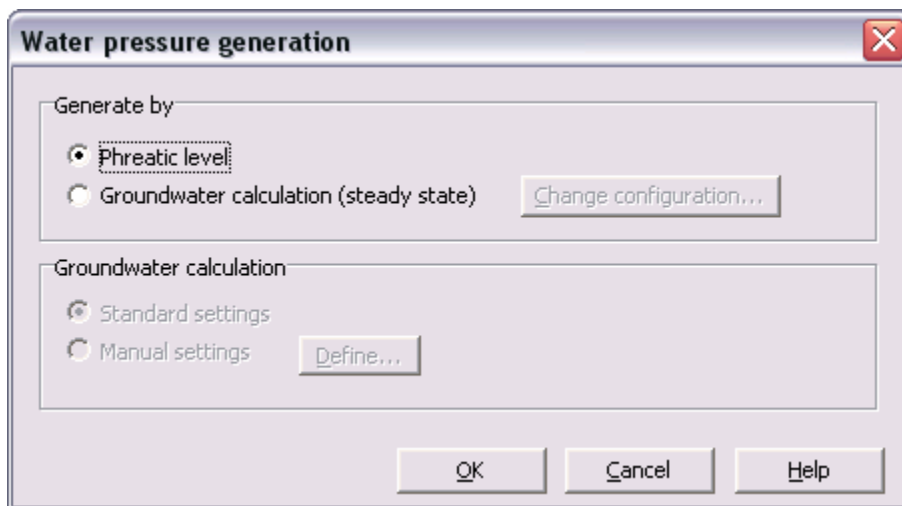
Update

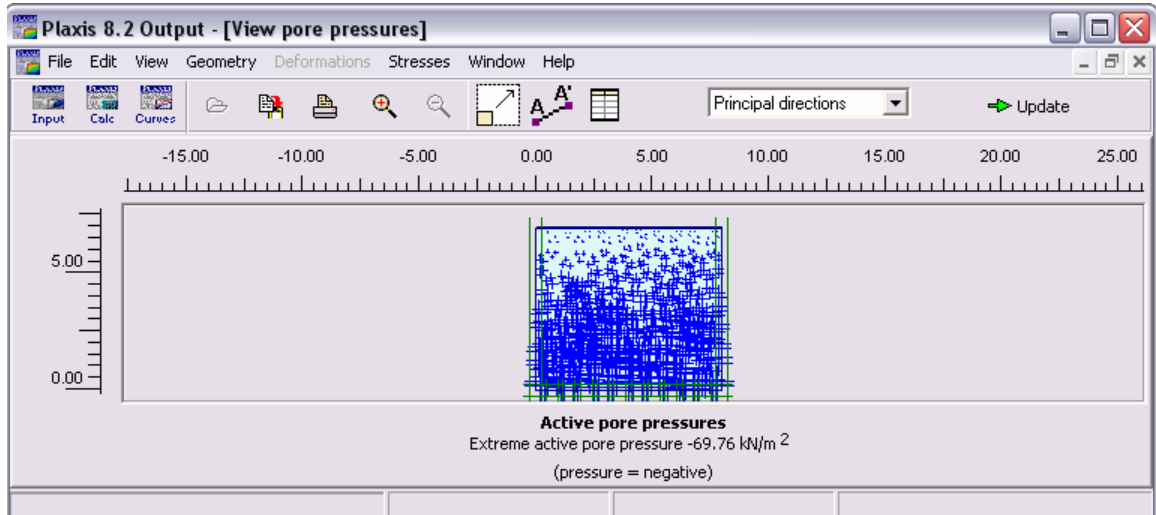
3. Tính toán điều kiện ban đầu

Gán mực nước ngầm



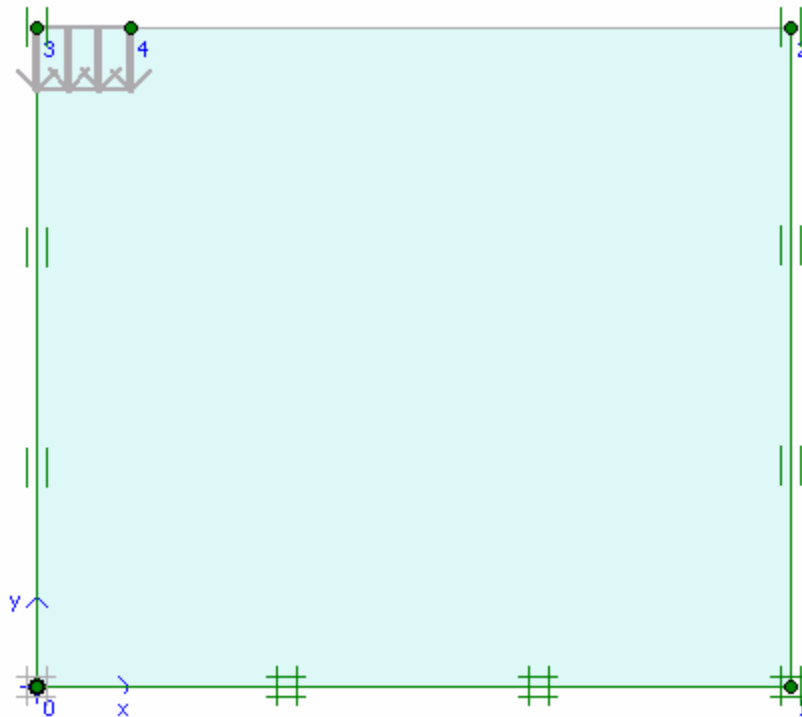
Tính toán áp lực nước 

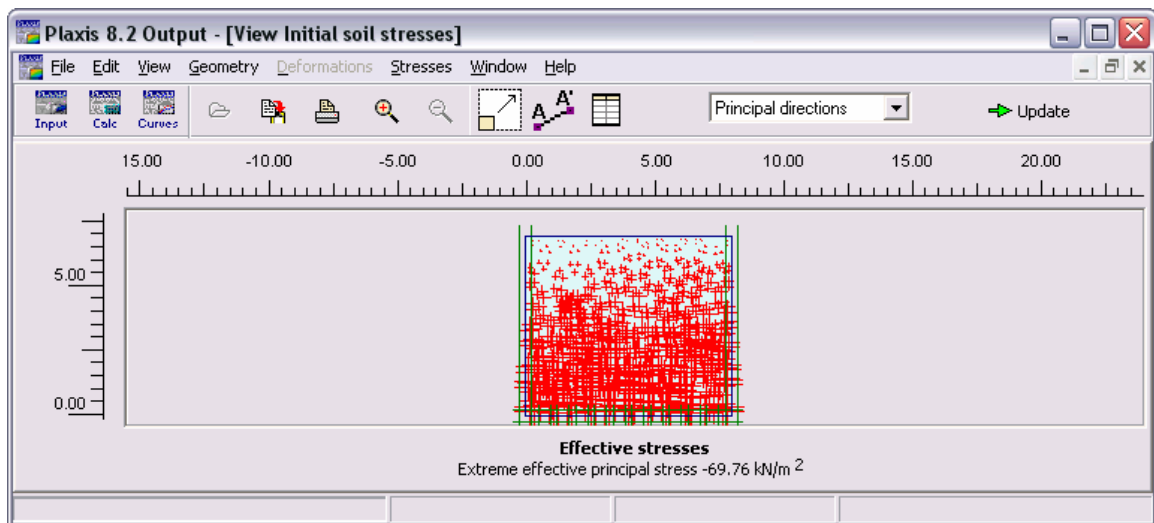
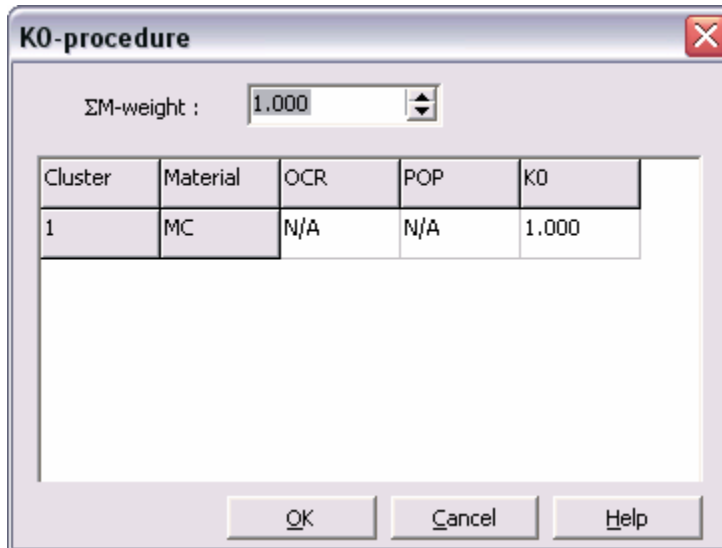




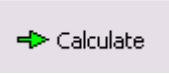
Update

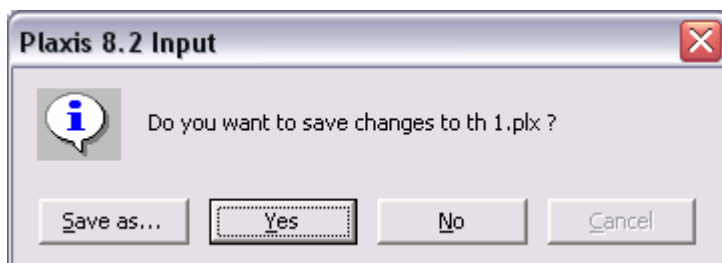
Tính toán áp lực đất

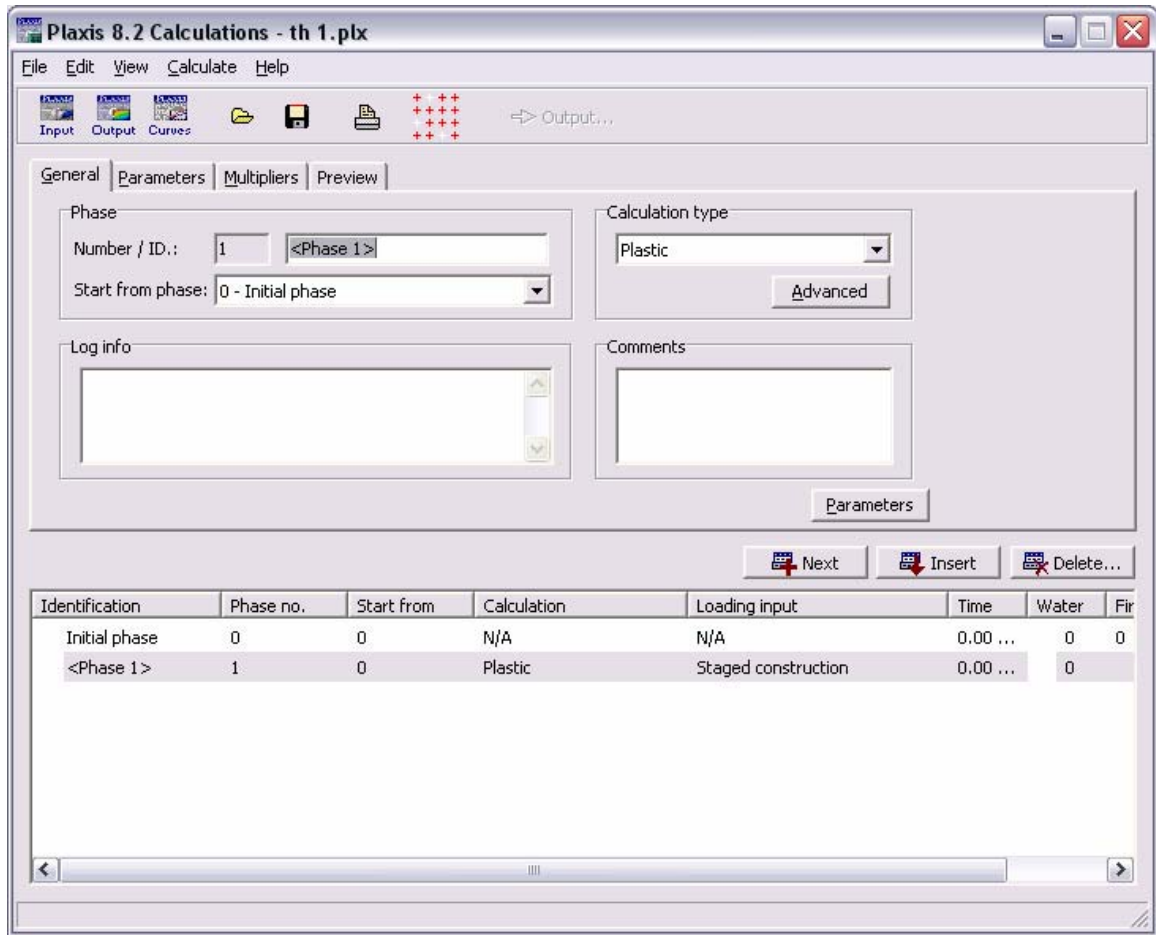




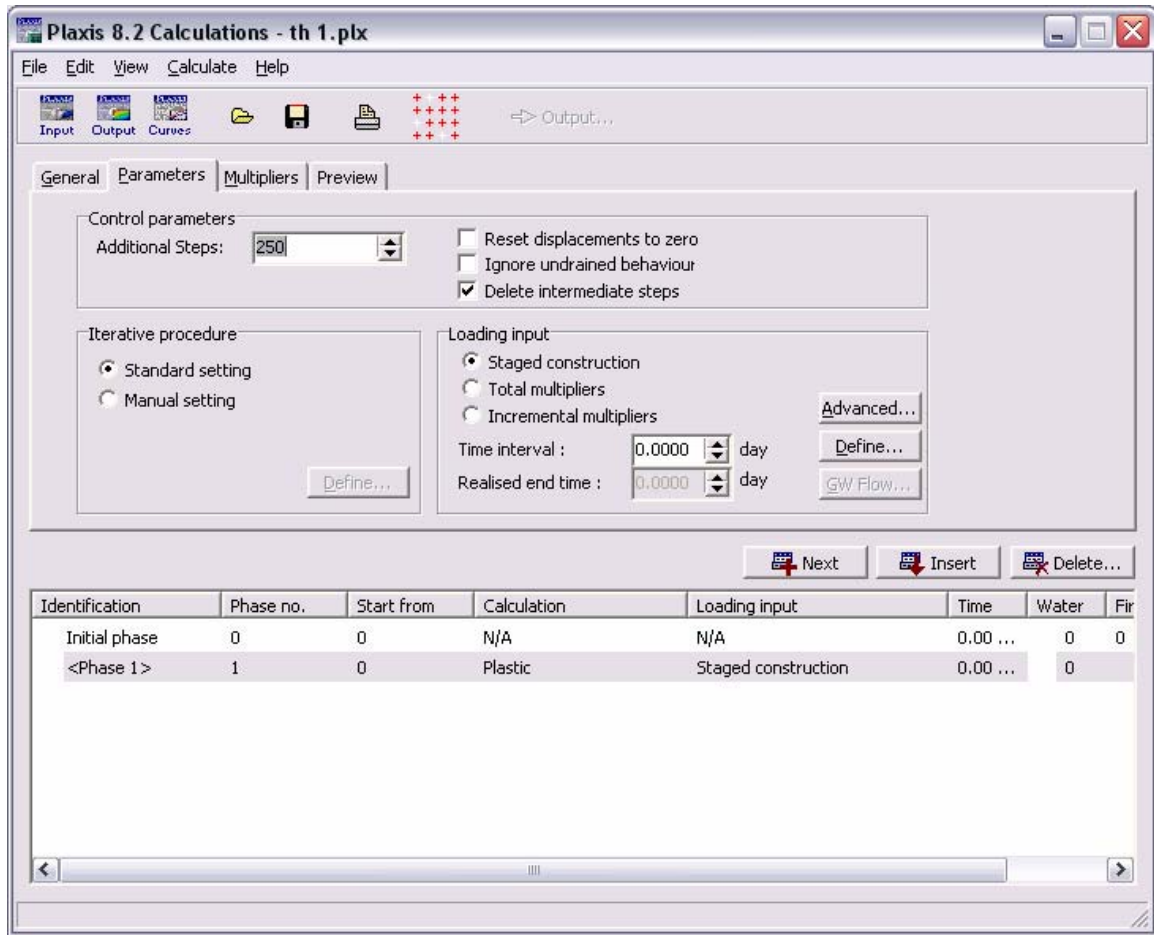
Update

4. Bắt đầu tính toán 

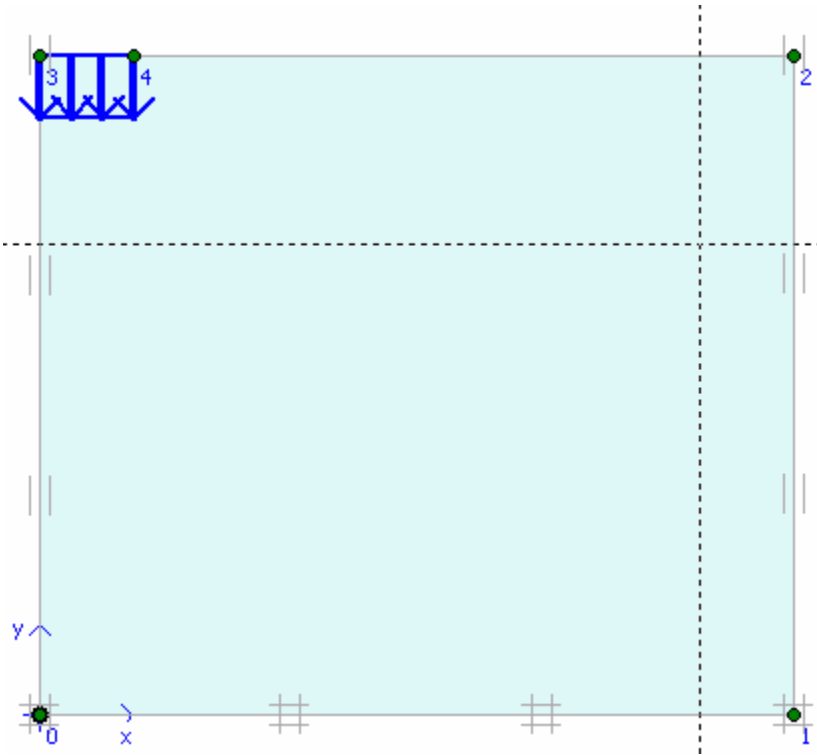




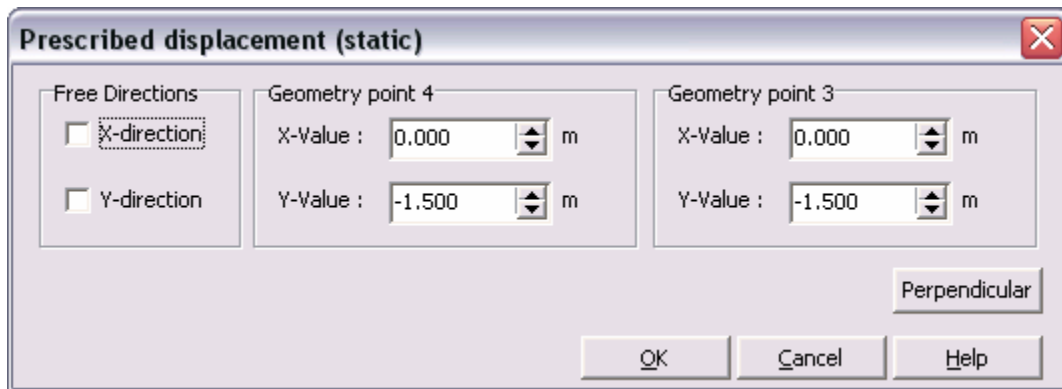
Parameters



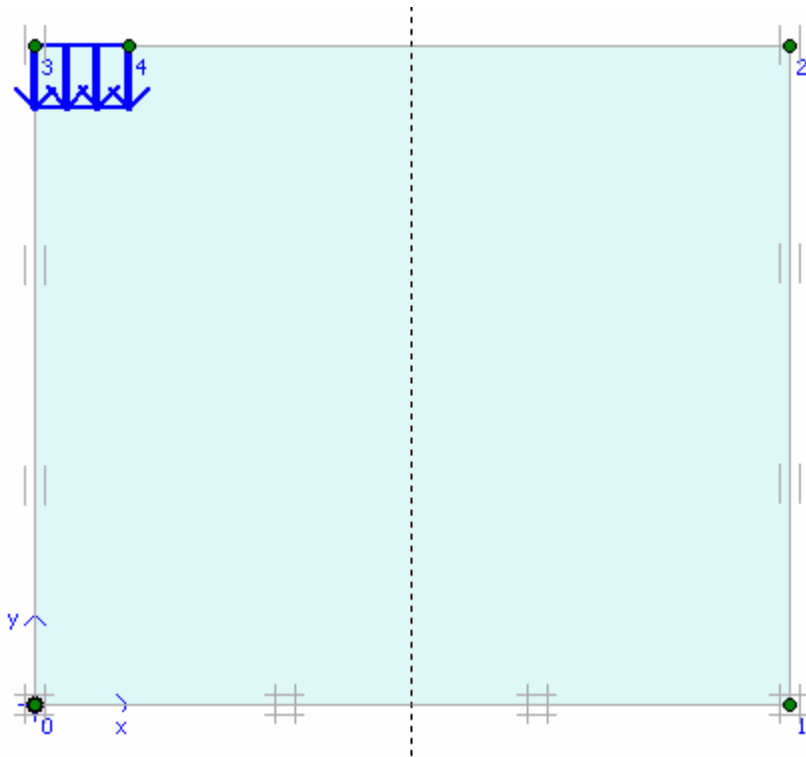
Nhấp vào Define và máy tự động
Trở về màn hình Input



Gán chuyển vị biết trước bằng cách nhấp vào chuyển vị trên hình



OK

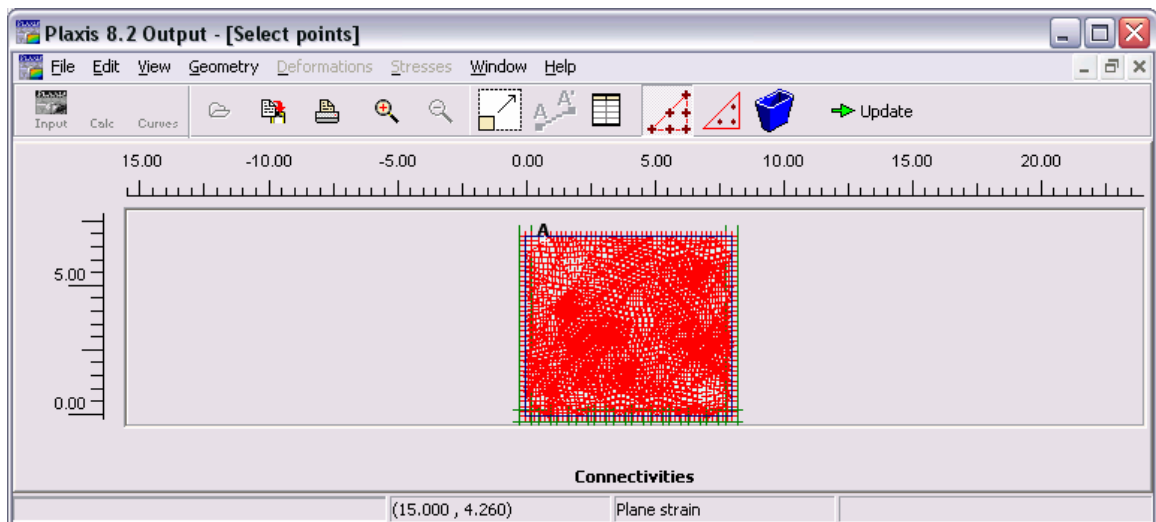


Update

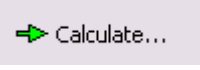


Dùng biểu tượng để chọn điểm khảo sát

Ví dụ điểm A



Update

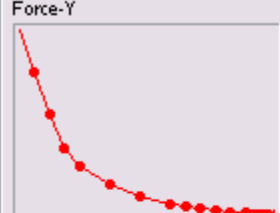
Tính toán 

Plaxis 8.2 Plastic Calculation - th 1 - Plane Strain

Total multipliers at the end of previous loading step			
Σ -Mdisp:	1.000	PMax	5.551
Σ -MloadA:	1.000	Σ -Marea:	1.000
Σ -MloadB:	1.000	Force-X:	0.000
Σ -Mweight:	1.000	Force-Y:	-5.513
Σ -Maccel:	0.000	Stiffness:	0.002
Σ -Msf:	1.000	Time:	0.000
Σ -Mstage:	0.073	Dyn. time:	0.000

Calculation progress

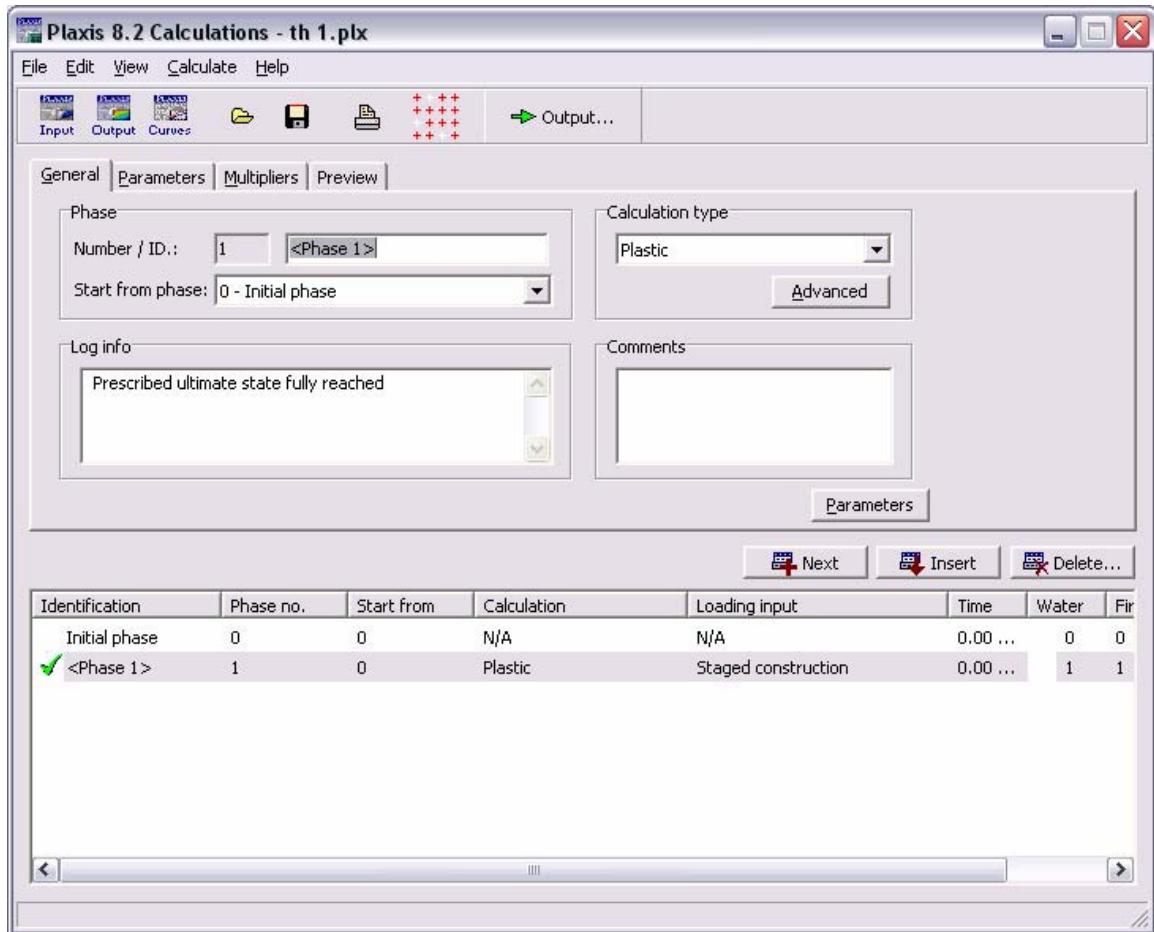
Force-Y



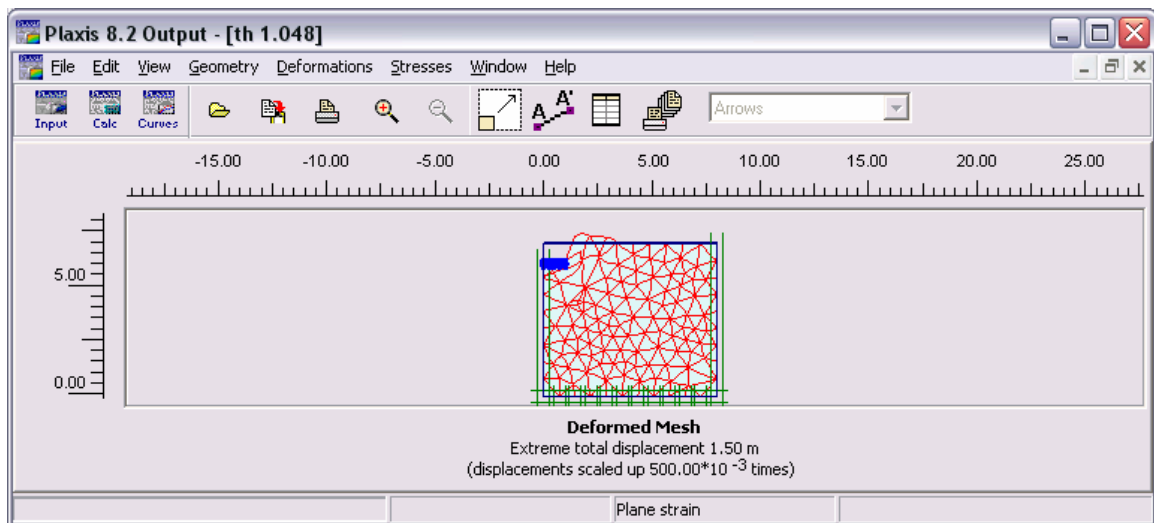
|U| Node A

Iteration process of current step			
Current step:	17	Max. steps:	250
Iteration:	8	Max. iterations:	60
Global error:	0.009	Tolerance:	0.010
Element	211	Decomposition:	100 %
Calc. time:	4 s		

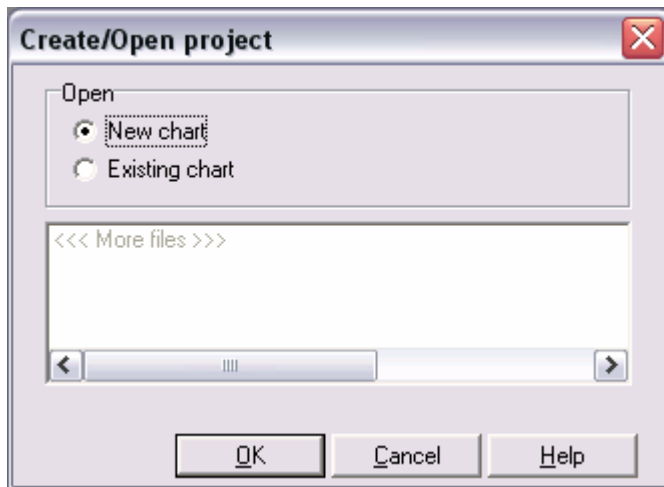
Plastic points in current step			
Plastic stress points:	418	Inaccurate	0
Plastic interface points:	0	Inaccurate	0
Tension points:	31	Cap/Hard points:	0
		Tolerated:	45
		Tolerated:	3
		Apex points:	0



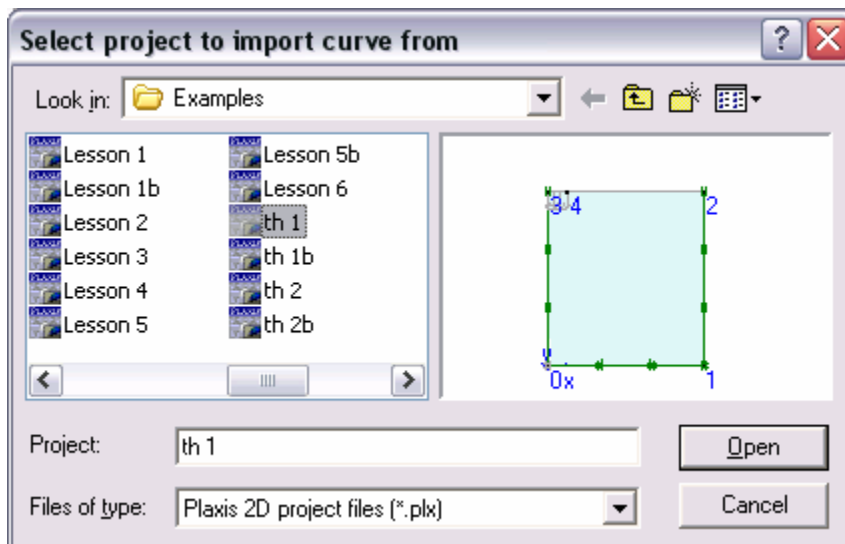
Đã tính toán xong , nhấp vào Output

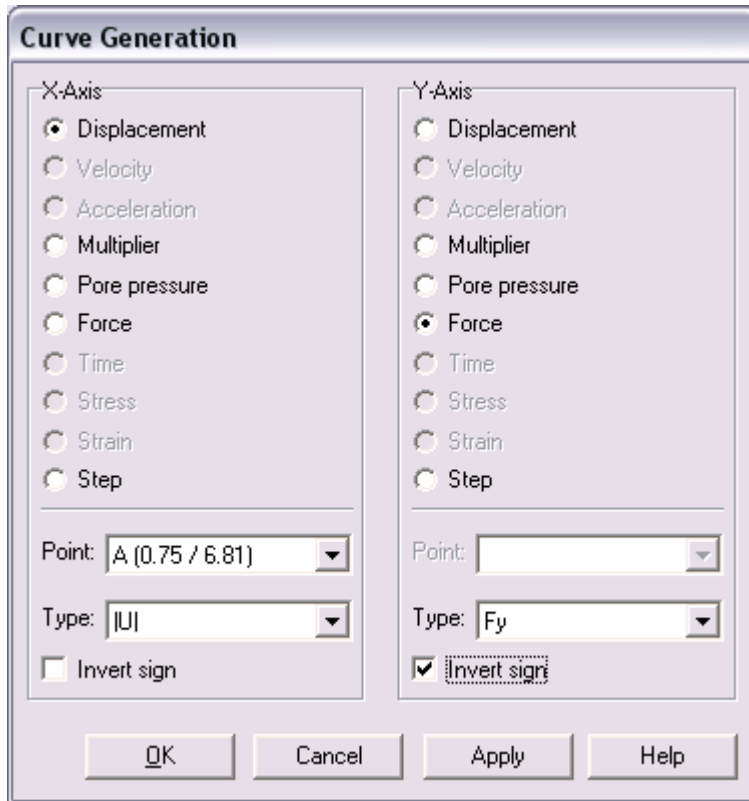


Dùng biểu tượng  để vẽ kết quả

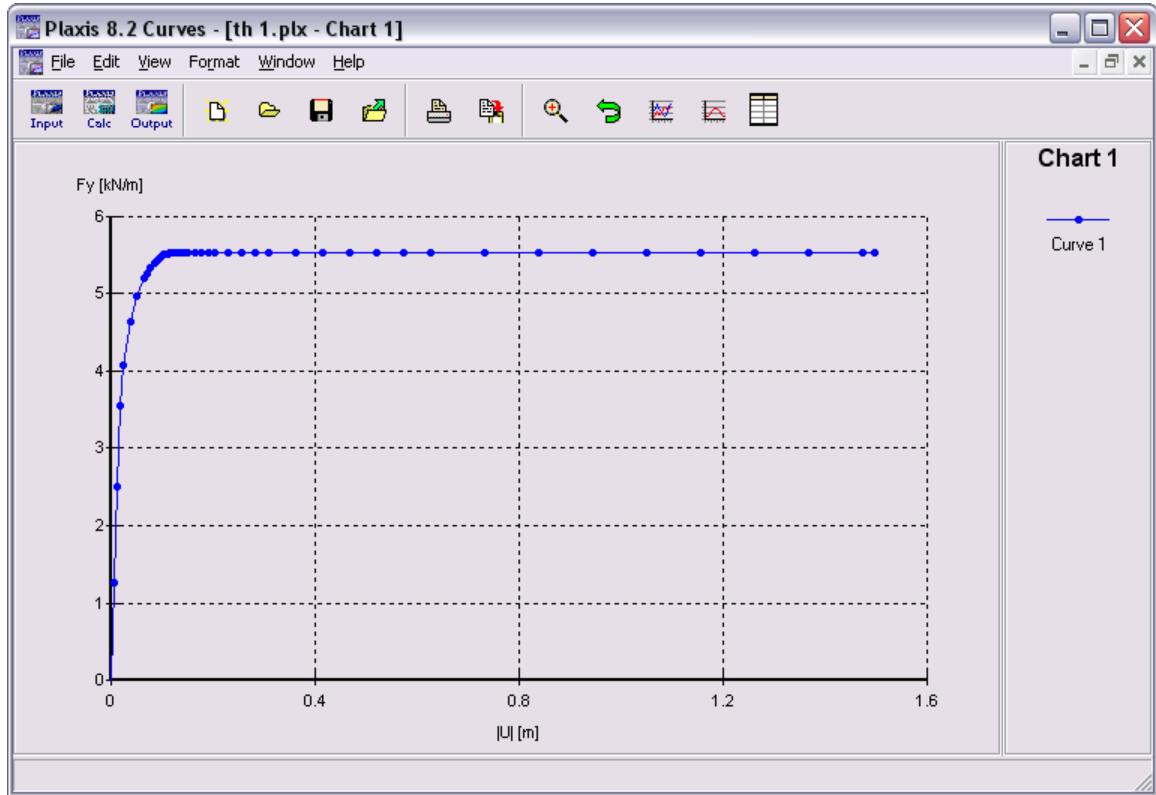


OK

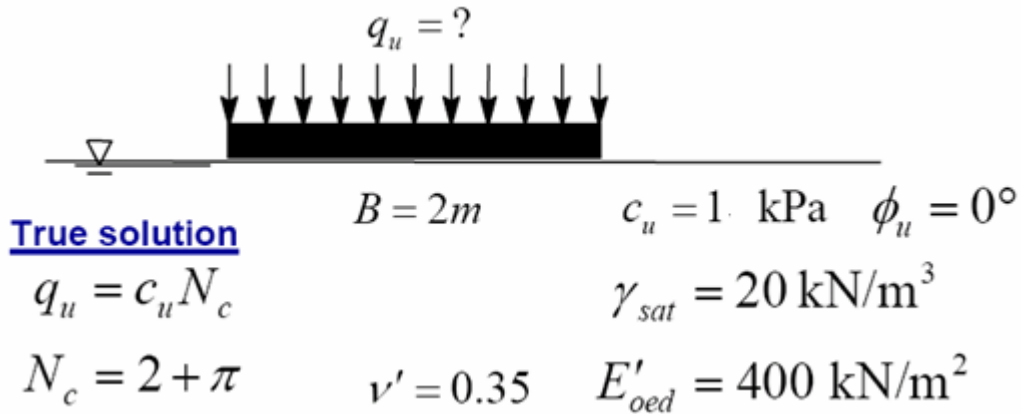







Ok



Phần 2b : PLAXIS INPUT, CALCULATE, CURVES



5. Tạo hình dạng bài toán

- Vẽ tấm (Plate) 
- Gán biểu tượng áp lực 
- Vẽ phần tử tiếp xúc 
- Gán biên 
- Gán số liệu địa chất 

Mohr-Coulomb - Lesson 2 - Clay

General Parameters Interfaces

Material Set

Identification: Lesson 2 - Clay

Material model: Mohr-Coulomb

Material type: UnDrained

General properties

γ_{unsat} : 20.000 kN/m³

γ_{sat} : 20.000 kN/m³

Comments

Permeability

k_x : 1.000E-05 m/day

k_y : 1.000E-05 m/day

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help

Mohr-Coulomb - Lesson 2 - Clay

General Parameters Interfaces

Stiffness

E_{ref} : 249.200 kN/m²

ν (nu): 0.350

Strength

c_{ref} : 1.000 kN/m²

ϕ (phi): 0.000 °

ψ (psi): 0.000 °

Alternatives

G_{ref} : 92.308 kN/m²

E_{oed} : 400.000 kN/m²

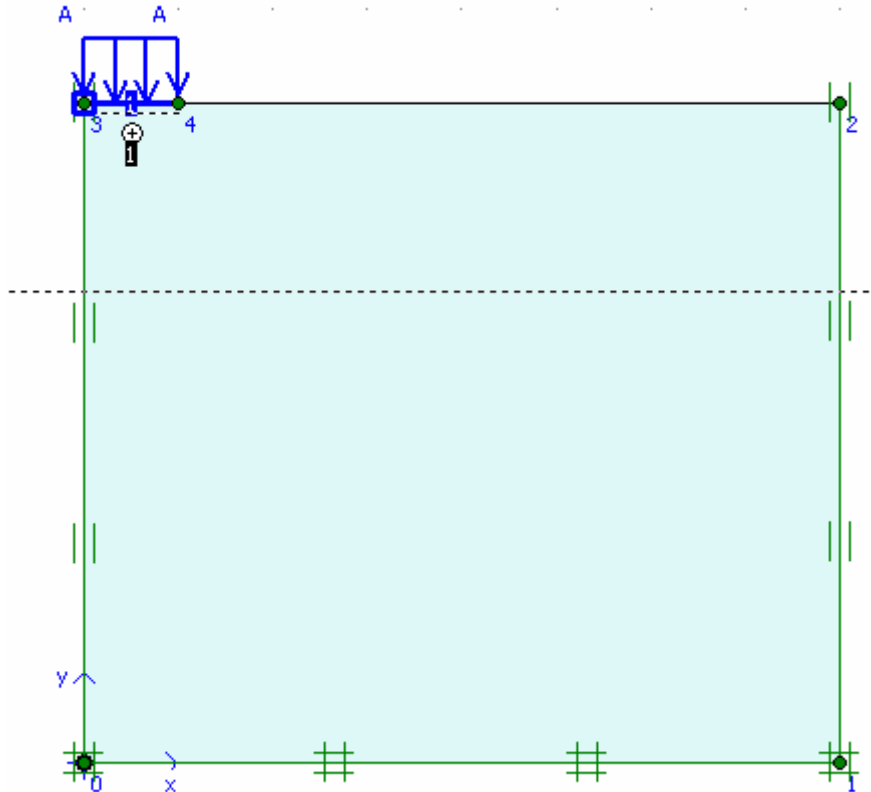
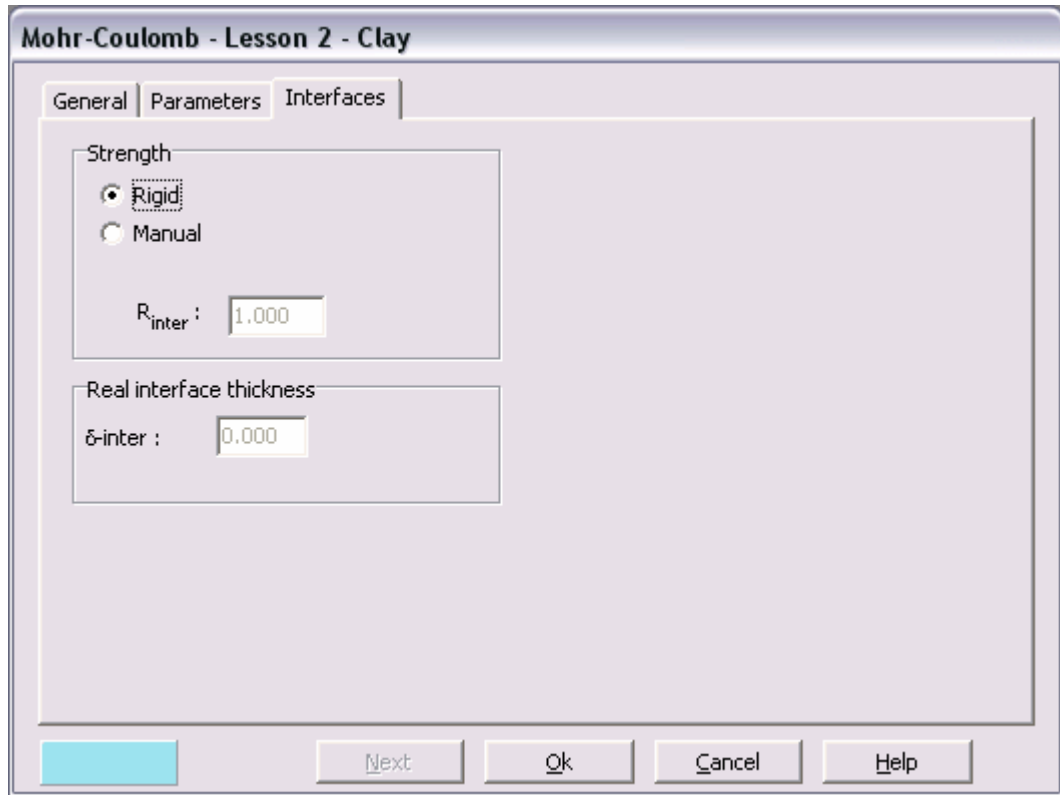
Velocities

V_s : 6.725 m/s

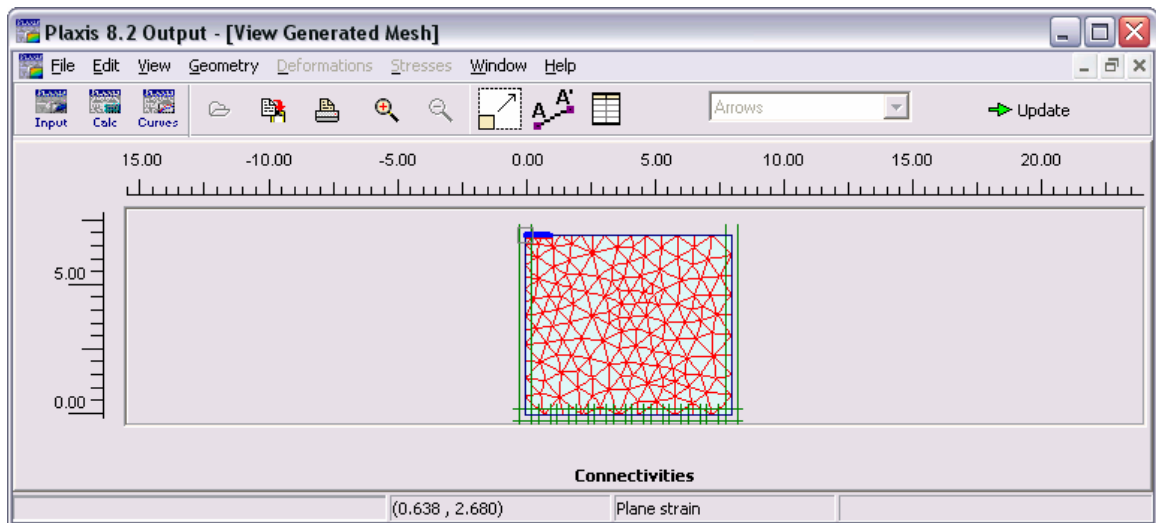
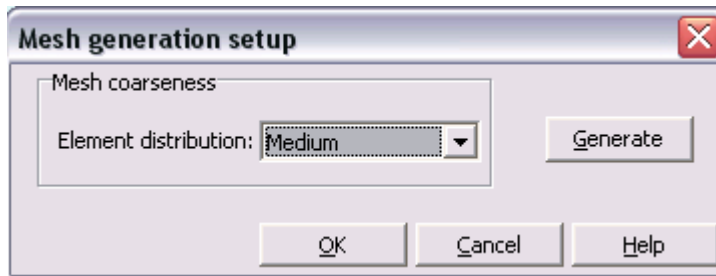
V_p : 14.000 m/s

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help



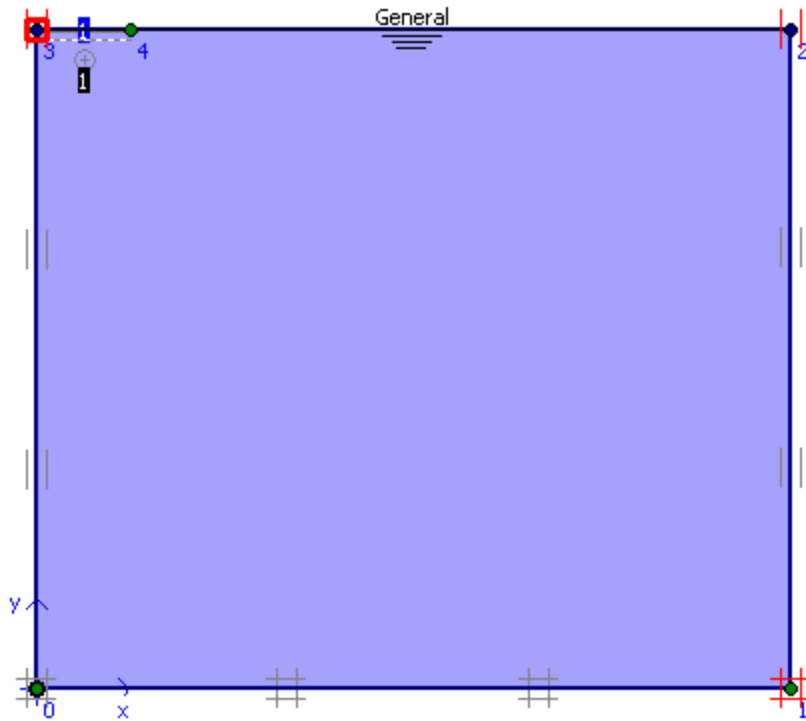
6. Tạo lưới phần tử




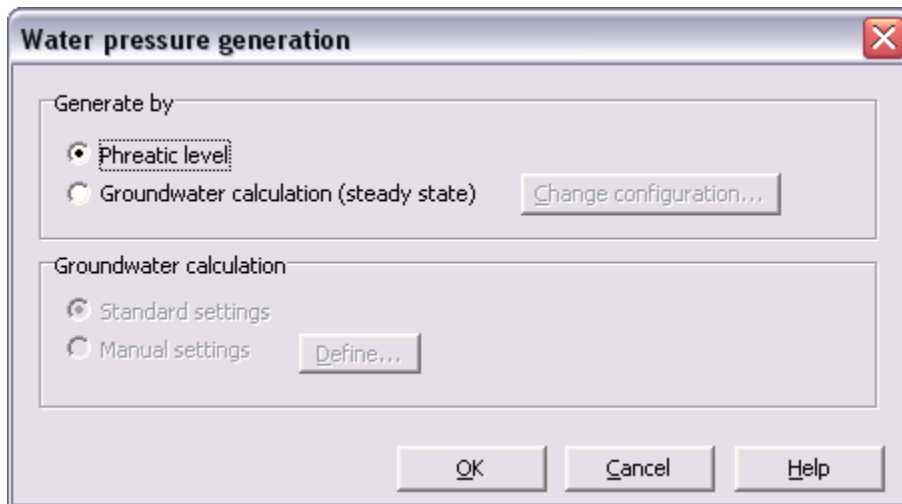
Update

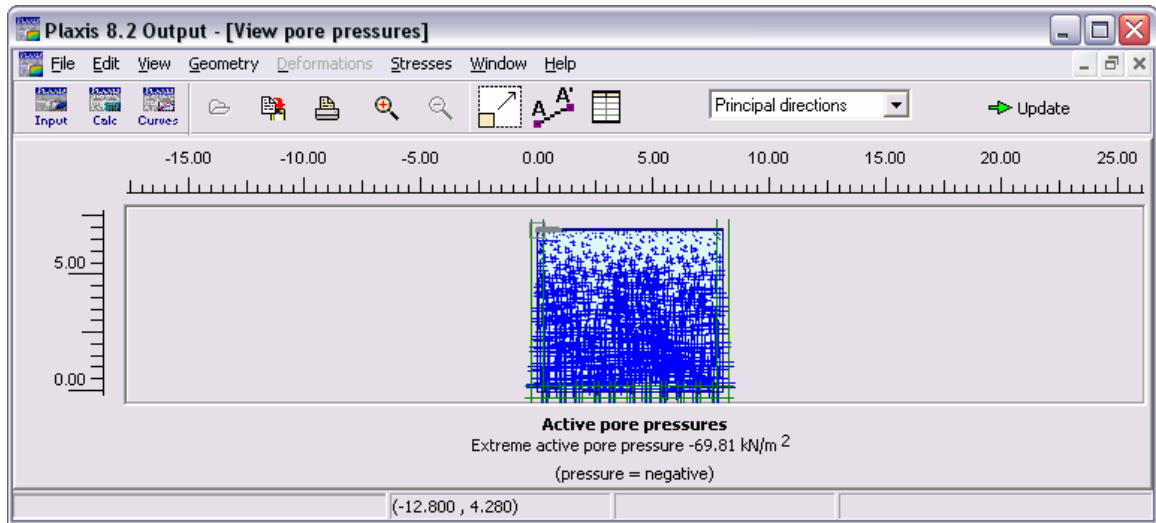
7. Tính toán điều kiện ban đầu

Gán mực nước ngầm





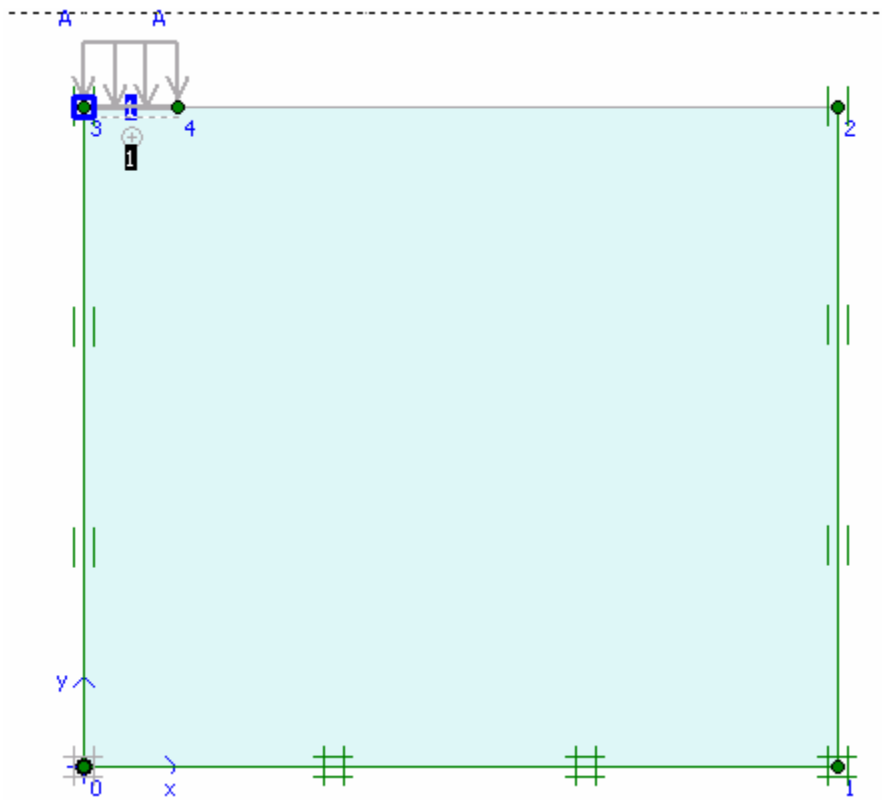
Tính toán áp lực nước 

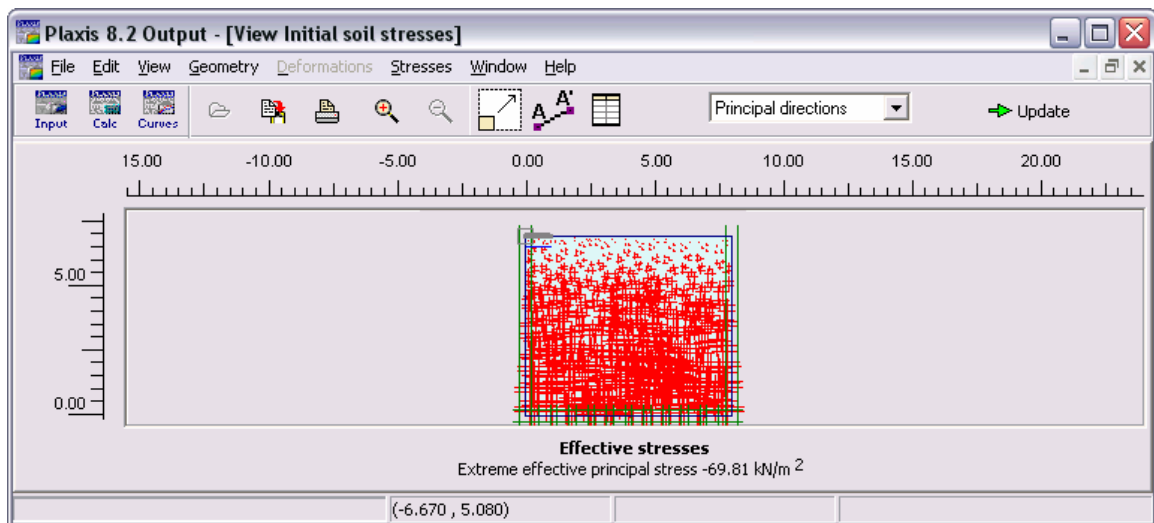
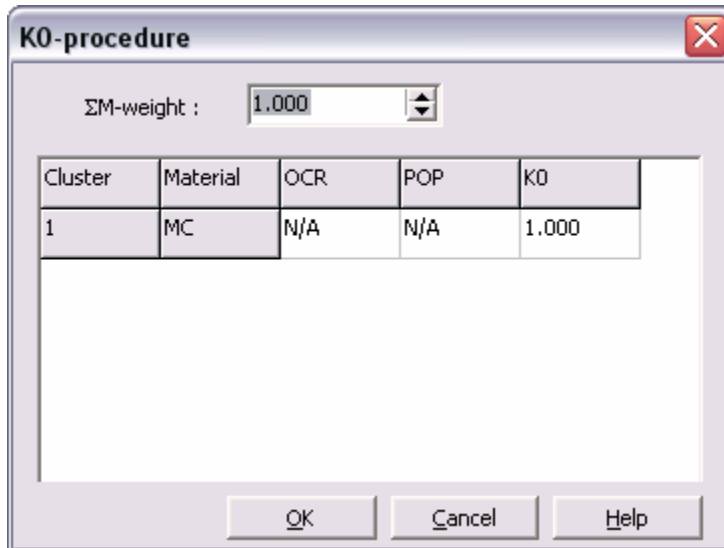





Update

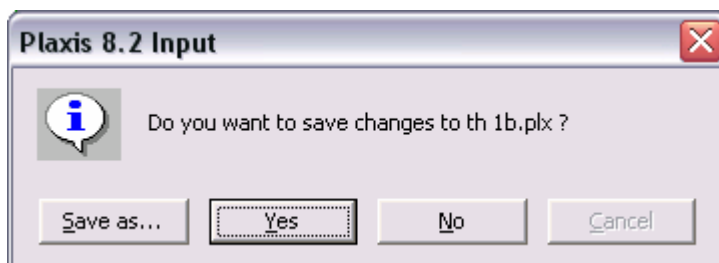
Tính toán áp lực đất  

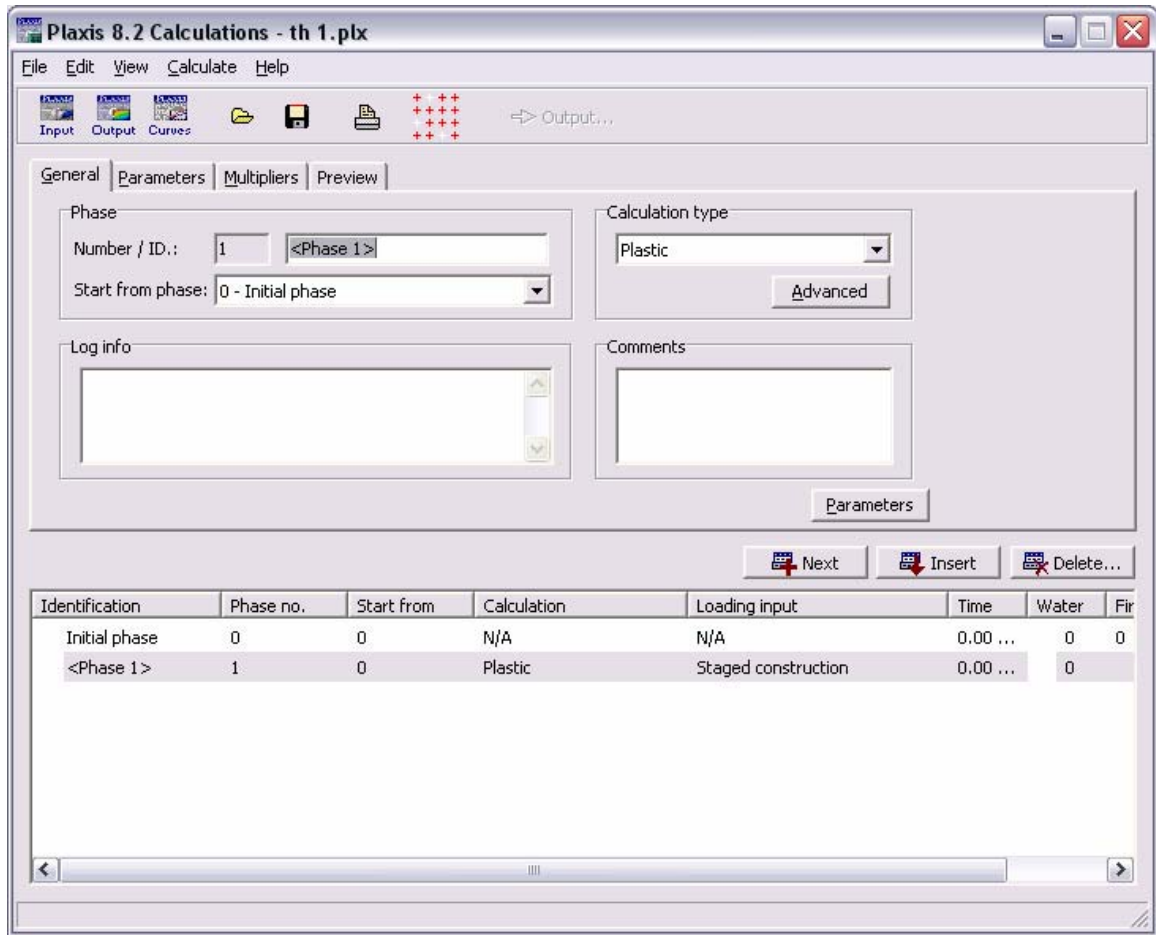




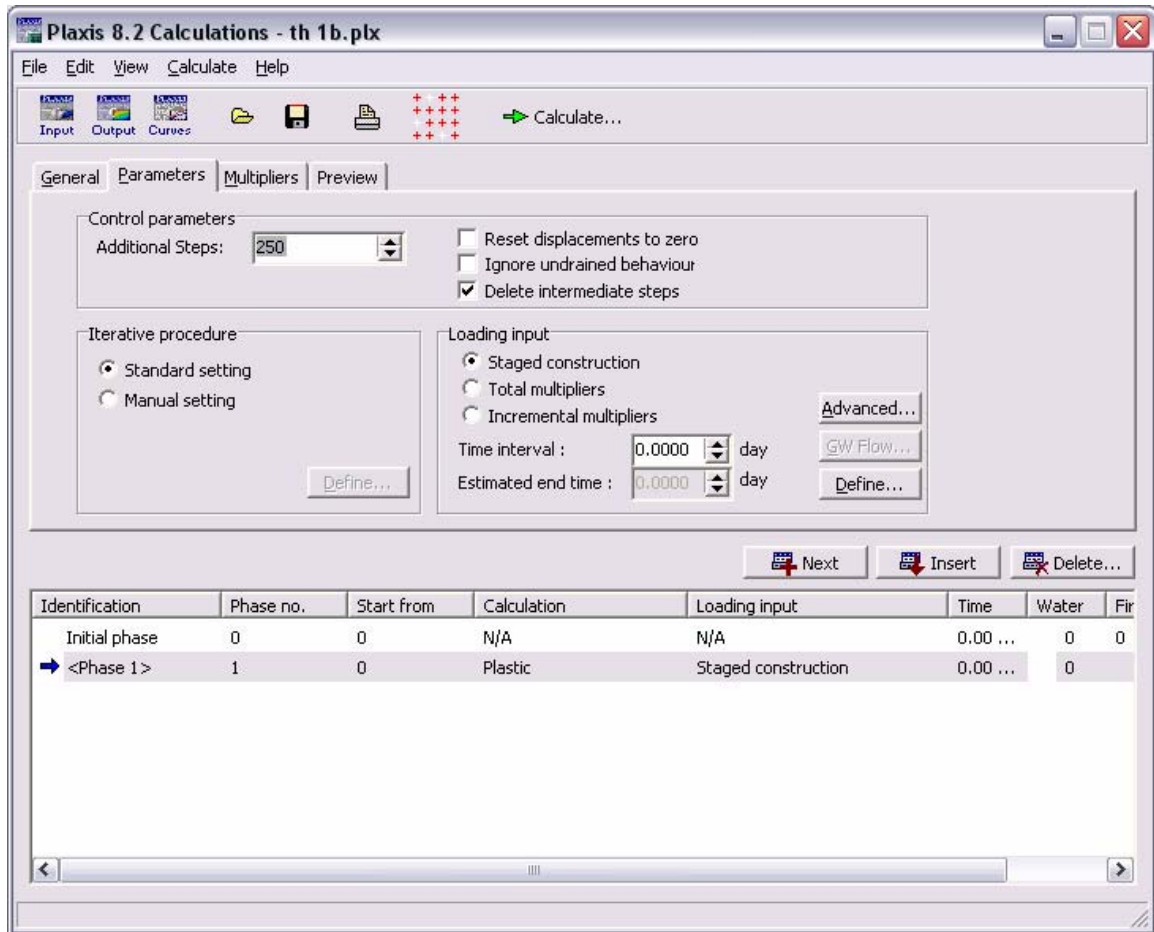
Update

8. Bắt đầu tính toán  Calculate

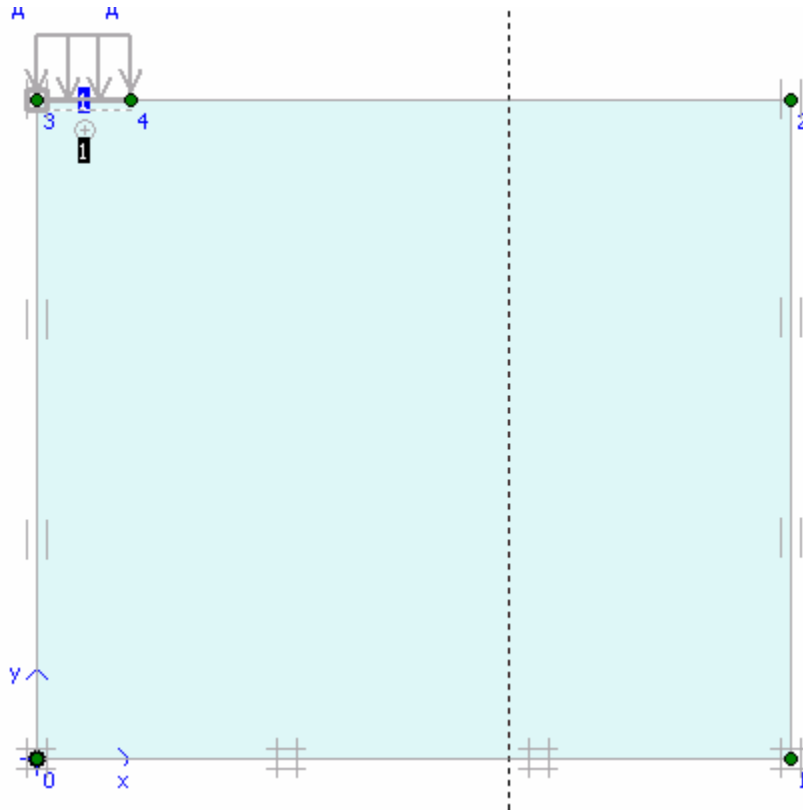




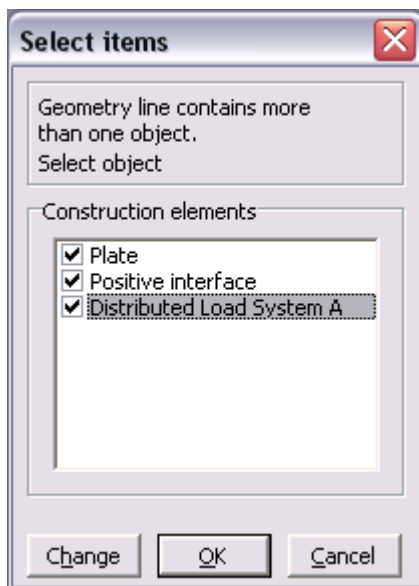
Parameters



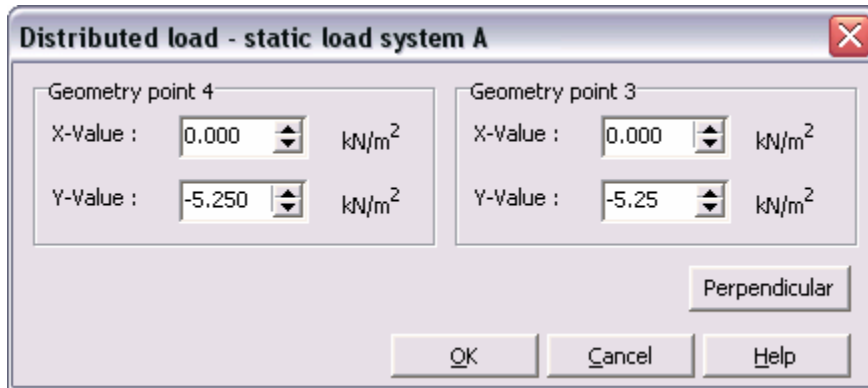
Nhấp vào Define và máy tự động
Trở về màn hình Input



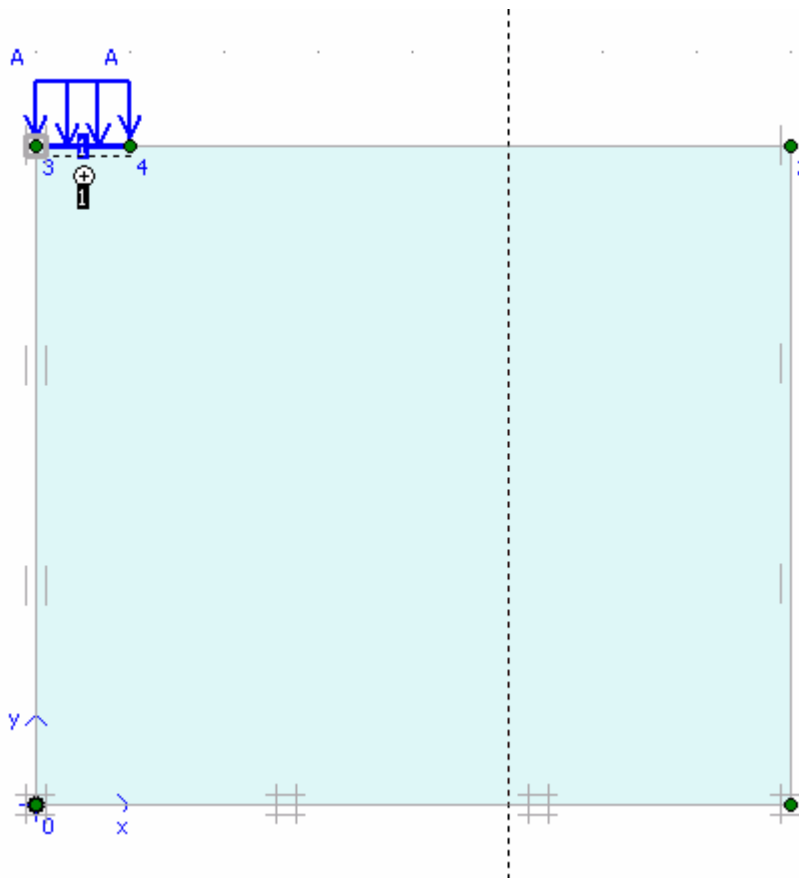
Gán giá trị tải bằng cách nhấp vào áp lực trên hình



Nhấp vào Change để nhập giá trị



OK

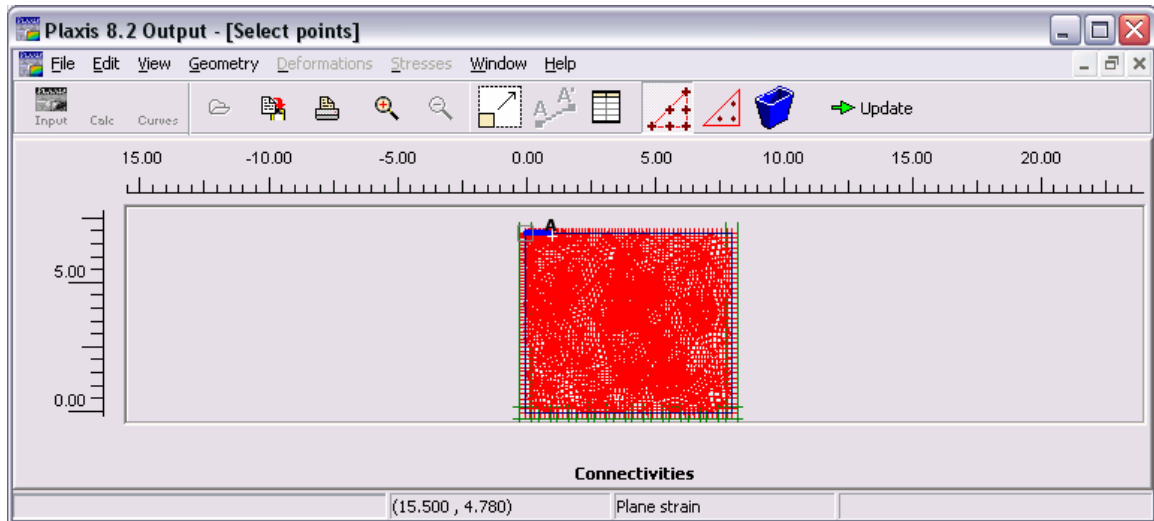


Update



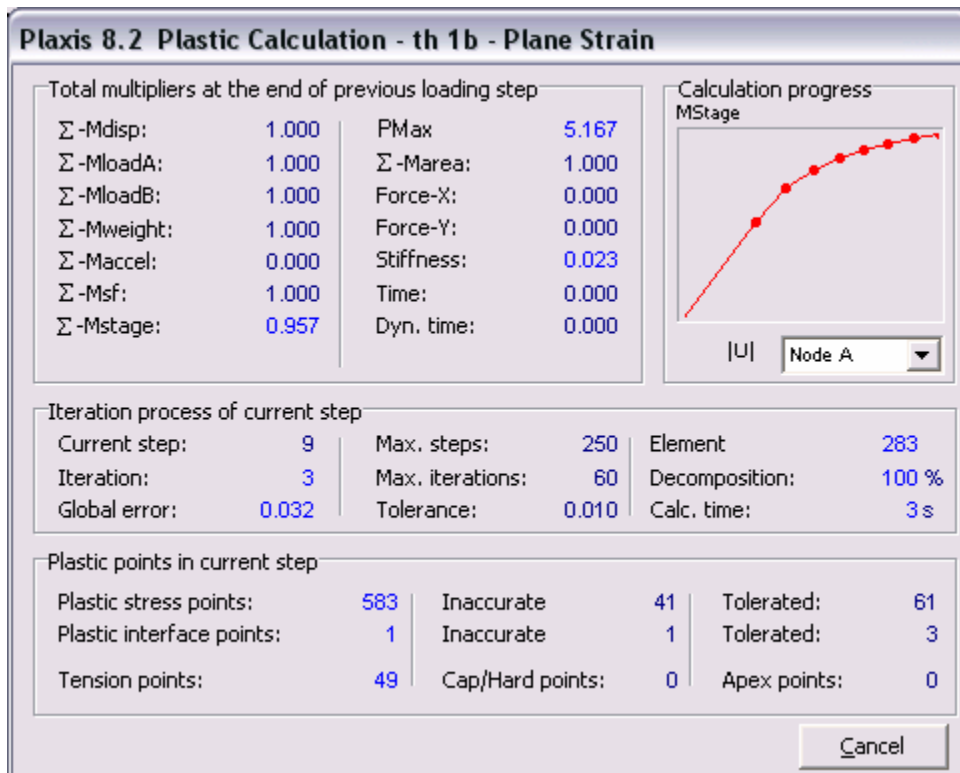
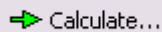
Dùng biểu tượng để chọn điểm khảo sát

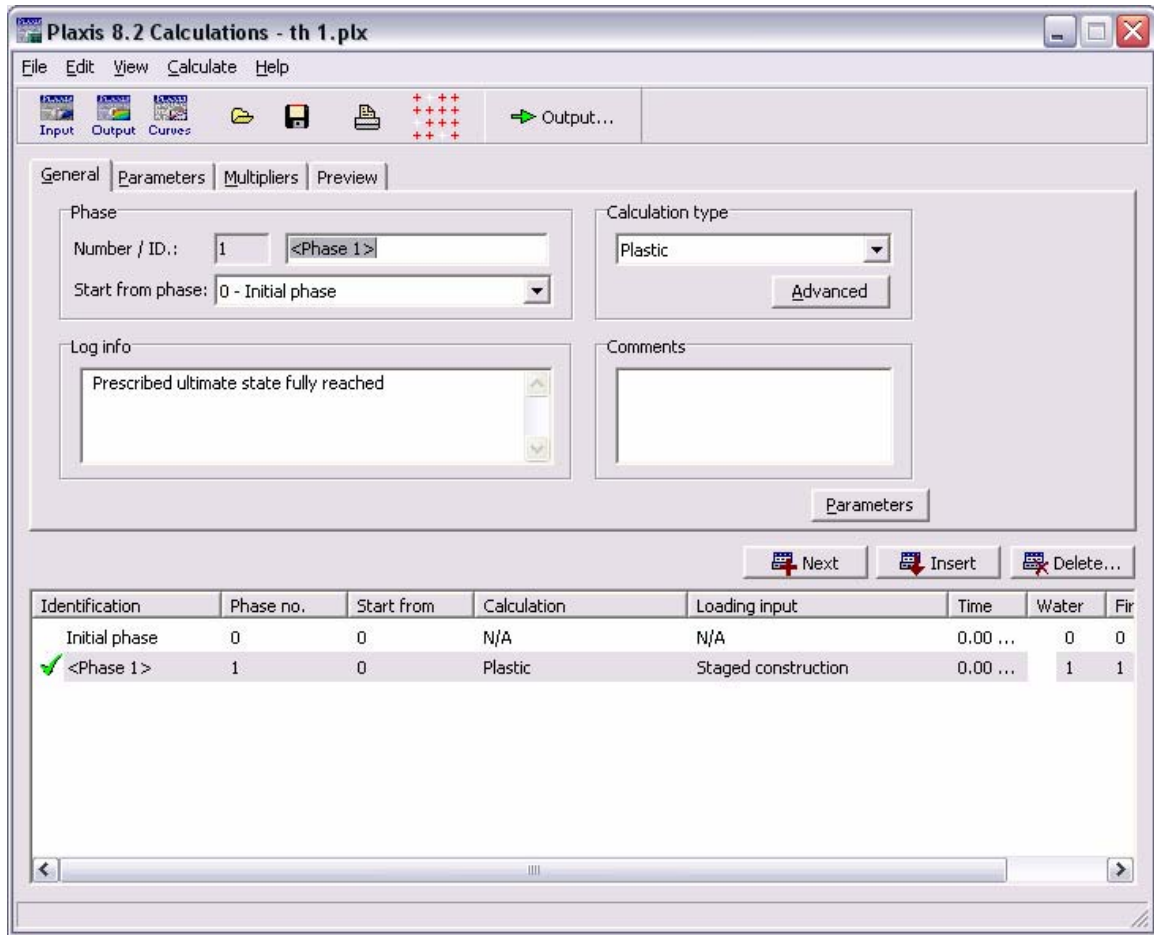
Ví dụ điểm A



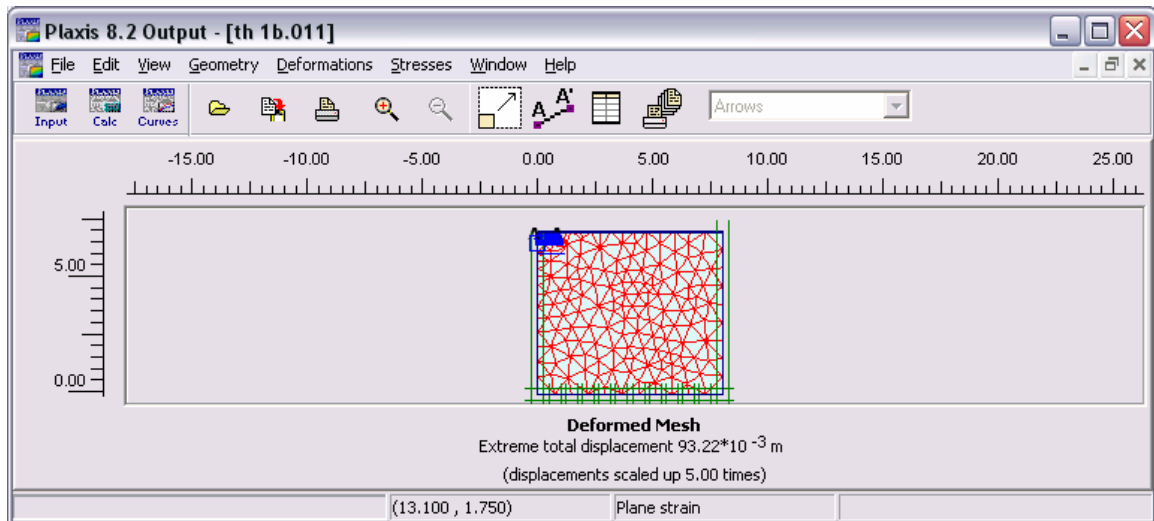
Update

Tính toán

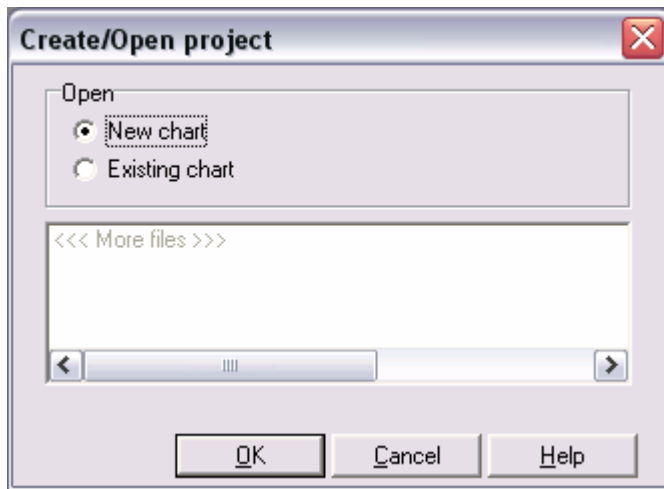




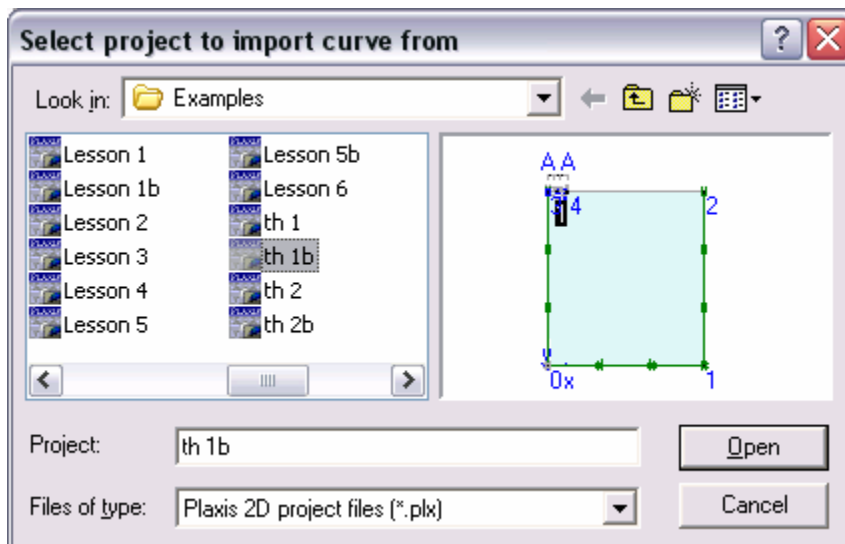
Đã tính toán xong , nhấp vào Output

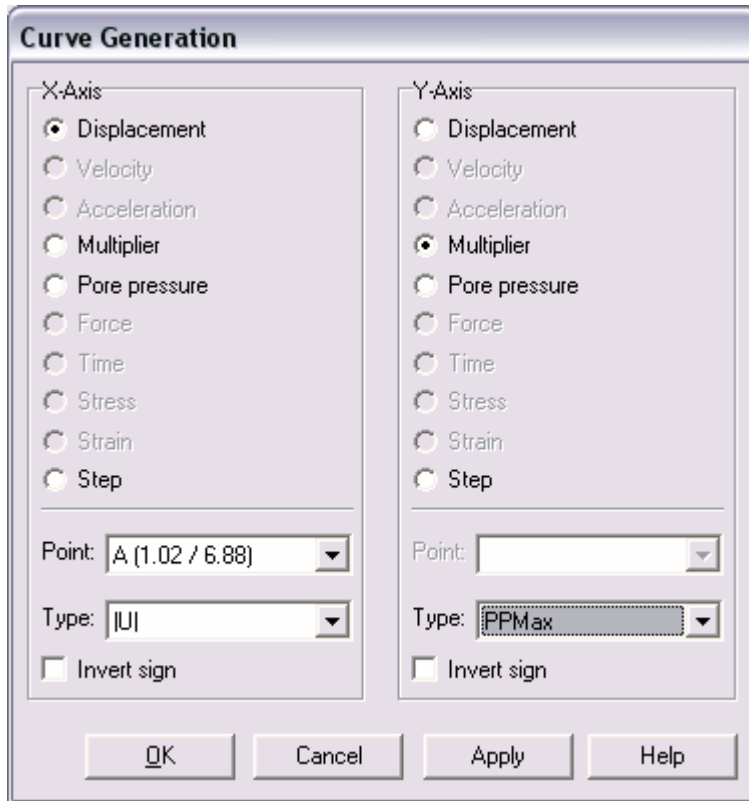


Dùng biểu tượng  để vẽ kết quả

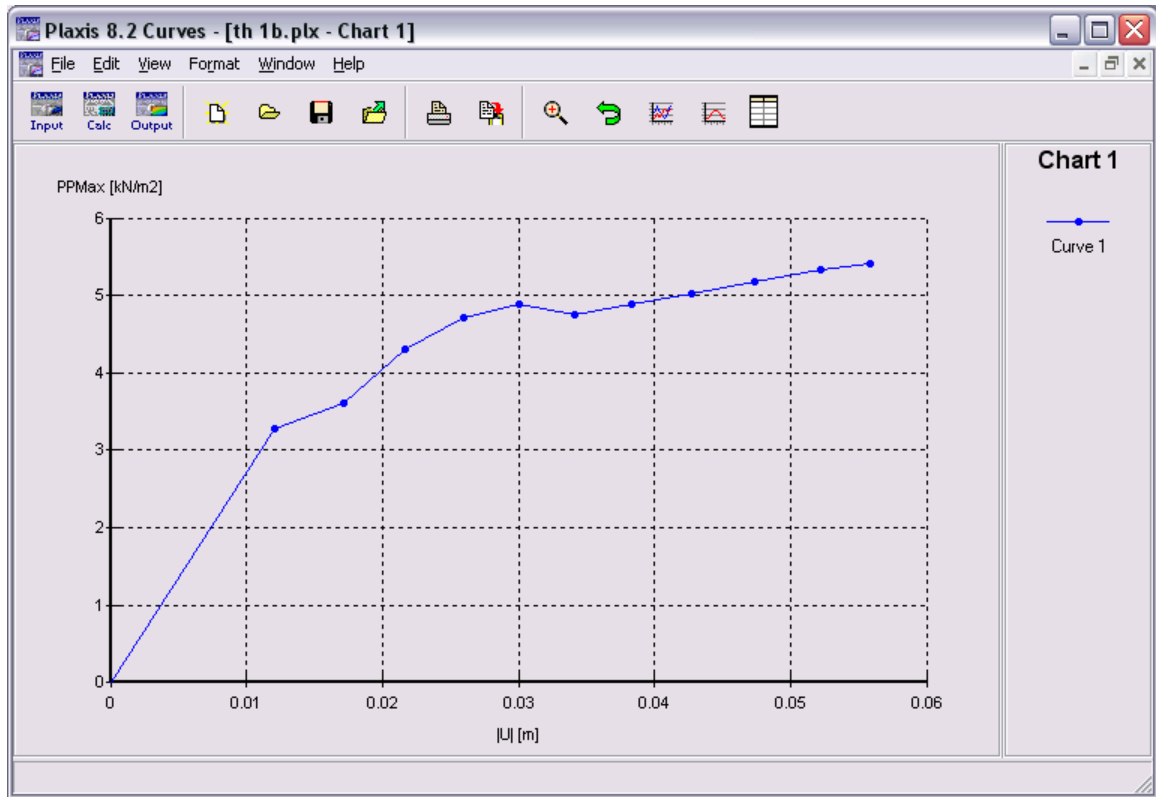


OK

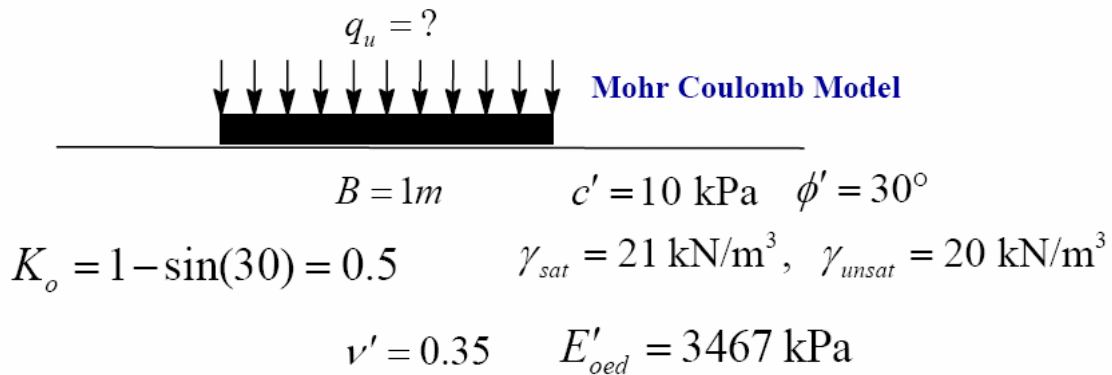





Ok





Phần 3 : PLAXIS INPUT, CALCULATE,CURVES



9. Tạo hình dạng bài toán

Gán chuyển vị biết trước 

Gán biên 

Gán số liệu địa chất 

Mohr-Coulomb - Clay

General Parameters Interfaces

Material Set

Identification: Clay

Material model: Mohr-Coulomb

Material type: Drained

General properties

γ_{unsat} : 20.000 kN/m³

γ_{sat} : 21.000 kN/m³

Comments

Permeability

k_x : 1.000E-03 m/day

k_y : 1.000E-03 m/day

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help

Mohr-Coulomb - Clay

General Parameters Interfaces

Stiffness

E_{ref} : 2160.000 kN/m²

ν (nu): 0.350

Strength

c_{ref} : 10.000 kN/m²

ϕ (phi): 30.000 °

ψ (psi): 0.000 °

Alternatives

G_{ref} : 800.077 kN/m²

E_{oed} : 3467.000 kN/m²

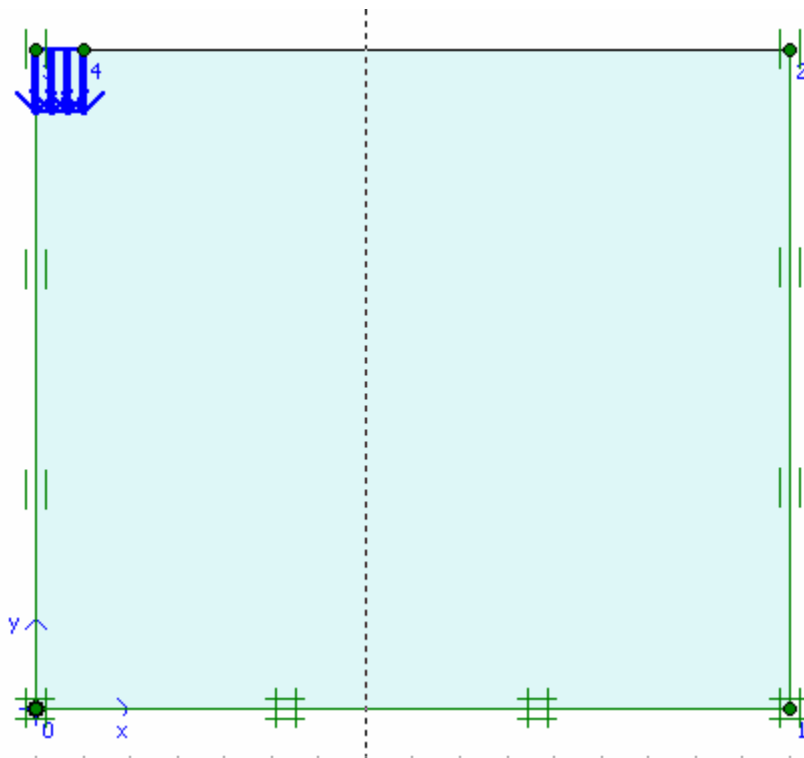
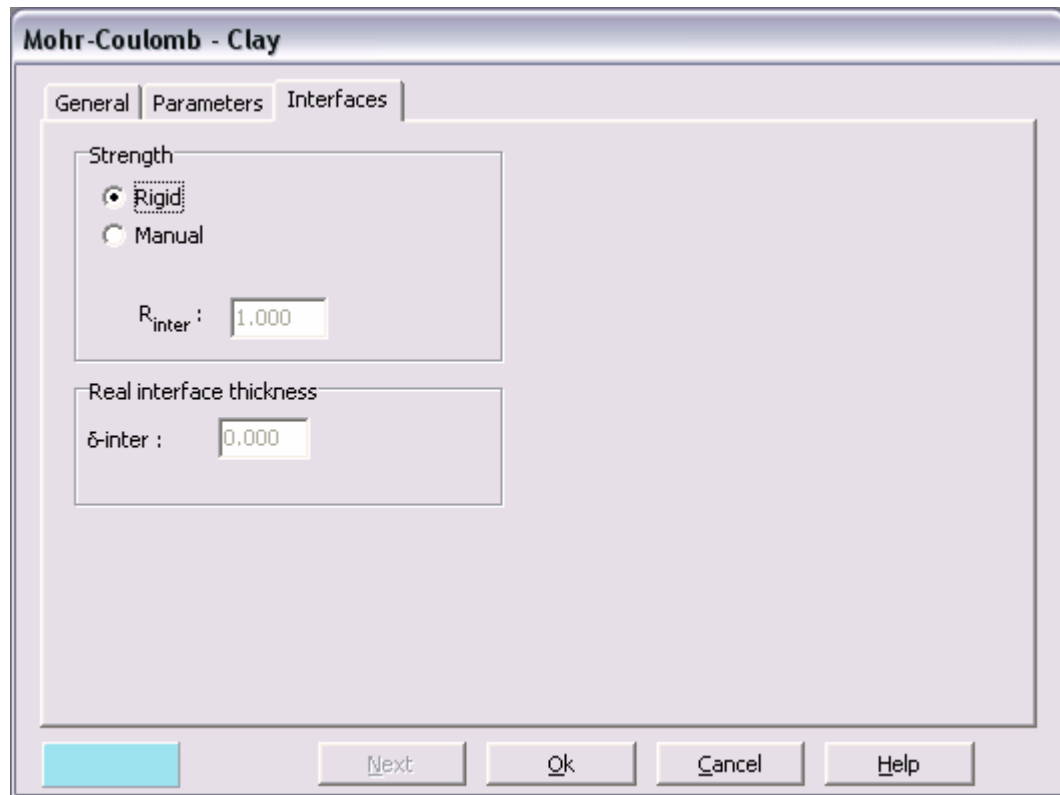
Velocities

V_s : 19.800 m/s

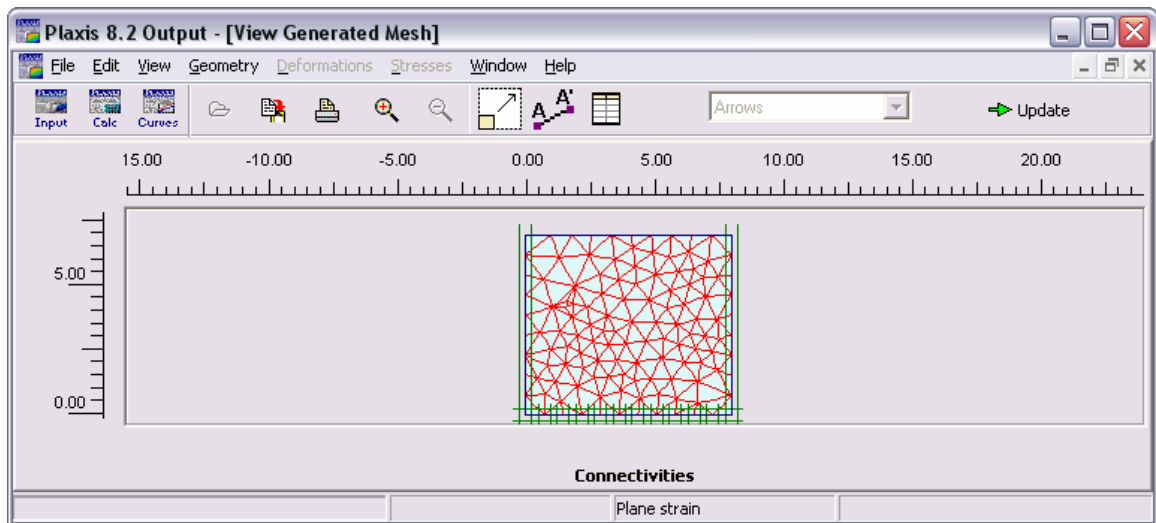
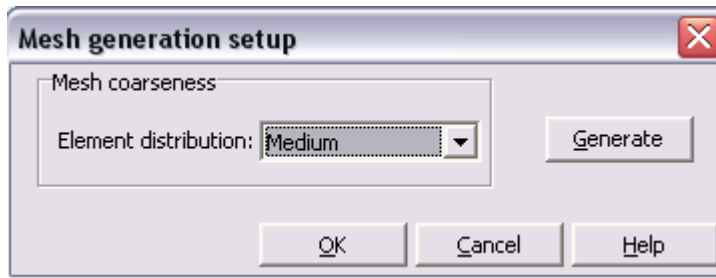
V_p : 41.220 m/s

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help



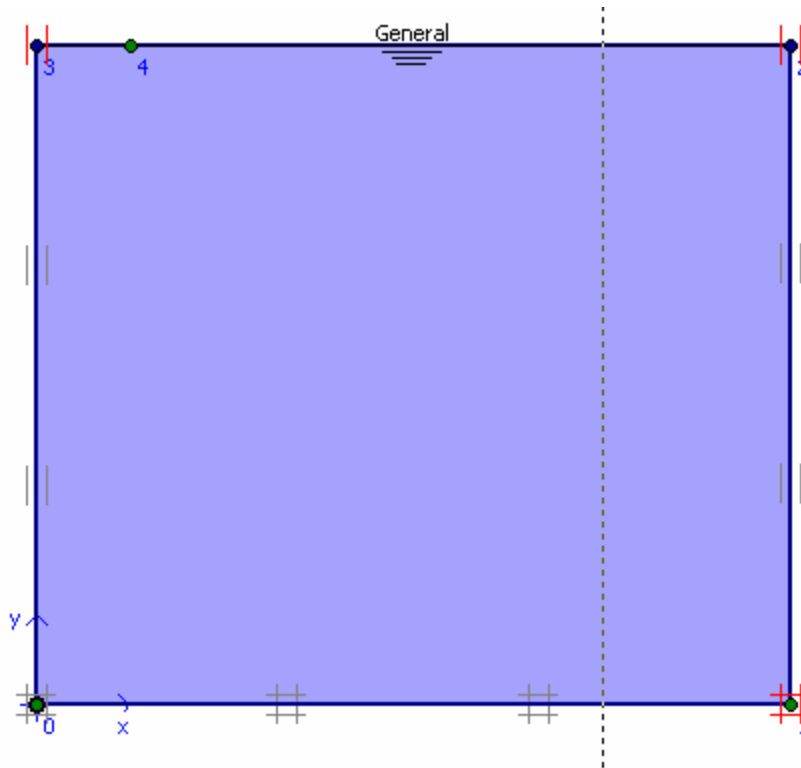
10. Tạo lưới phần tử




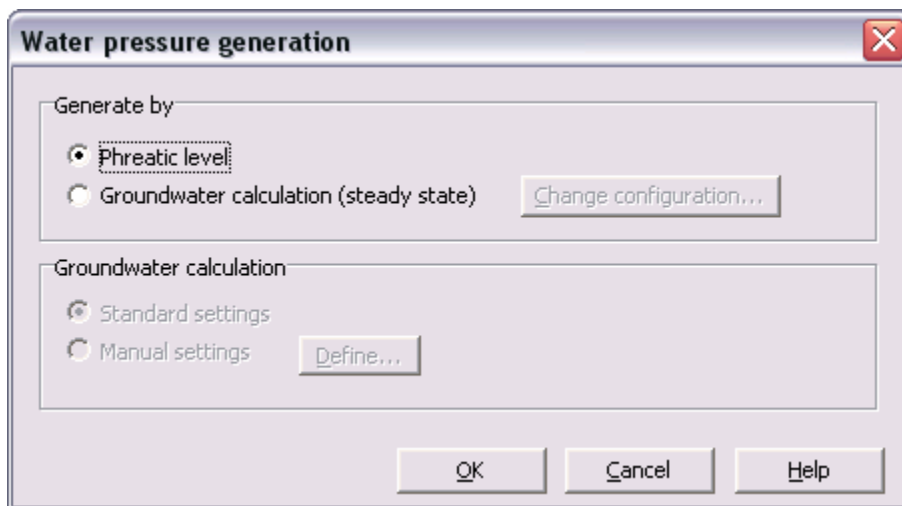
Update

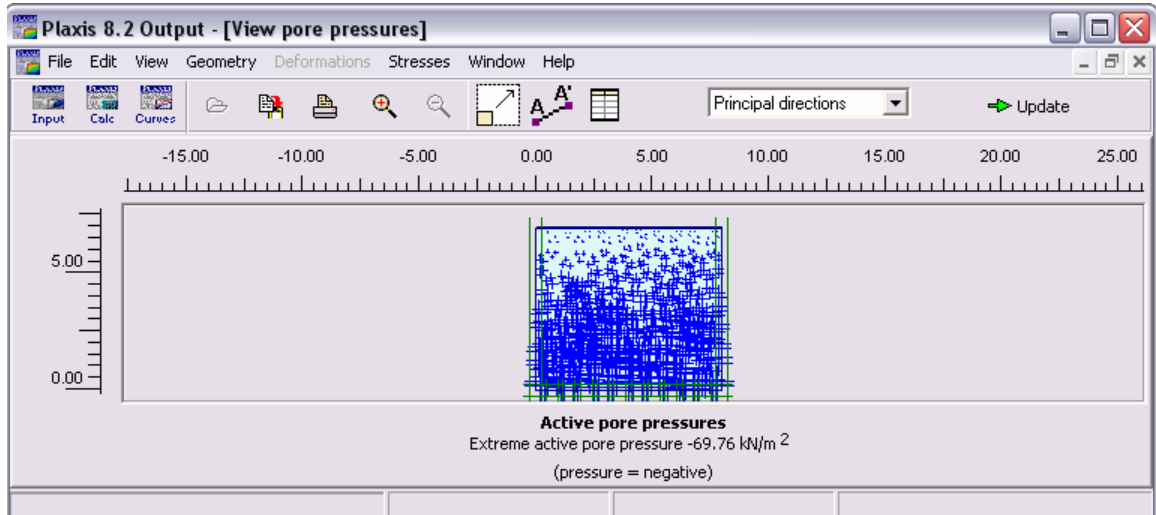
11. Tính toán điều kiện ban đầu

Gán mực nước ngầm



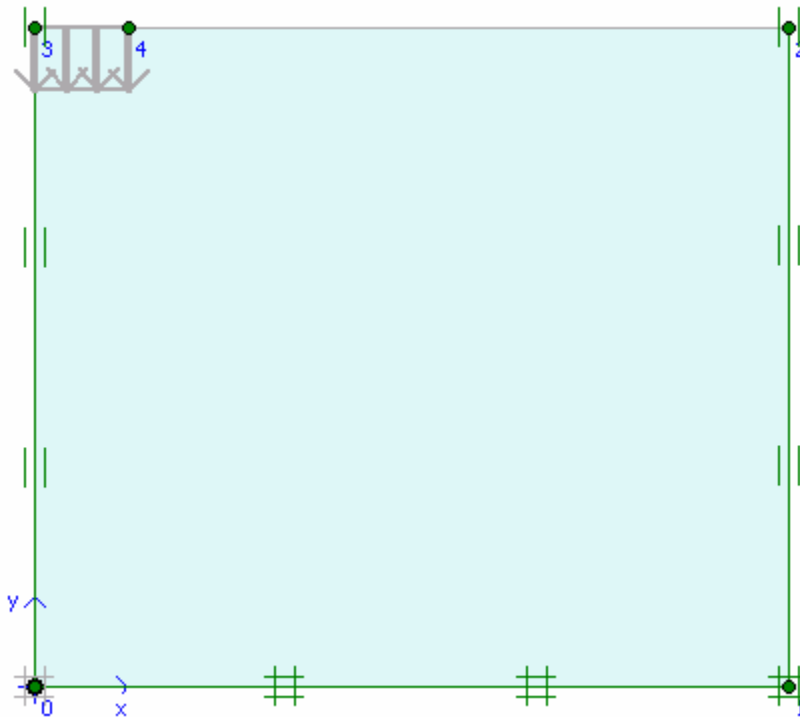
Tính toán áp lực nước 

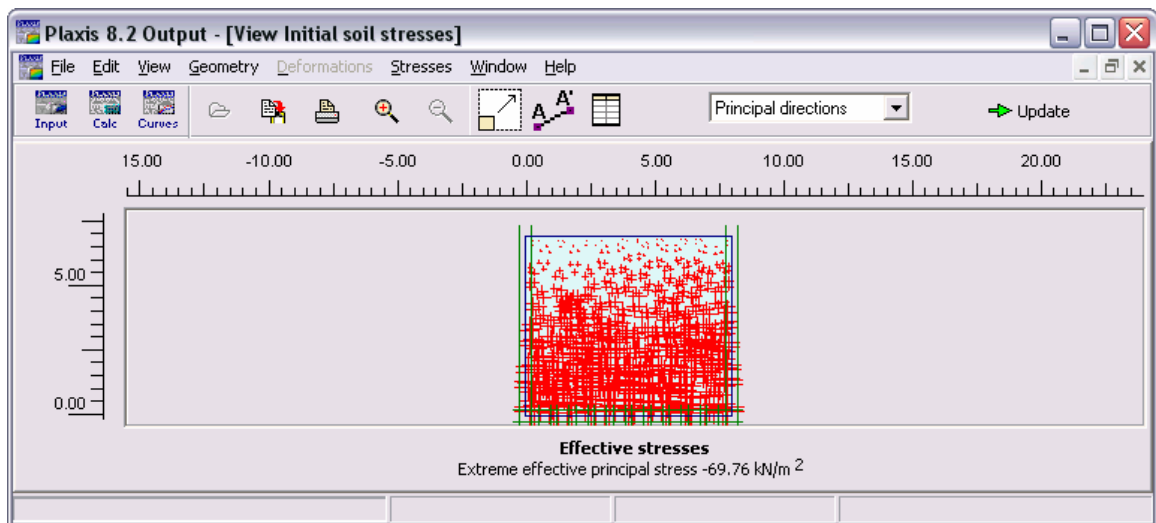
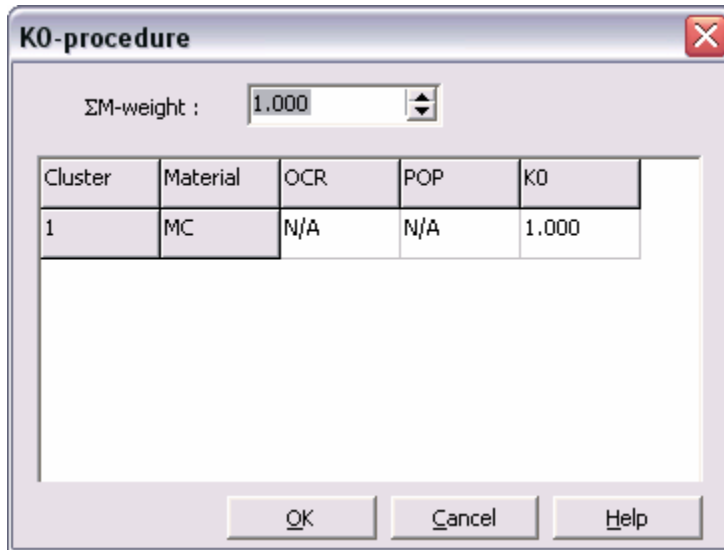




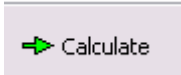
Update

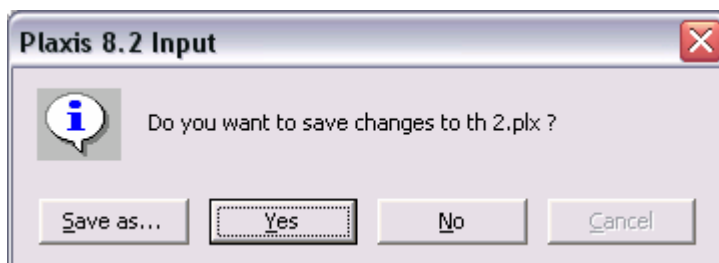
Tính toán áp lực đất

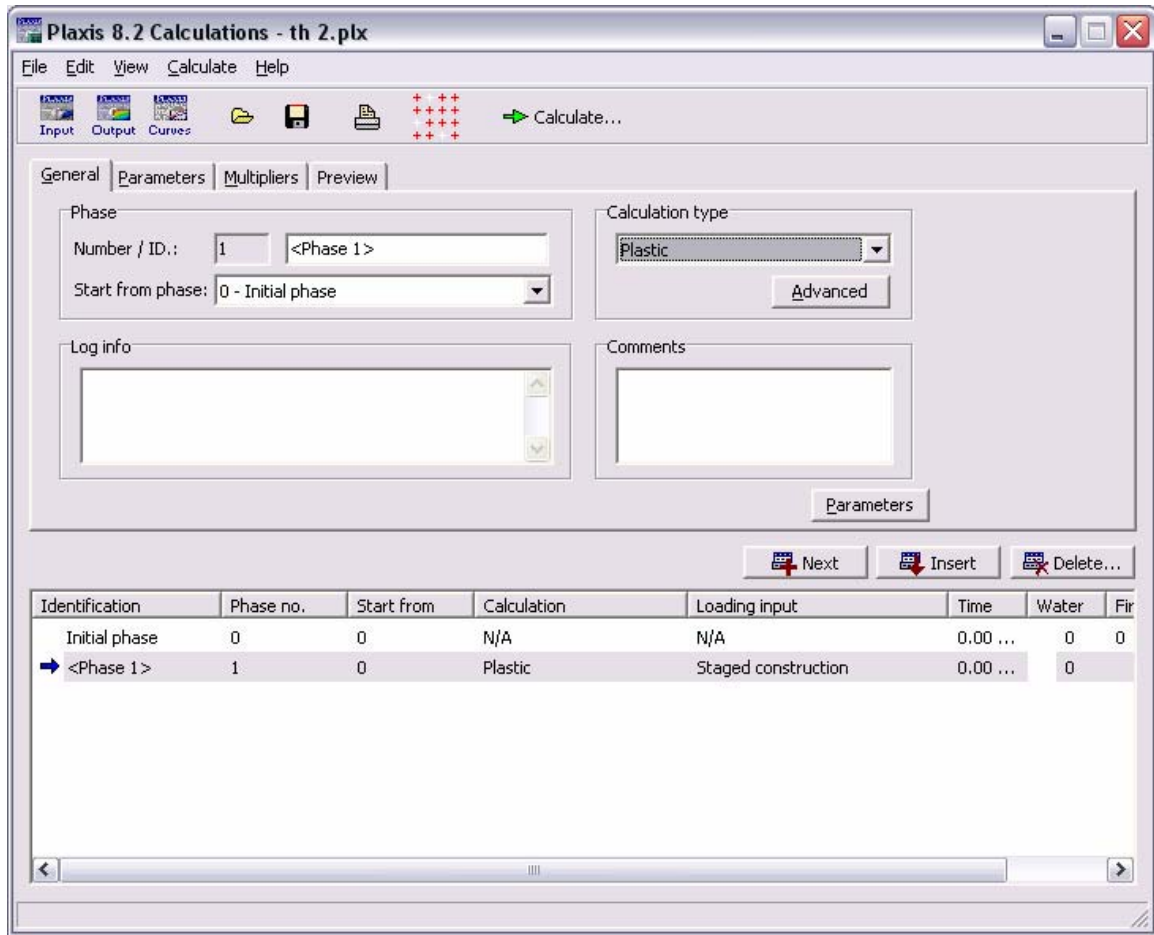




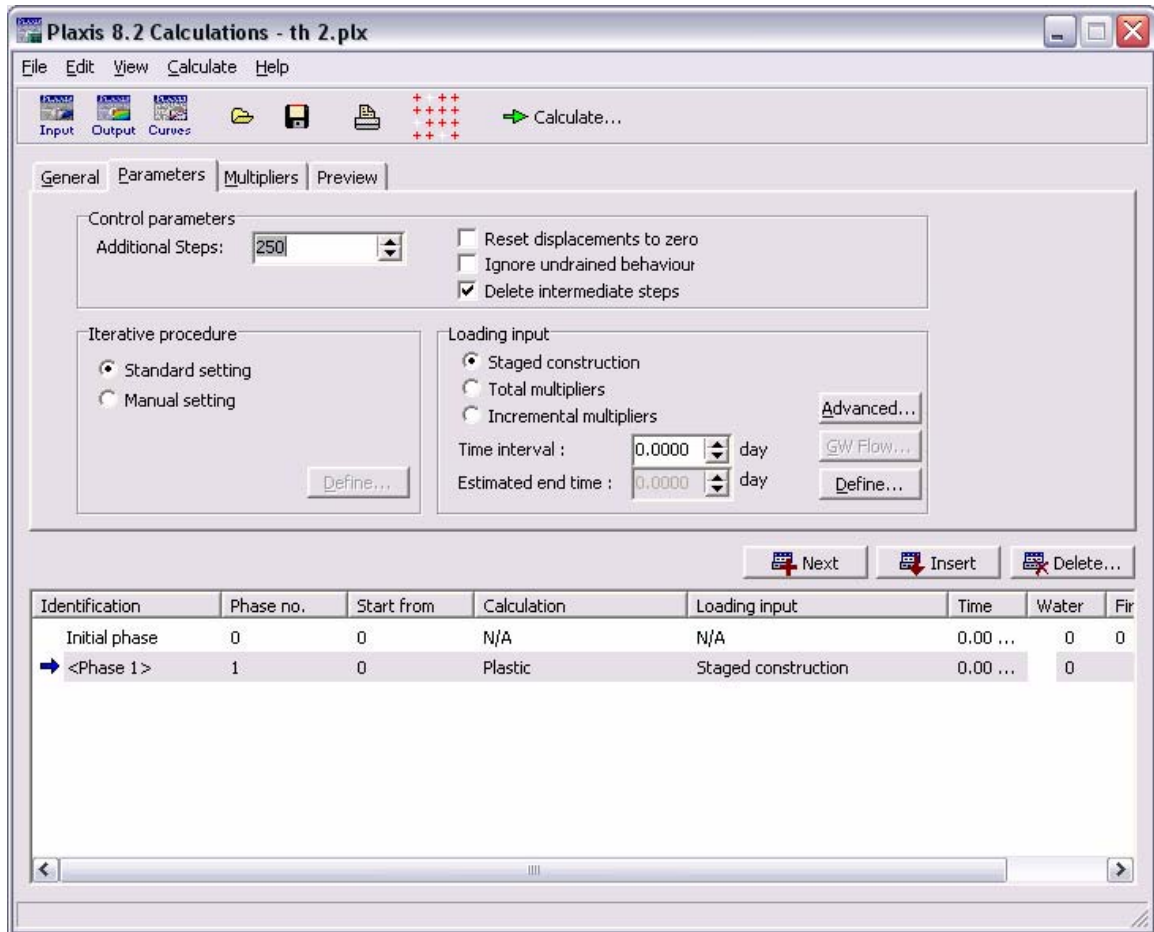
Update

12. Bắt đầu tính toán 



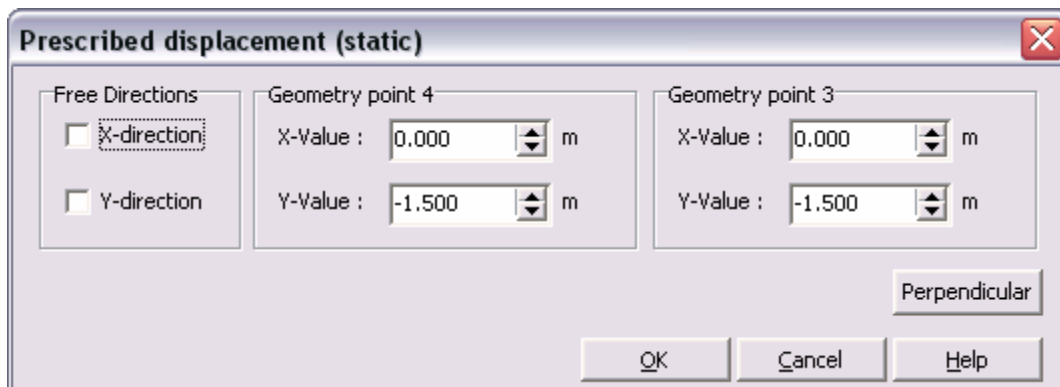


Parameters

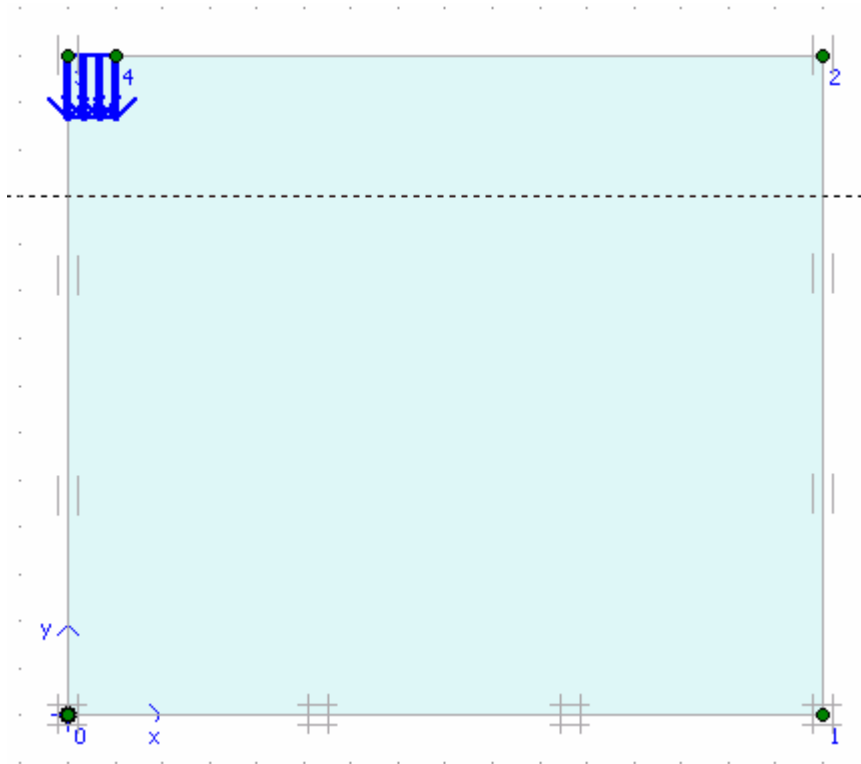


Nhấp vào Define và máy tự động
 Trở về màn hình Input

Gán chuyển vị biết trước bằng cách nhấp vào chuyển vị trên hình



OK

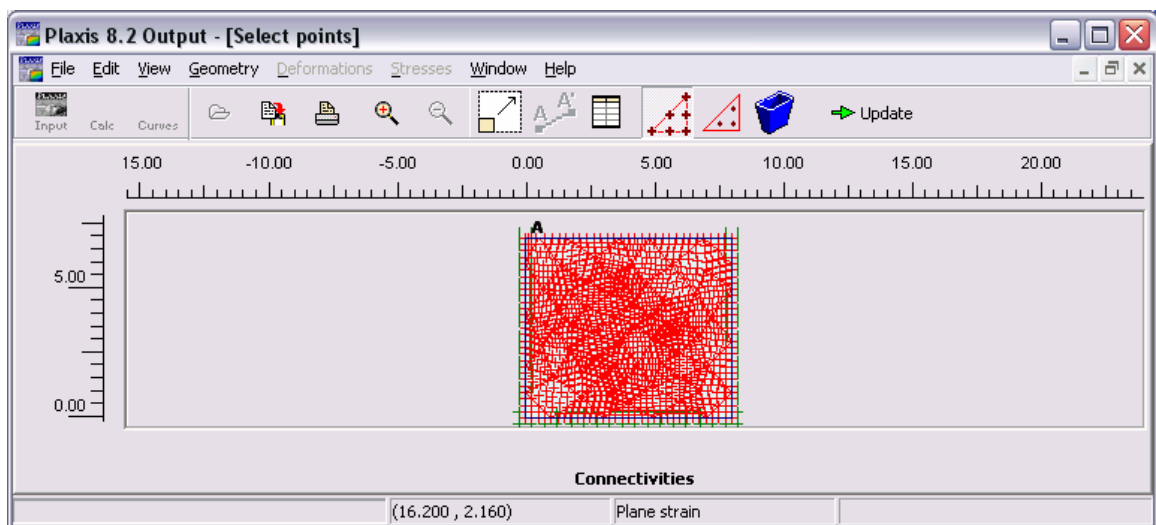


Update



Dùng biểu tượng để chọn điểm khảo sát

Ví dụ điểm A



Update

Tính toán

➔ Calculate...

Plaxis 8.2 Plastic Calculation - th 2 - Plane Strain

Total multipliers at the end of previous loading step			
Σ -Mdisp:	1.000	PMax	0.000
Σ -MloadA:	1.000	Σ -Marea:	1.000
Σ -MloadB:	1.000	Force-X:	0.000
Σ -Mweight:	1.000	Force-Y:	-194.510
Σ -Maccel:	0.000	Stiffness:	0.073
Σ -Msf:	1.000	Time:	0.000
Σ -Mstage:	0.490	Dyn. time:	0.000

Iteration process of current step			
Current step:	31	Max. steps:	250
Iteration:	9	Max. iterations:	60
Global error:	0.010	Tolerance:	0.010

Plastic points in current step			
Plastic stress points:	175	Inaccurate:	0
Plastic interface points:	0	Inaccurate:	0
Tension points:	7	Cap/Hard points:	0

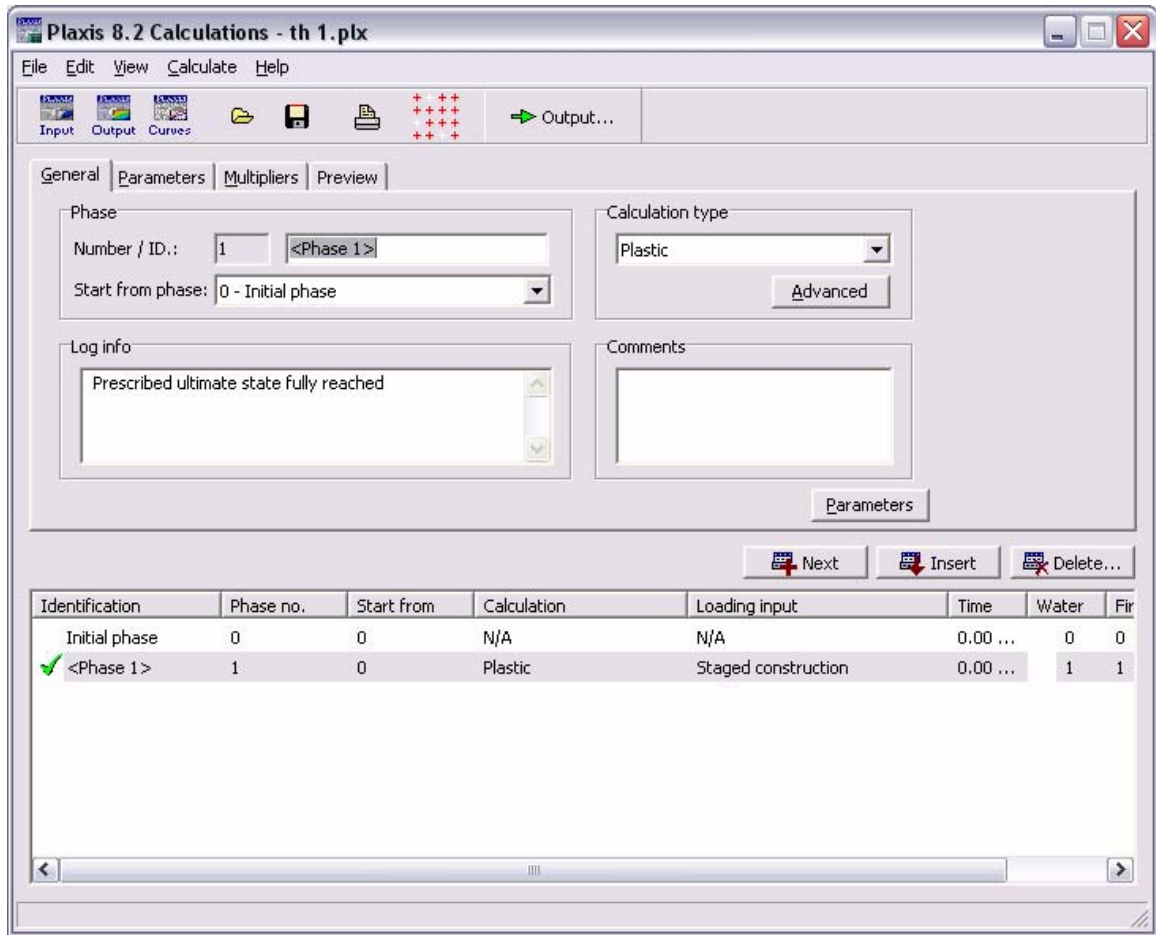
Calculation progress

Force-Y

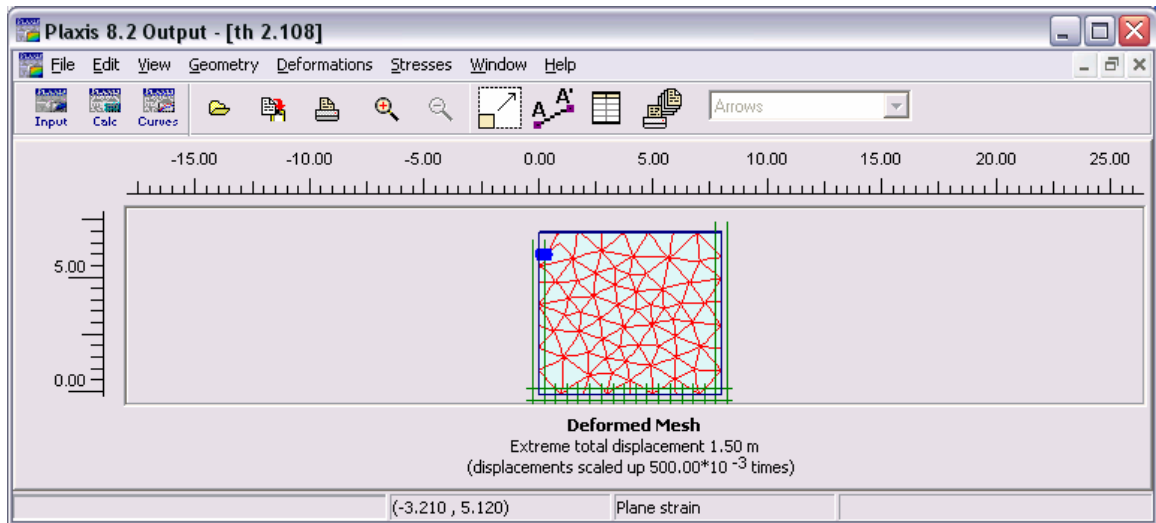
|U| Node A

Element:	126
Decomposition:	100 %
Calc. time:	5 s

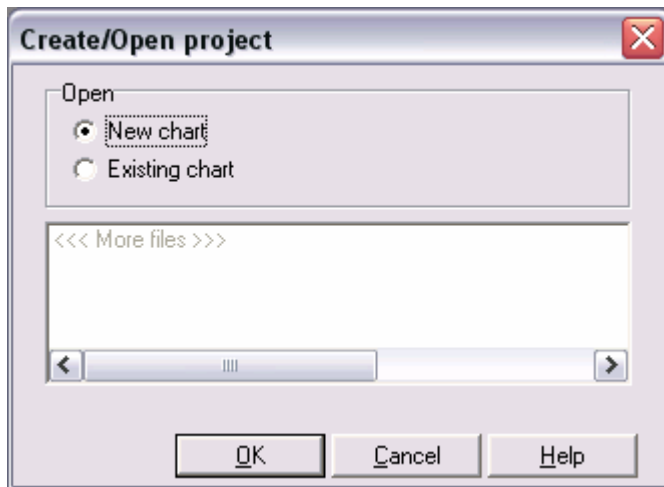
Cancel



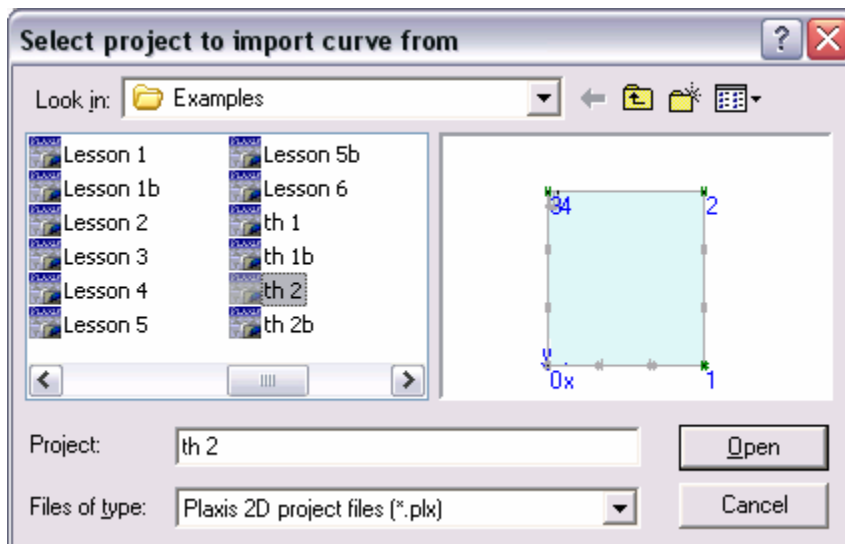
Đã tính toán xong , nhấp vào Output

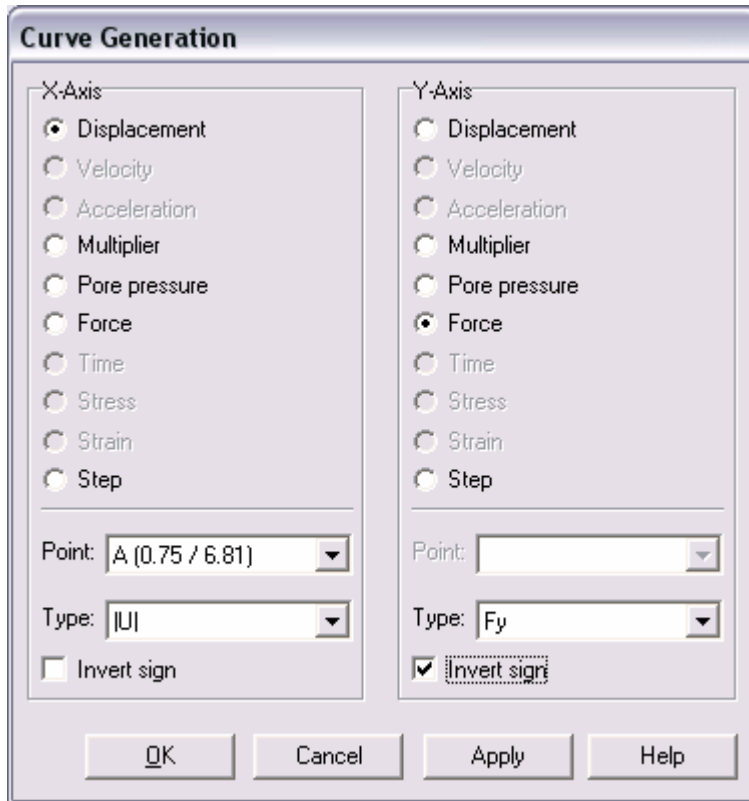


Dùng biểu tượng  để vẽ kết quả

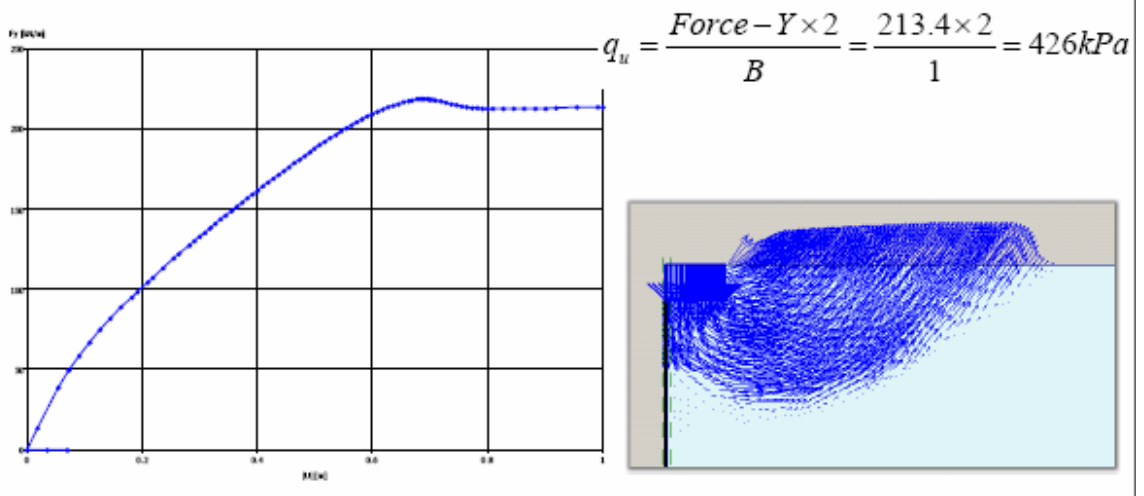
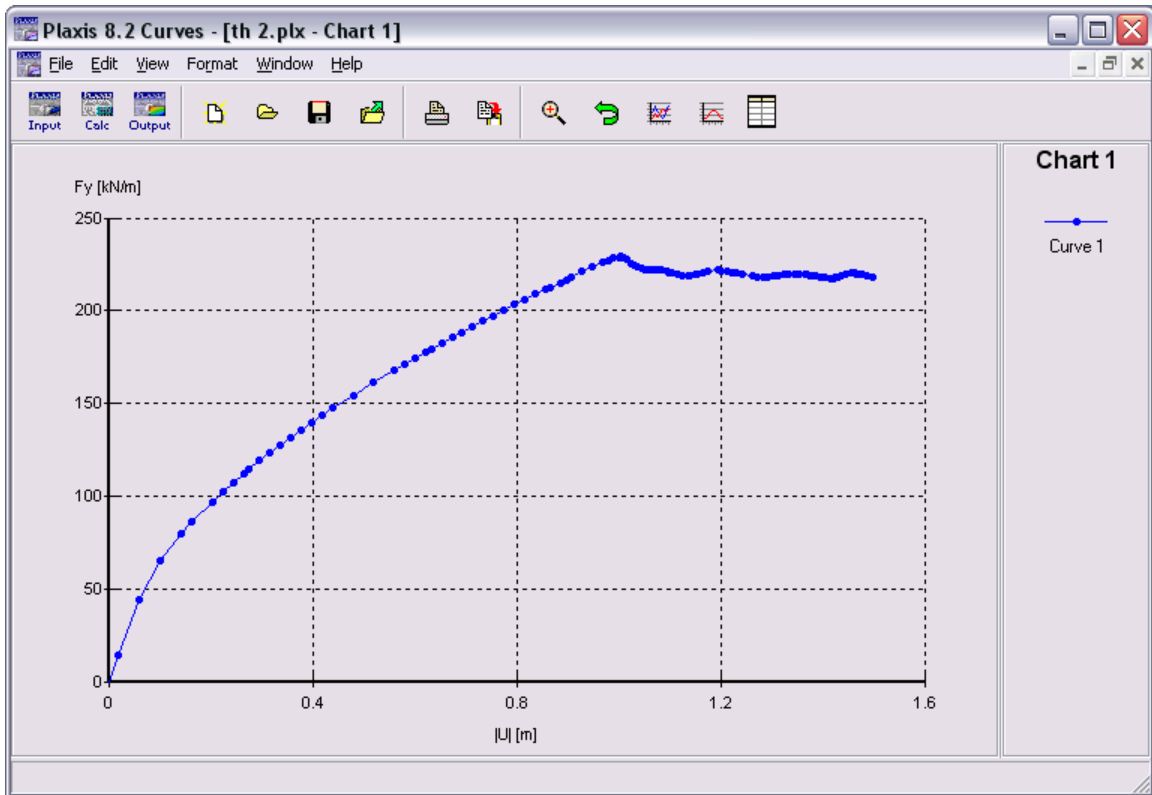


OK





Ok



$$q_u = cN_c F_{cs} F_{cd} F_{ci} + \cancel{qN_q F_{qs} F_{qd} F_{qi}} + \frac{1}{2} \gamma B N_\gamma F_{\gamma s} F_{\gamma d} F_{\gamma i}$$

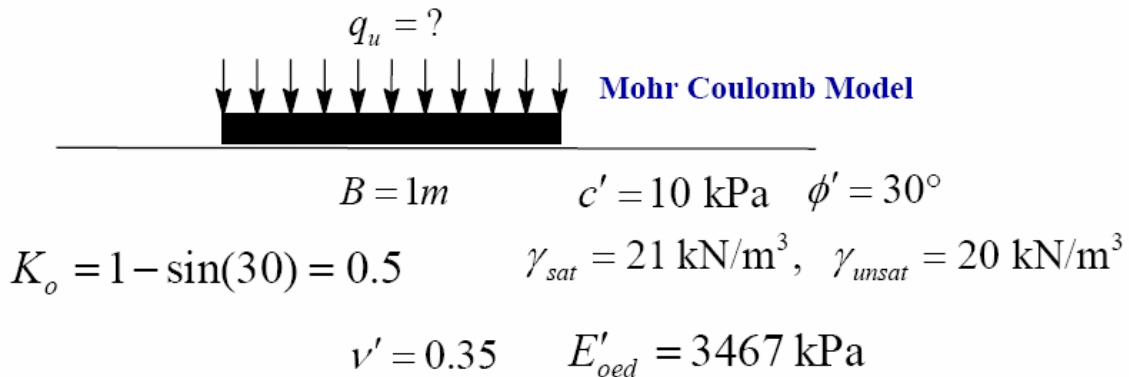
$$N_q = \tan^2 \left(45 + \frac{\phi'}{2} \right) \exp^{\pi \tan \phi'} = 18.40$$

$$N_c = \cot \phi' (N_q - 1) = 30.1$$






$$N_\gamma = (N_q - 1) \tan 1.4\phi' = 15.66$$

$$q_u = 10(30.1) + 0.5(20)(1)(15.66) = 457.6 \text{ kPa}$$

Phần 3b : PLAXIS INPUT, CALCULATE,CURVES



13. Tạo hình dạng bài toán

- Vẽ tấm (Plate) 
- Gán biểu tượng áp lực 
- Vẽ phần tử tiếp xúc 
- Gán biên 
- Gán số liệu địa chất 

Mohr-Coulomb - Clay

General Parameters Interfaces

Material Set

Identification:

Material model:

Material type:

General properties

γ_{unsat} : kN/m³

γ_{sat} : kN/m³

Comments

Permeability

k_x : m/day

k_y : m/day

Mohr-Coulomb - Clay

General Parameters Interfaces

Stiffness

E_{ref} : kN/m²

ν (nu) :

Strength

c_{ref} : kN/m²

ϕ (phi) : °

ψ (psi) : °

Alternatives

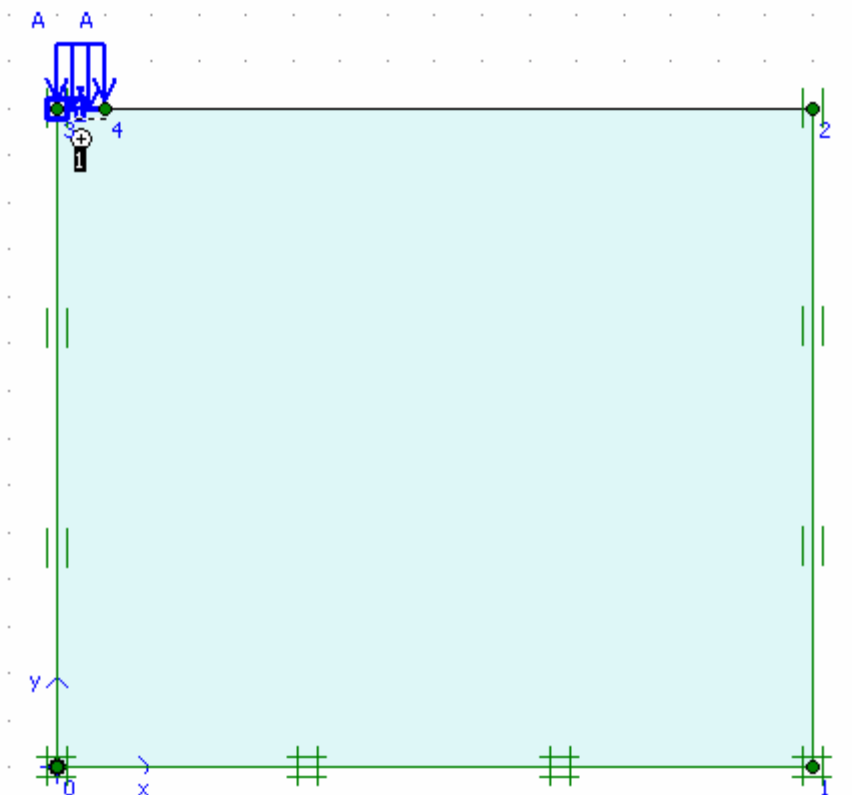
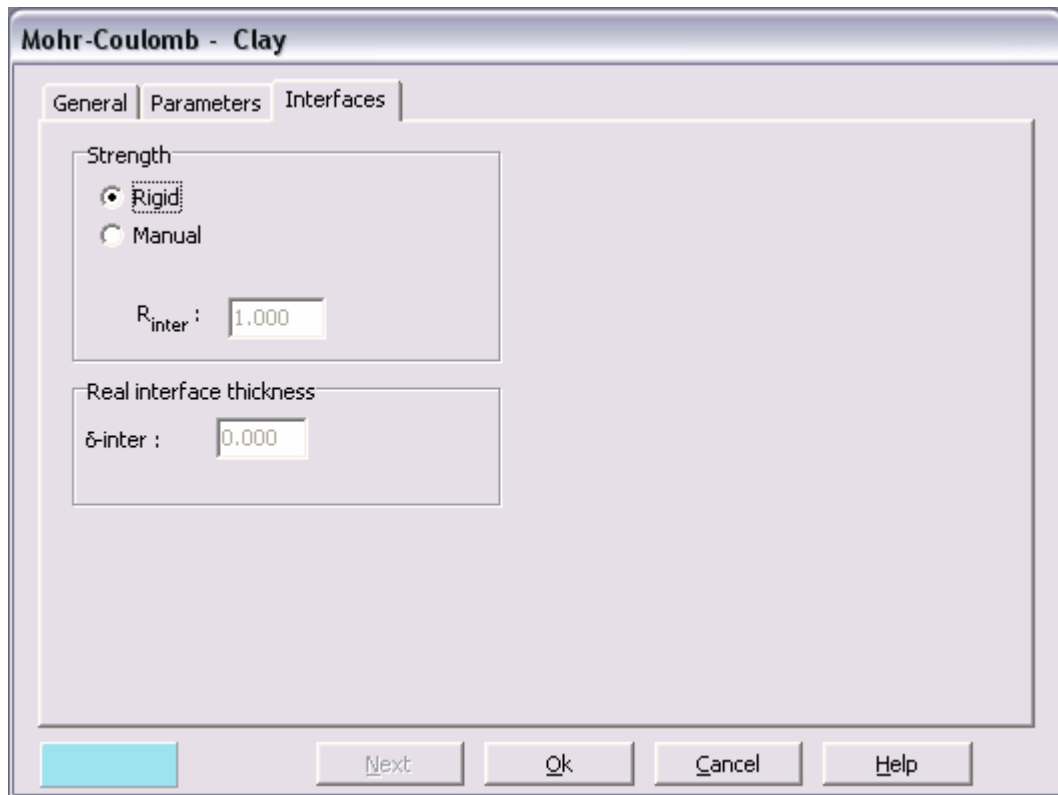
G_{ref} : kN/m²

E_{oed} : kN/m²

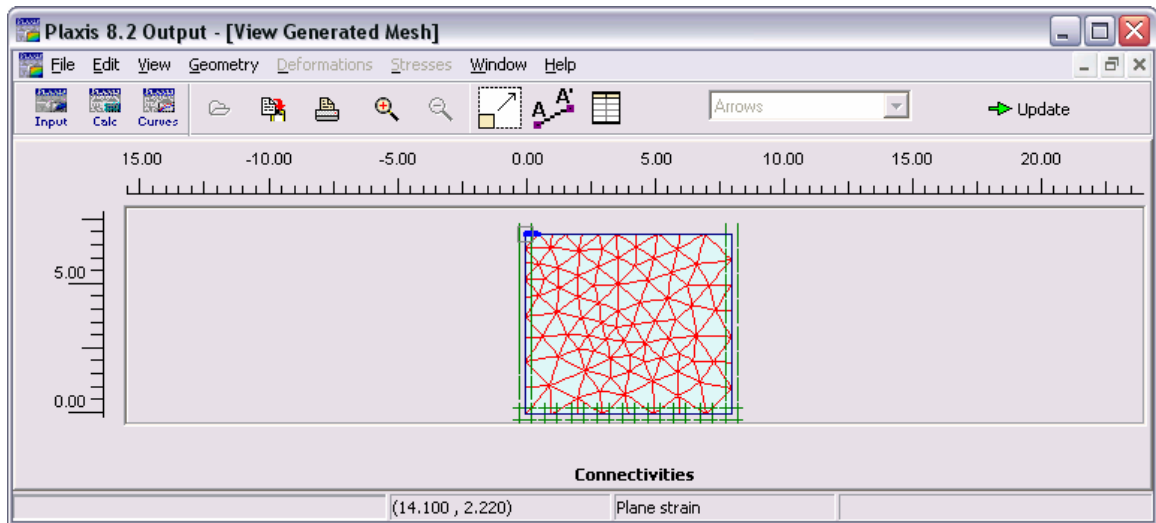
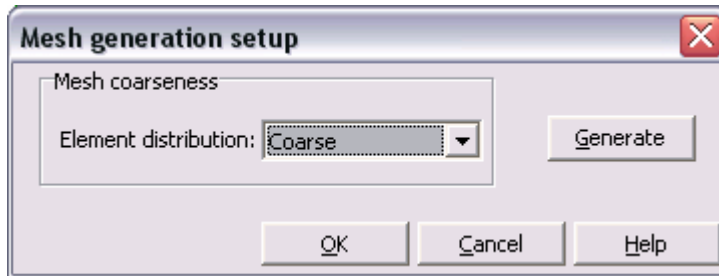
Velocities

V_s : m/s

V_p : m/s



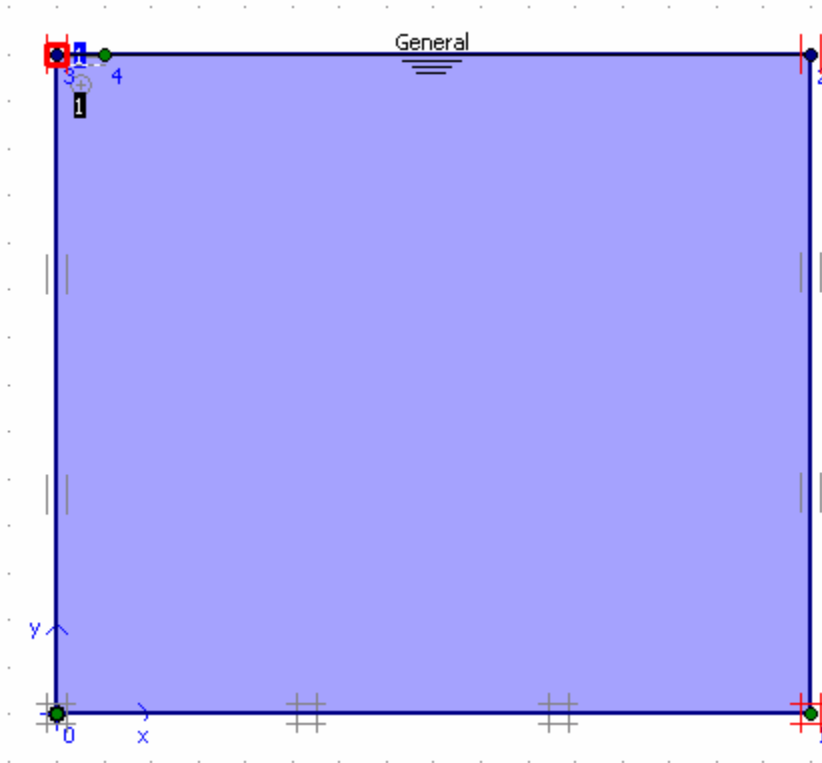
14. Tạo lưới phần tử




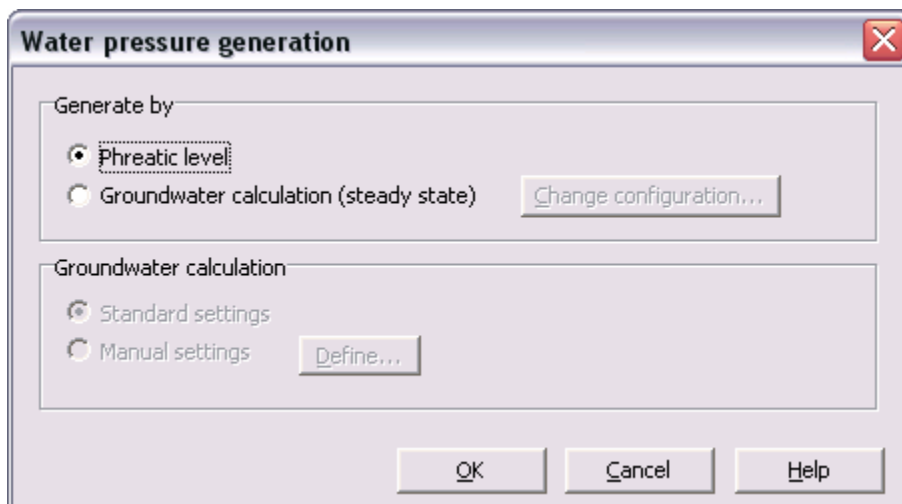
Update

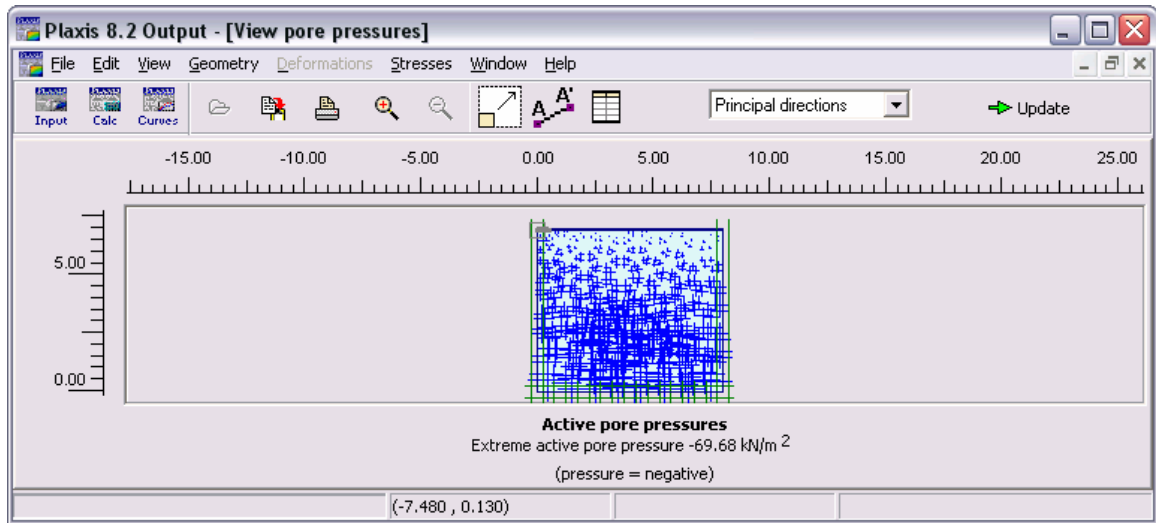
15. Tính toán điều kiện ban đầu

Gán mực nước ngầm




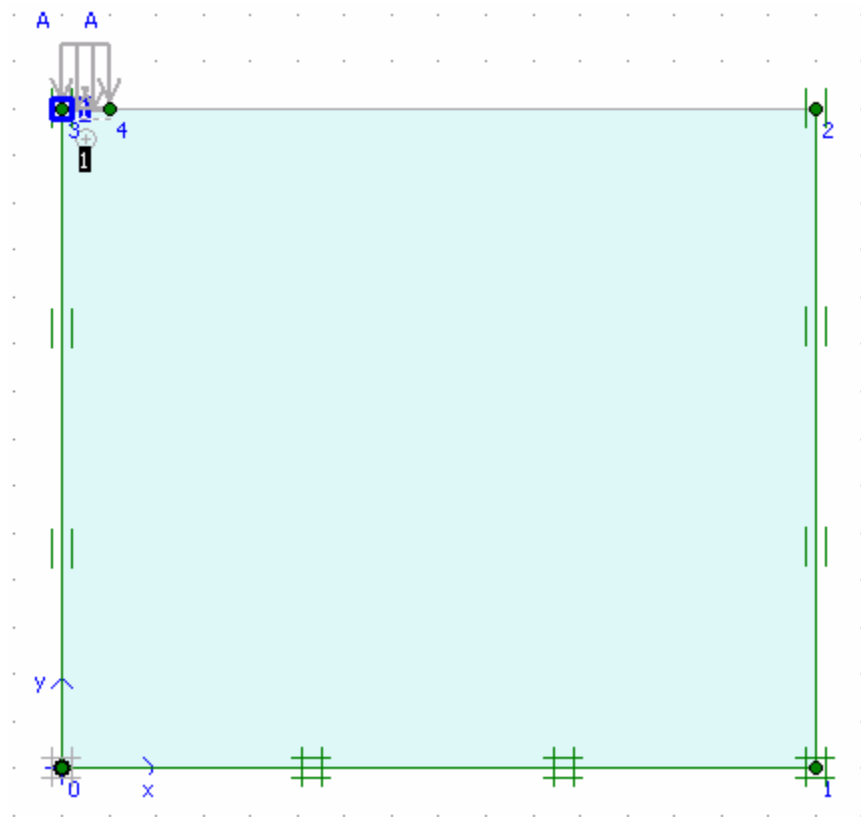
Tính toán áp lực nước 

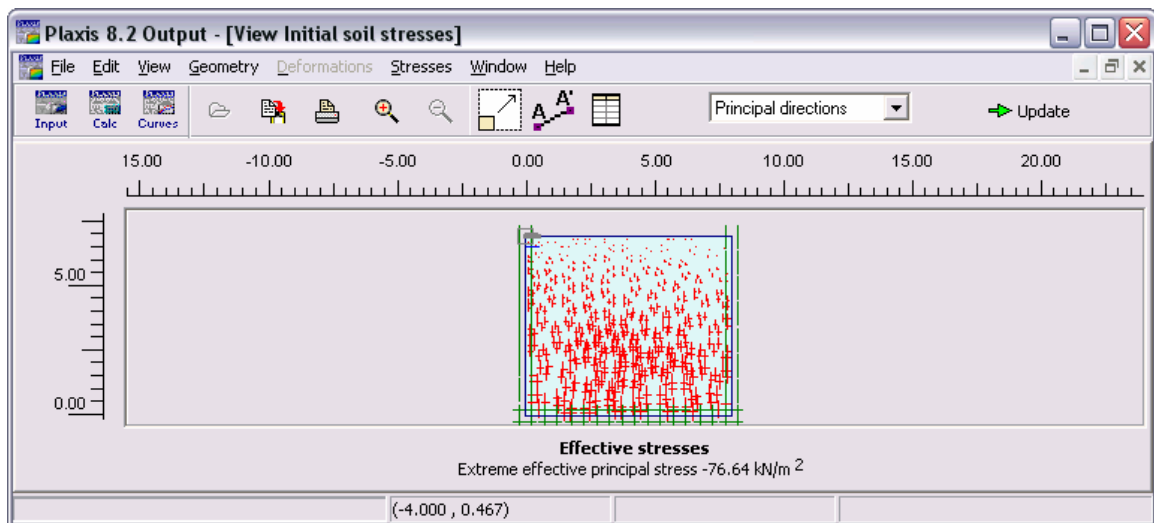
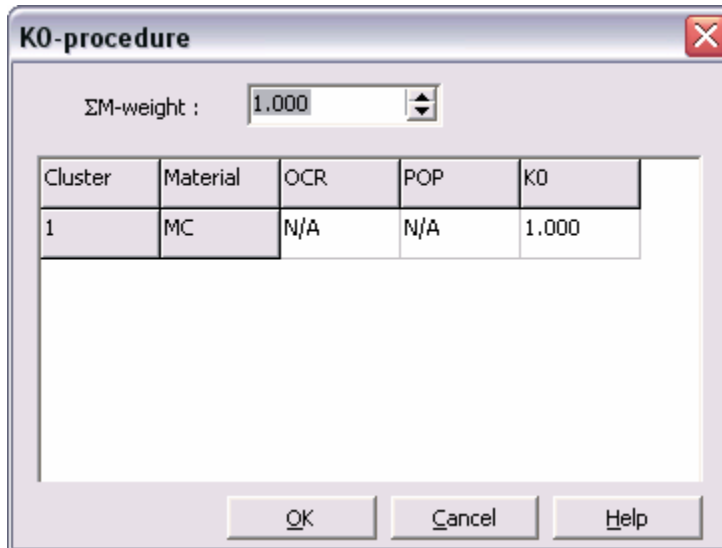




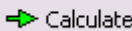
Update

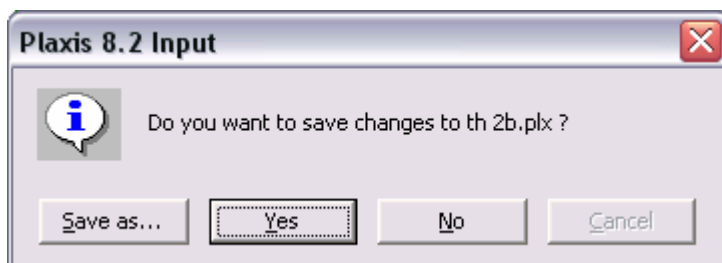
Tính toán áp lực đất 

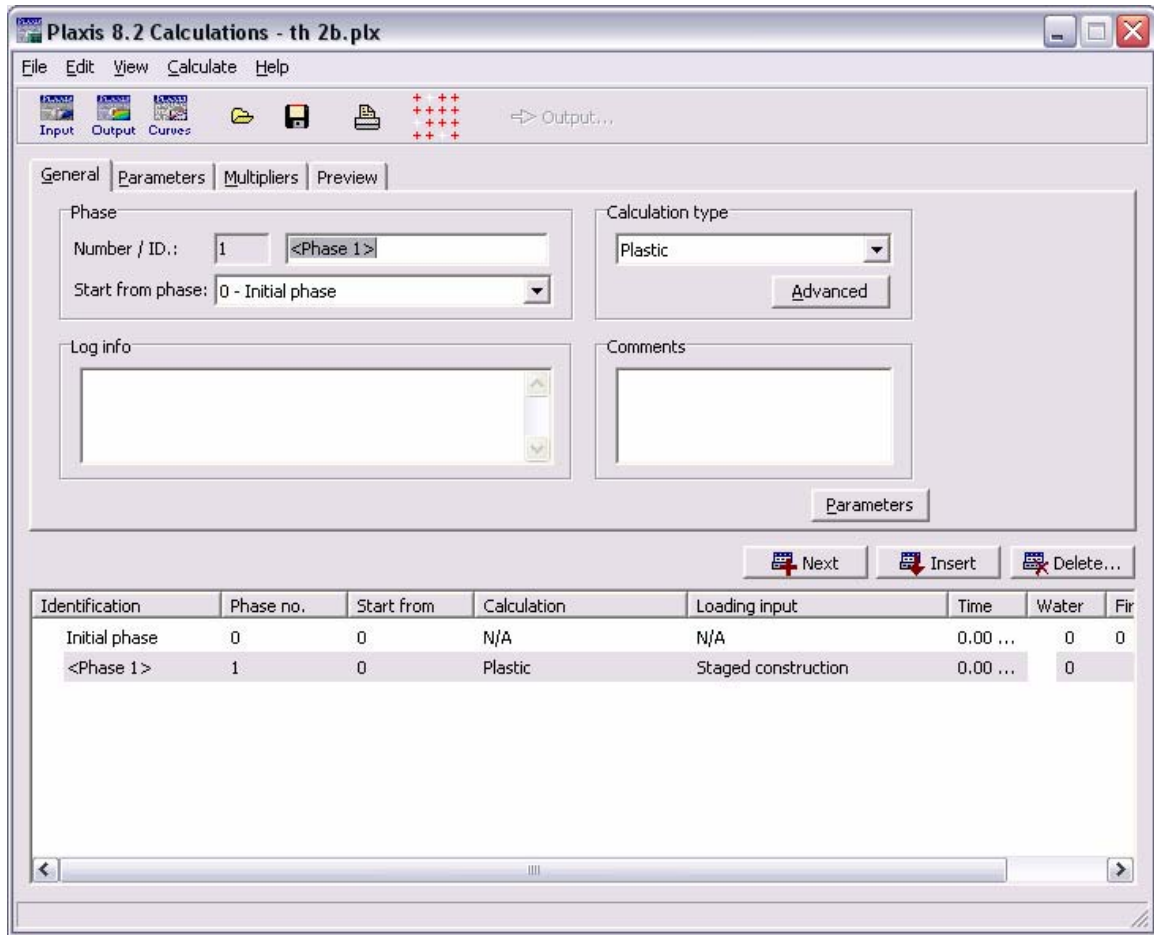




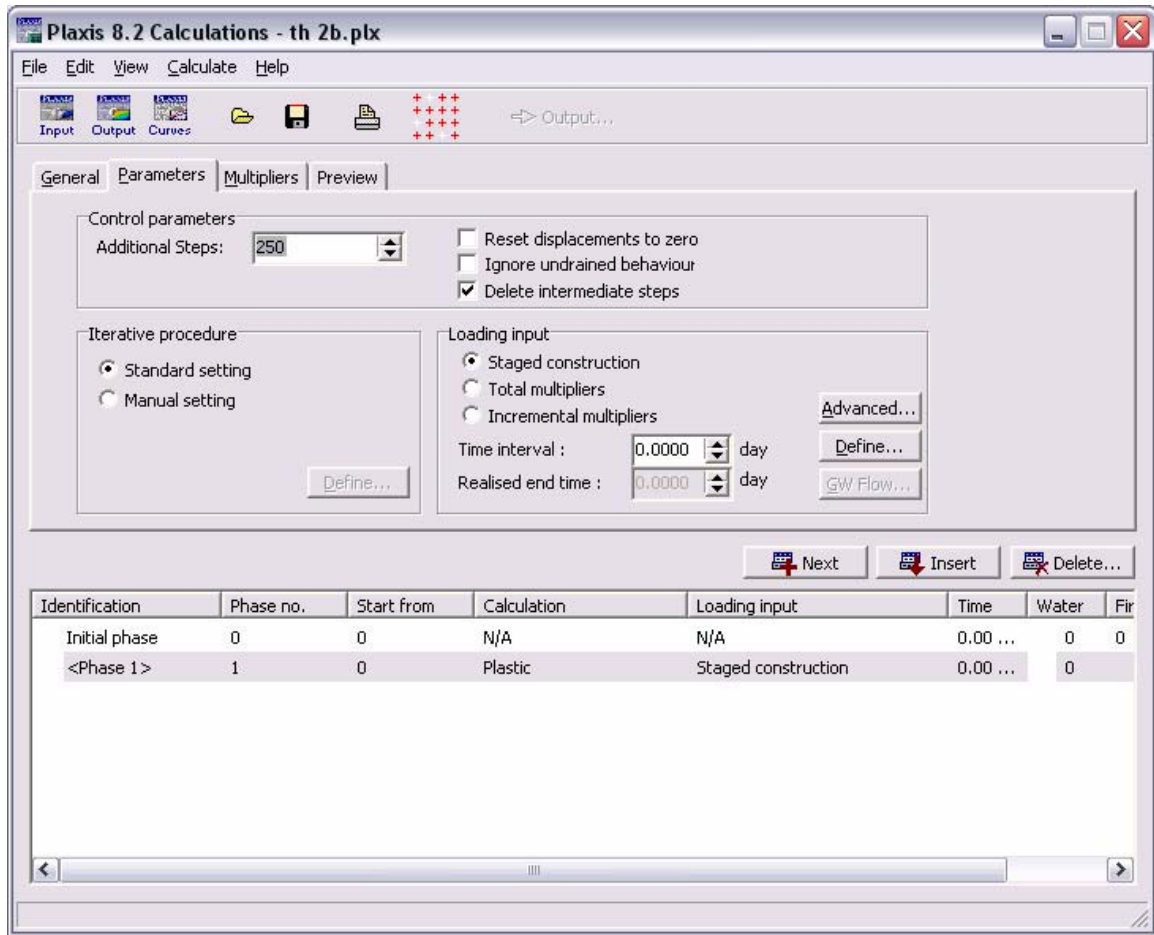
Update

16. Bắt đầu tính toán 

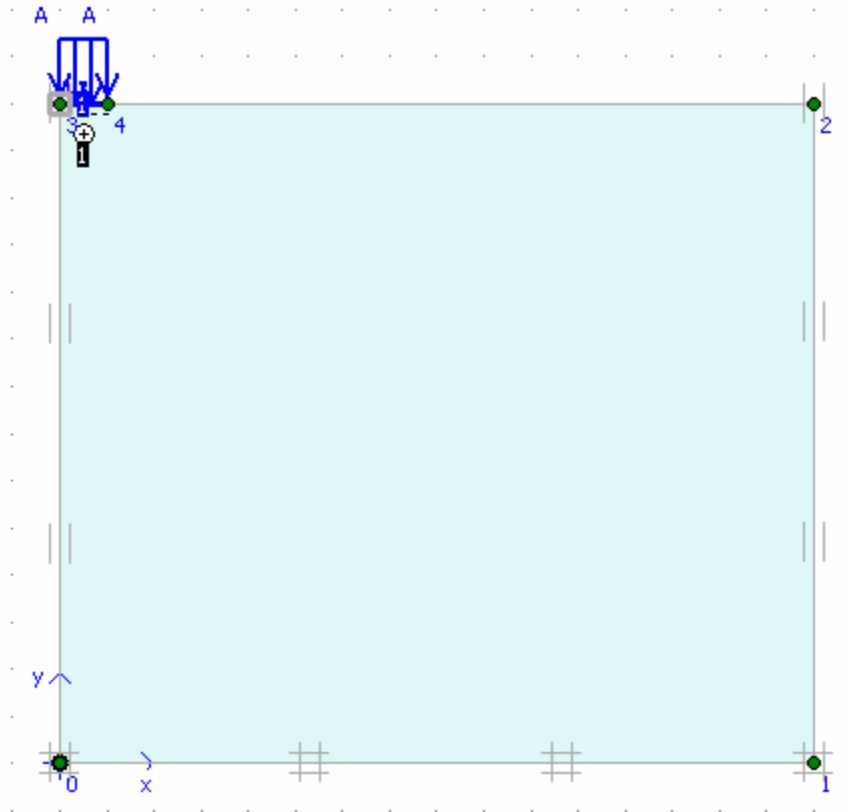




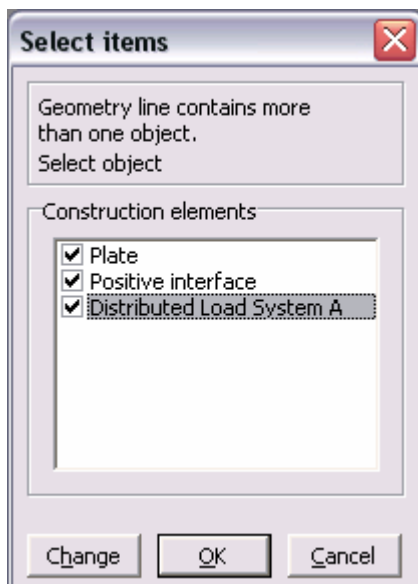
Parameters



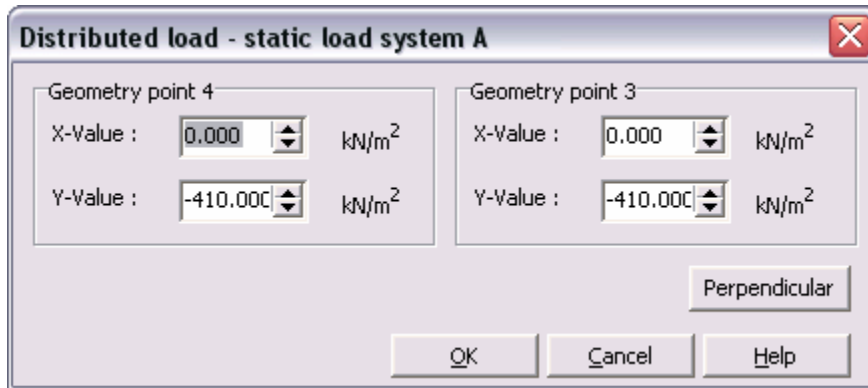
Nhấp vào Define và máy tự động
Trở về màn hình Input



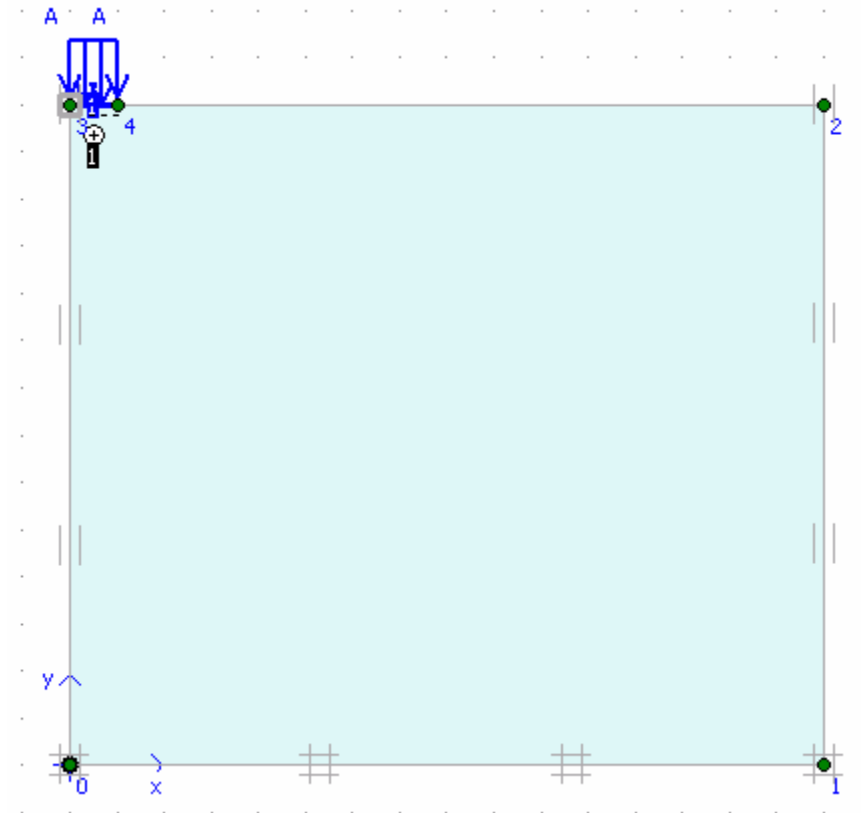
Gán giá trị tải bằng cách nhấp vào áp lực trên hình




Nhấp vào Change để nhập giá trị



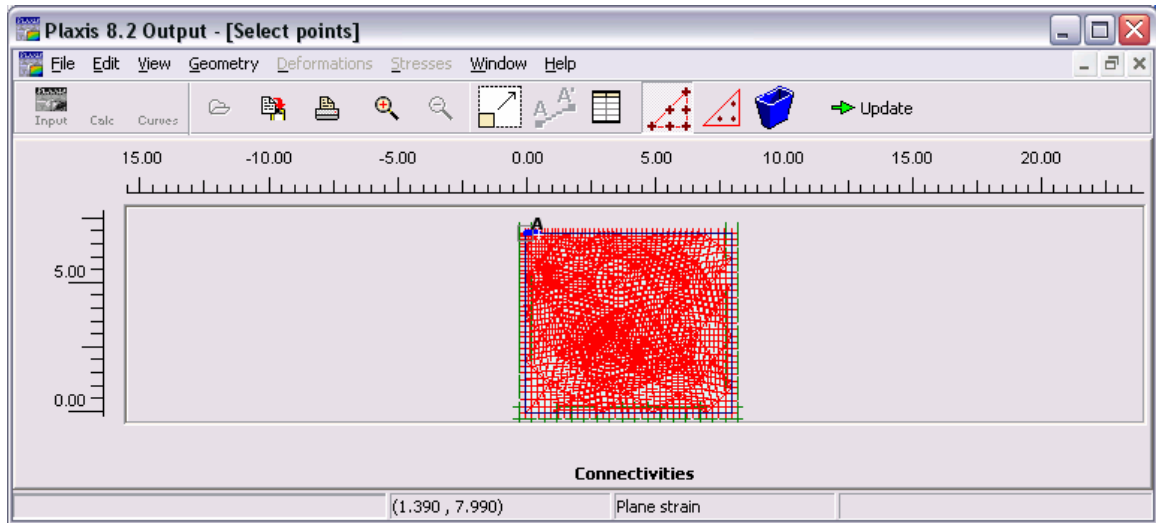
OK



Update

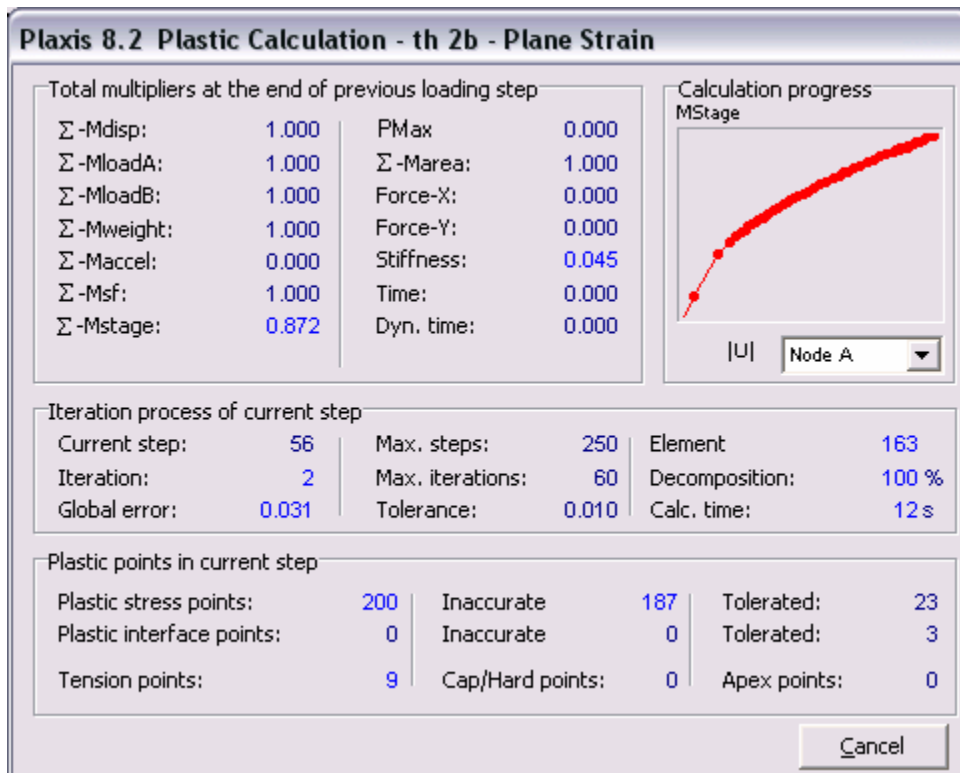
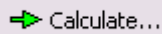
Dùng biểu tượng  để chọn điểm khảo sát

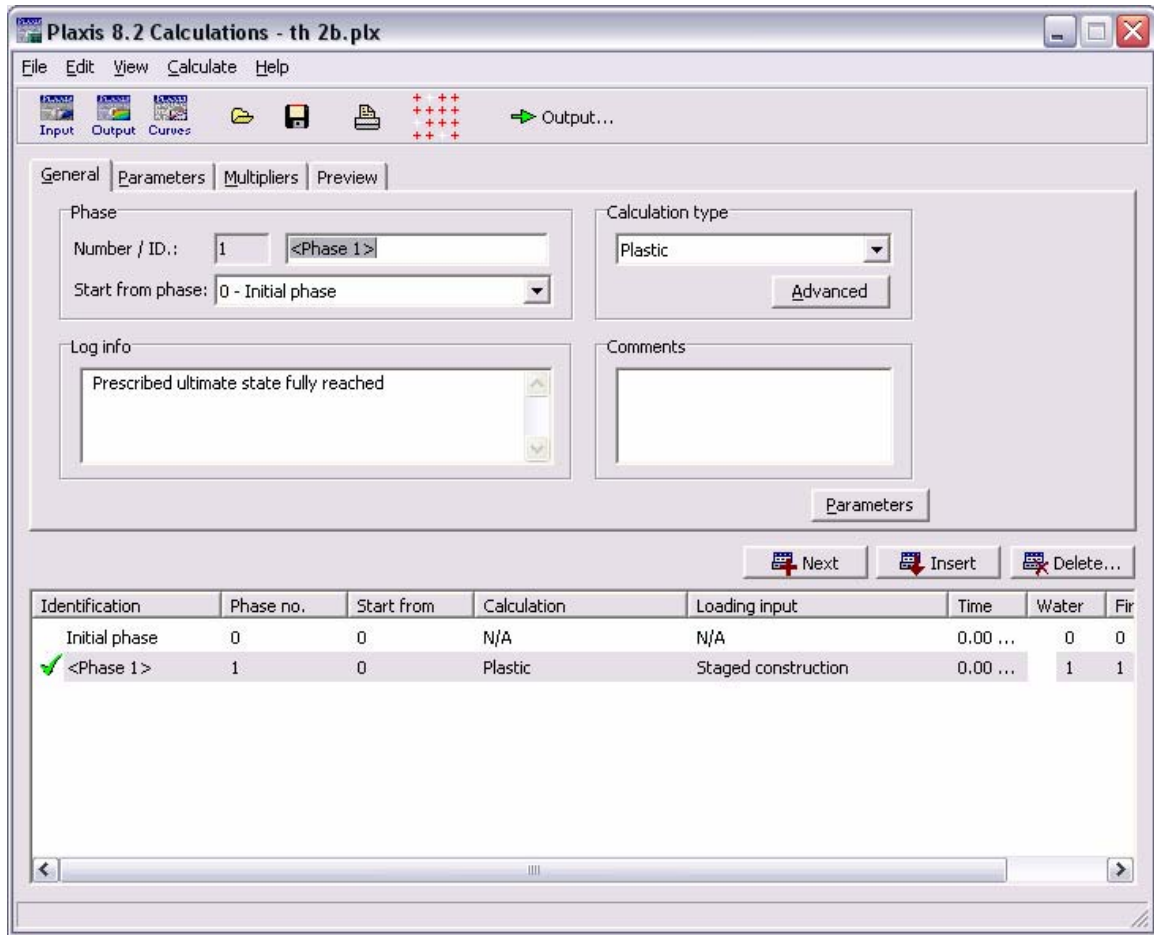
Ví dụ điểm A



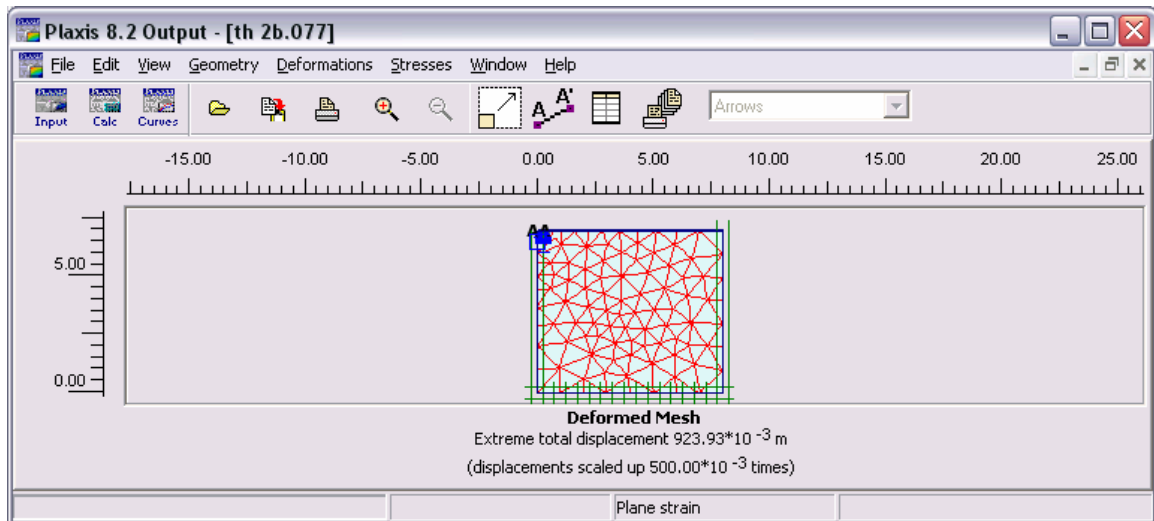
Update

Tính toán

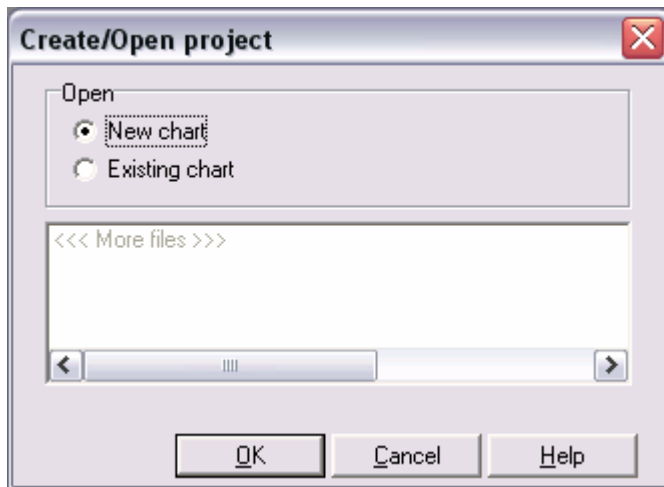




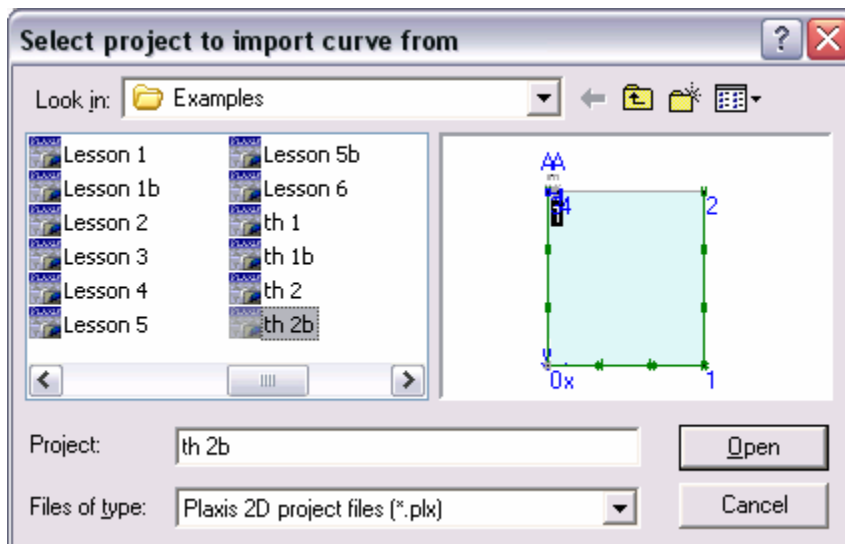
Đã tính toán xong , nhấp vào Output

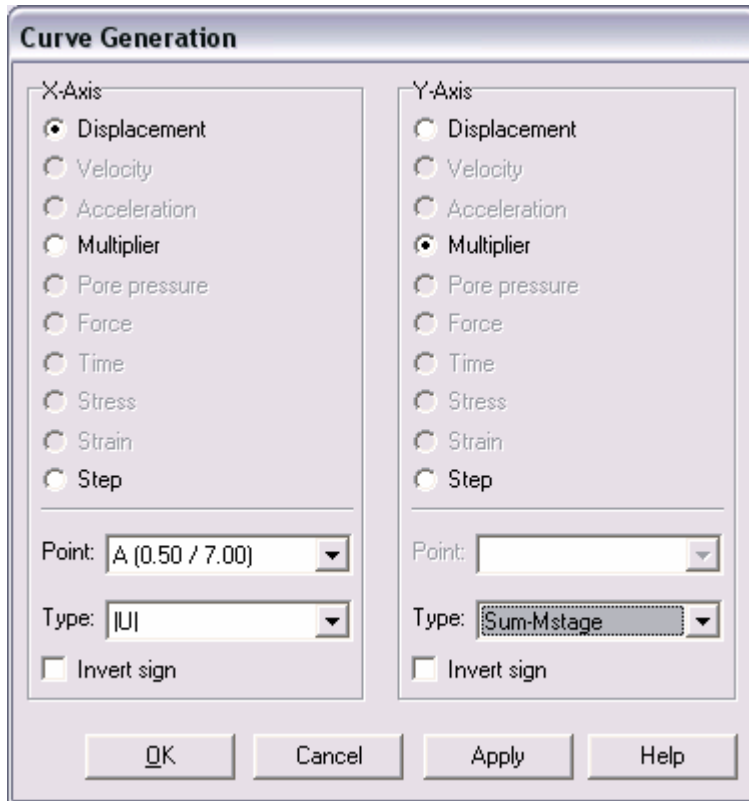


Dùng biểu tượng  để vẽ kết quả

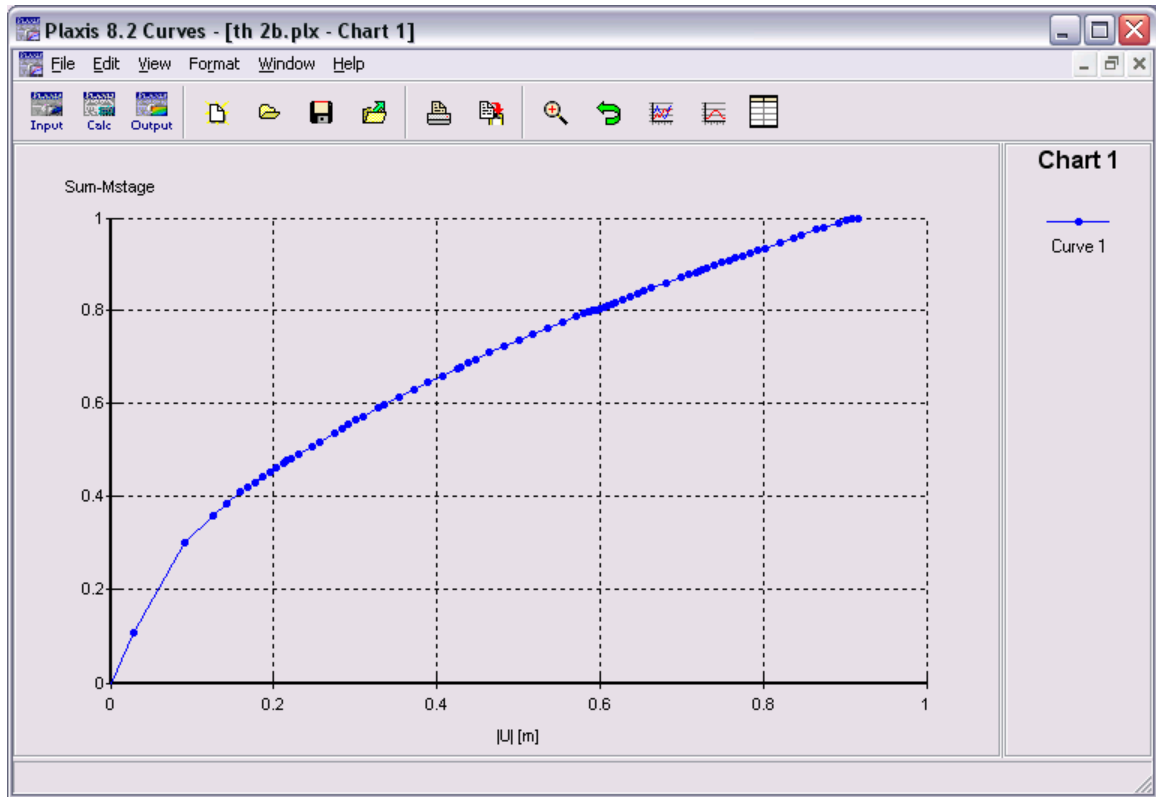


OK

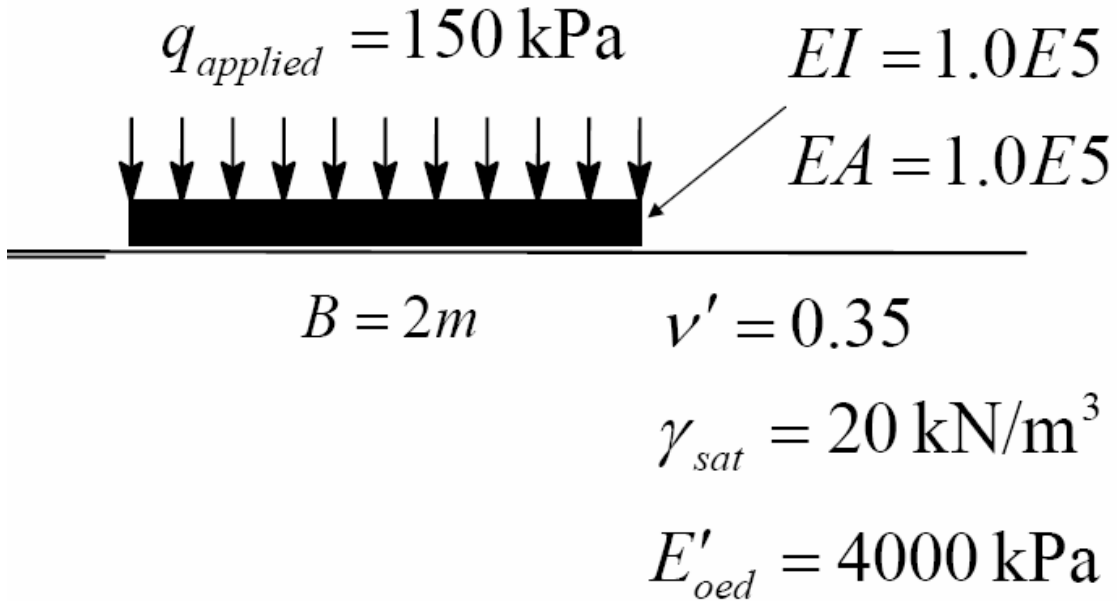




Ok



Phần 4 : PLAXIS INPUT,CALCULATE SETTLEMENT



ELASTIC – UNDRAINED – $t = 0$

17. Tạo hình dạng bài toán

- Vẽ tấm (Plate)
- Gán biểu tượng áp lực
- Vẽ phần tử tiếp xúc
- Gán biên
- Gán số liệu địa chất

Linear elastic - Clay

General Parameters Interfaces

Material Set

Identification:

Material model:

Material type:

General properties

γ_{unsat} : kN/m³

γ_{sat} : kN/m³

Comments

Permeability

k_x : m/day

k_y : m/day

Linear elastic - Clay

General Parameters Interfaces

Stiffness

E_{ref} : kN/m²

ν (nu) :

Alternatives

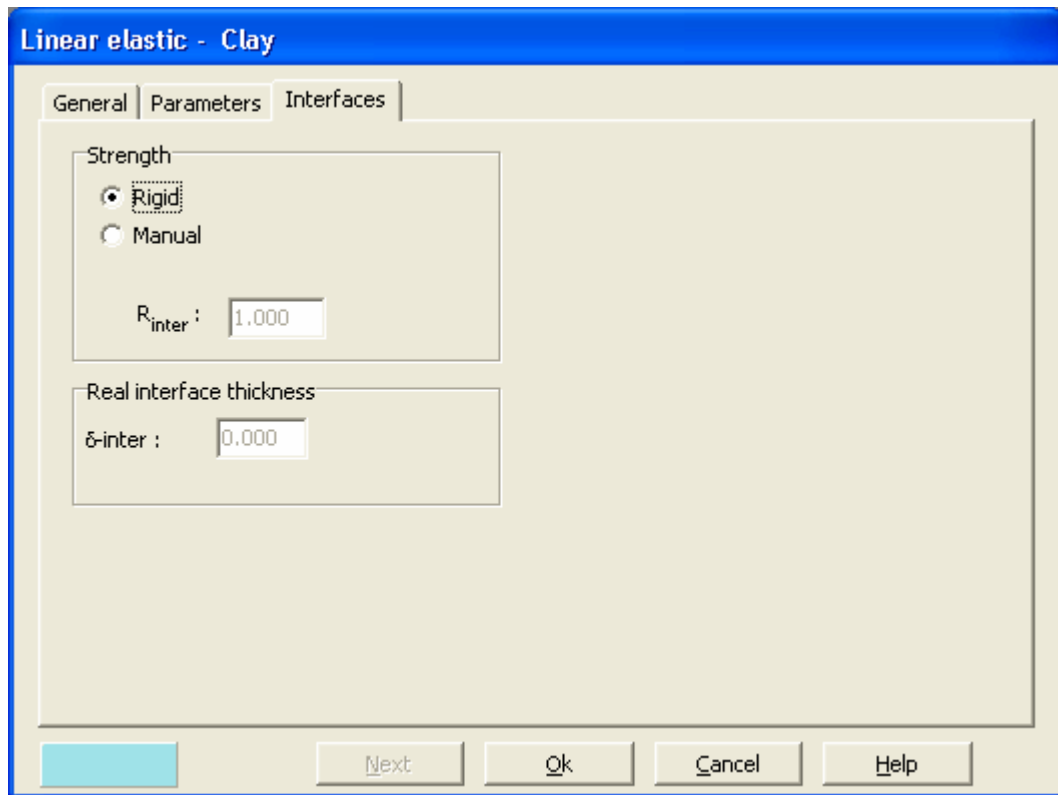
G_{ref} : kN/m²

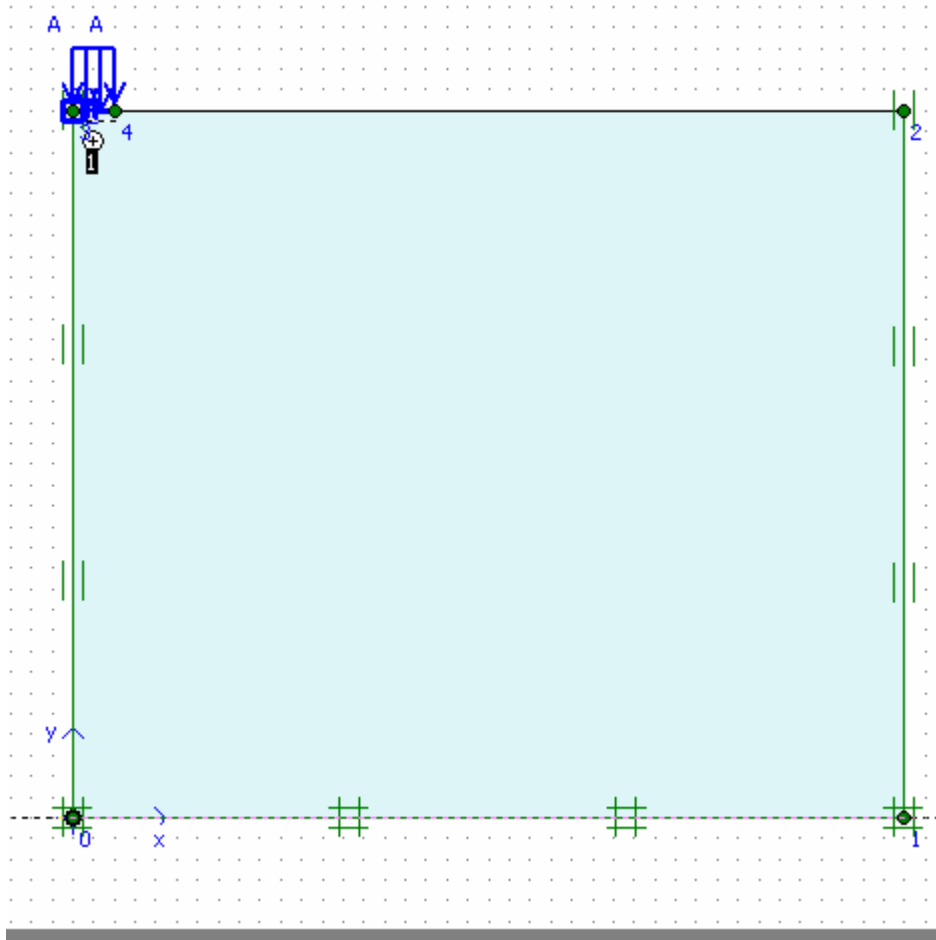
E_{oed} : kN/m²

Velocities

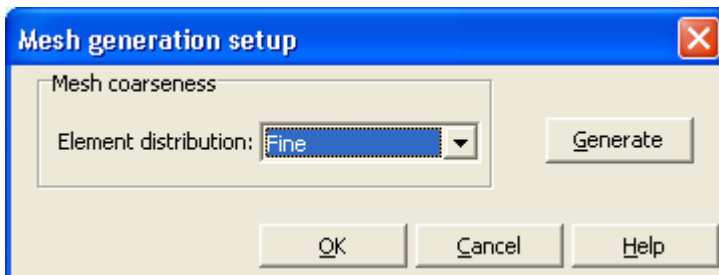
V_s : m/s

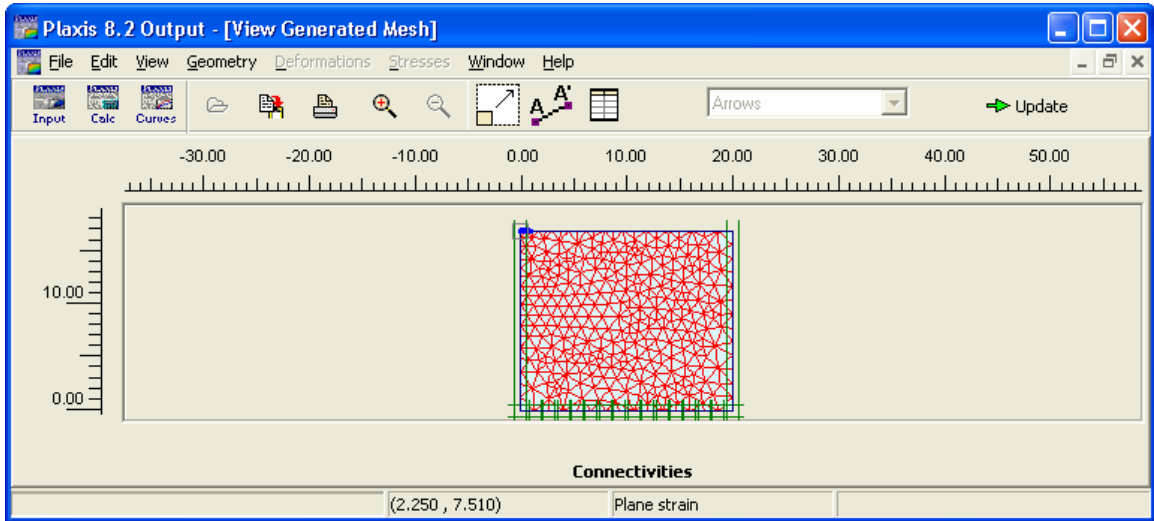
V_p : m/s





18. Tạo lưới phần tử

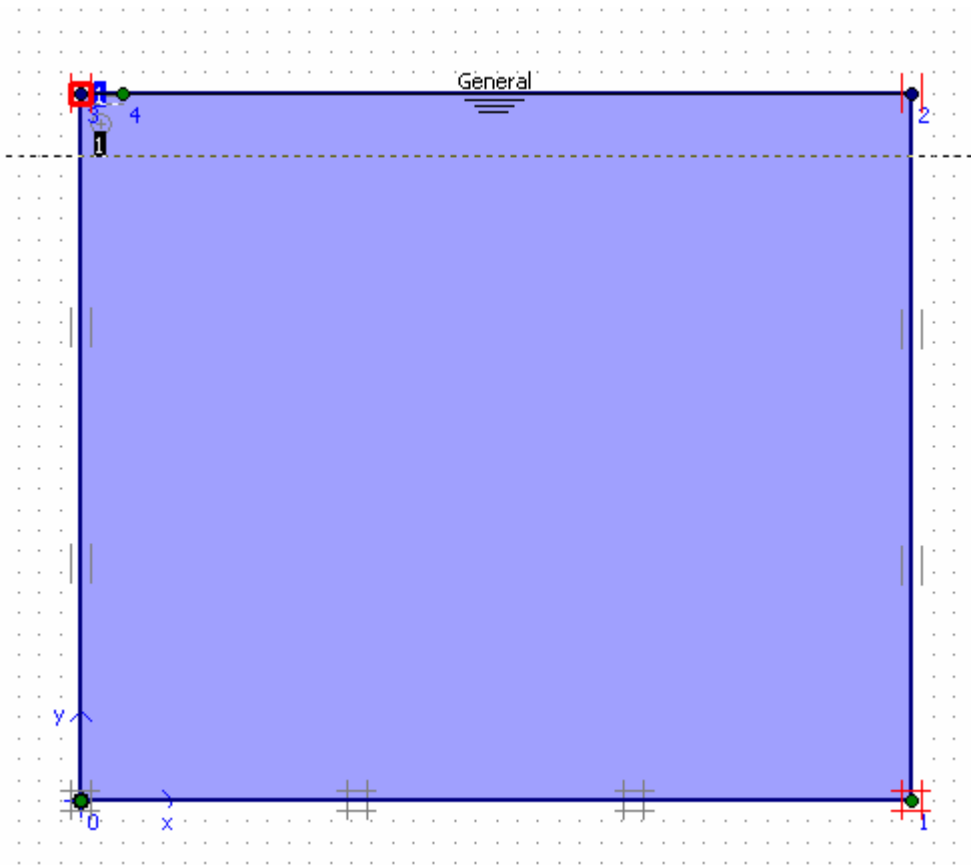





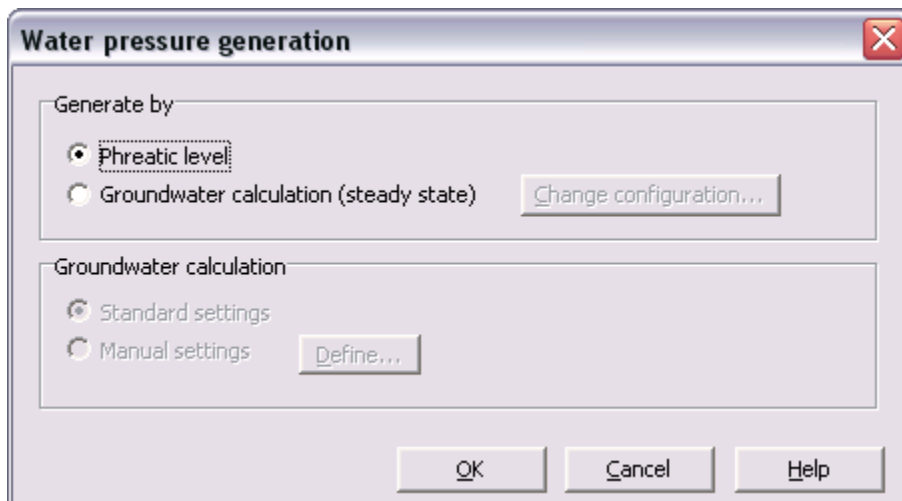
Update

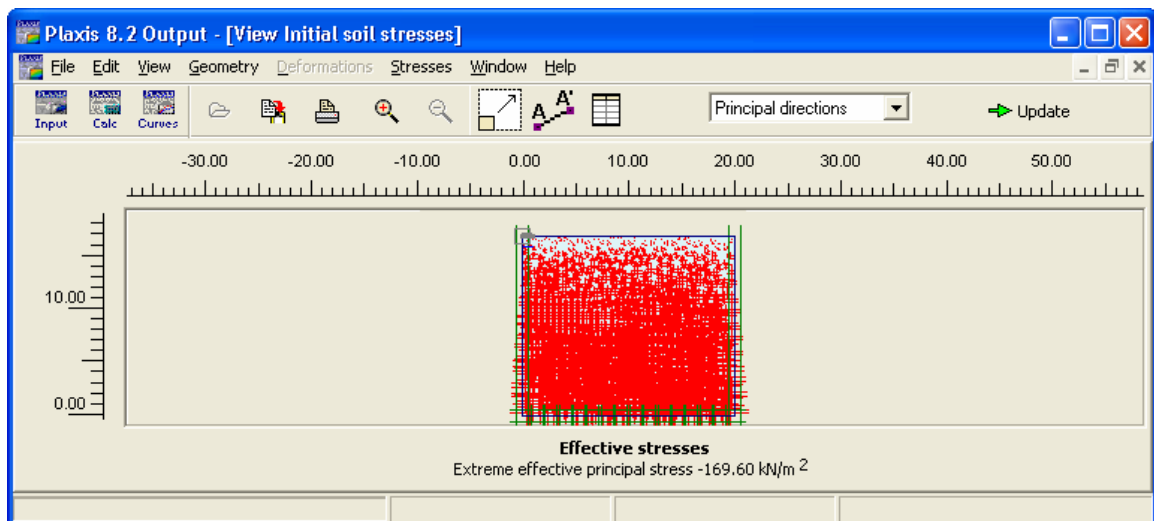
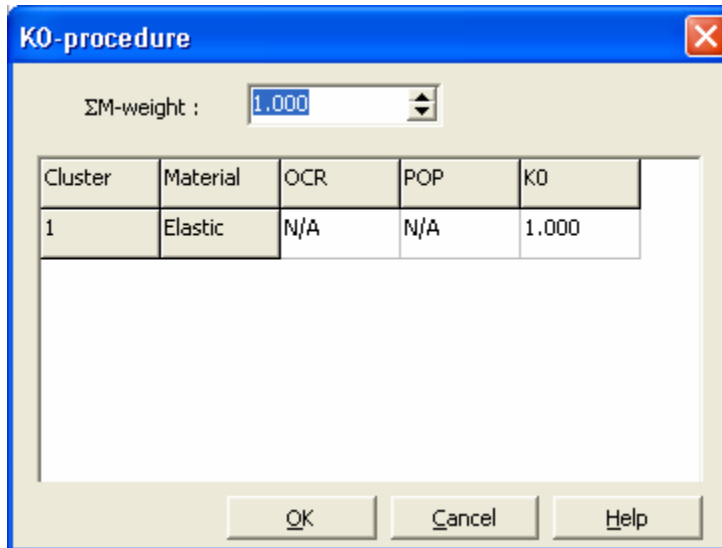
19. Tính toán điều kiện ban đầu

Gán mực nước ngầm

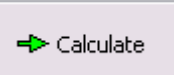


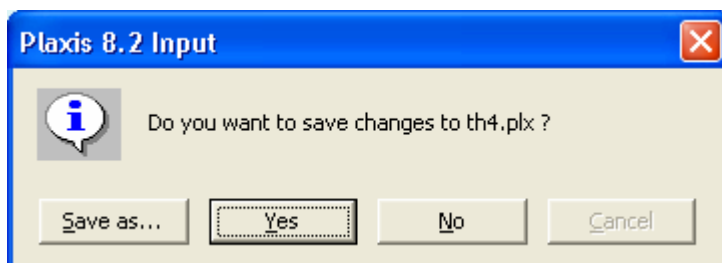
Tính toán áp lực nước 

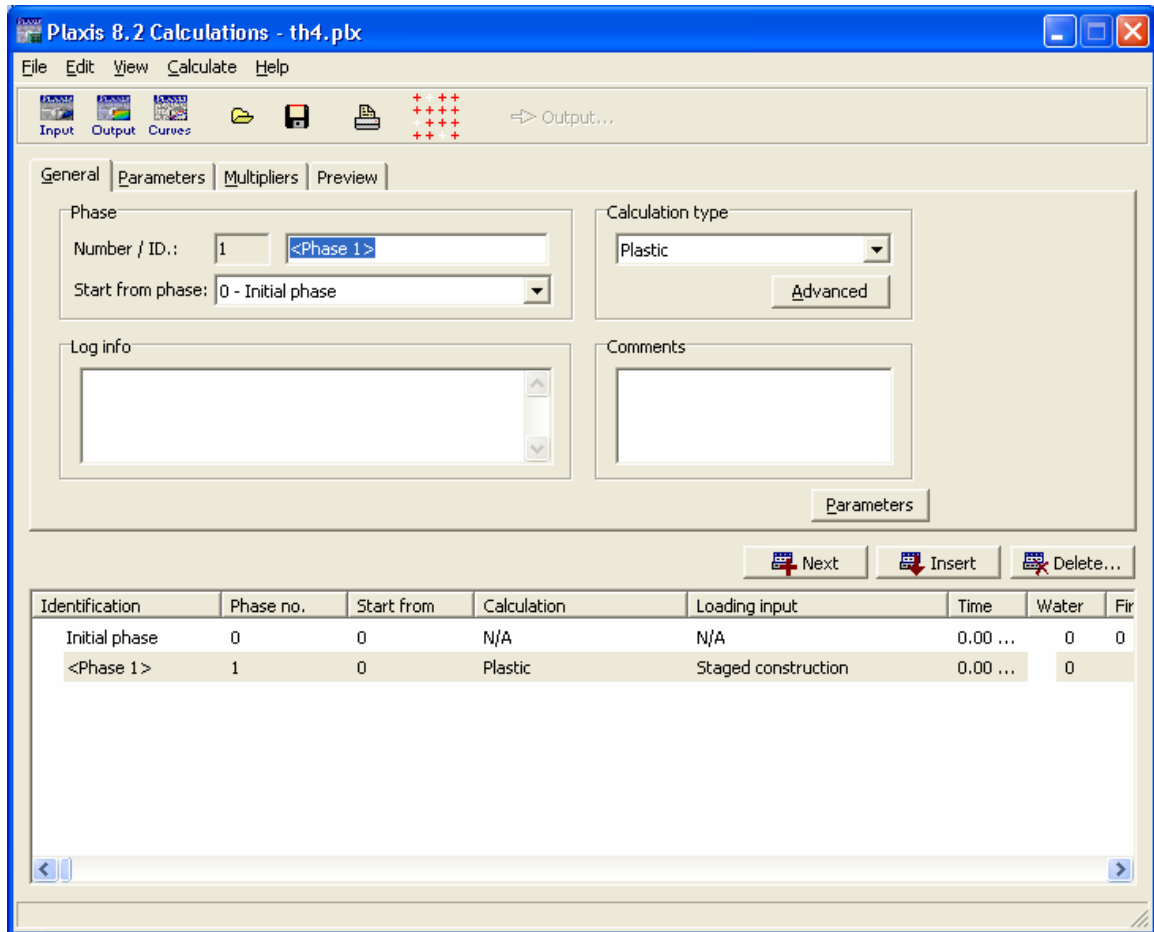




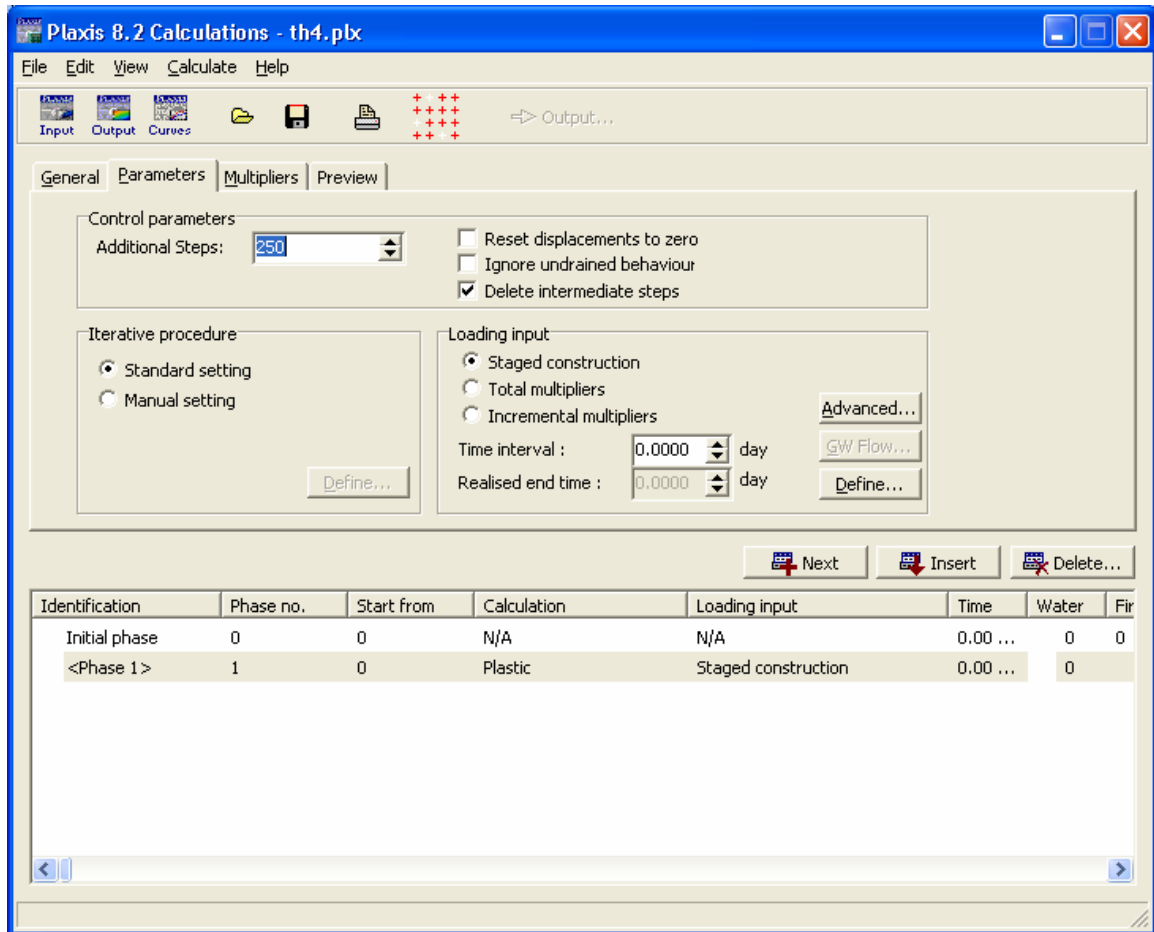
Update

20. Bắt đầu tính toán 

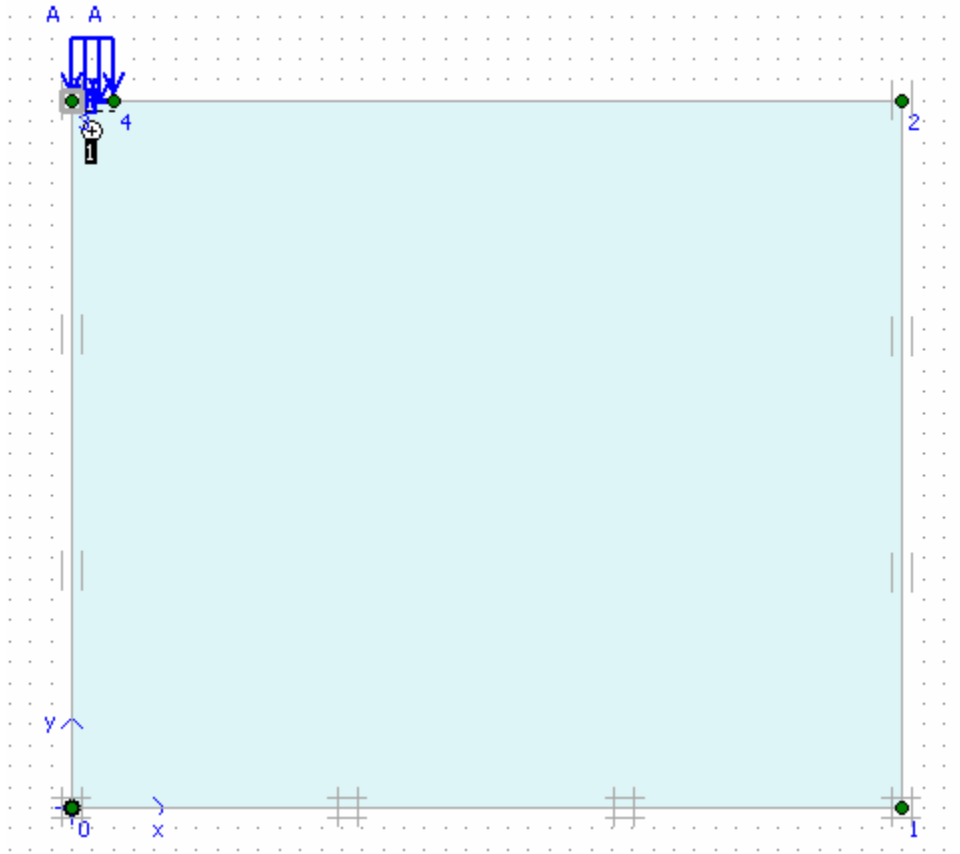




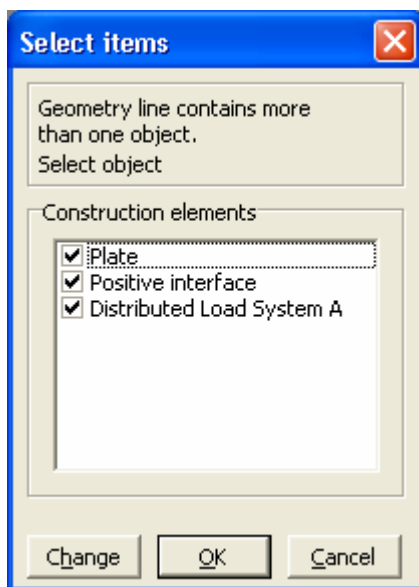
Parameters



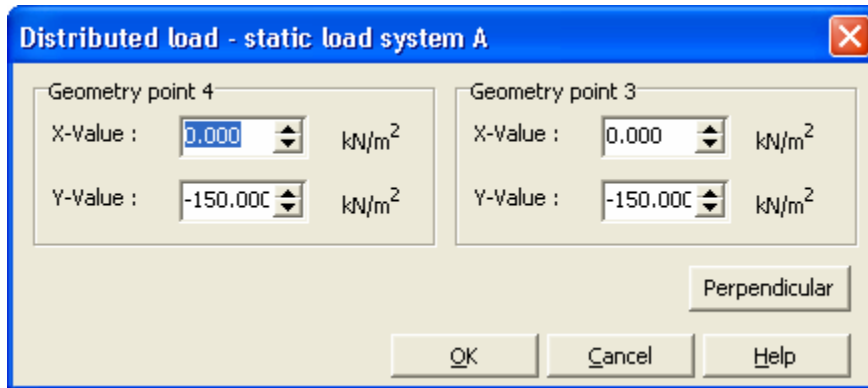
Nhấp vào Define và máy tự động
Trở về màn hình Input



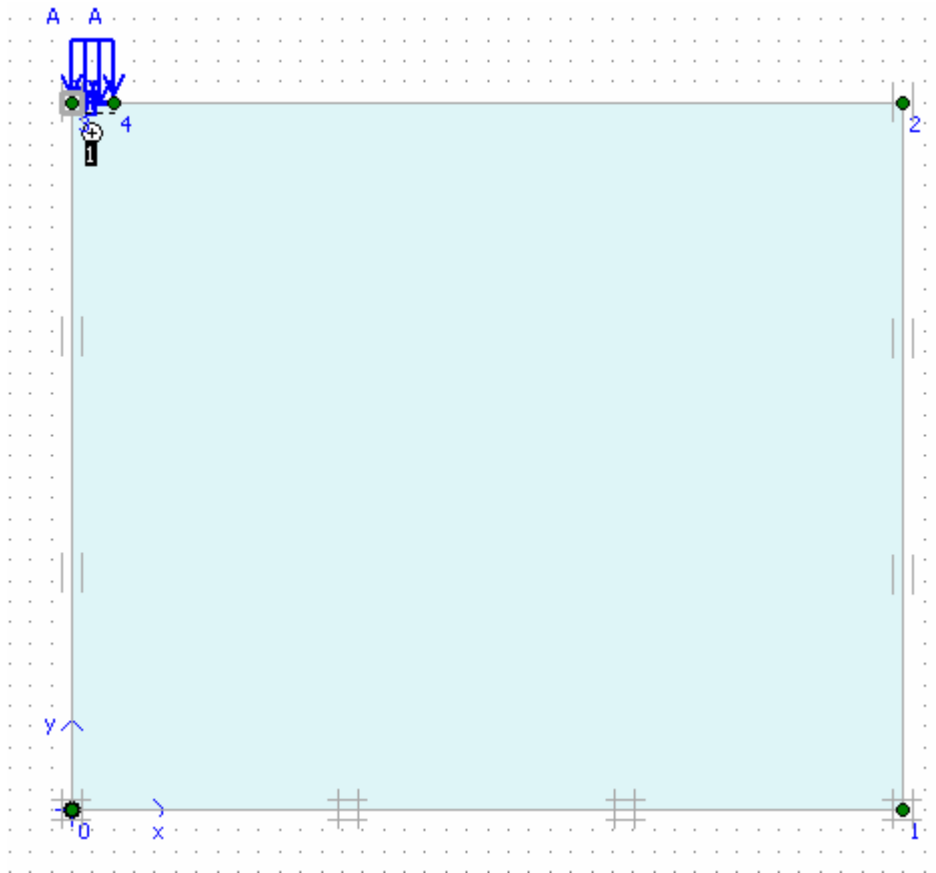
Gán giá trị tải bằng cách nhấp vào áp lực trên hình



Nhấp vào Change để nhập giá trị



OK

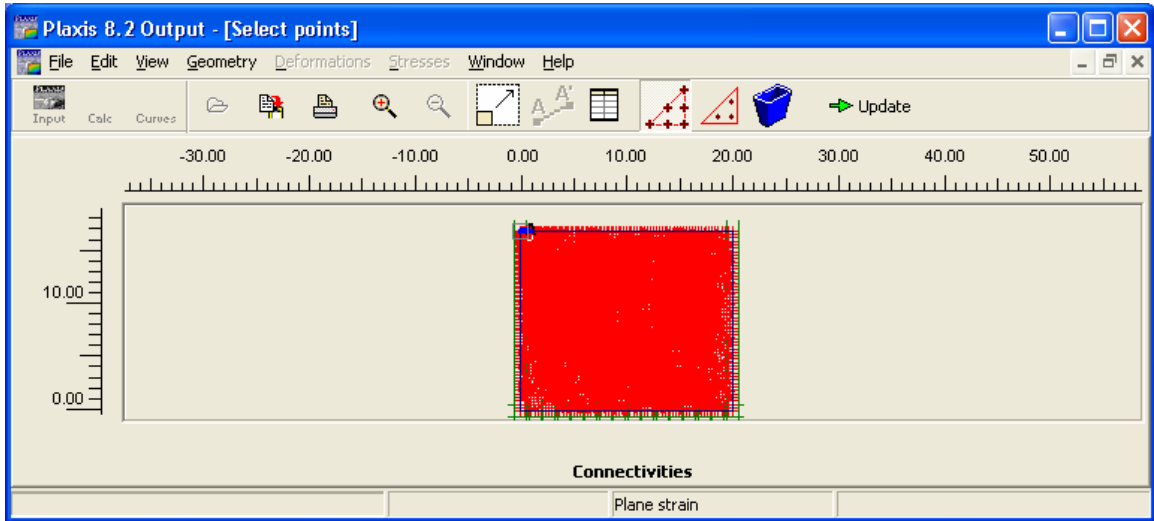


Update



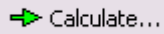
Dùng biểu tượng để chọn điểm khảo sát

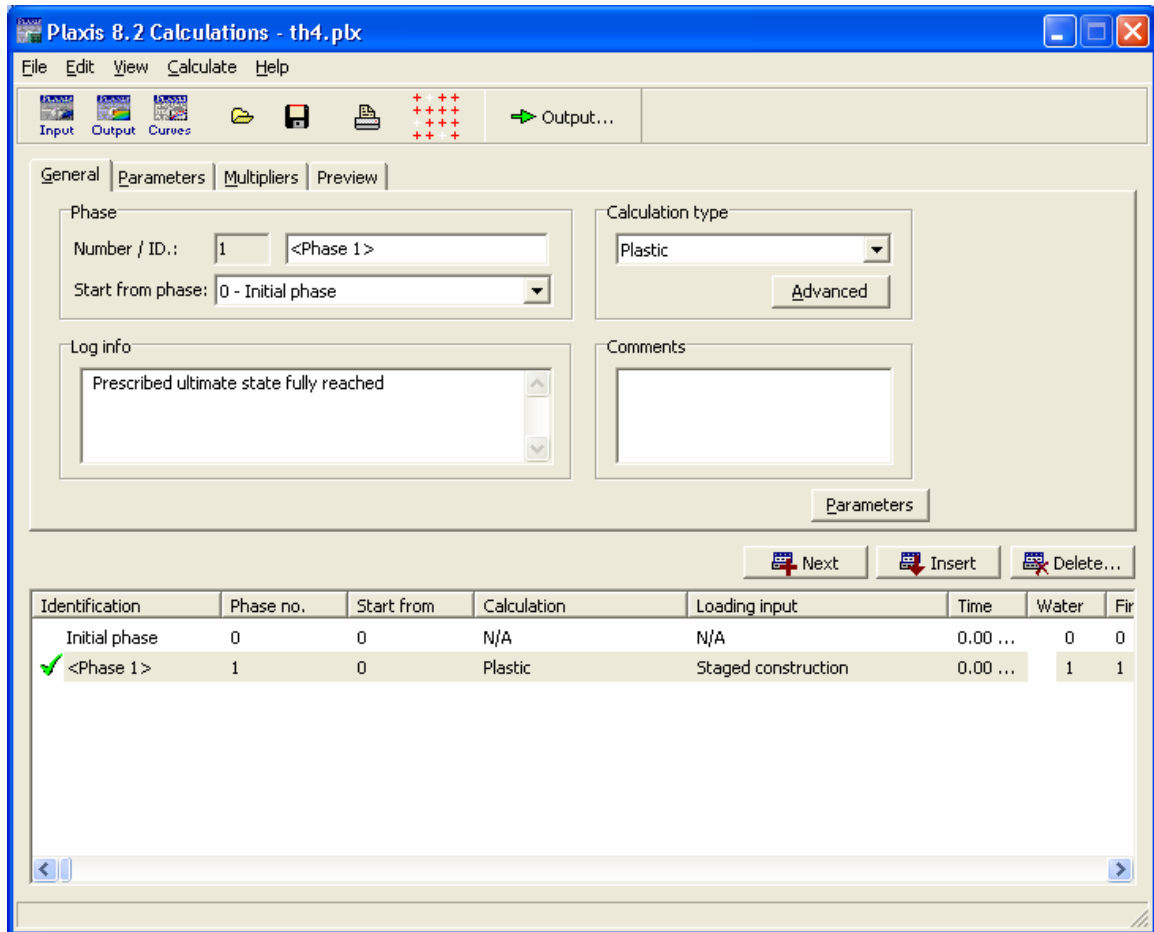
Ví dụ điểm A



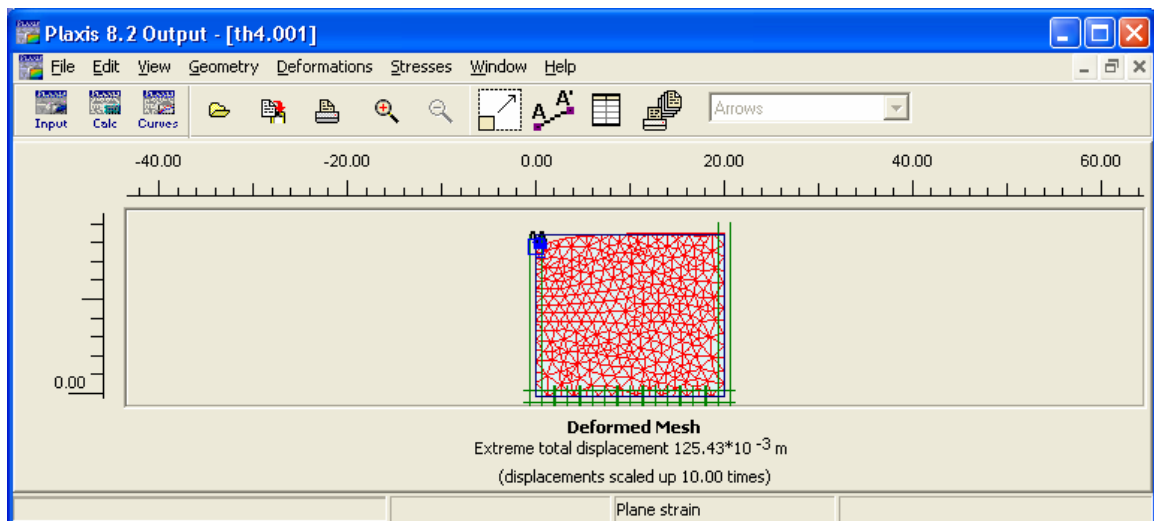
Update

Tính toán

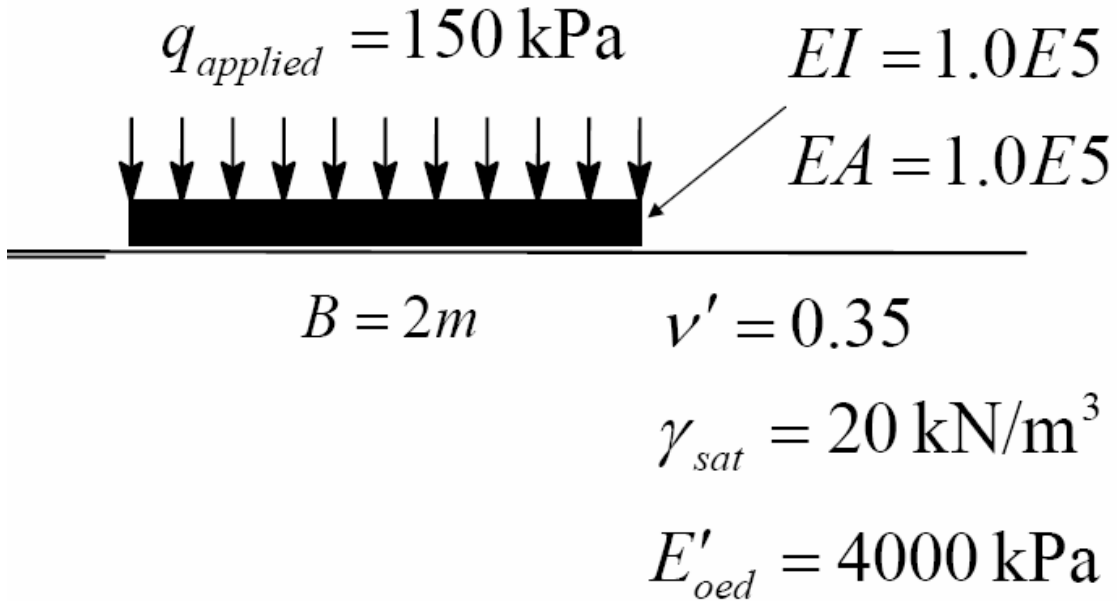




Đã tính toán xong , nhấp vào Output








Phần 4b : PLAXIS INPUT, CALCULATE SETTLEMENT



ELASTIC – DRAINE – $t = \infty$

21. Tạo hình dạng bài toán

- Vẽ tấm (Plate) 
- Gán biểu tượng áp lực 
- Vẽ phần tử tiếp xúc 
- Gán biên 
- Gán số liệu địa chất 

Linear elastic - Clay

General | Parameters | Interfaces

Material Set

Identification:

Material model:

Material type:

General properties

γ_{unsat} kN/m³

γ_{sat} kN/m³

Comments

Permeability

k_x : m/day

k_y : m/day

Linear elastic - Clay

General Parameters Interfaces

Stiffness

E_{ref} : 2492.000 kN/m²

ν (nu) : 0.350

Alternatives

G_{ref} : 923.077 kN/m²

E_{oed} : 4000.000 kN/m²

Velocities

V_s : 21.270 m/s

V_p : 44.270 m/s

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help

Linear elastic - Clay

General Parameters Interfaces

Strength

Rigid

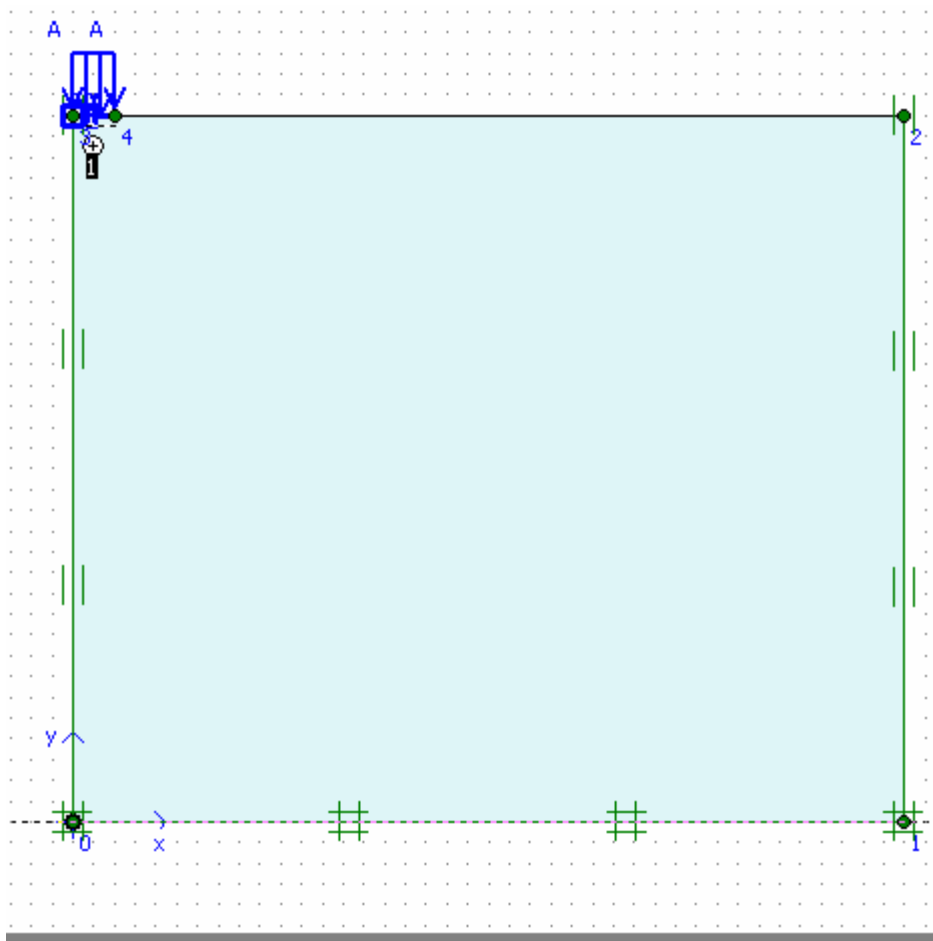
Manual

R_{inter} : 1.000

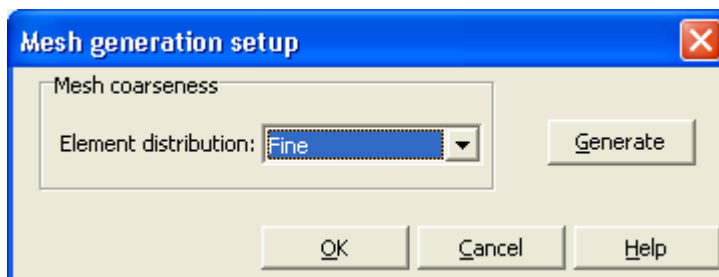
Real interface thickness

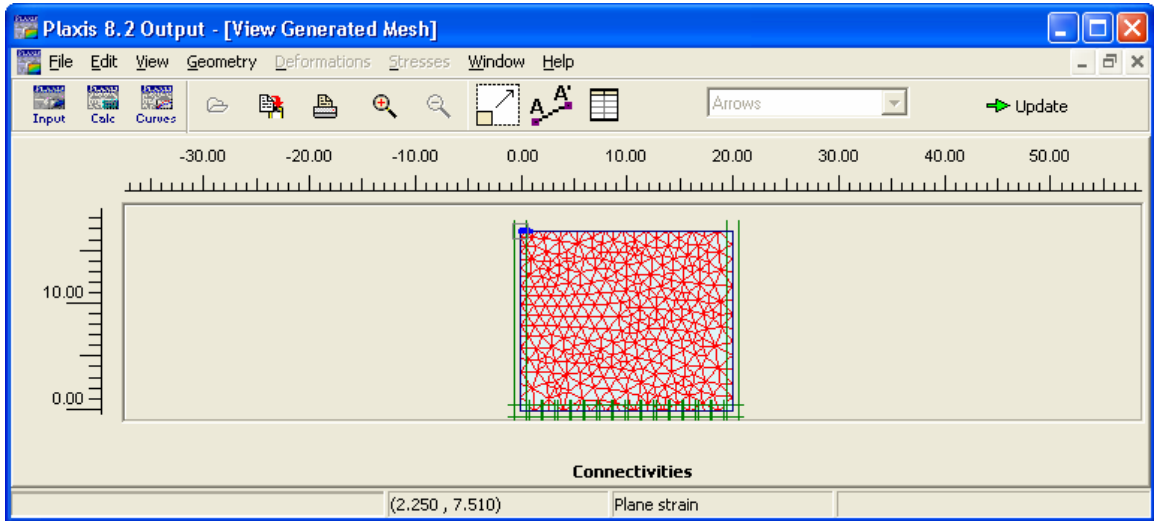
δ_{inter} : 0.000

Next Ok Cancel Help



22. Tạo lưới phần tử

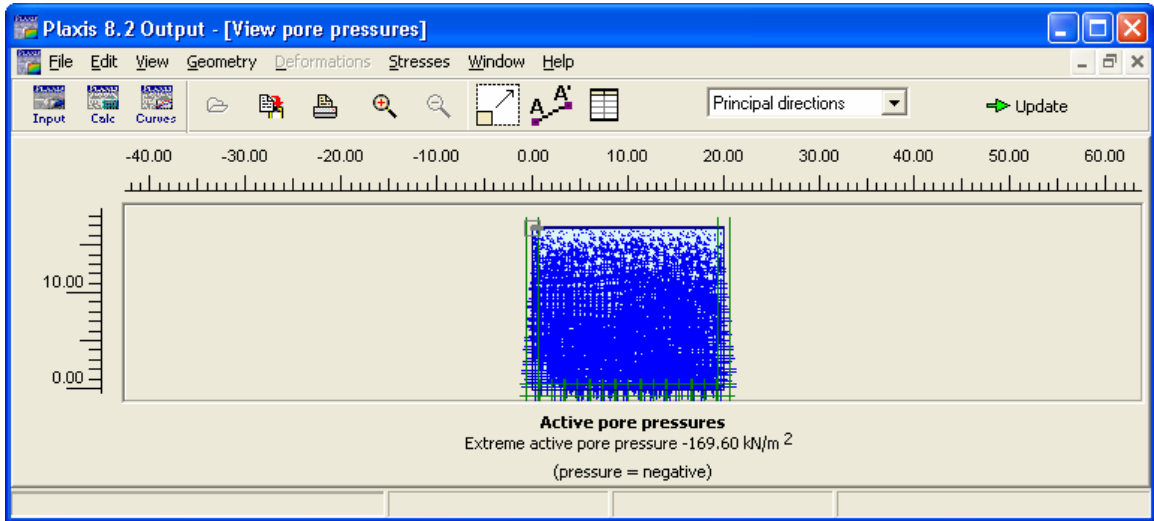




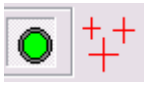
Update

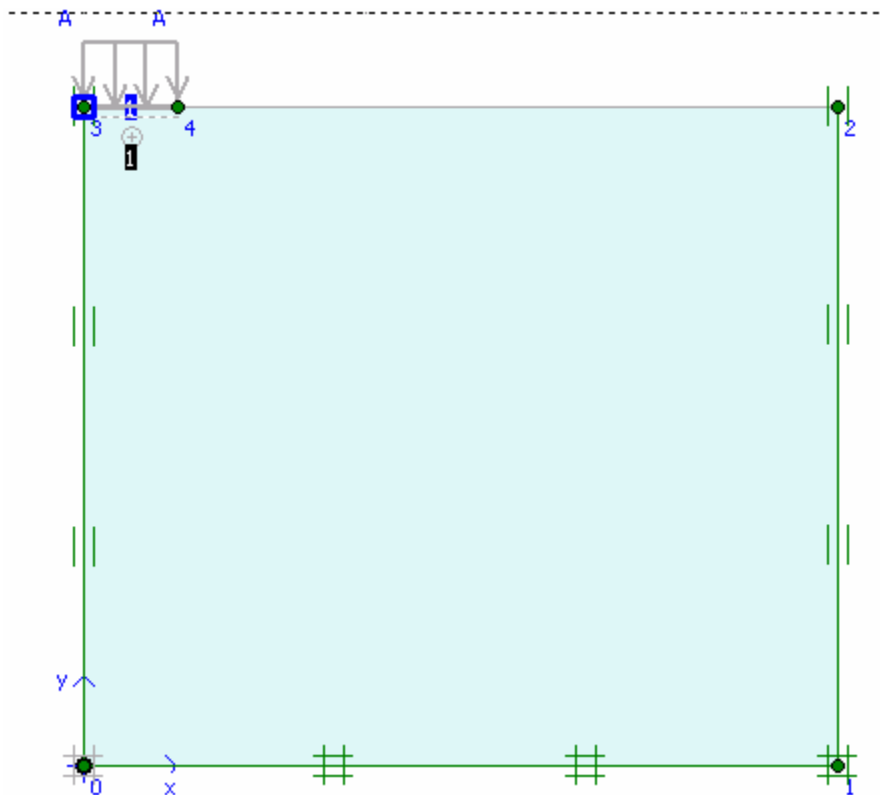
23. Tính toán điều kiện ban đầu

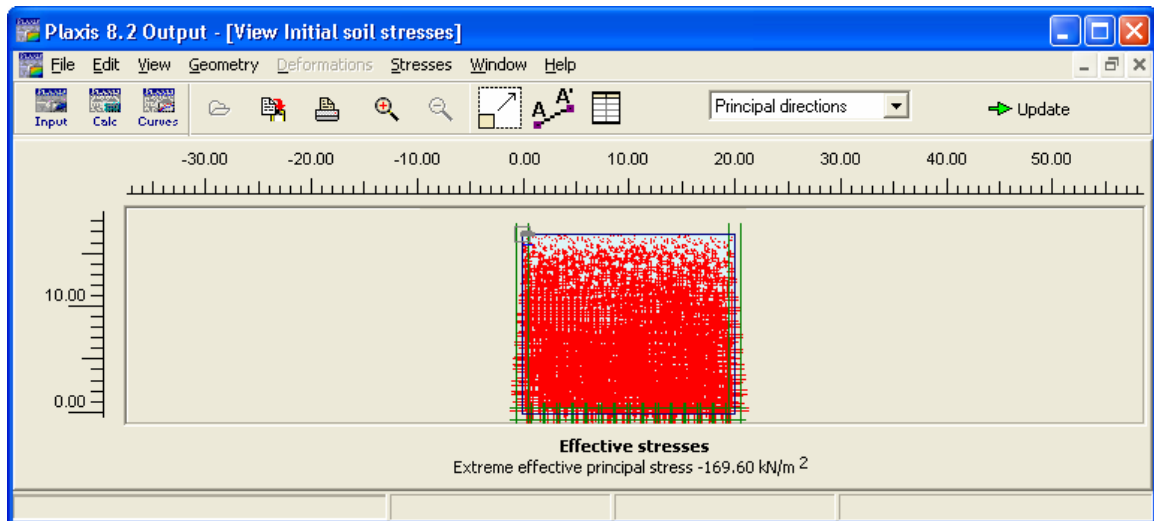
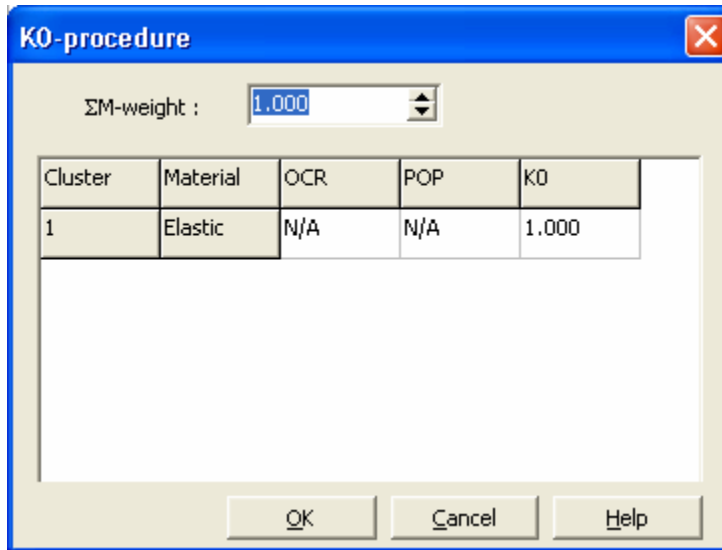
Gán mực nước ngầm



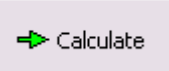
Update

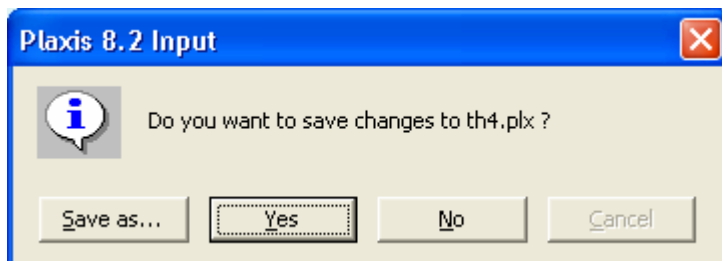
Tính toán áp lực đất 

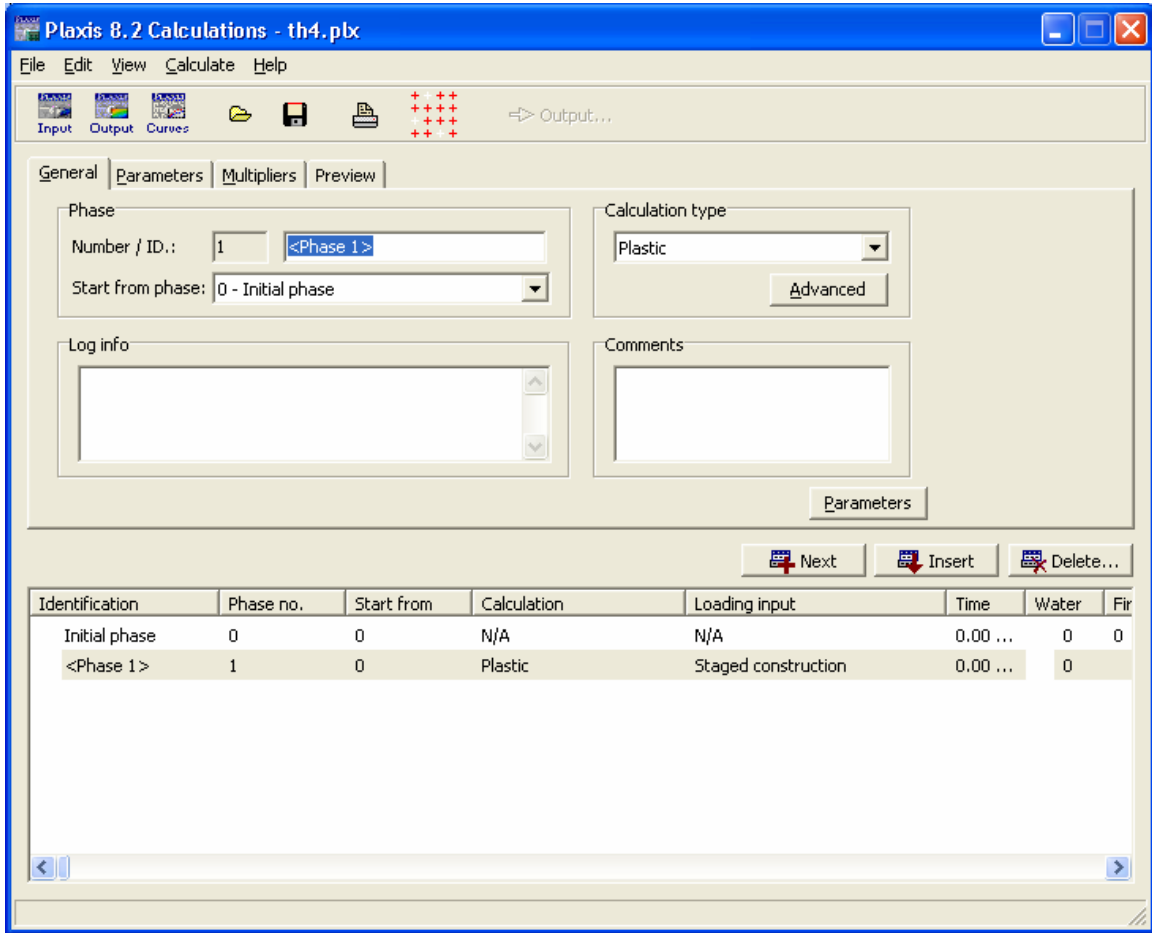




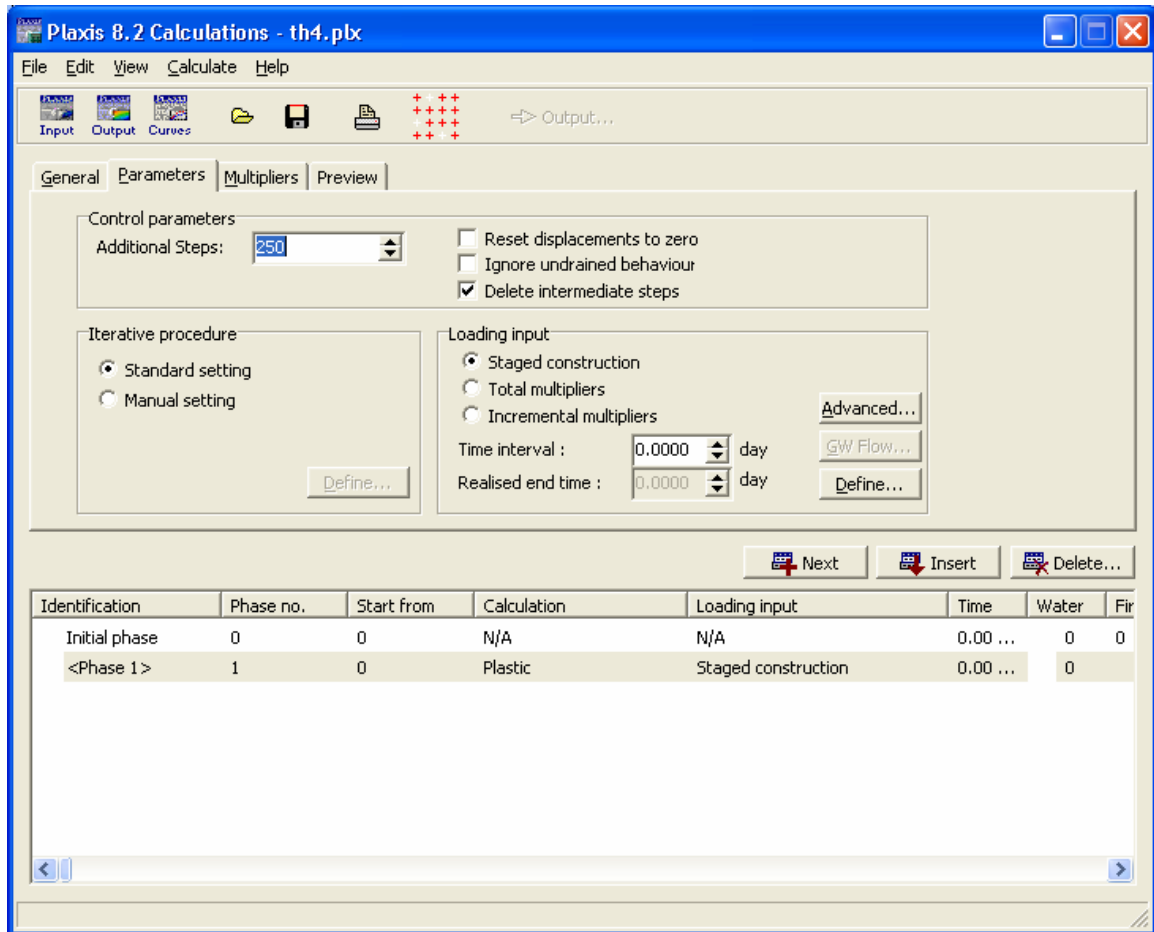
Update

24. Bắt đầu tính toán 

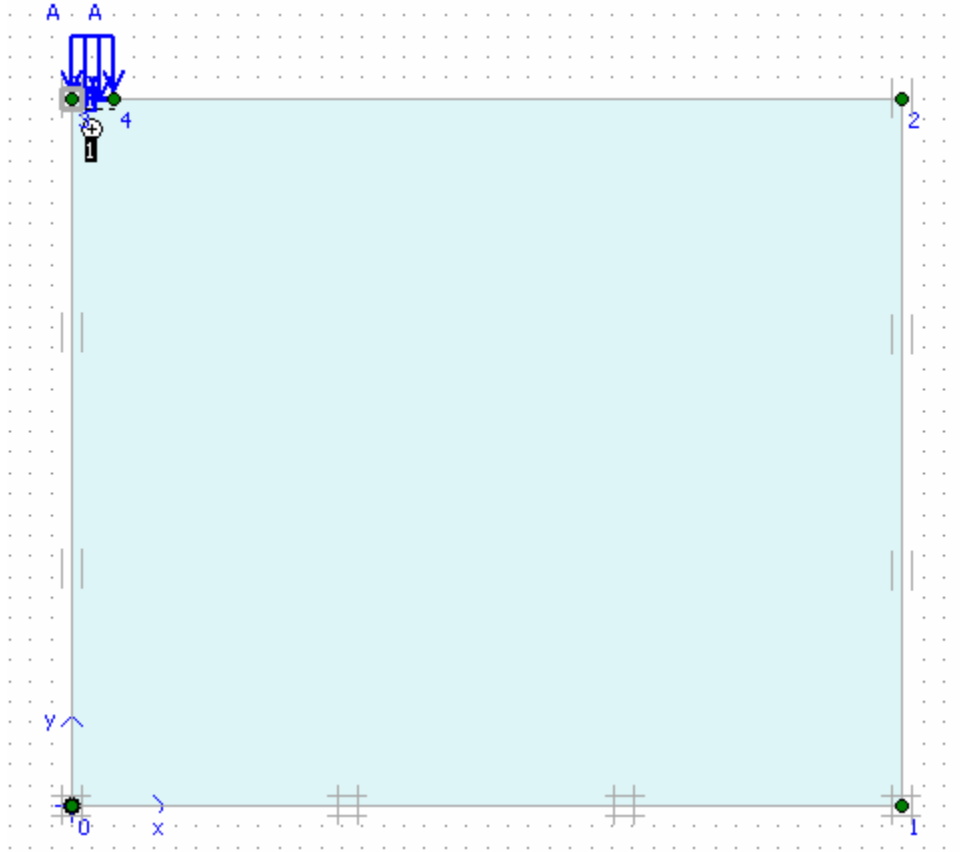




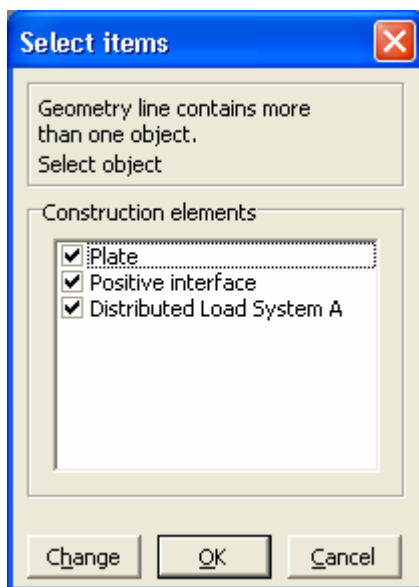
Parameters



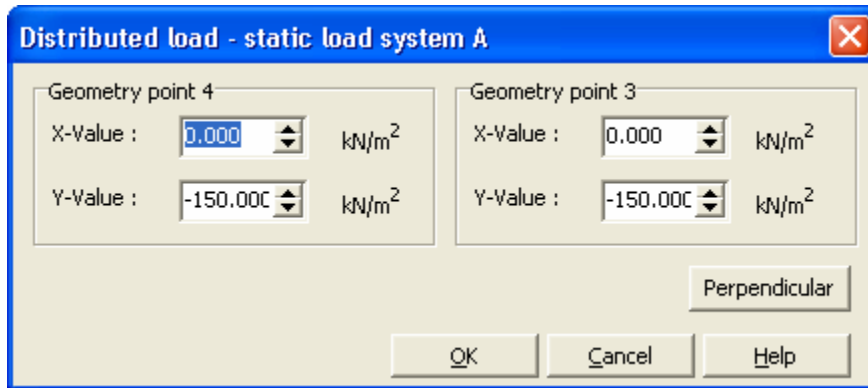
Nhấp vào Define và máy tự động
Trở về màn hình Input



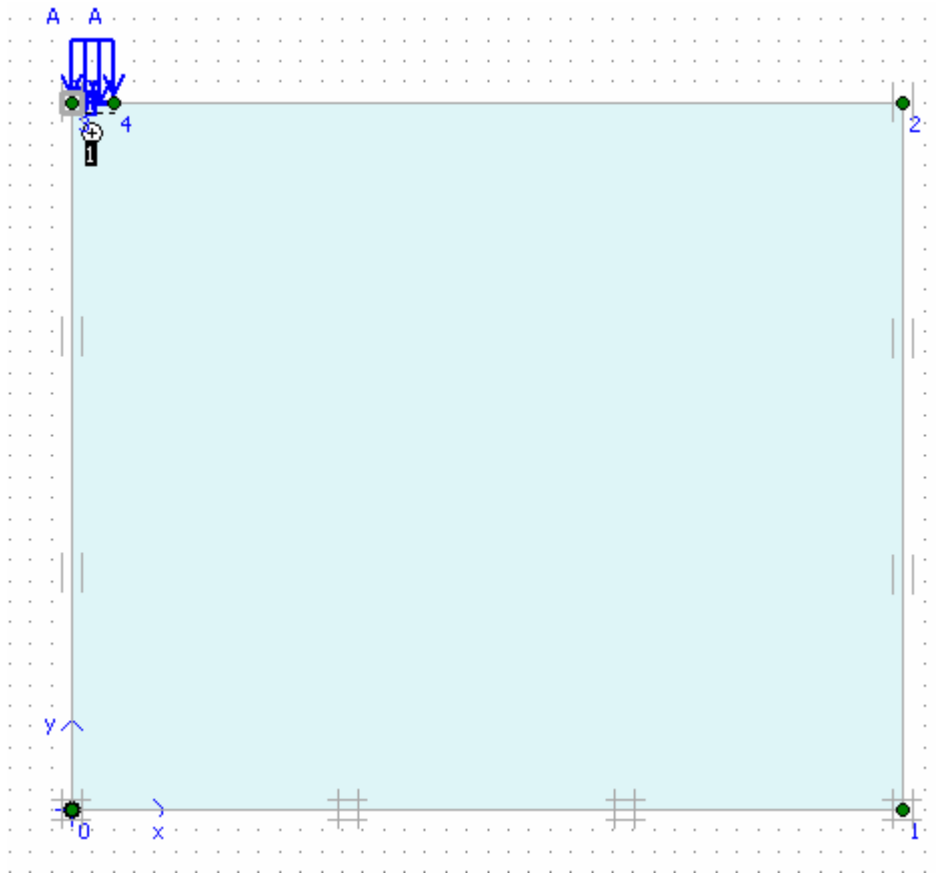
Gán giá trị tải bằng cách nhấp vào áp lực trên hình



Nhấp vào Change để nhập giá trị



OK

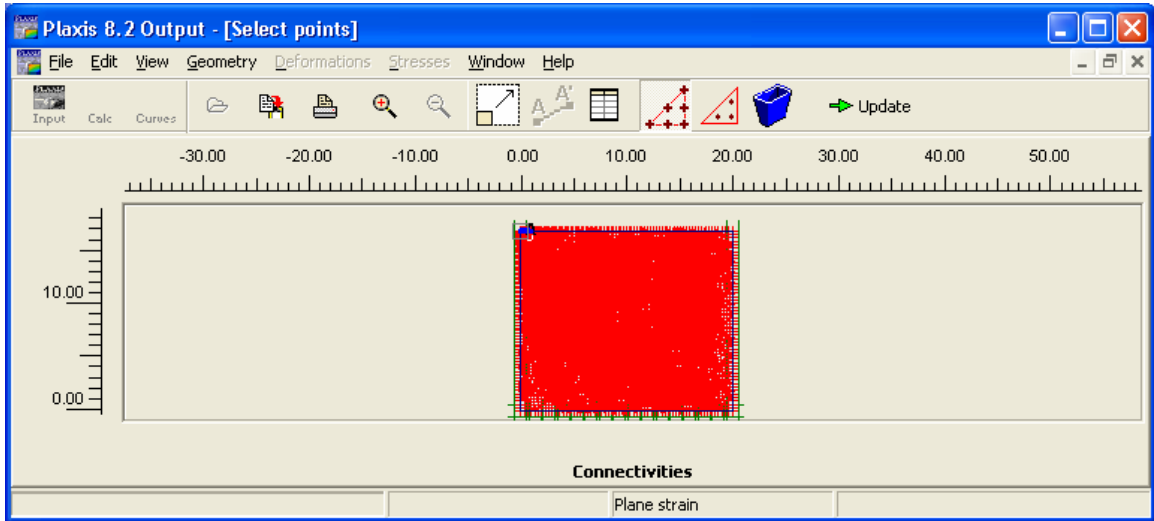


Update



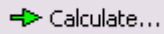
Dùng biểu tượng để chọn điểm khảo sát

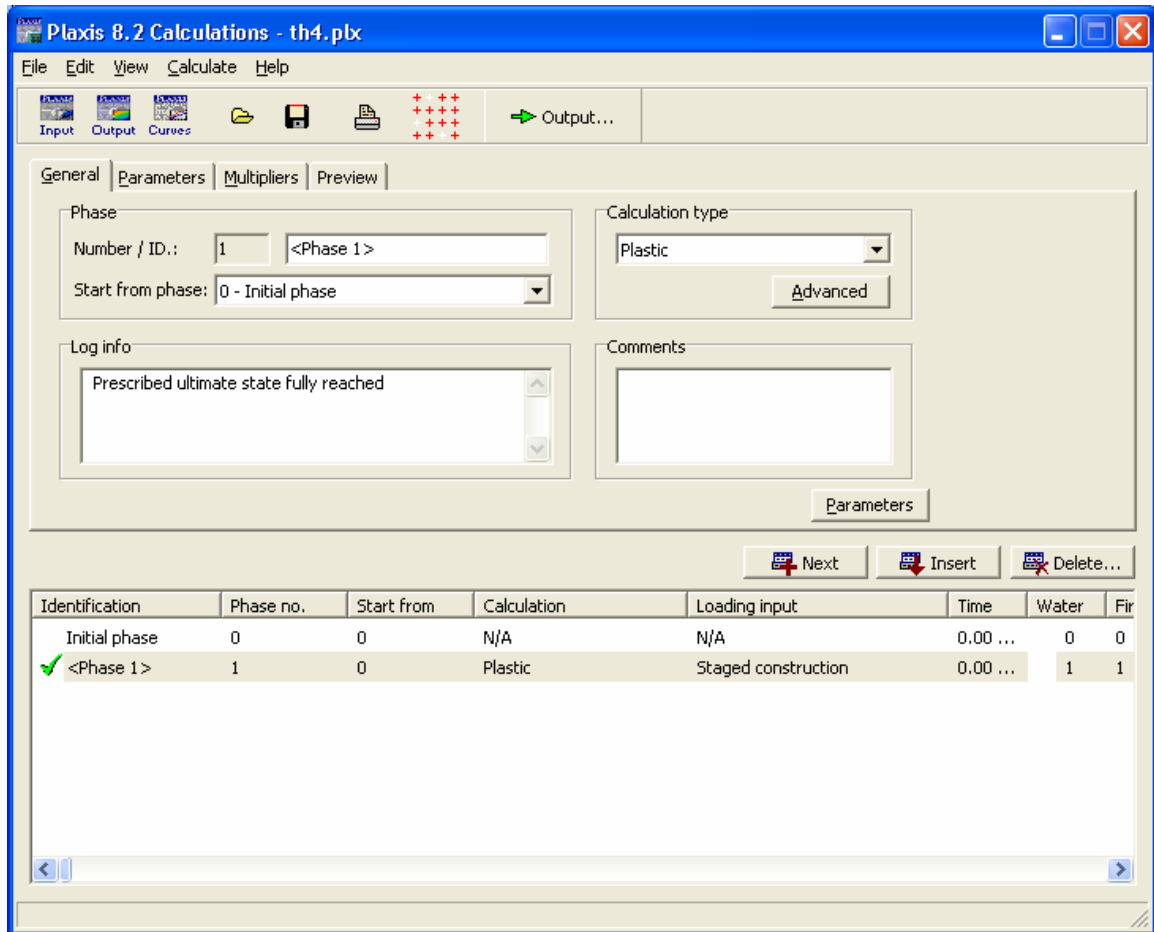
Ví dụ điểm A



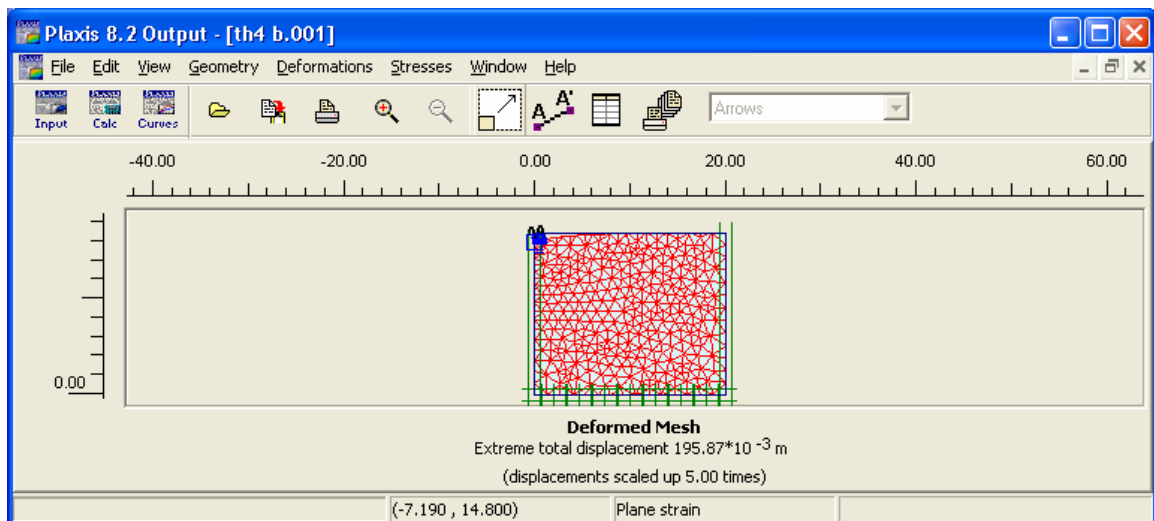
Update

Tính toán

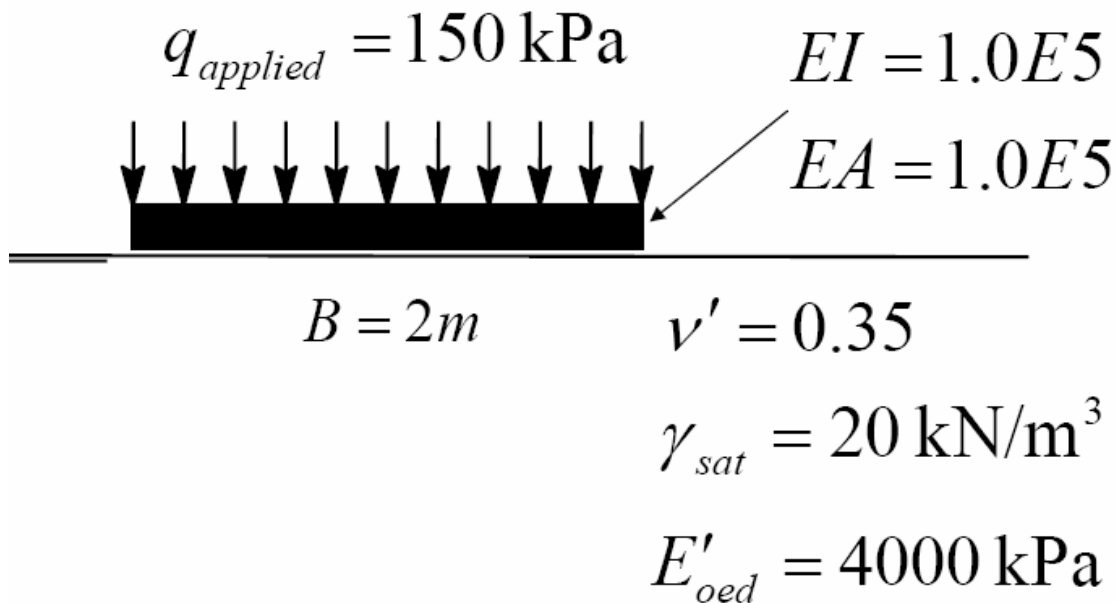




Đã tính toán xong , nhấp vào Output








Phần 5 : PLAXIS INPUT,CALCULATE SETTLEMENT



ELASTOPLASTIC MC MODEL UNDRAINE – $t = 0$ $C_u = 50 \text{ Kpa}$

25. Tạo hình dạng bài toán

- Vẽ tấm (Plate) 
- Gán biểu tượng áp lực 
- Vẽ phần tử tiếp xúc 
- Gán biên 
- Gán số liệu địa chất 

Mohr-Coulomb - Clay

General | Parameters | Interfaces

Material Set

Identification:

Material model:

Material type:

General properties

γ_{unsat} kN/m³

γ_{sat} kN/m³

Comments

Permeability

k_x : m/day

k_y : m/day

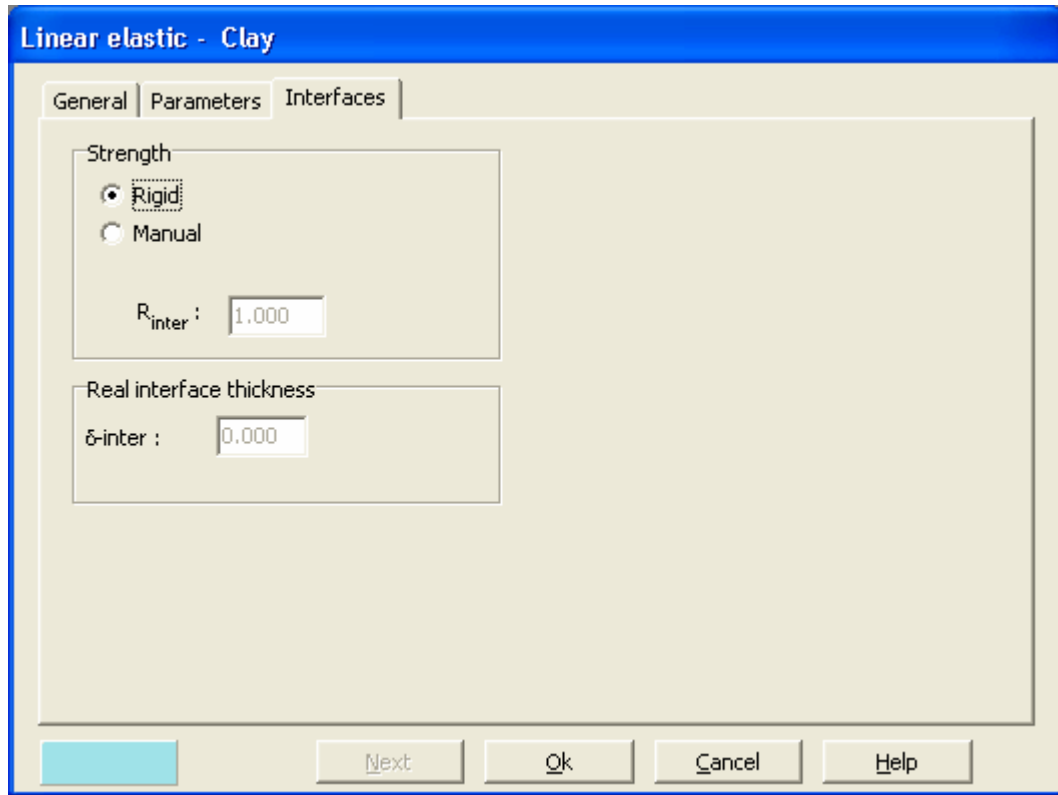
Mohr-Coulomb - Clay

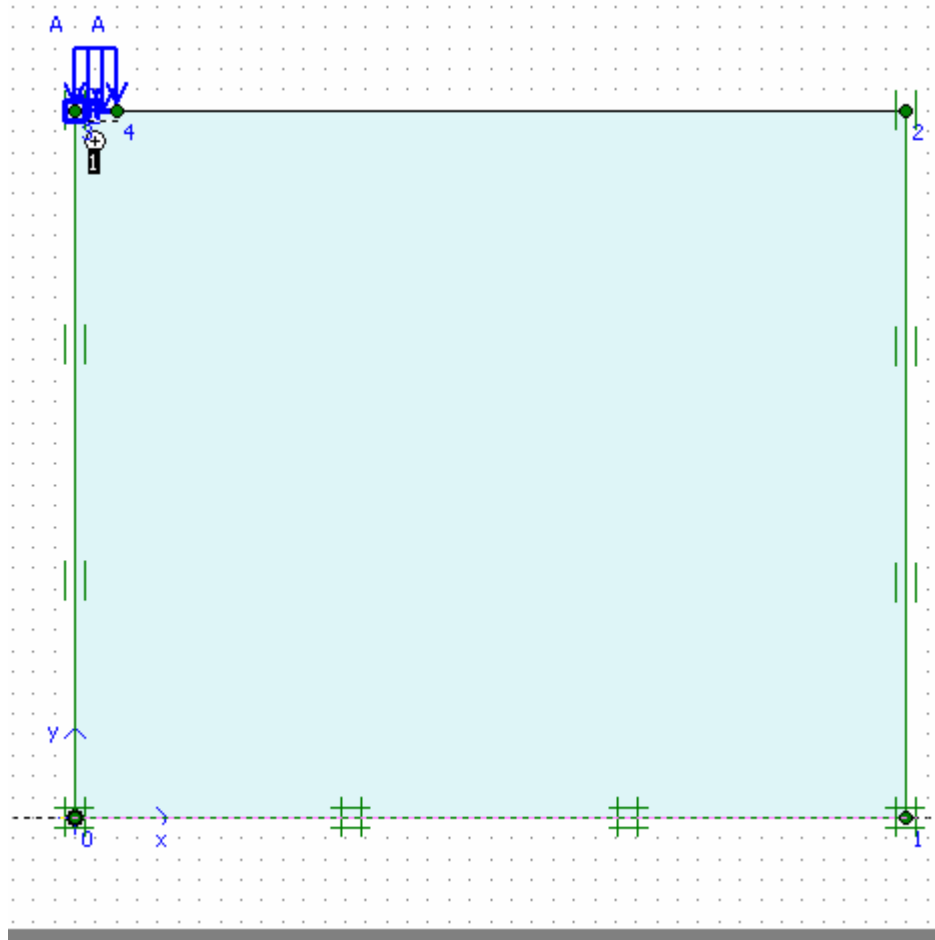
General Parameters Interfaces

Stiffness	Strength
E_{ref} : 2492.000 kN/m ²	c_{ref} : 50.000 kN/m ²
ν (nu) : 0.350	ϕ (phi) : 0.000 °
	ψ (psi) : 0.000 °
Alternatives	Velocities
G_{ref} : 923.077 kN/m ²	V_s : 21.270 m/s
E_{oed} : 4000.000 kN/m ²	V_p : 44.270 m/s

Advanced...

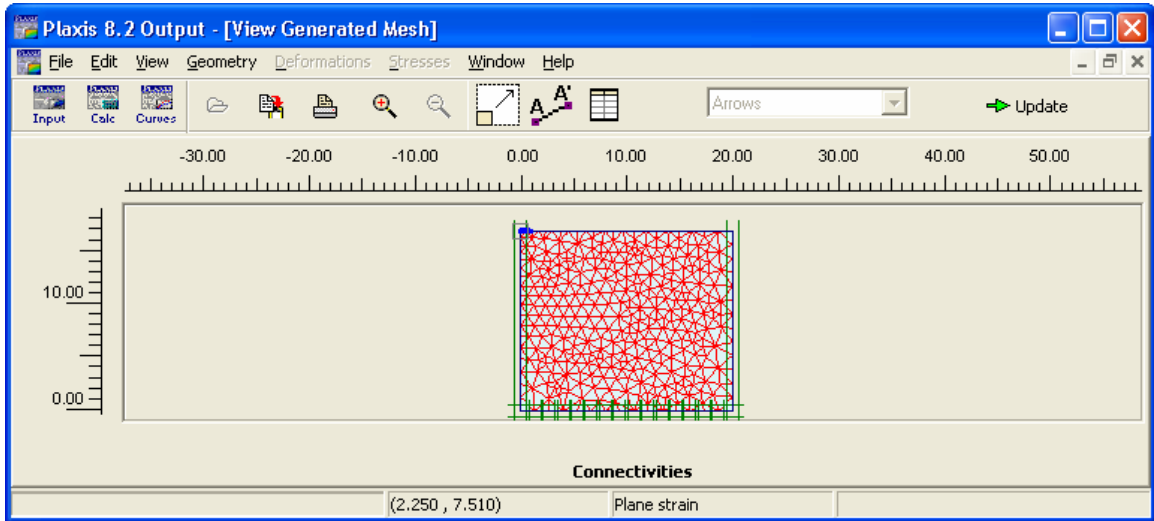
Next Ok Cancel Help





26. Tạo lưới phần tử

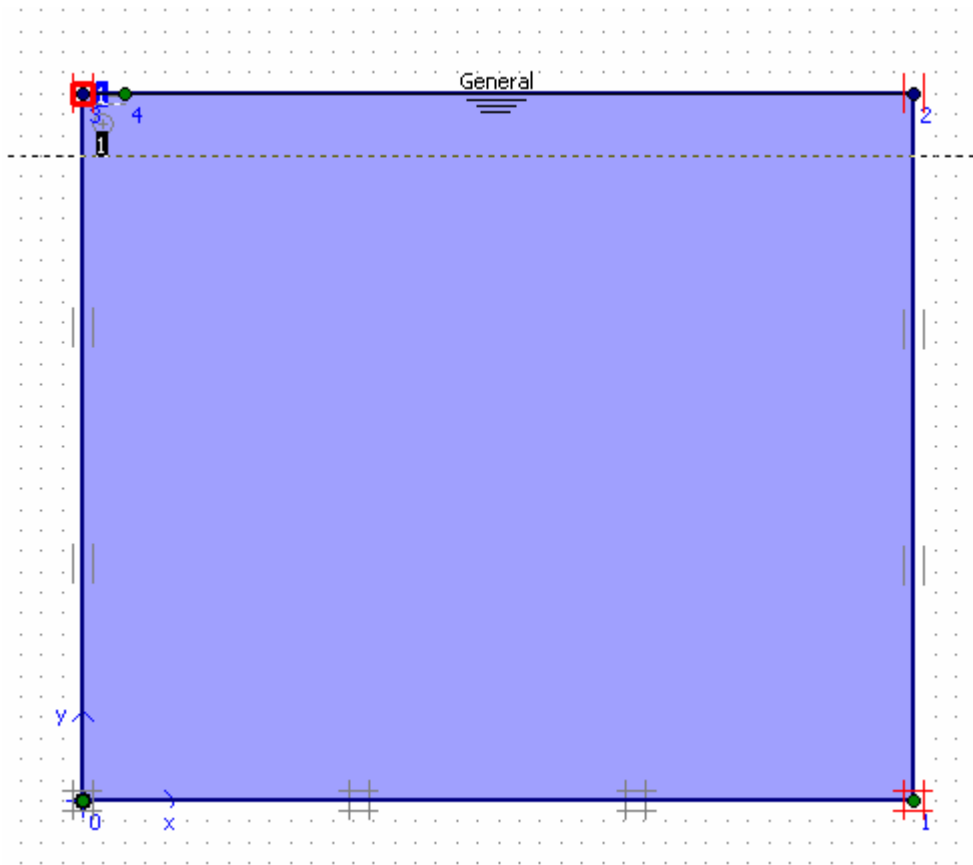





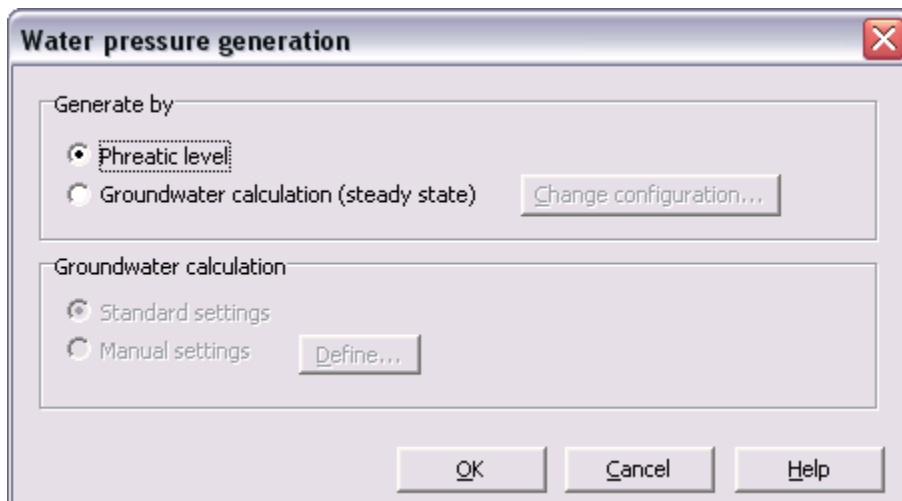
Update

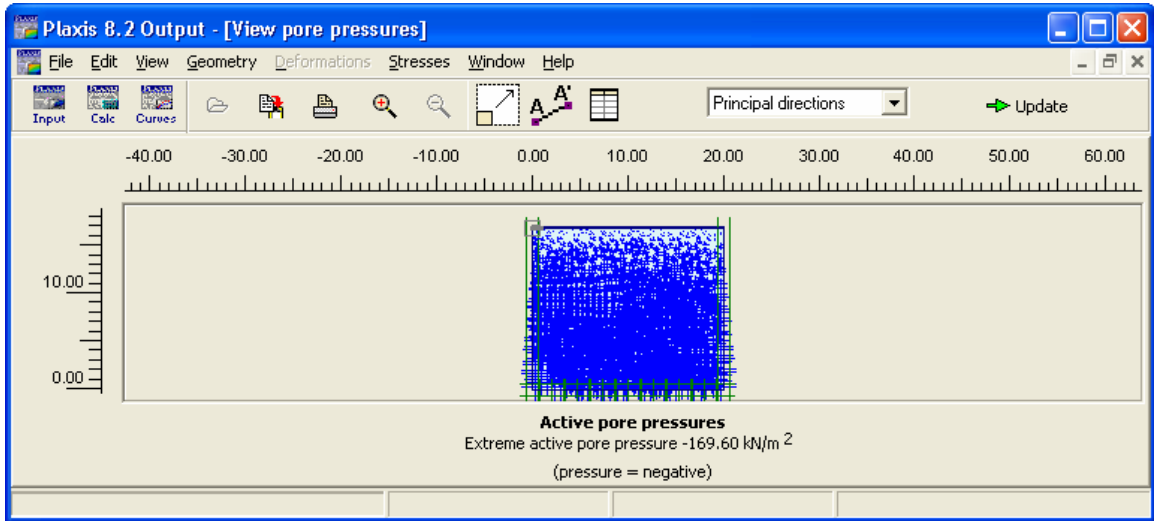
27. Tính toán điều kiện ban đầu

Gán mực nước ngầm




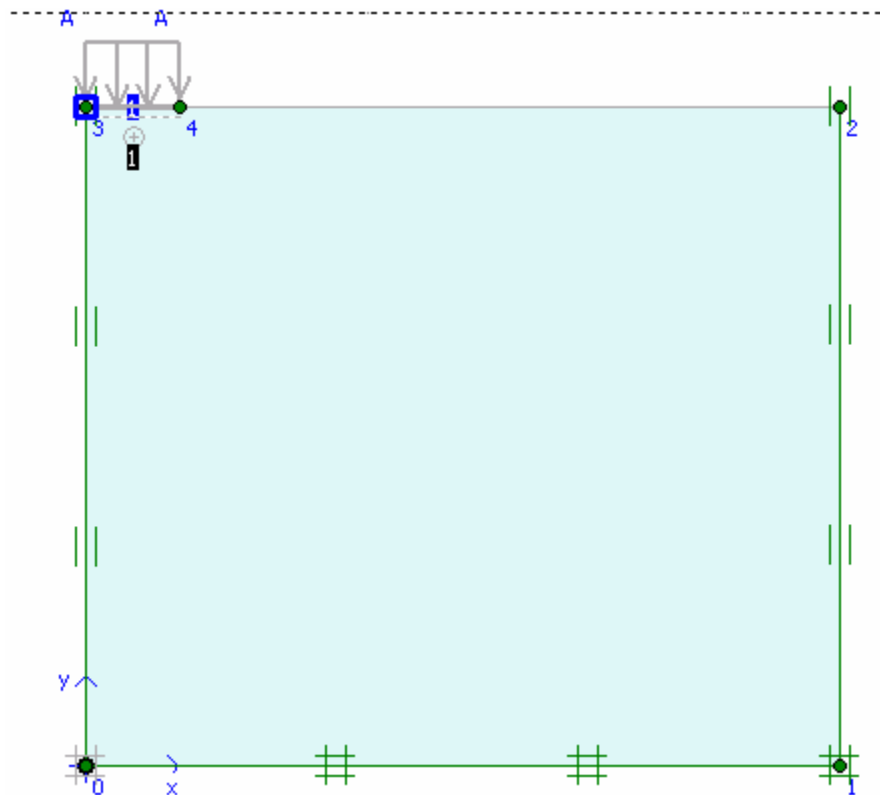
Tính toán áp lực nước 

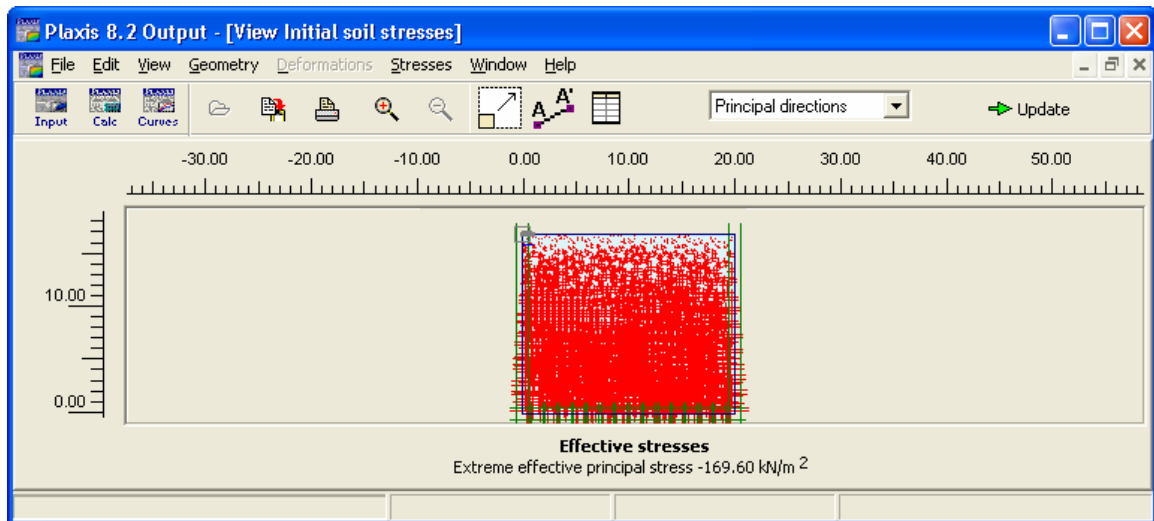
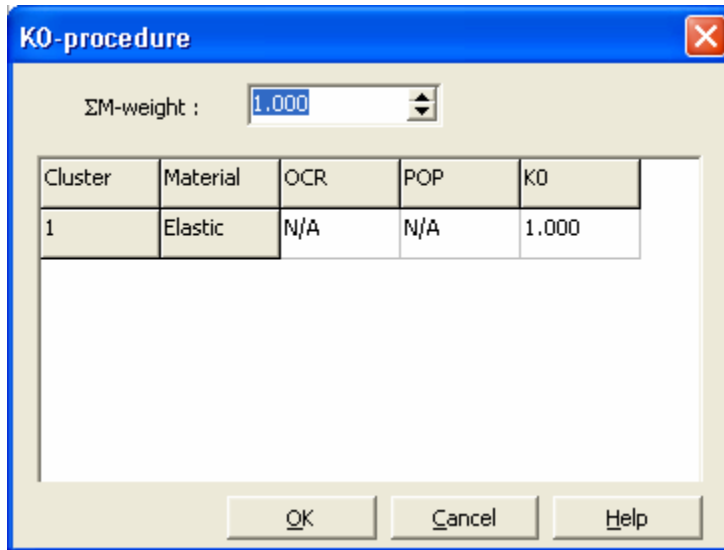




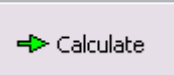
Update

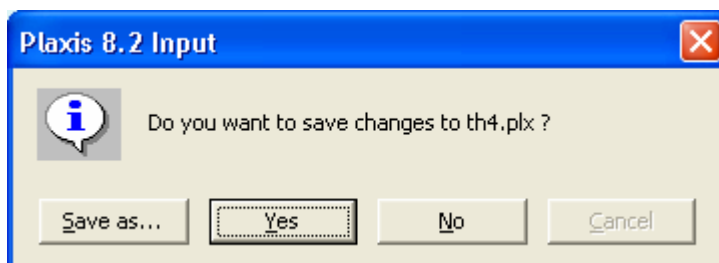
Tính toán áp lực đất 

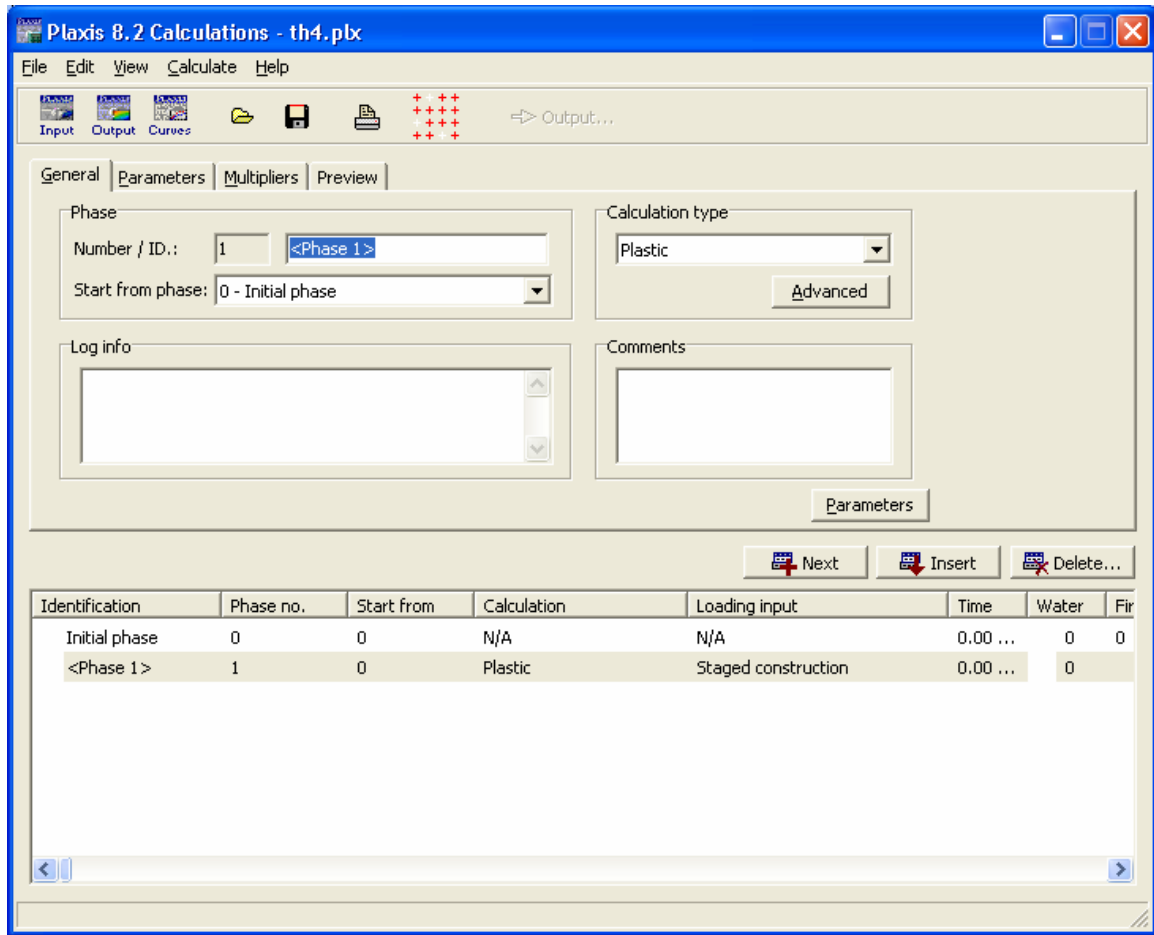




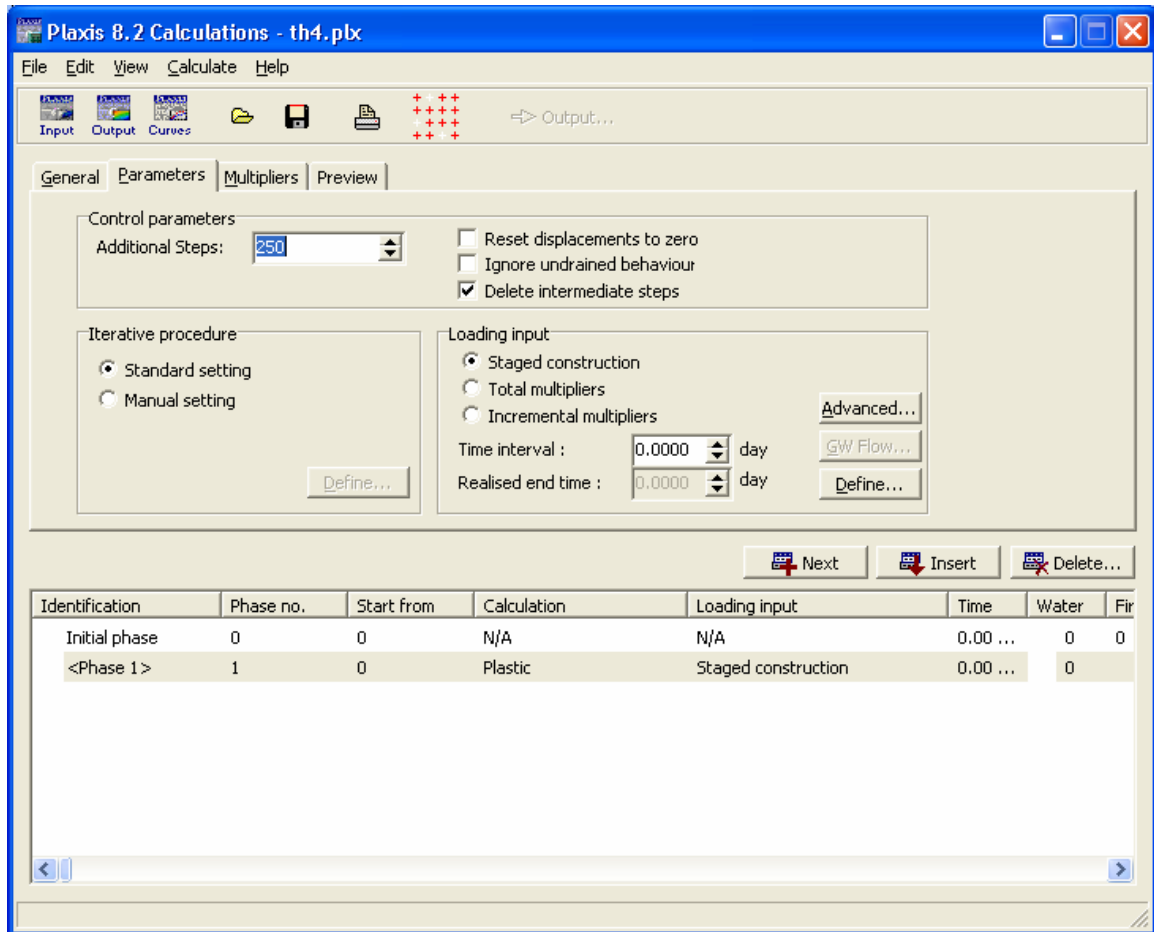
Update

28. Bắt đầu tính toán 

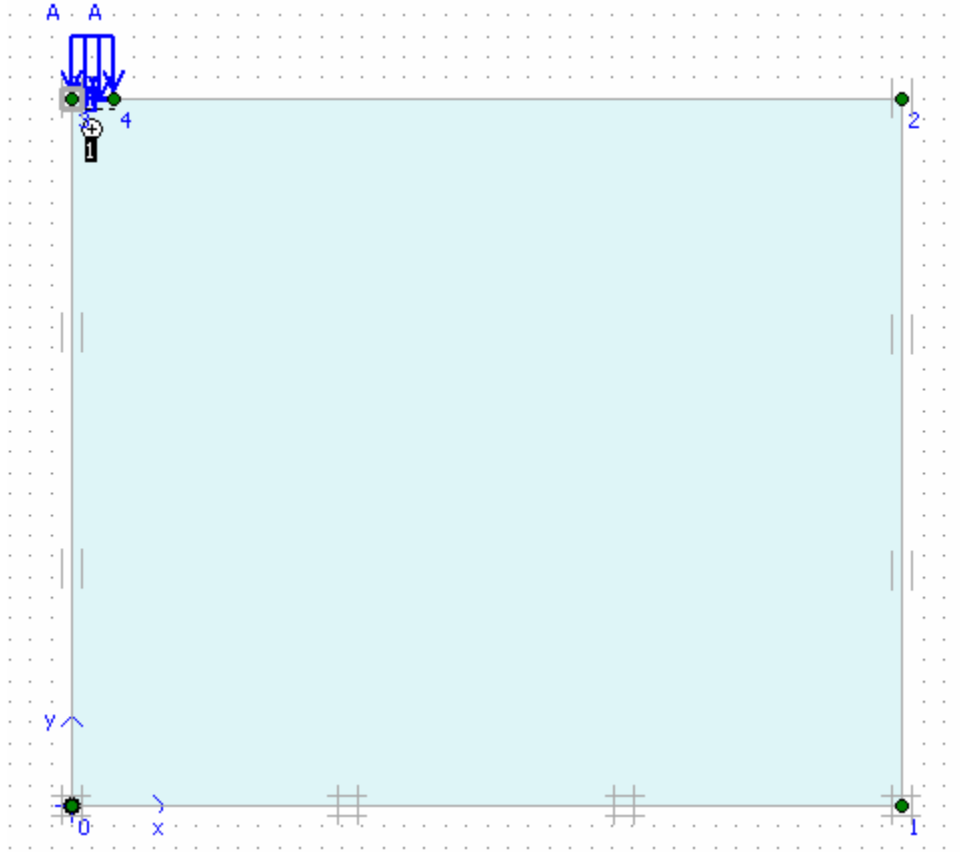




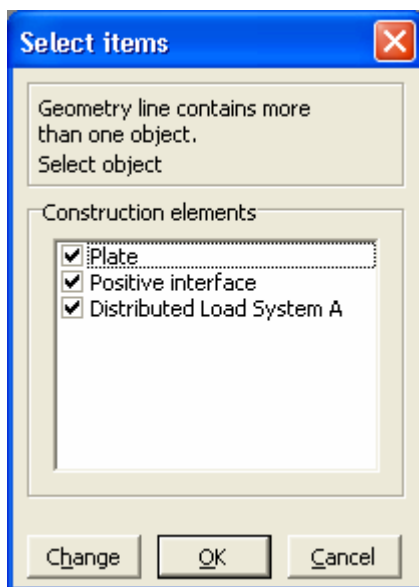
Parameters



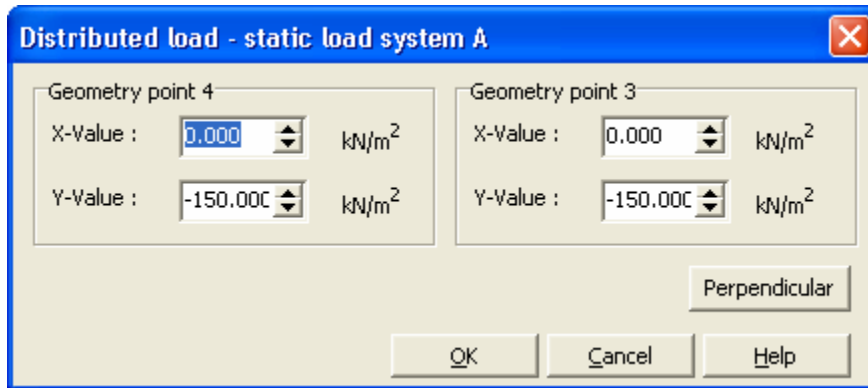
Nhấp vào Define và máy tự động
Trở về màn hình Input



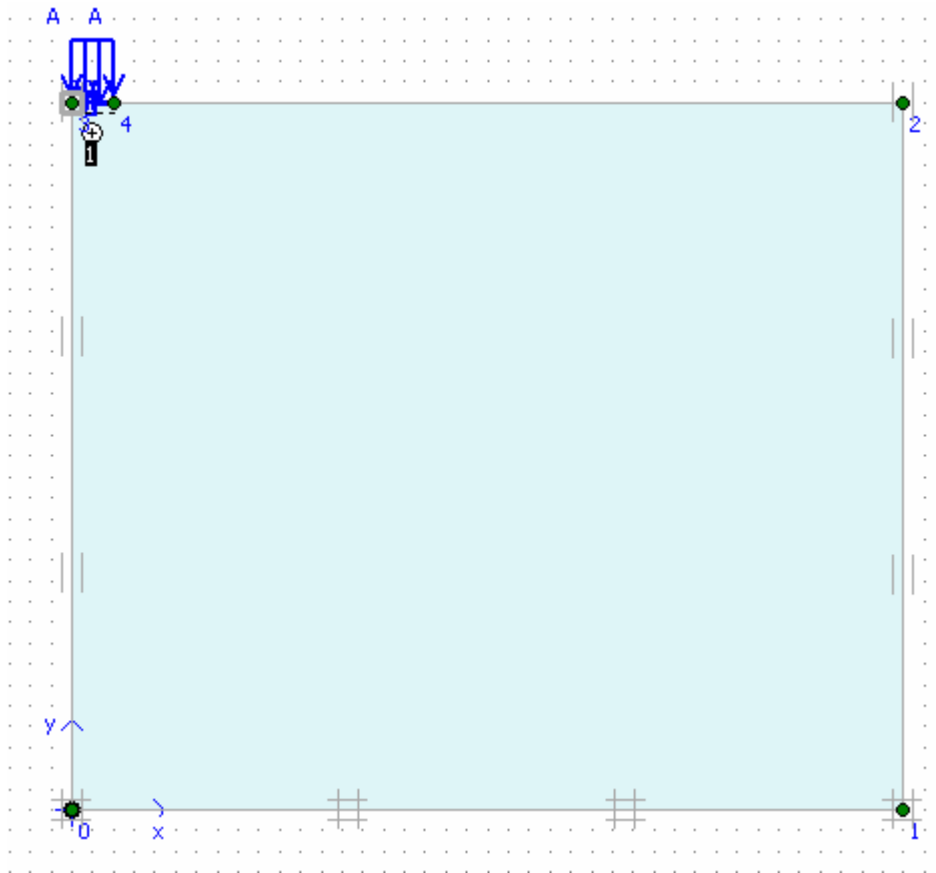
Gán giá trị tải bằng cách nhấp vào áp lực trên hình



Nhấp vào Change để nhập giá trị



OK

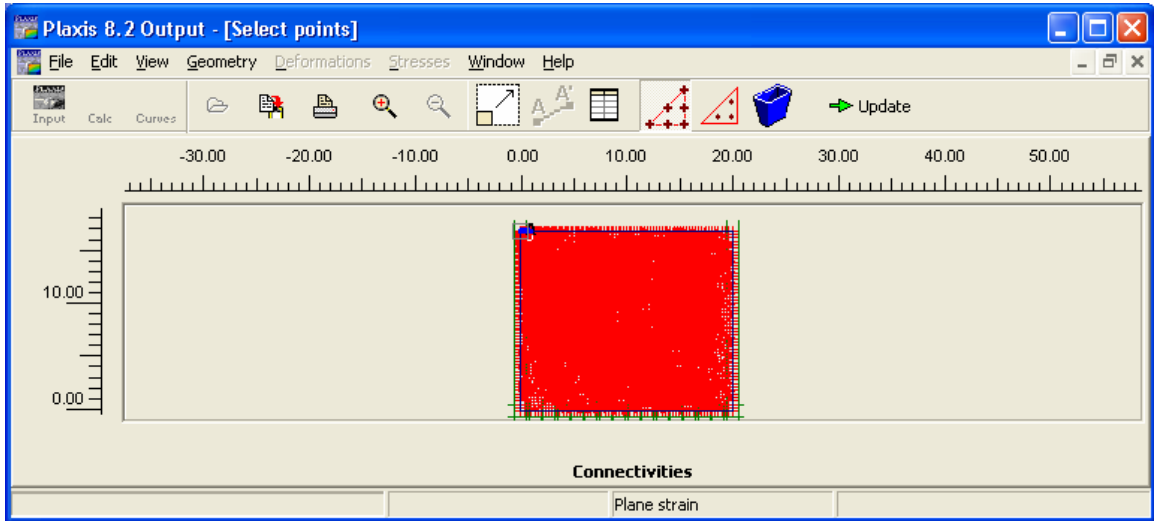


Update



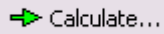
Dùng biểu tượng để chọn điểm khảo sát

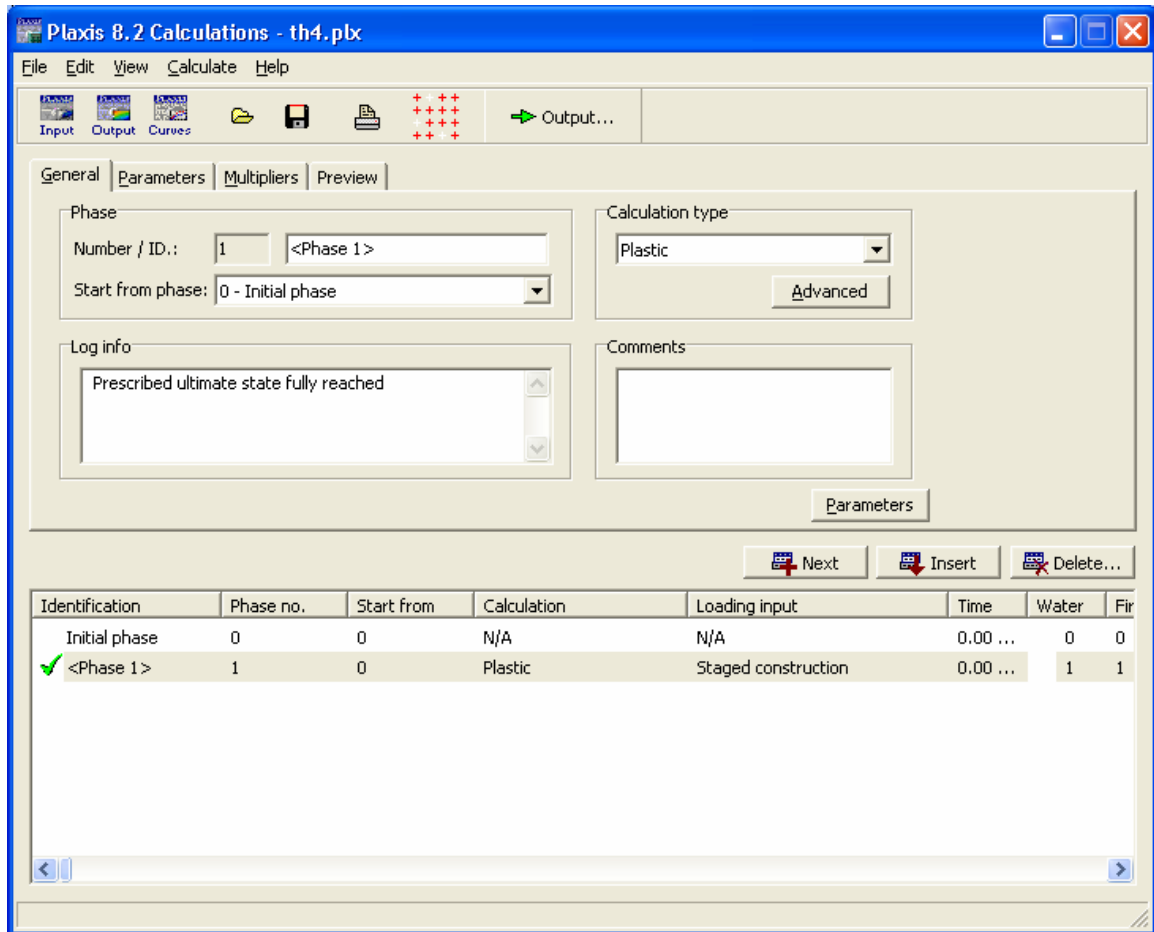
Ví dụ điểm A



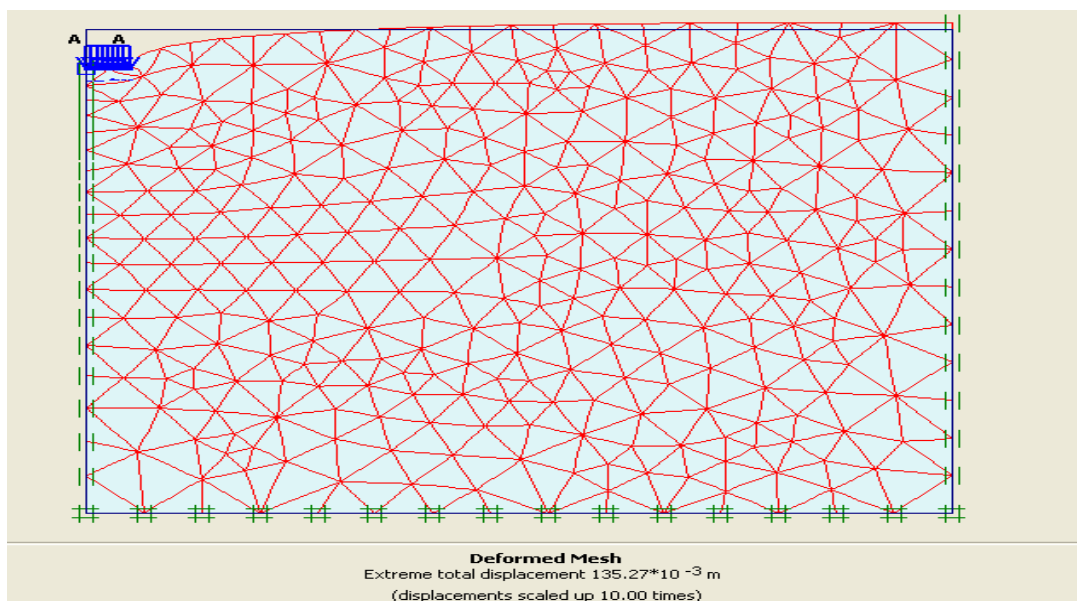
Update

Tính toán

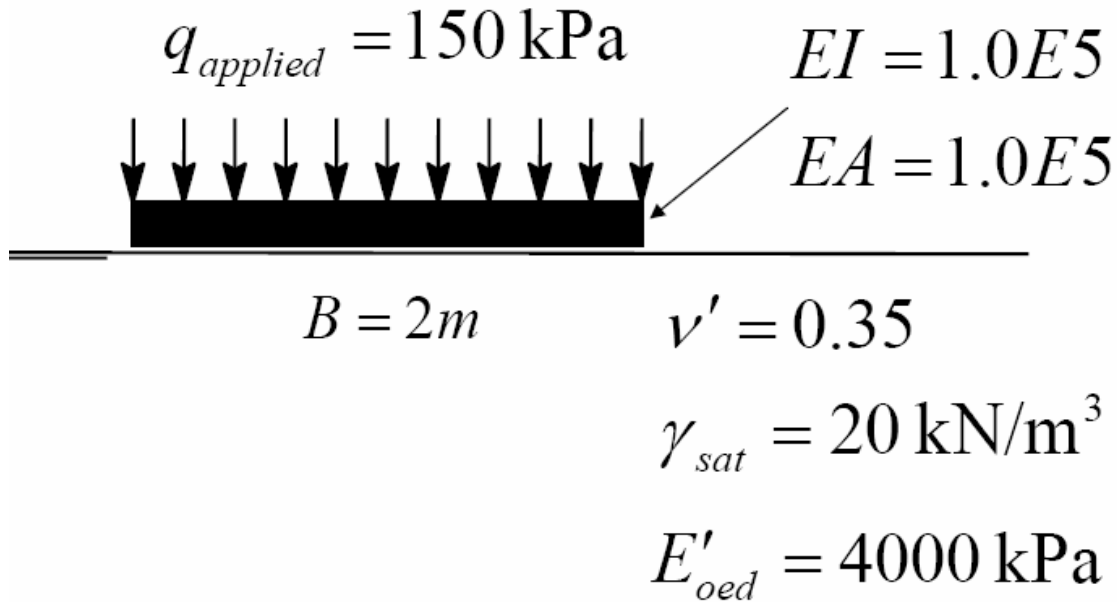




Đã tính toán xong , nhấp vào Output







Phần 5b : PLAXIS INPUT,CALCULATE SETTLEMENT



ELASTOPLASTIC MC MODEL DRAINE $t = \infty$ $C_u = 50 \text{ Kpa}$

29. Tạo hình dạng bài toán

- Vẽ tấm (Plate) 
- Gán biểu tượng áp lực 
- Vẽ phần tử tiếp xúc 
- Gán biên 

Gán số liệu địa chất



Mohr-Coulomb - Clay

General | Parameters | Interfaces

Material Set

Identification:

Material model:

Material type:

General properties

γ_{unsat} : kN/m³

γ_{sat} : kN/m³

Comments

Permeability

k_x : m/day

k_y : m/day

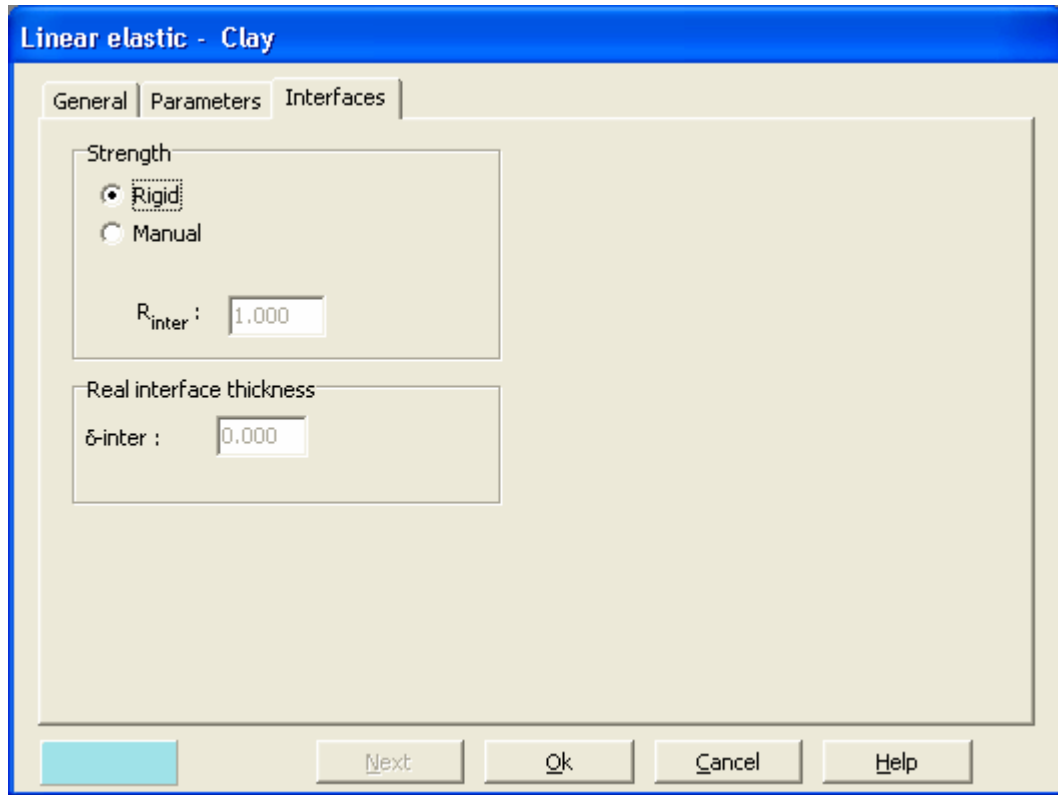
Mohr-Coulomb - Clay

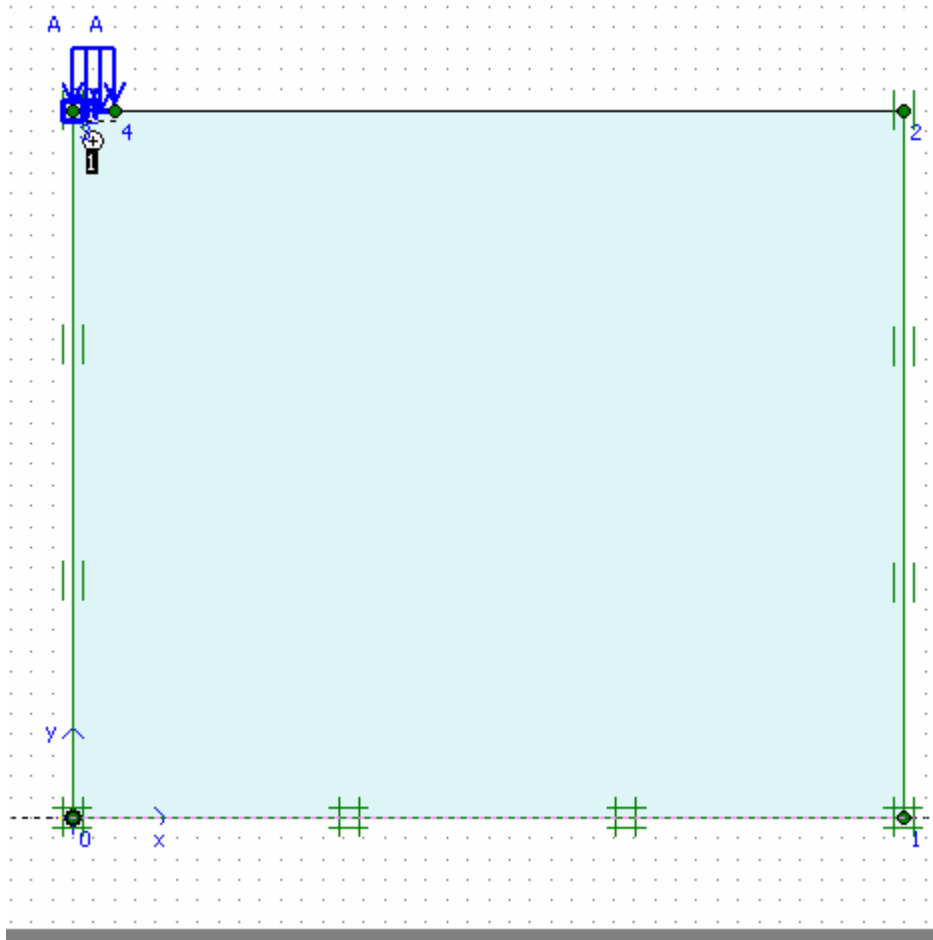
General Parameters Interfaces

Stiffness	Strength
E_{ref} : 2492.000 kN/m ²	c_{ref} : 50.000 kN/m ²
ν (nu) : 0.350	ϕ (phi) : 0.000 °
	ψ (psi) : 0.000 °
Alternatives	Velocities
G_{ref} : 923.077 kN/m ²	V_s : 21.270 m/s
E_{oed} : 4000.000 kN/m ²	V_p : 44.270 m/s

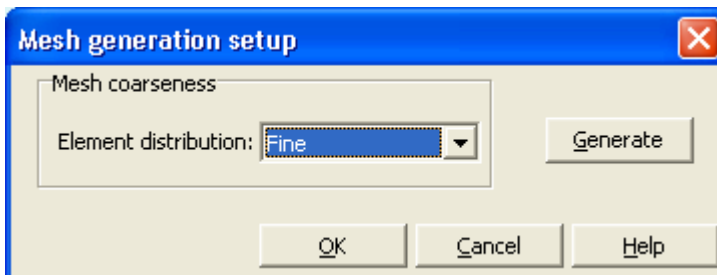
Advanced...

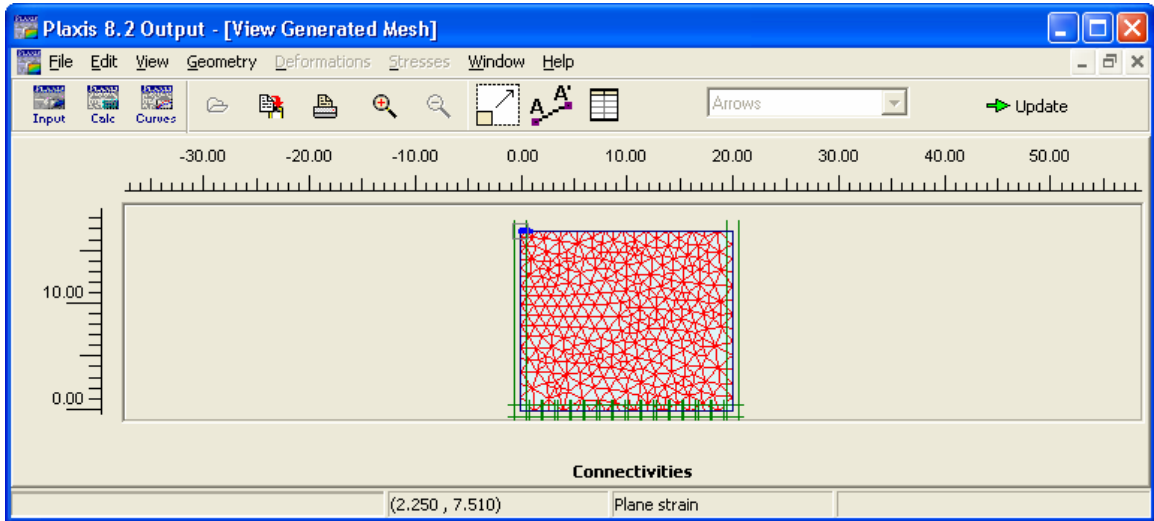
Next Ok Cancel Help





30. Tạo lưới phần tử

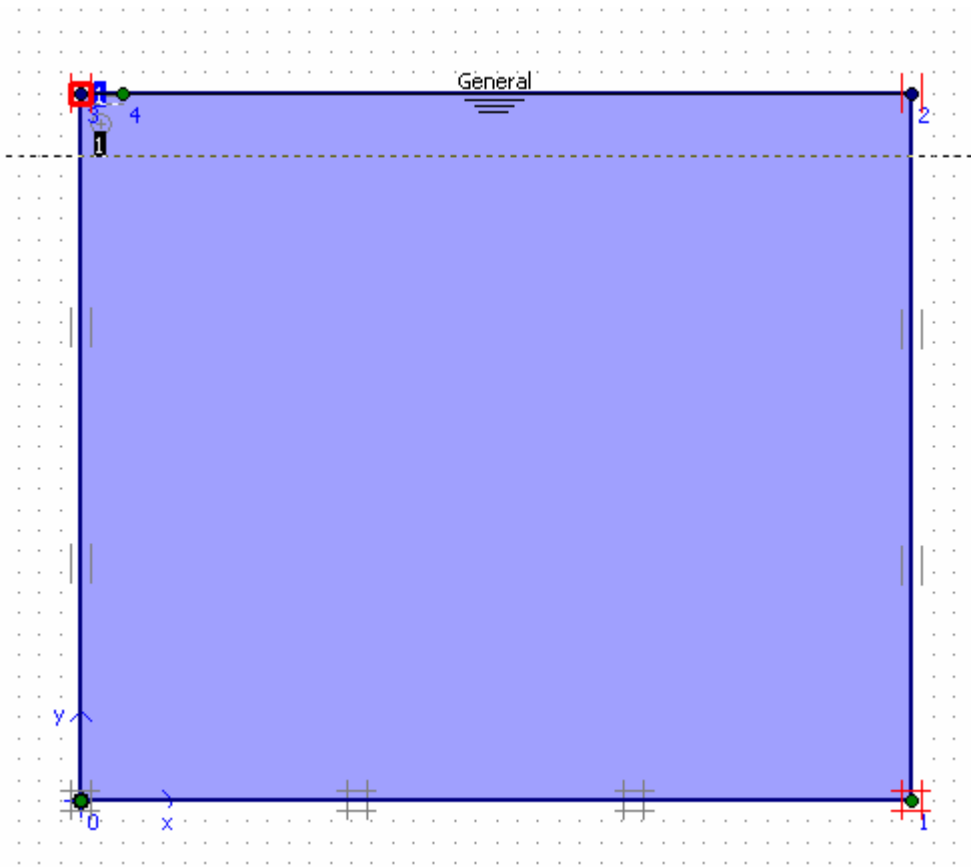





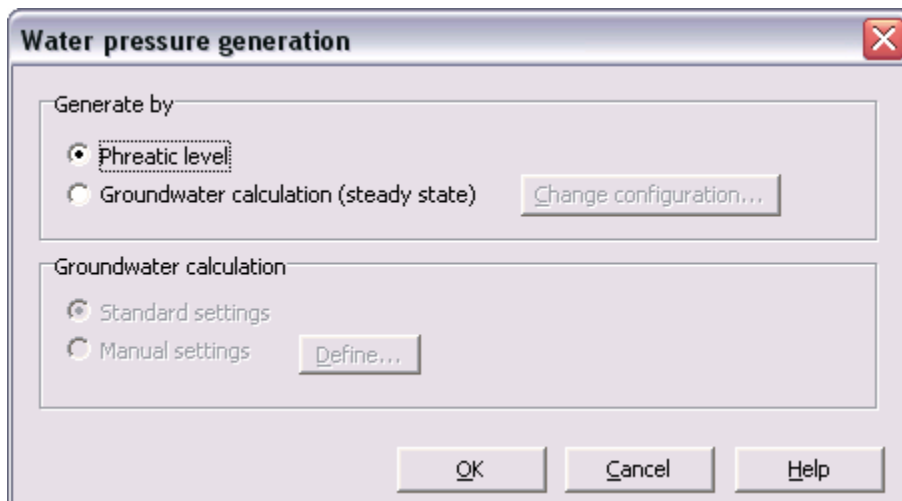
Update

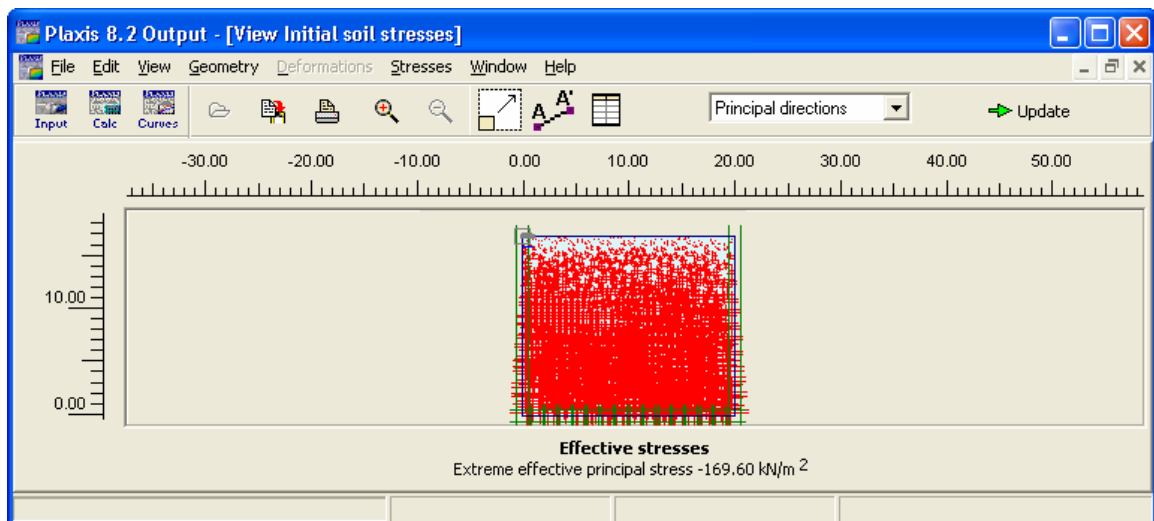
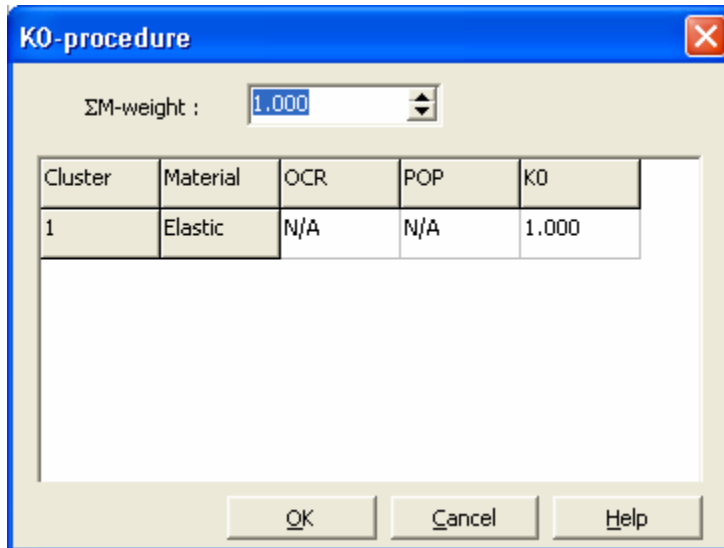
31. Tính toán điều kiện ban đầu

Gán mực nước ngầm

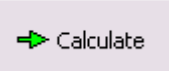


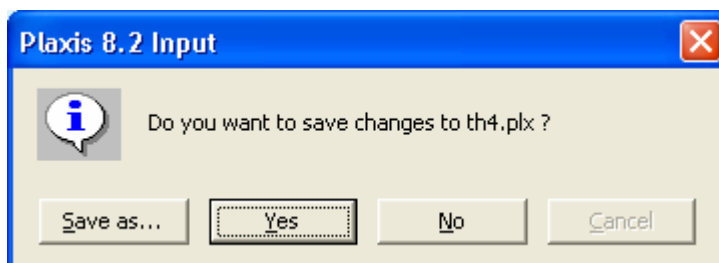
Tính toán áp lực nước 

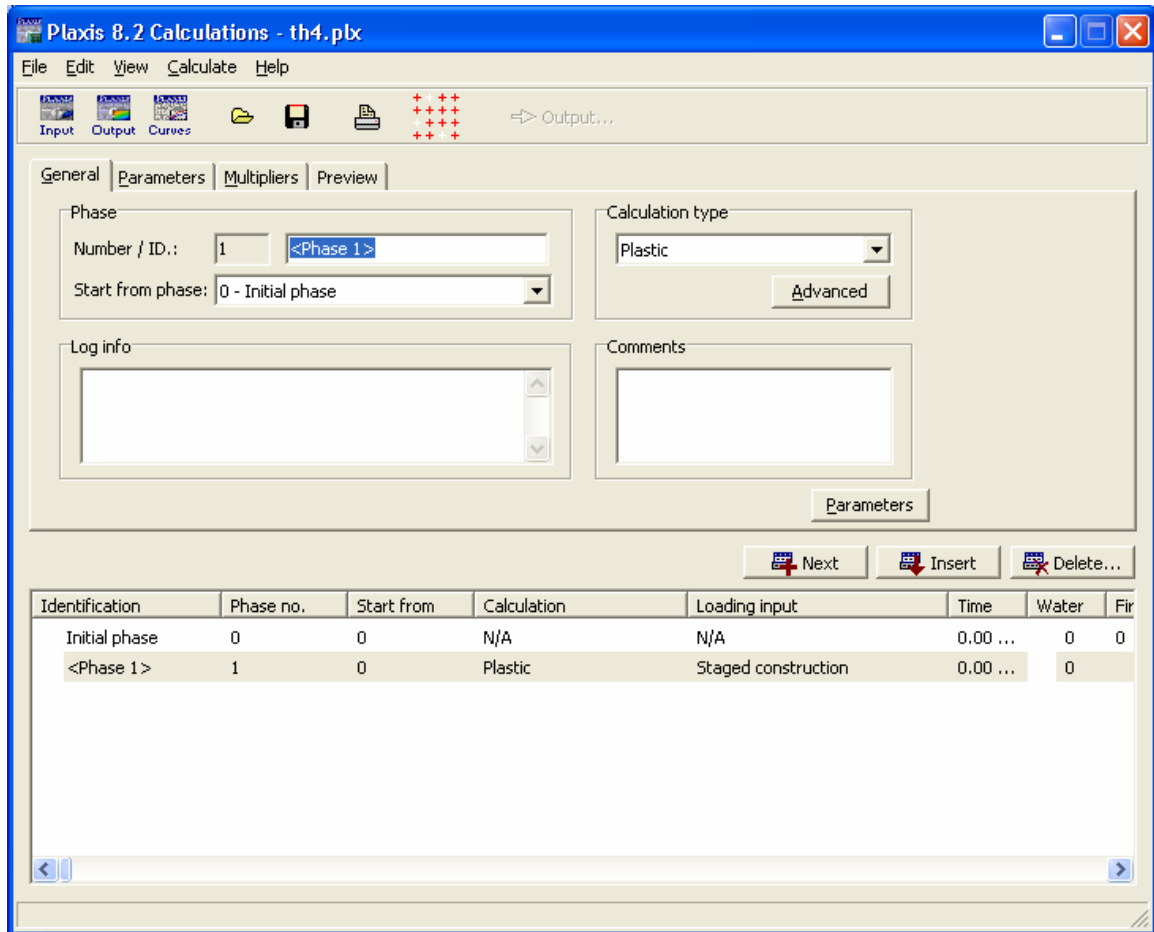




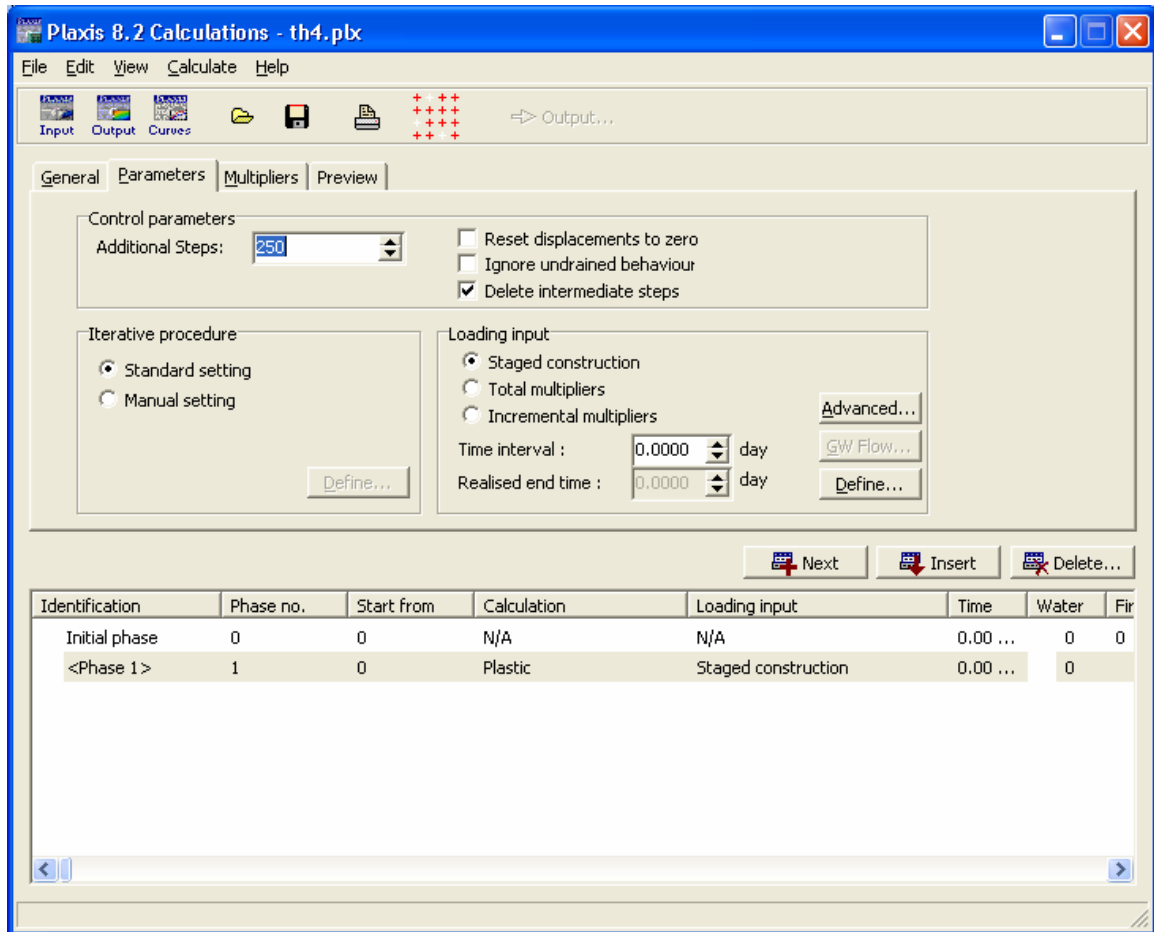
Update

32. Bắt đầu tính toán 

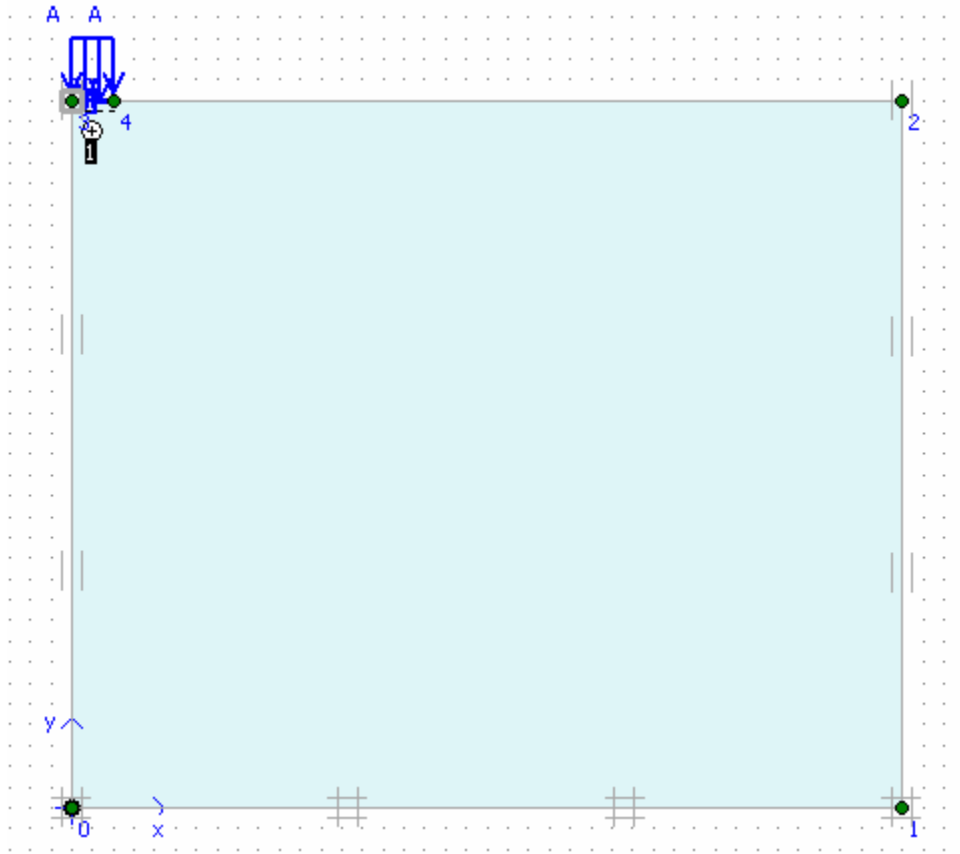




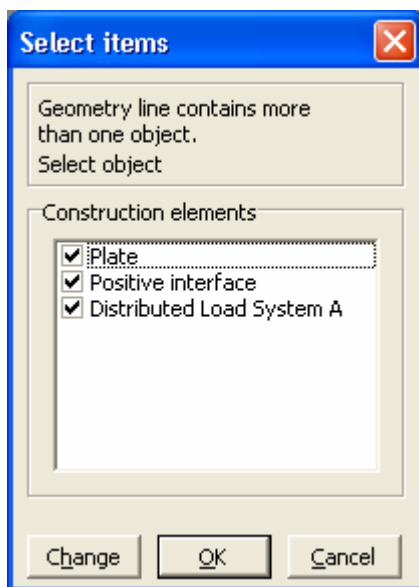
Parameters



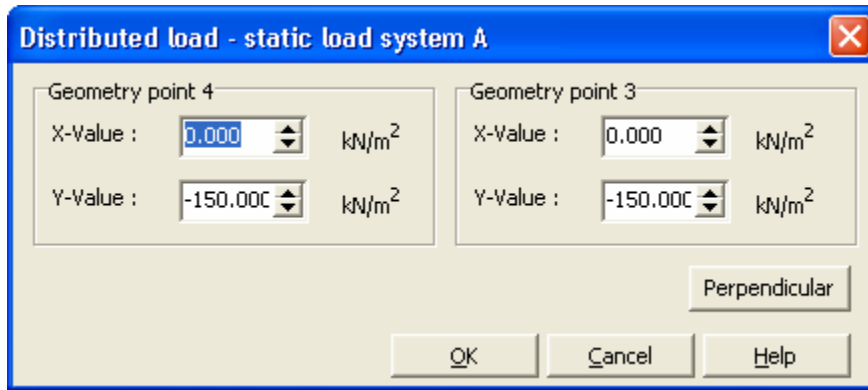
Nhấp vào Define và máy tự động
Trở về màn hình Input



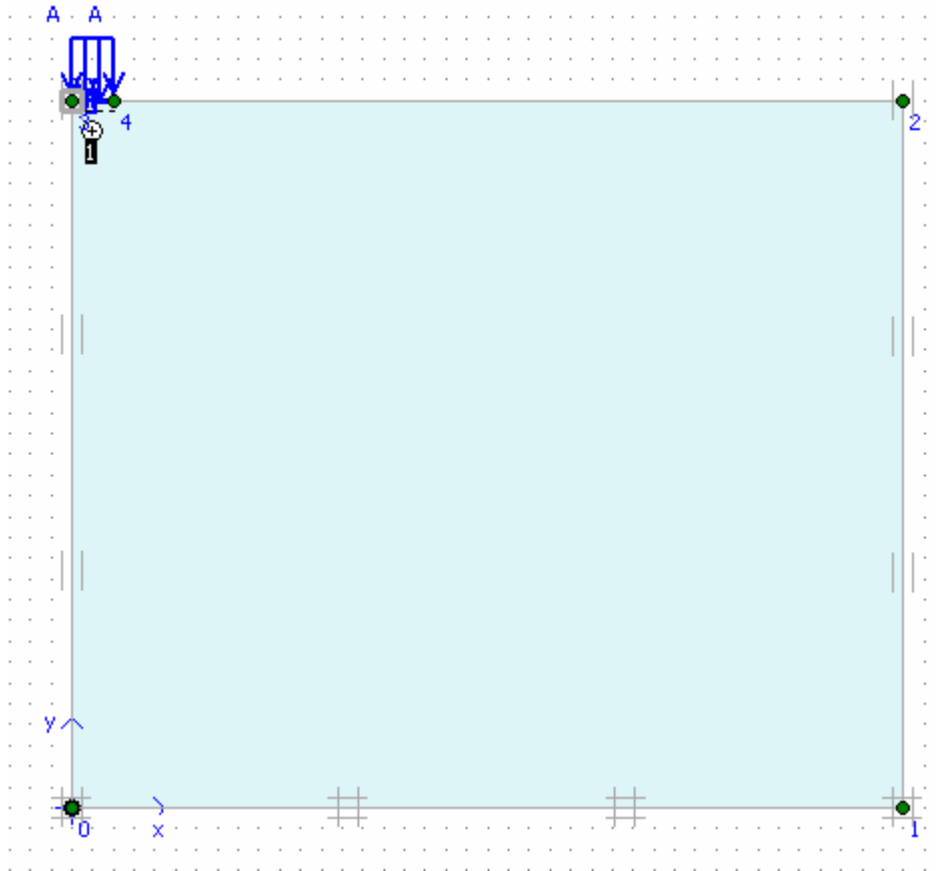
Gán giá trị tải bằng cách nhấp vào áp lực trên hình



Nhấp vào Change để nhập giá trị



OK

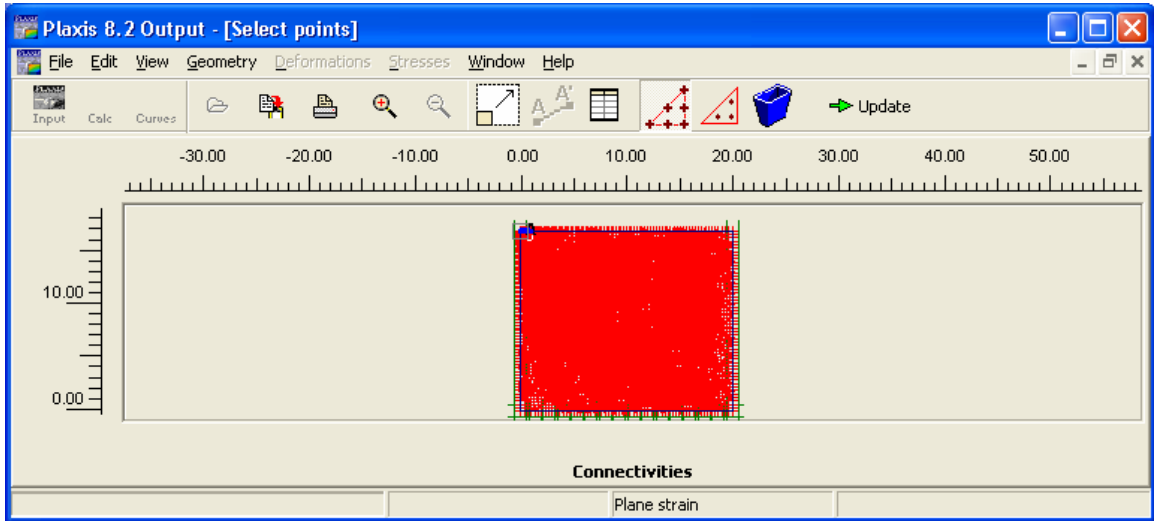


Update



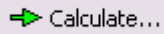
Dùng biểu tượng để chọn điểm khảo sát

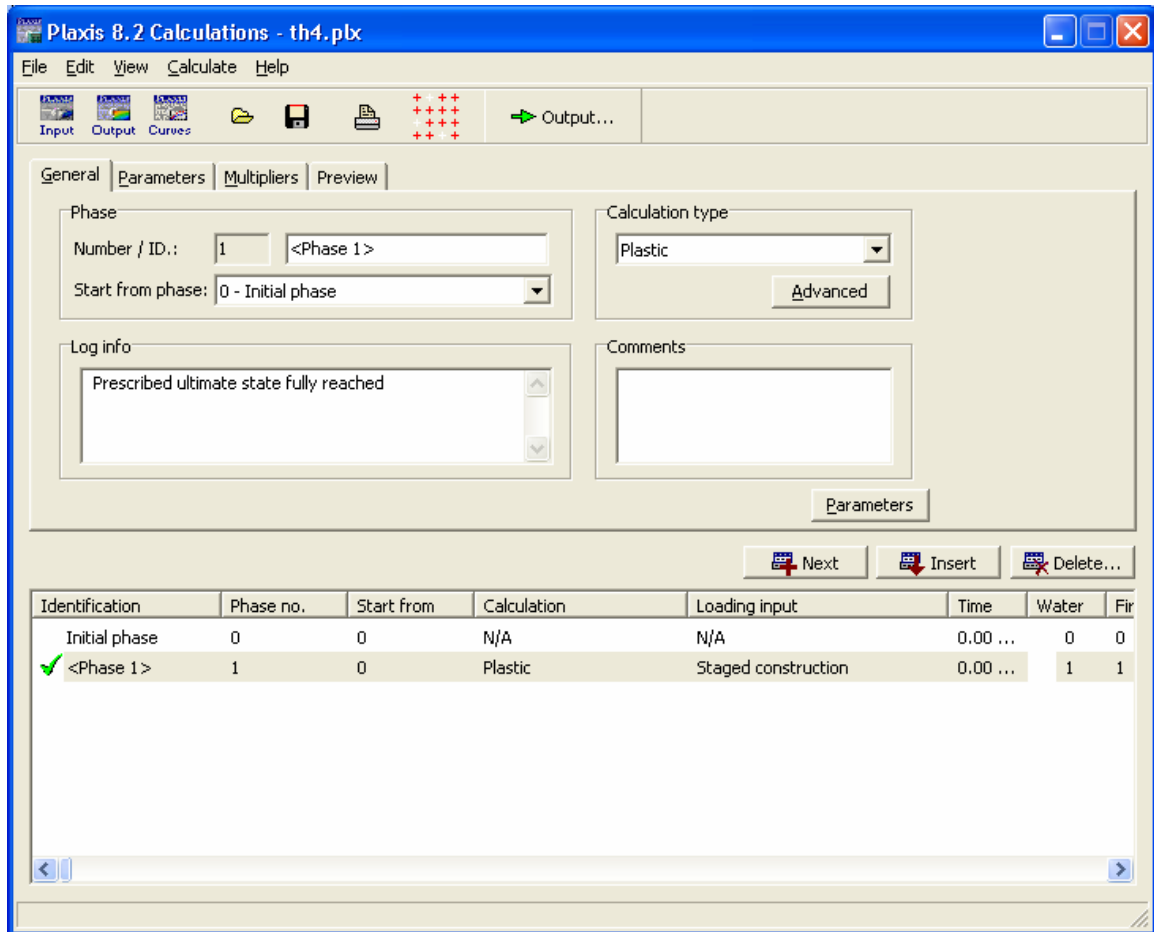
Ví dụ điểm A



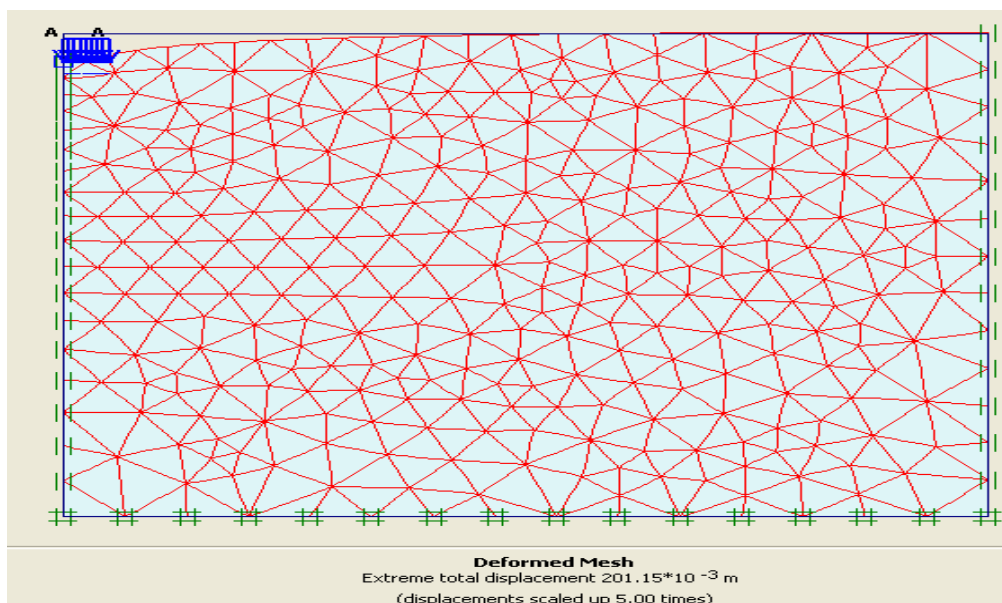
Update

Tính toán





Đã tính toán xong , nhấp vào Output



Summary

Initial settlement based
on elastic theory

$$\delta = 128mm$$

$$t = 0$$

Total final settlement
based on elastic theory

$$\delta = 192mm$$

$$t = \infty$$

Initial settlement based on
elastoplastic MC theory

$$\delta = 139mm$$

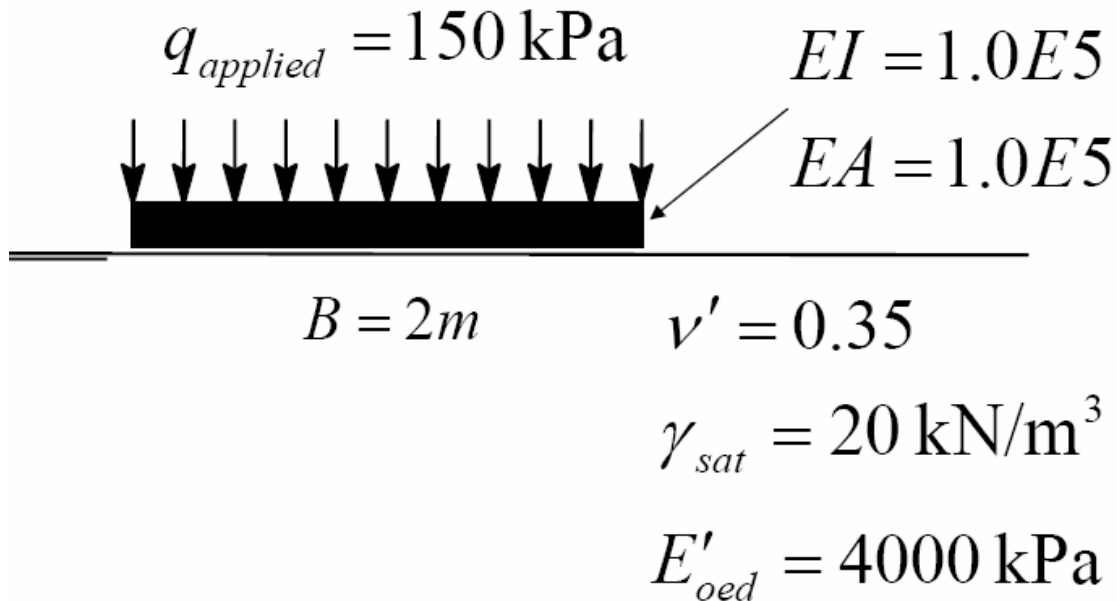
$$t = 0$$

Initial settlement based on
elastoplastic MC theory

$$\delta = 202mm$$

$$t = \infty$$

Phần 6 : PLAXIS INPUT,CALCULATE CONSOLIDATION



ELASTOPLASTIC MC MODEL UNDRAINE – $C_u = 50 \text{ Kpa}$

33. Tạo hình dạng bài toán

- Vẽ tấm (Plate) 
- Gán biểu tượng áp lực 
- Gán biên 
- Gán số liệu địa chất 

Mohr-Coulomb - Clay

General Parameters Interfaces

Material Set

Identification:

Material model:

Material type:

General properties

γ_{unsat} : kN/m³

γ_{sat} : kN/m³

Comments

Permeability

k_x : m/day

k_y : m/day

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help

Mohr-Coulomb - Clay

General Parameters Interfaces

Stiffness

E_{ref} : kN/m²

ν (nu) :

Strength

c_{ref} : kN/m²

ϕ (phi) : °

ψ (psi) : °

Alternatives

G_{ref} : kN/m²

E_{oed} : kN/m²

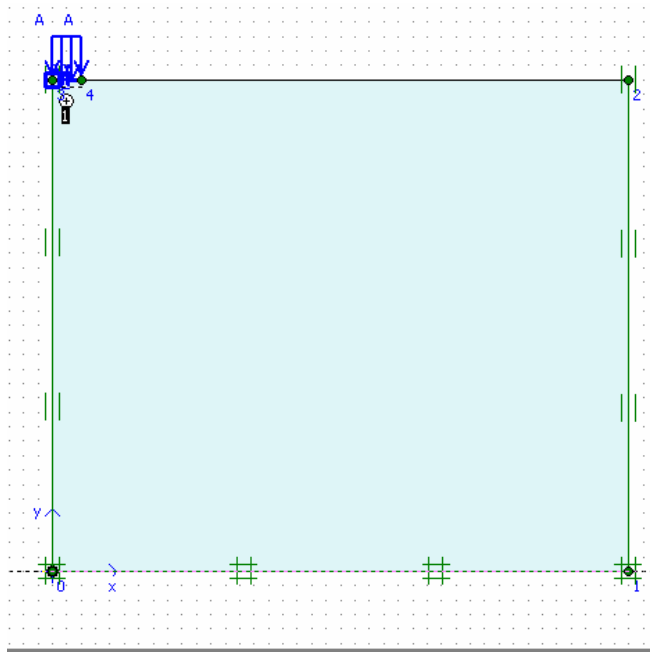
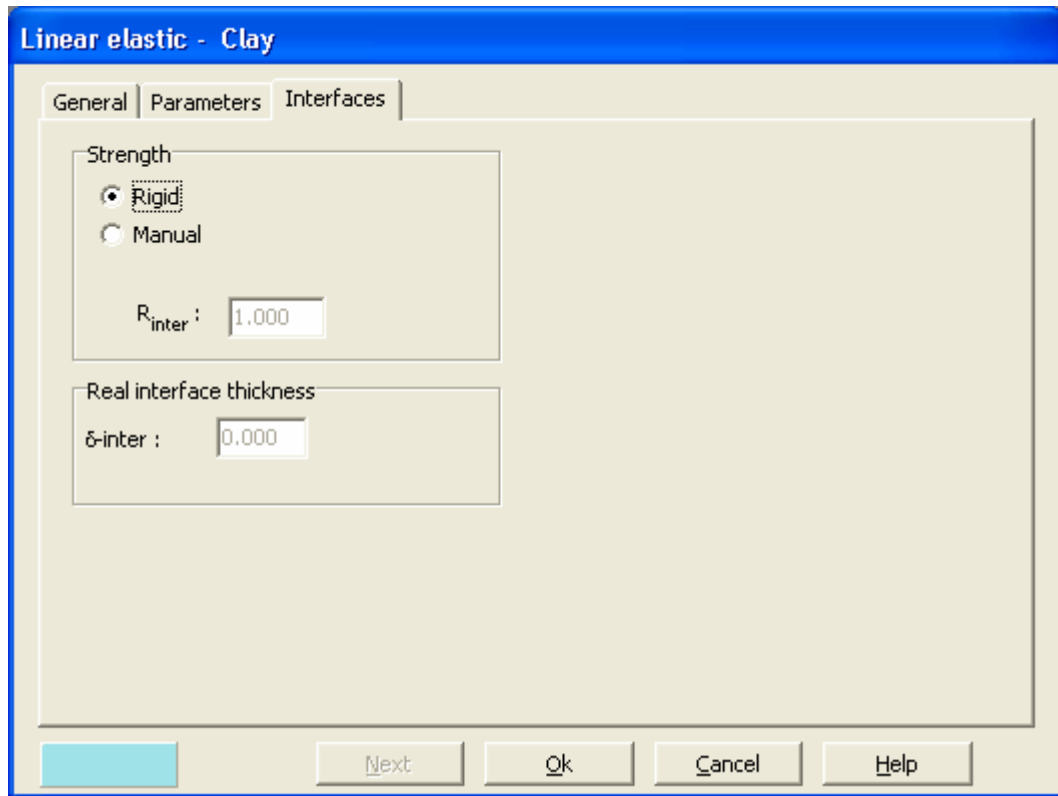
Velocities

V_s : m/s

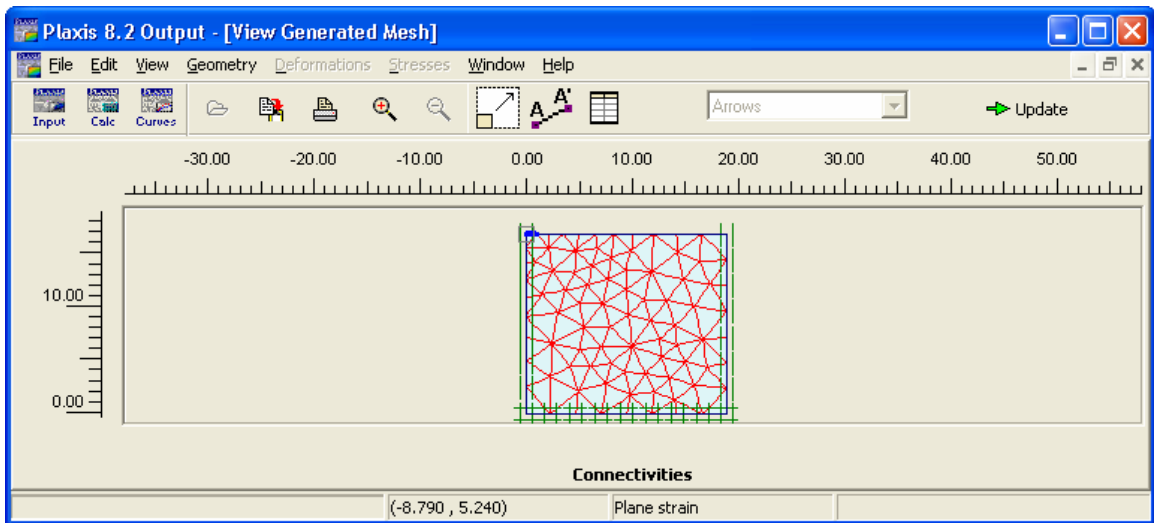
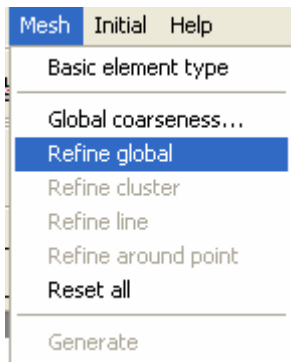
V_p : m/s

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help



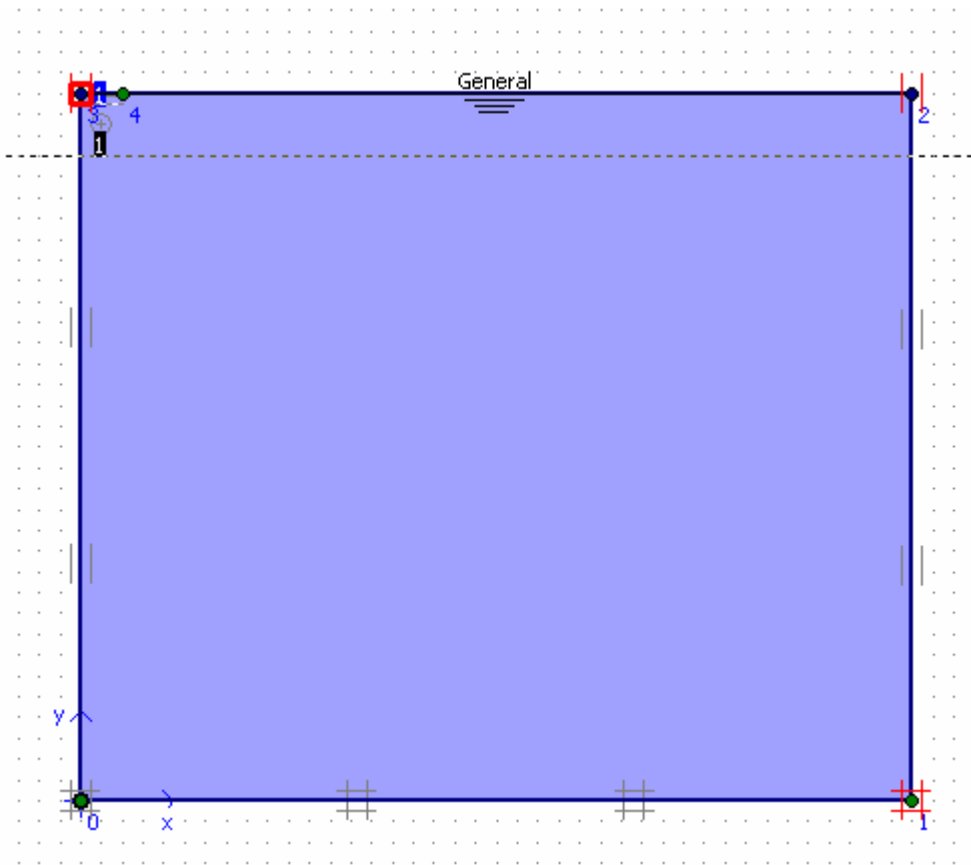
34. Tạo lưới phần tử




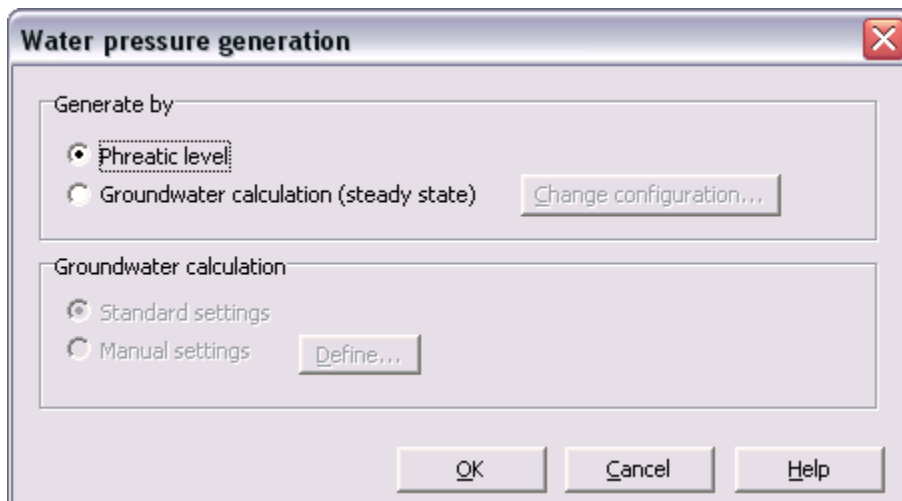
Update

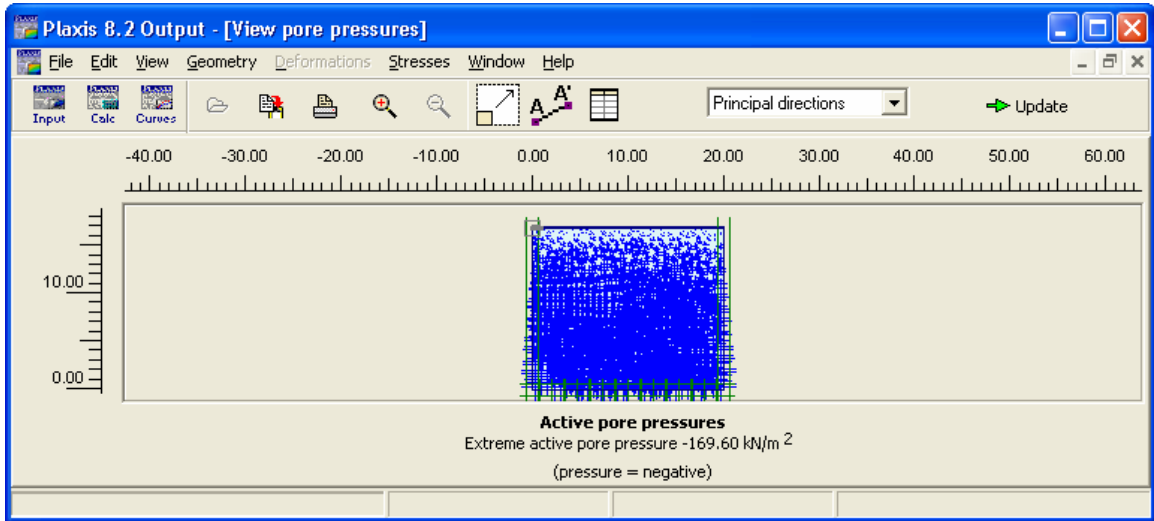
35. Tính toán điều kiện ban đầu

Gán mực nước ngầm




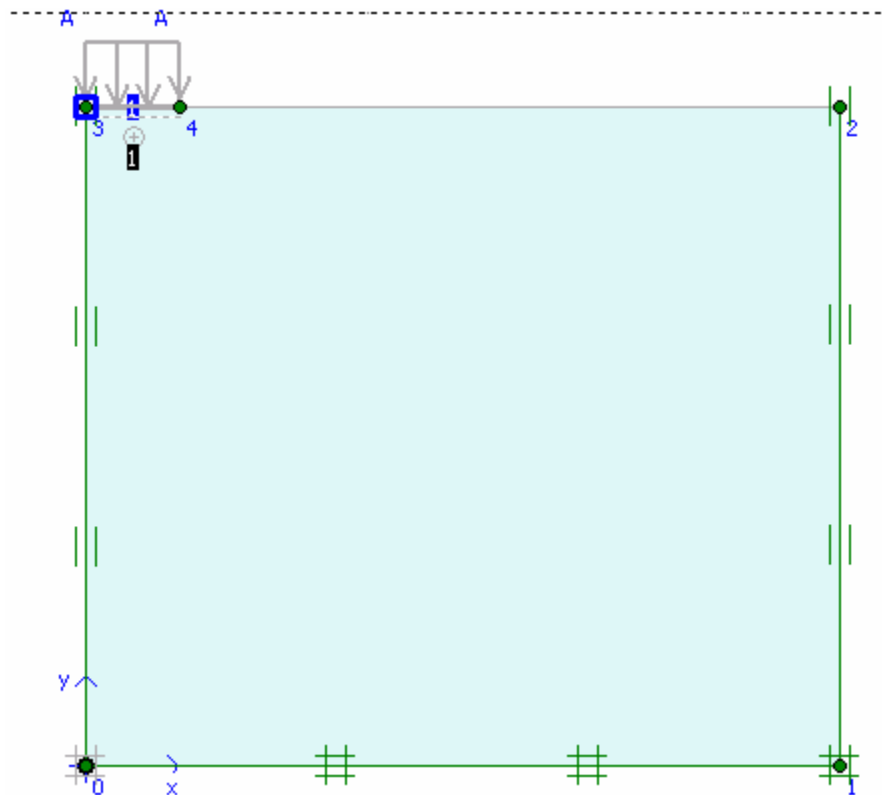
Tính toán áp lực nước 

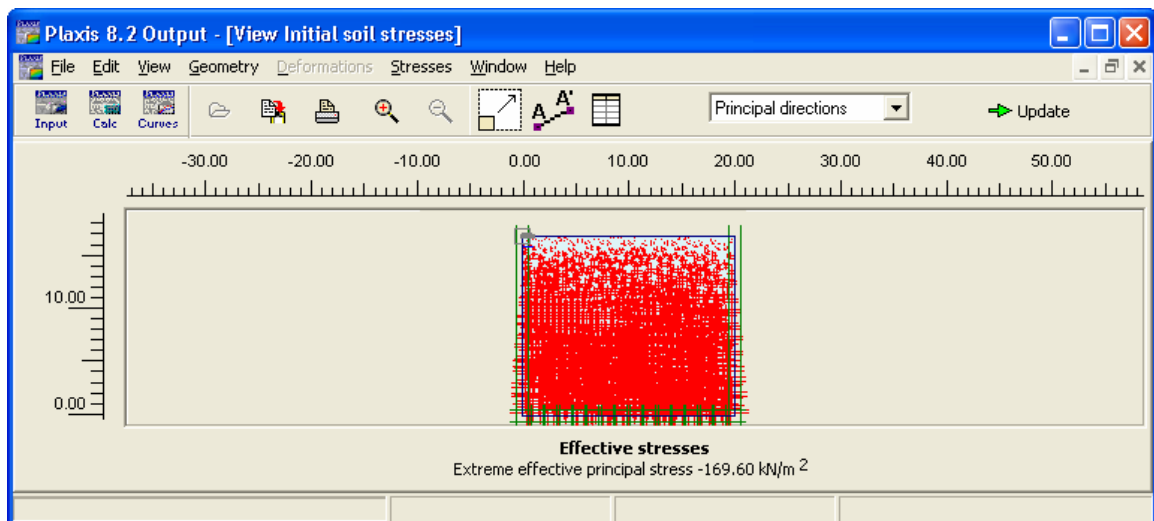
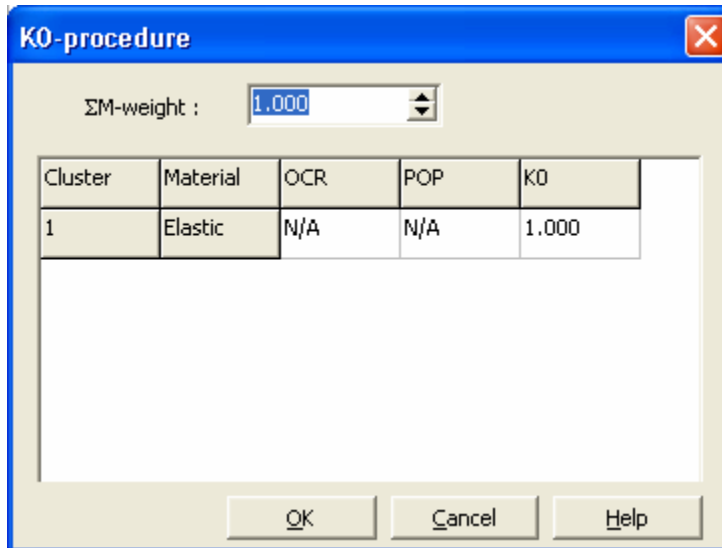




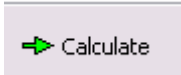
Update

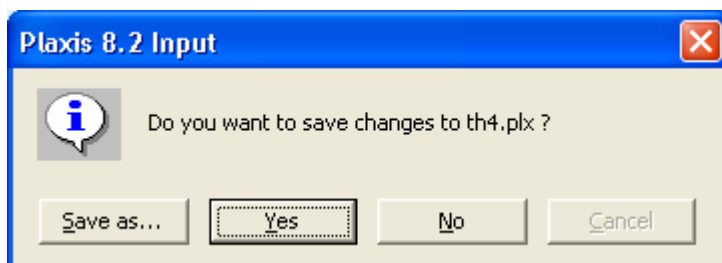
Tính toán áp lực đất 

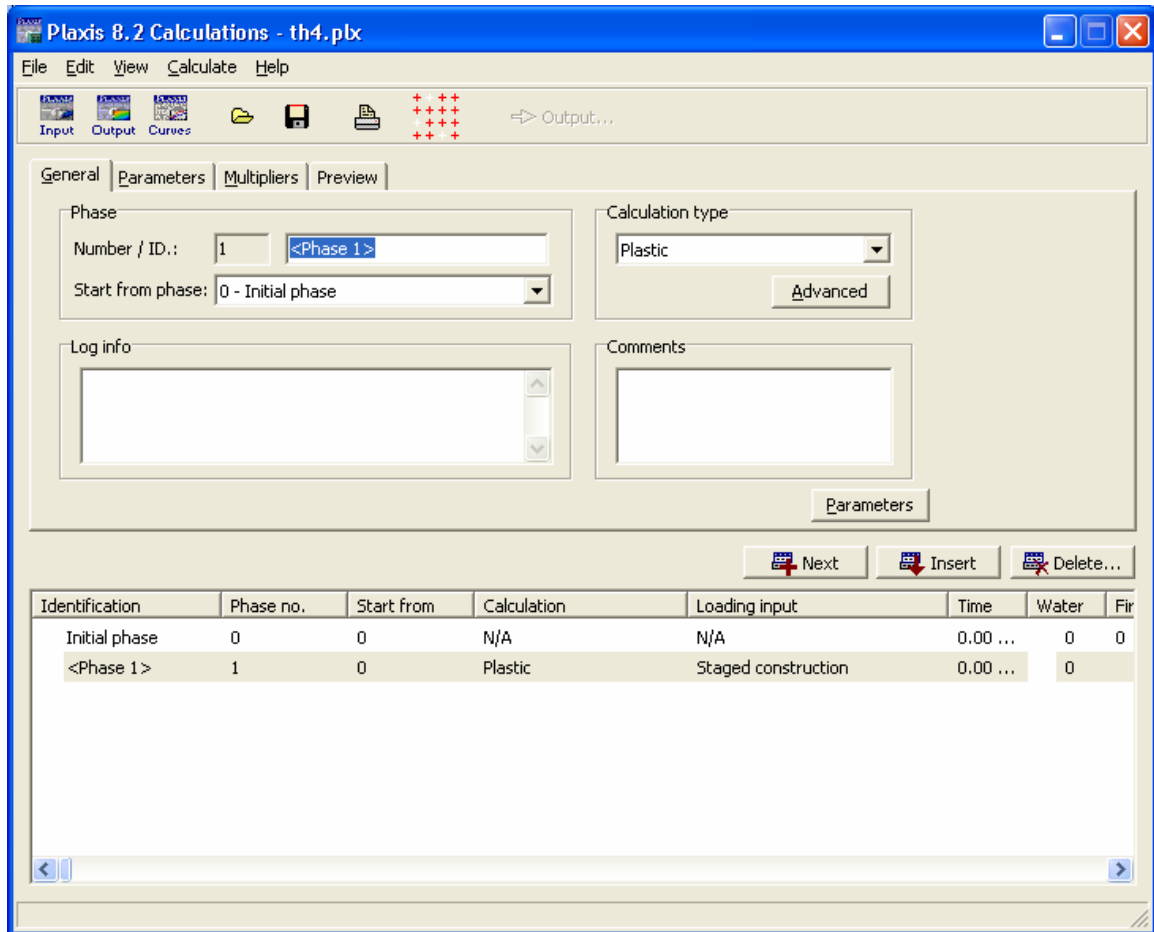




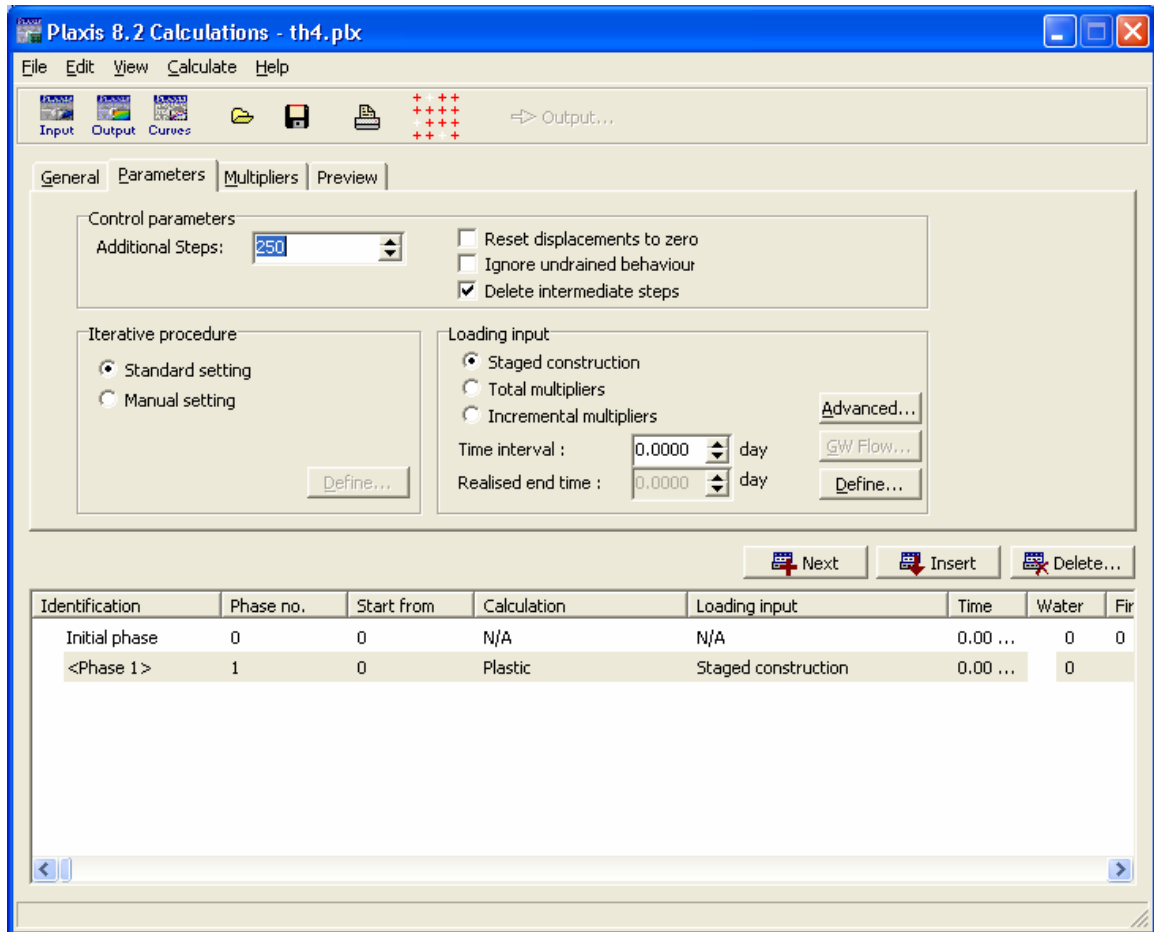
Update

36. Bắt đầu tính toán 

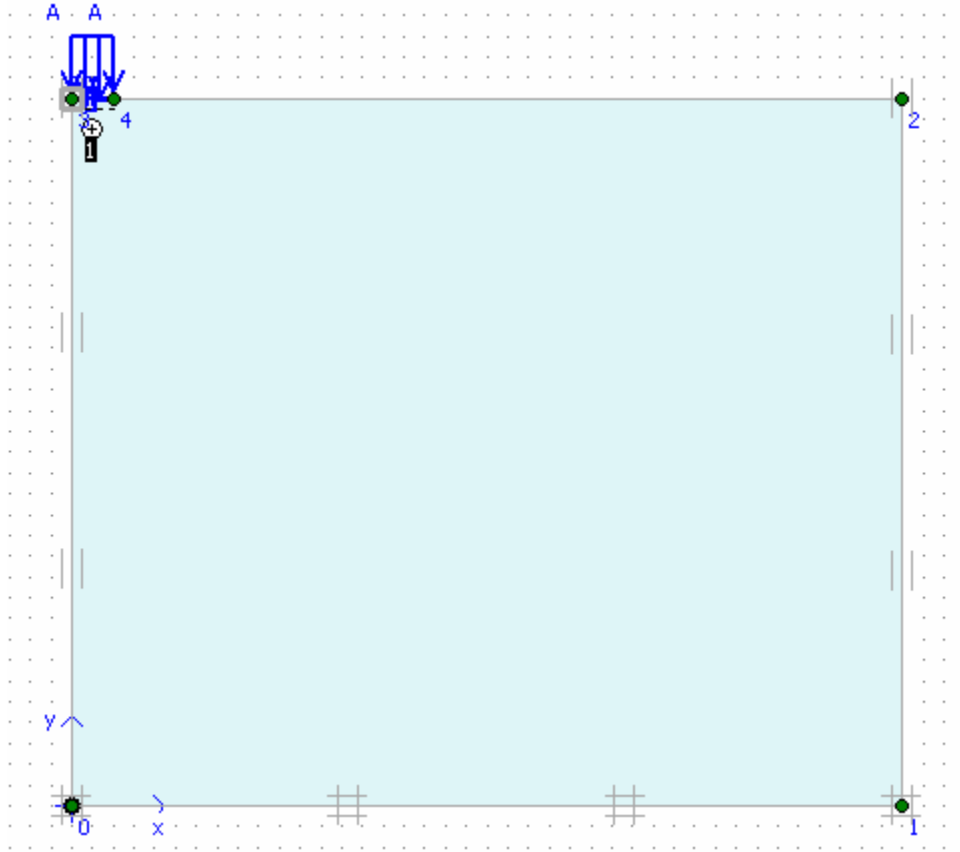




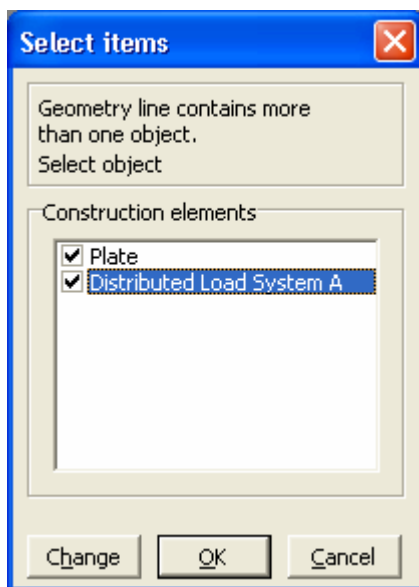
Parameters



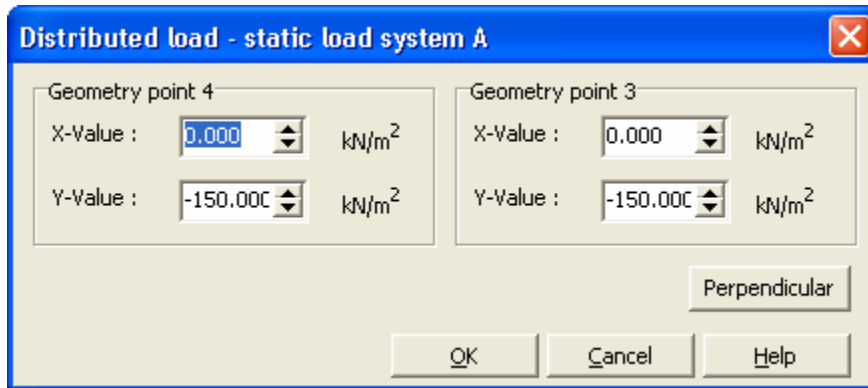
Nhấp vào Define và máy tự động
Trở về màn hình Input



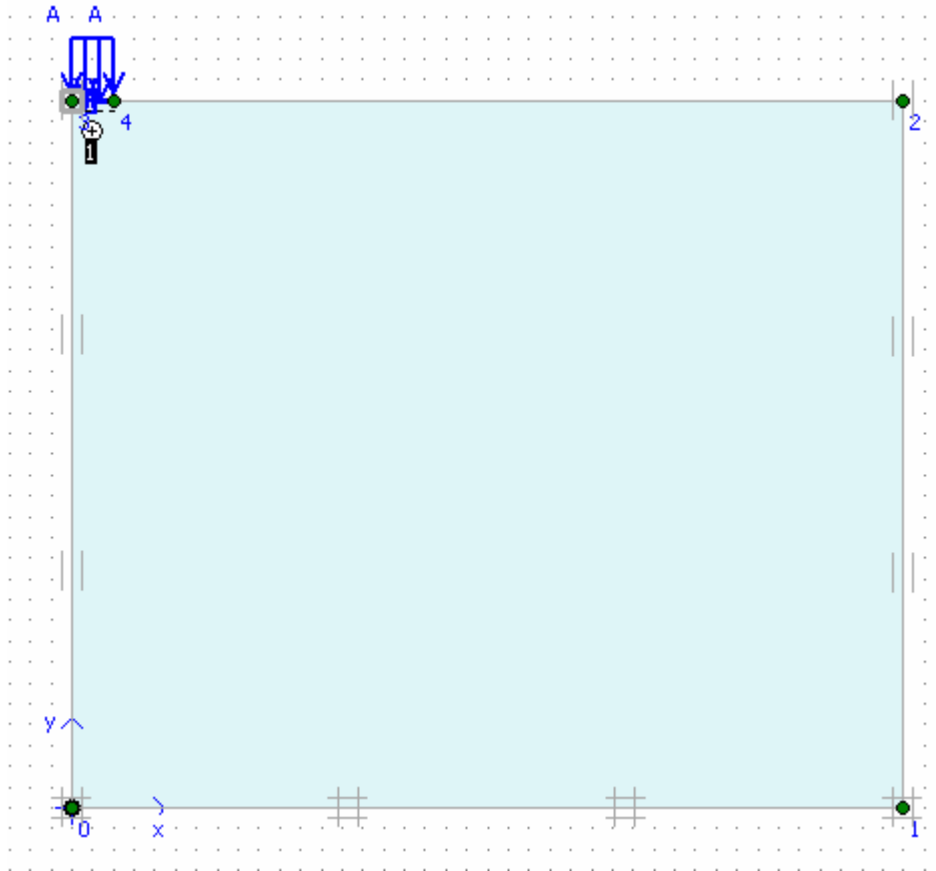
Gán giá trị tải bằng cách nhấp vào áp lực trên hình



Nhấp vào Change để nhập giá trị



OK

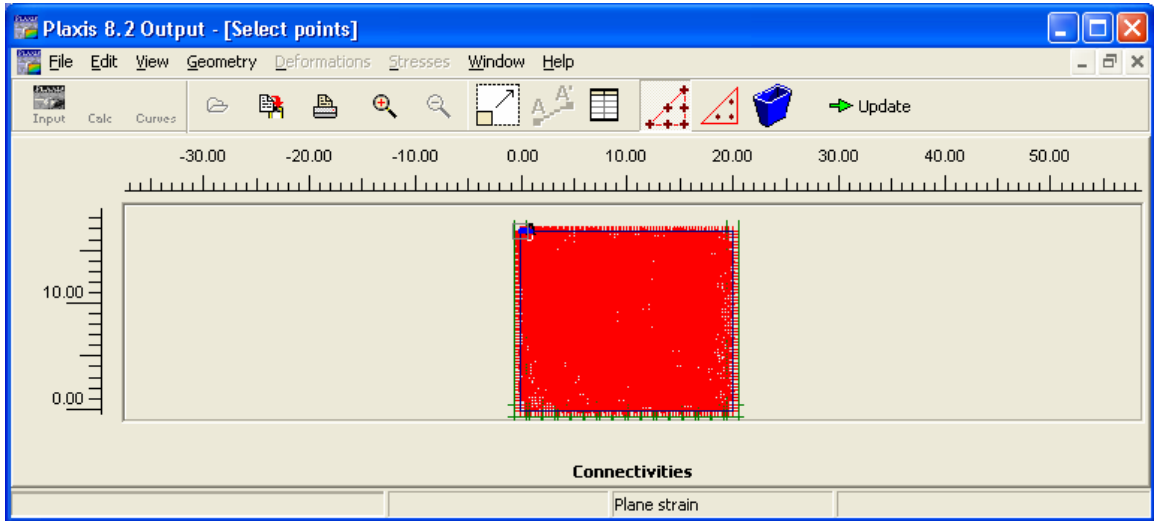


Update



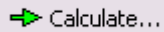
Dùng biểu tượng để chọn điểm khảo sát

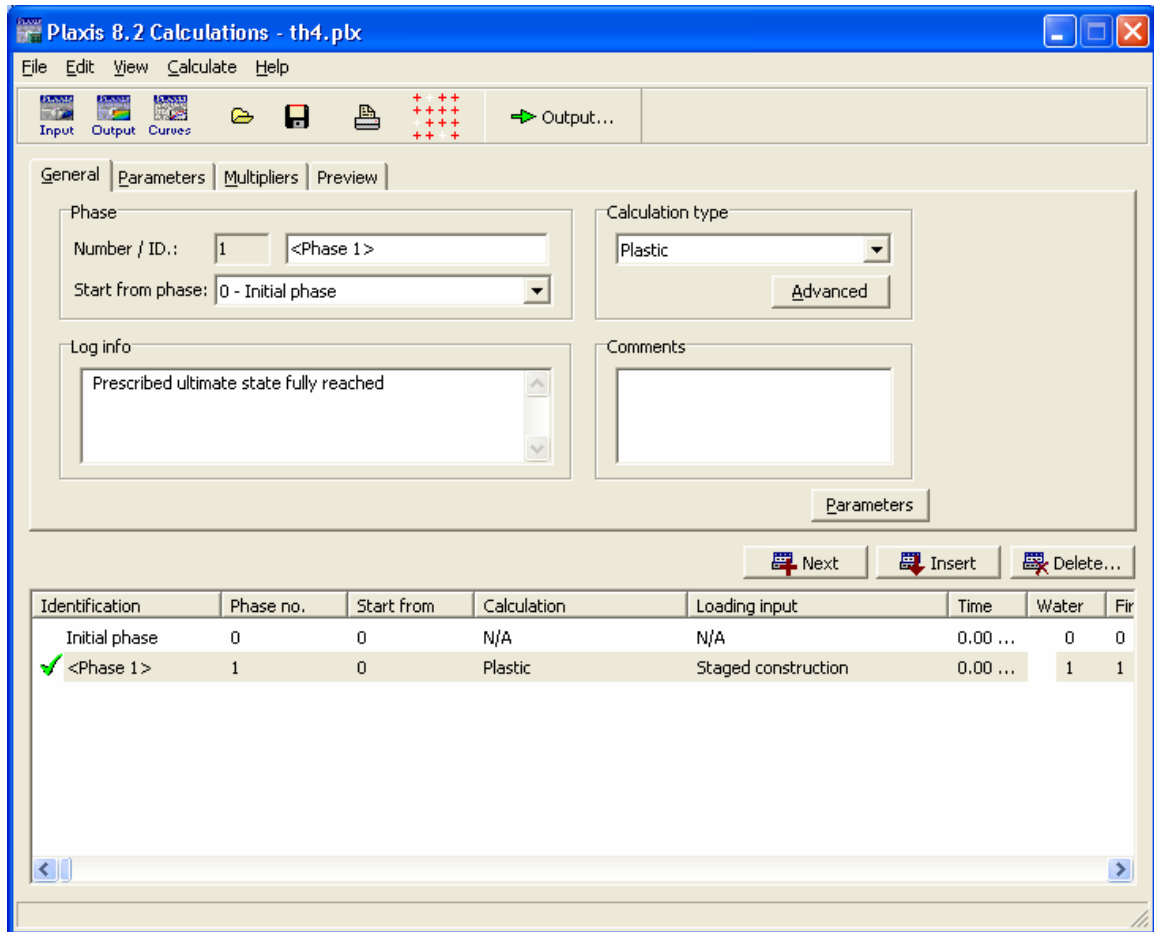
Ví dụ điểm A



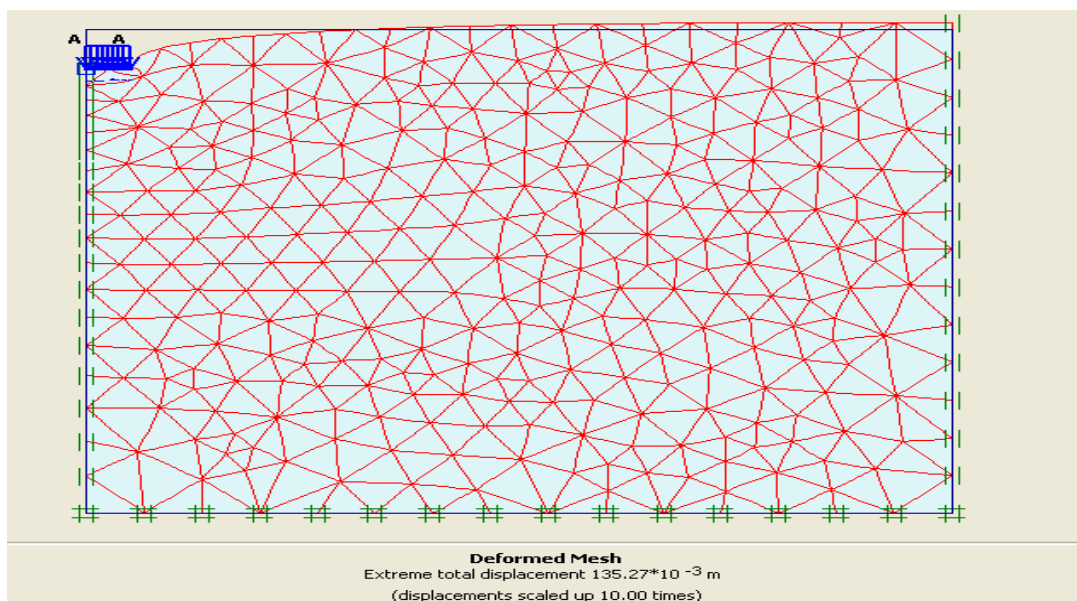
Update

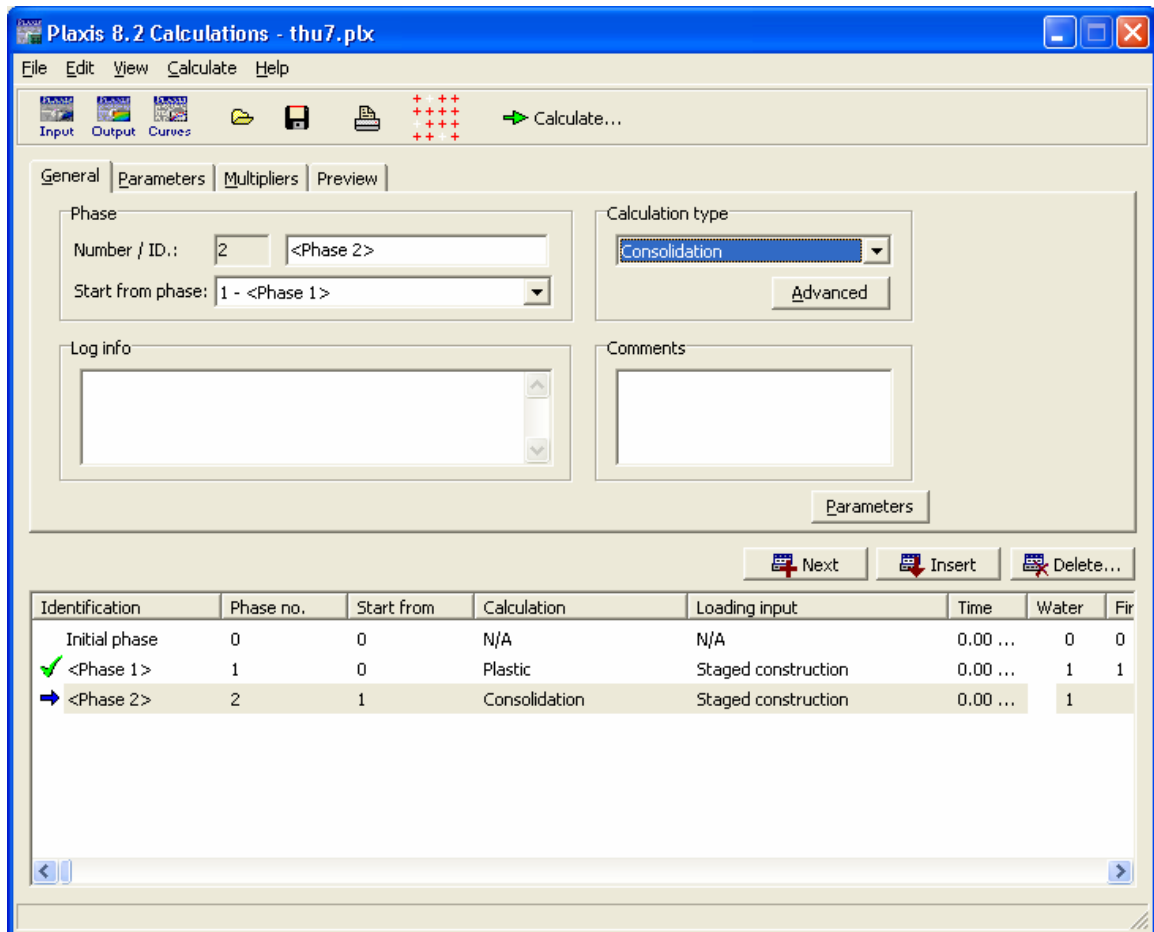
Tính toán

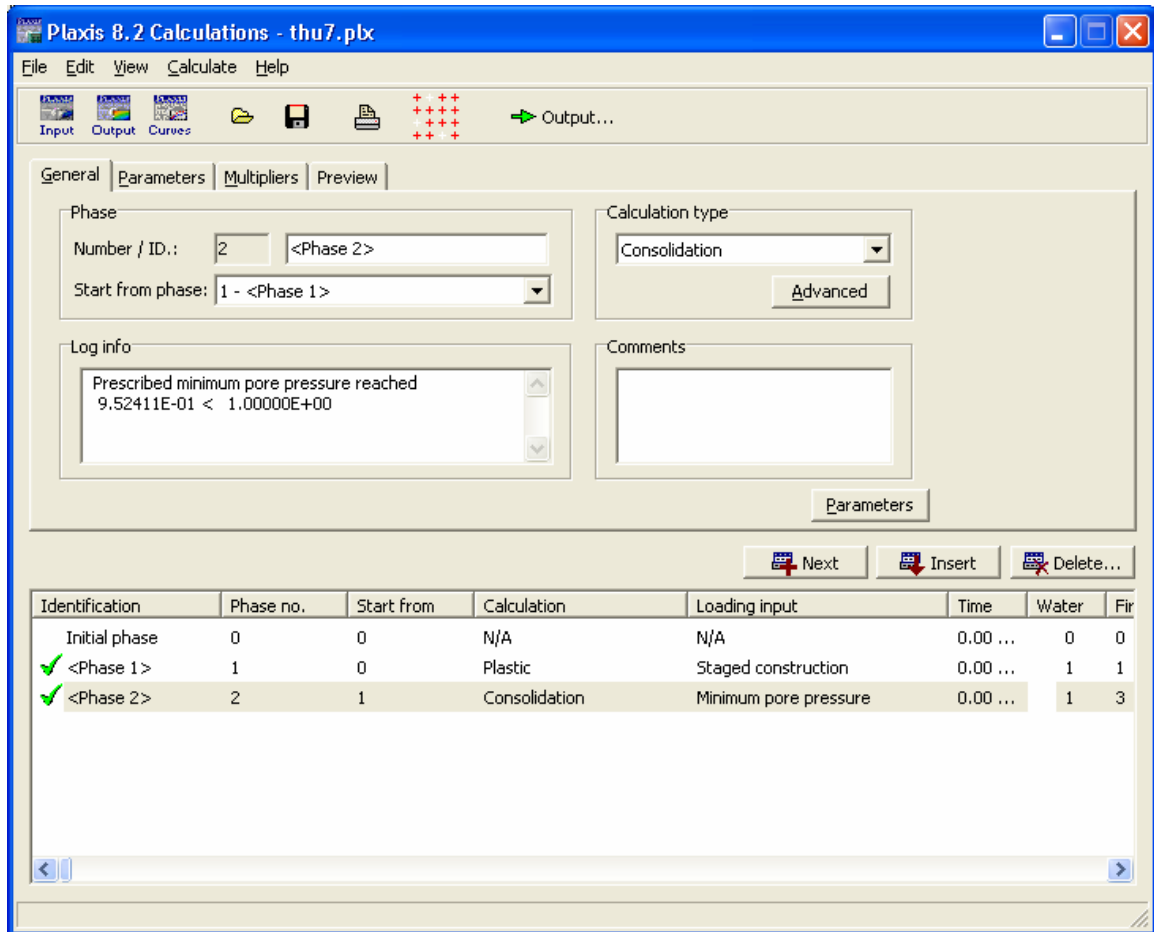




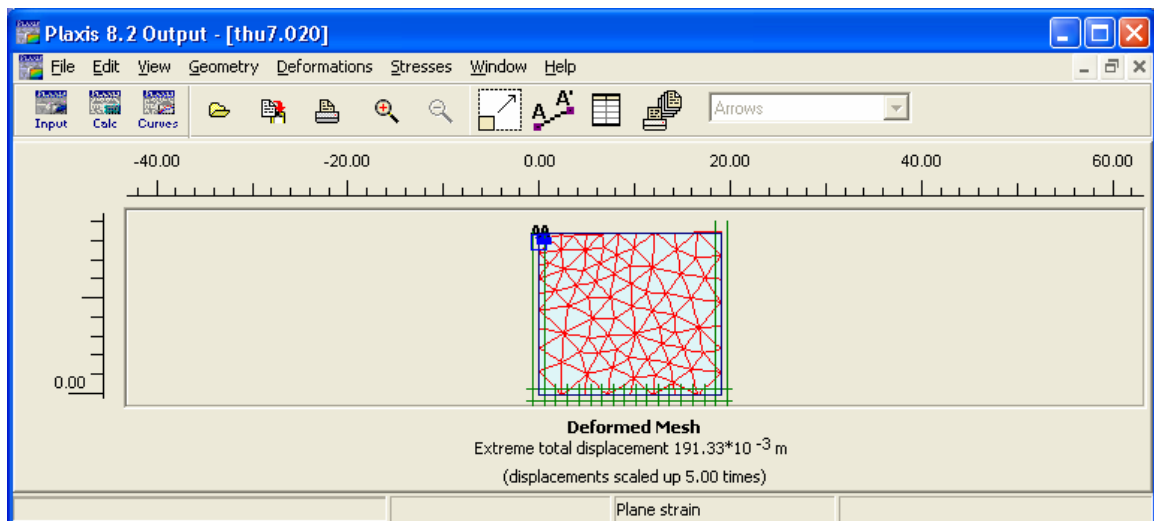
Đã tính toán xong , nhấp vào Output



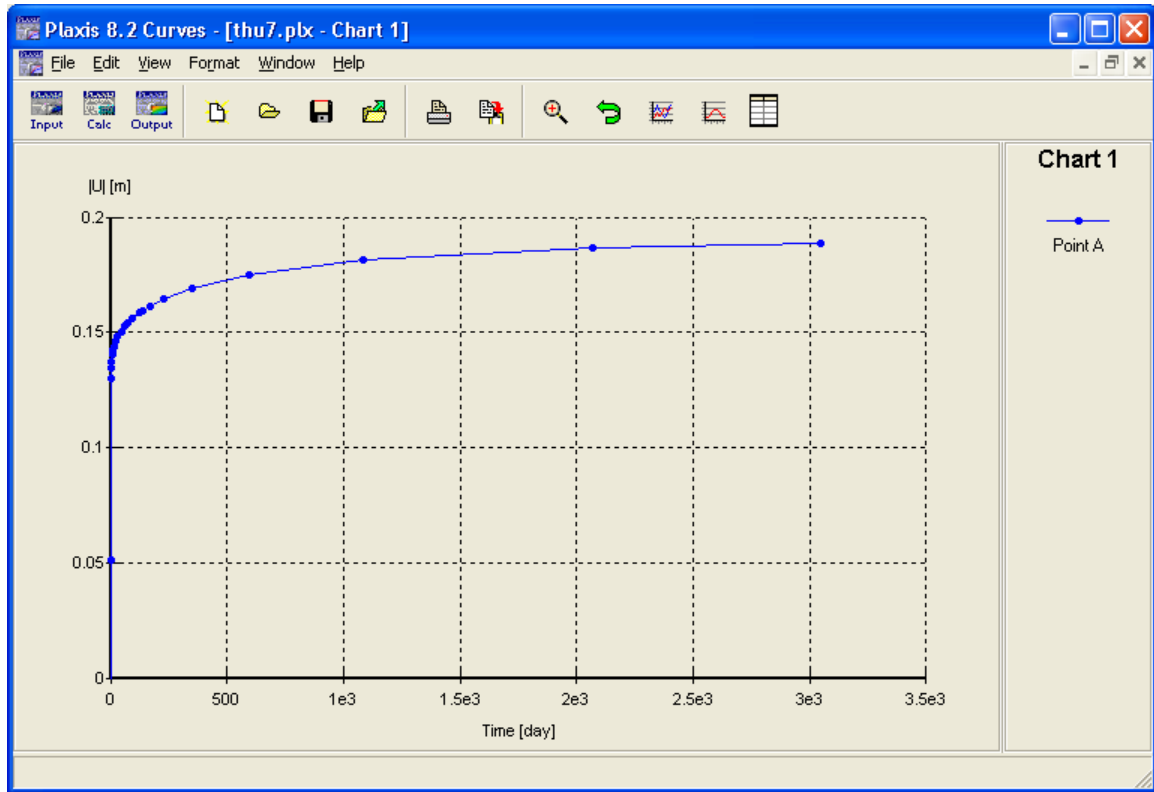




Output



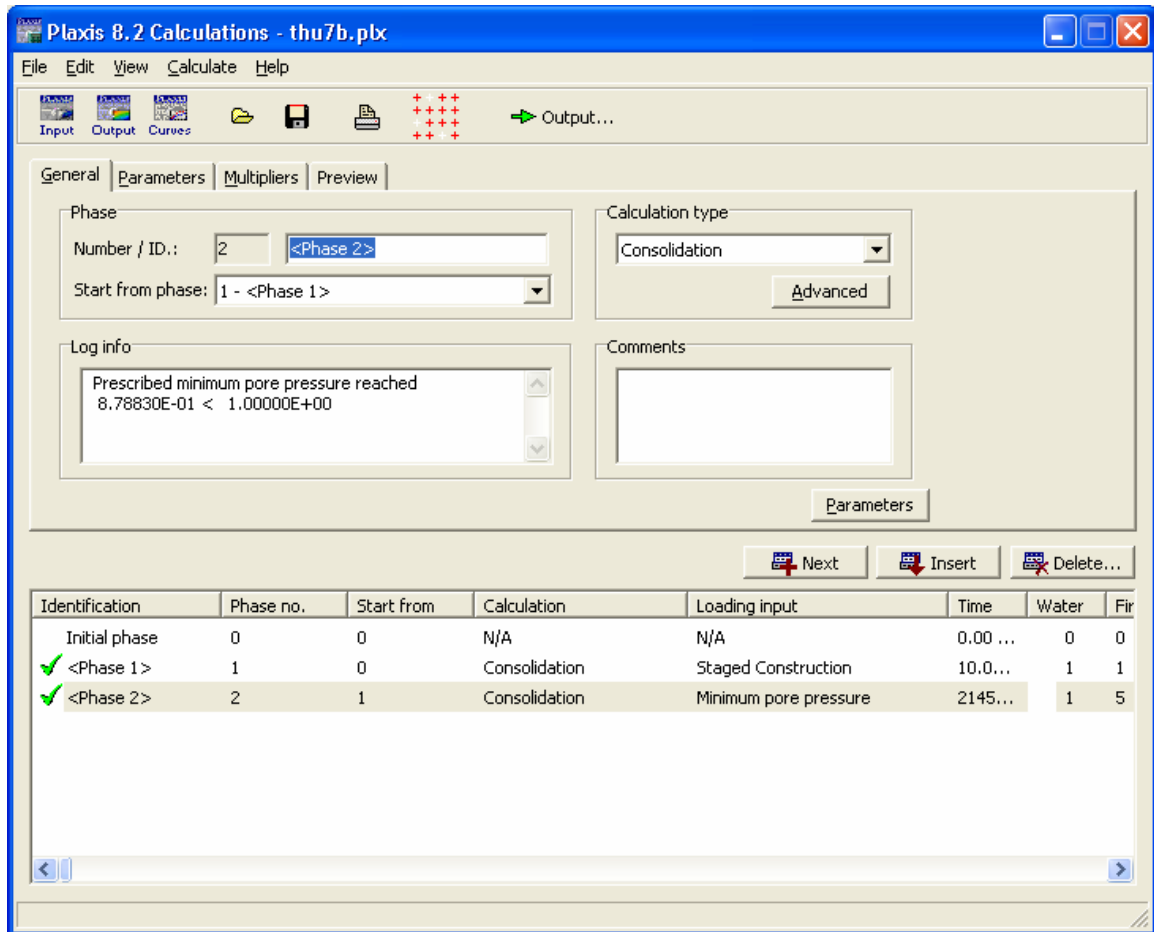
Curvres



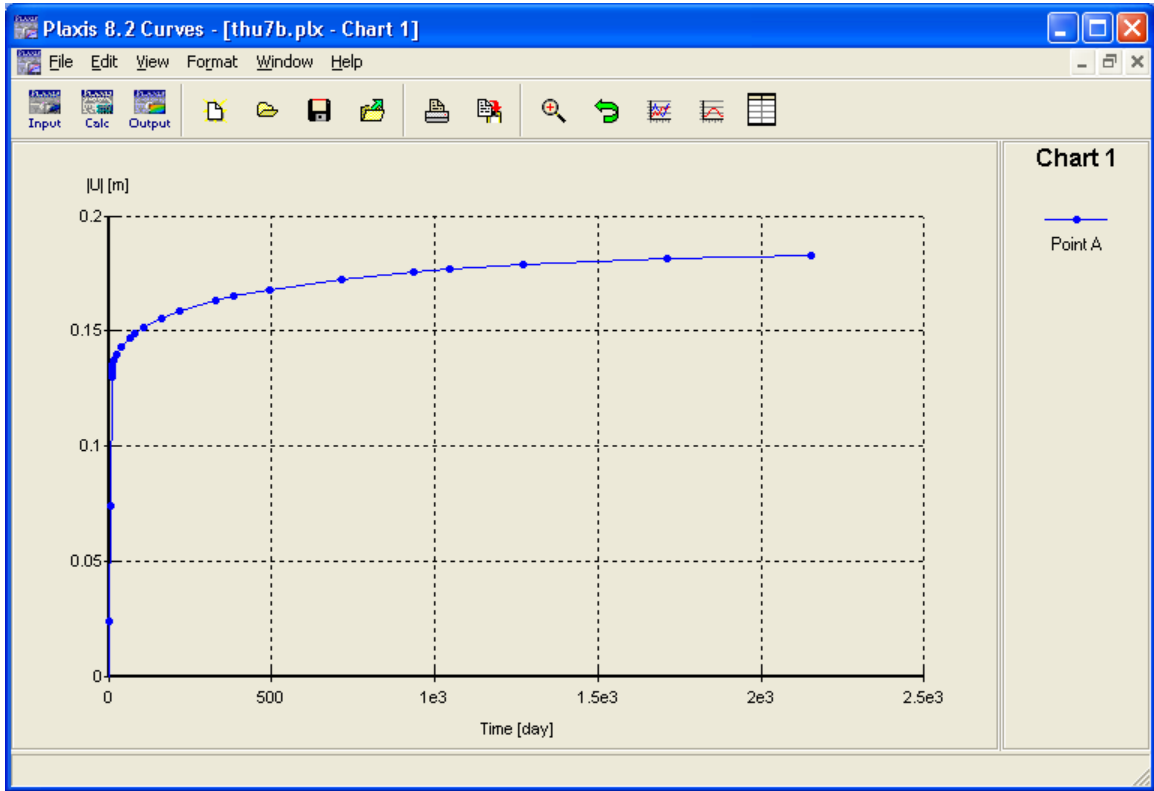
TRƯỜNG HỢP 2:

Phase 1 : Tính toán cố kết sau 10 ngày

Phase 2 : Tính toán cố kết sau 2064 ngày



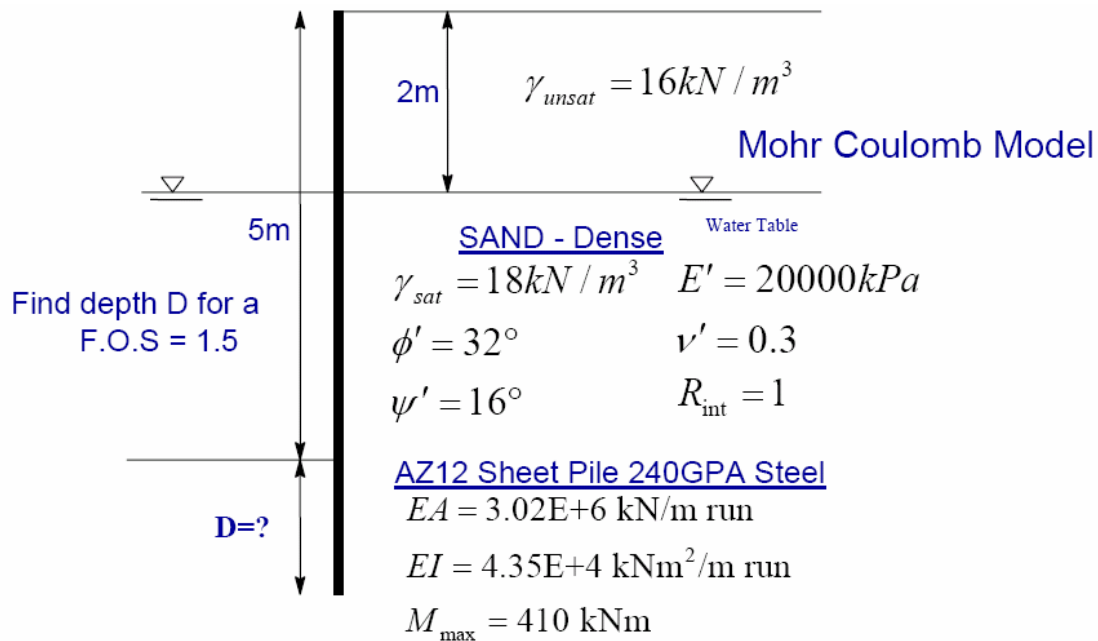
Kết quả như sau :



Phần 7 : PLAXIS INPUT, CALCULATE SHEET PILE WALLS



Steel Pile Sections



37. Tạo hình dạng bài toán

- Vẽ tấm (Plate) 
- Gán biên 
- Gán số liệu địa chất 

Mohr-Coulomb - Lesson 2 - Sand

General | Parameters | Interfaces

Material Set

Identification: Lesson 2 - Sand

Material model: Mohr-Coulomb

Material type: Drained

General properties

γ_{unsat} 16.000 kN/m³

γ_{sat} 18.000 kN/m³

Comments

Permeability

k_x : 1.000 m/day

k_y : 1.000 m/day

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help

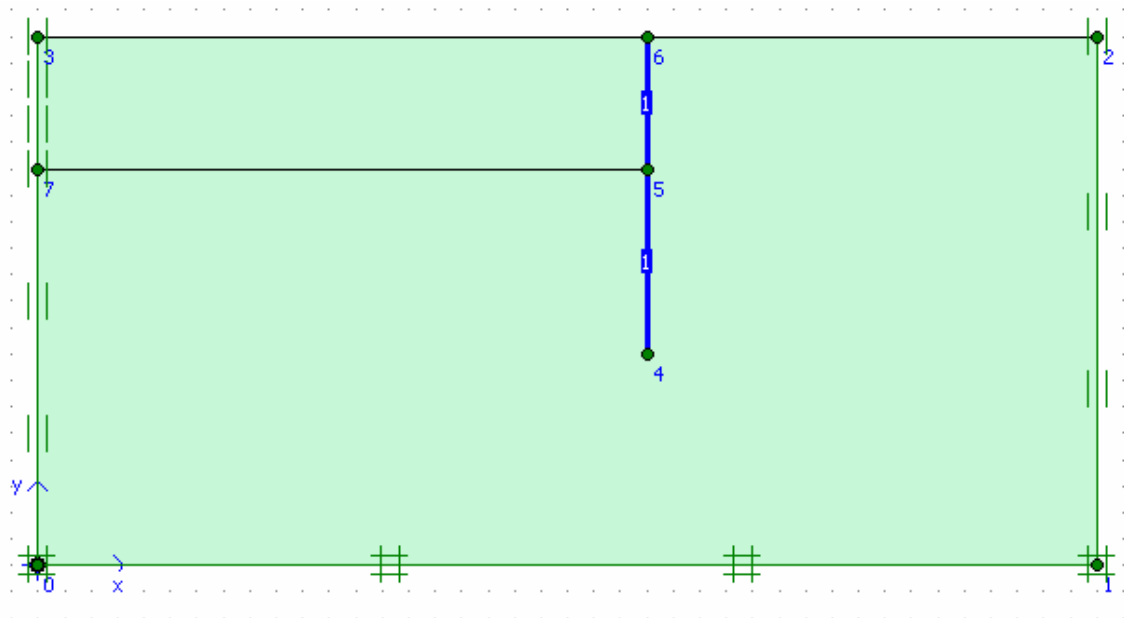
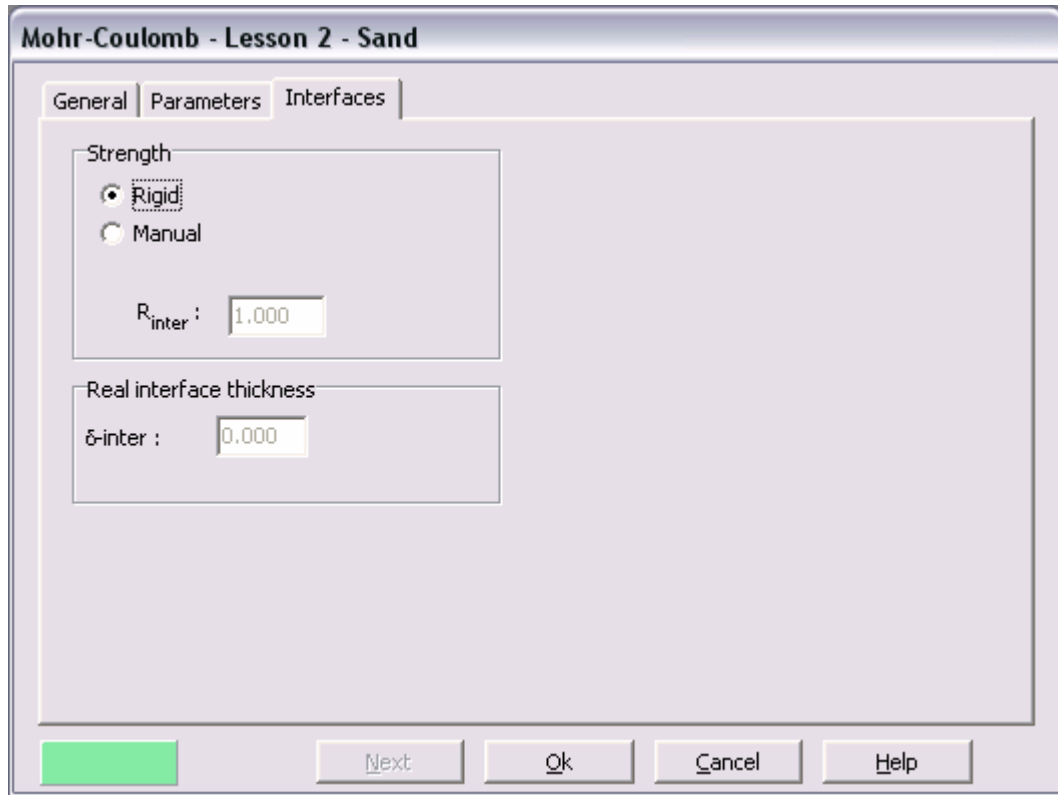
Mohr-Coulomb - Lesson 2 - Sand

General Parameters Interfaces

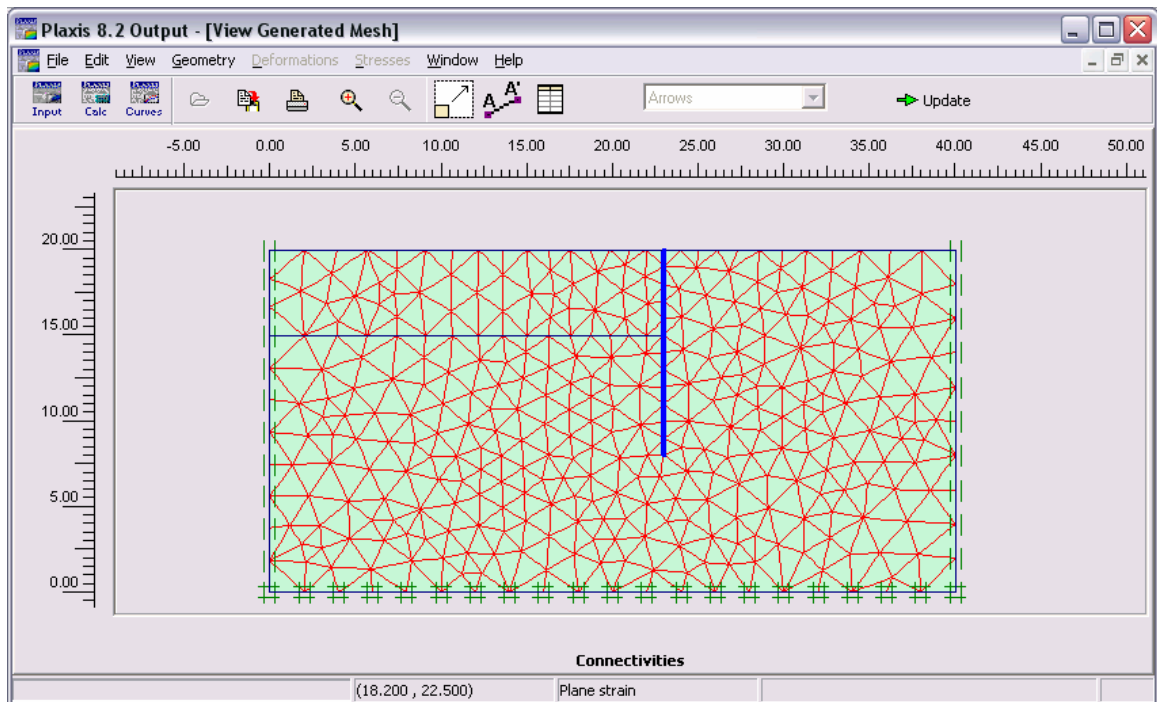
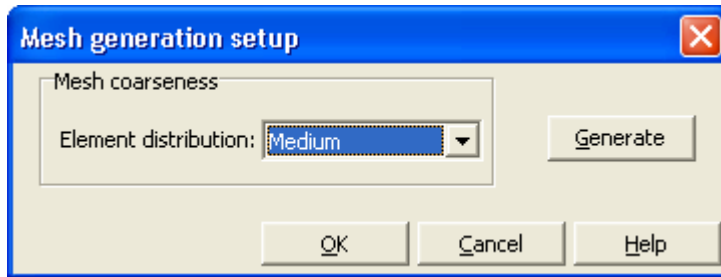
Stiffness	Strength
E_{ref} : 1.486E+04 kN/m ²	c_{ref} : 1.500 kN/m ²
ν (nu) : 0.300	ϕ (phi) : 32.000 °
	ψ (psi) : 16.000 °
Alternatives	Velocities
G_{ref} : 5714.286 kN/m ²	V_s : 59.160 m/s
E_{oed} : 2.000E+04 kN/m ²	V_p : 110.700 m/s

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help



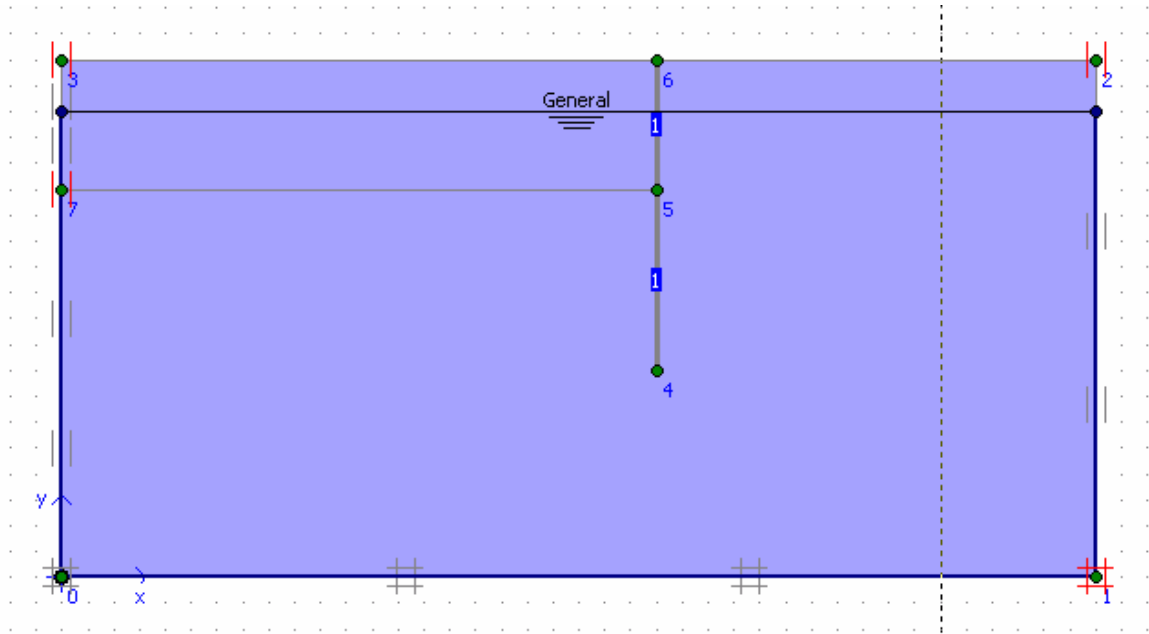
38. Tạo lưới phần tử





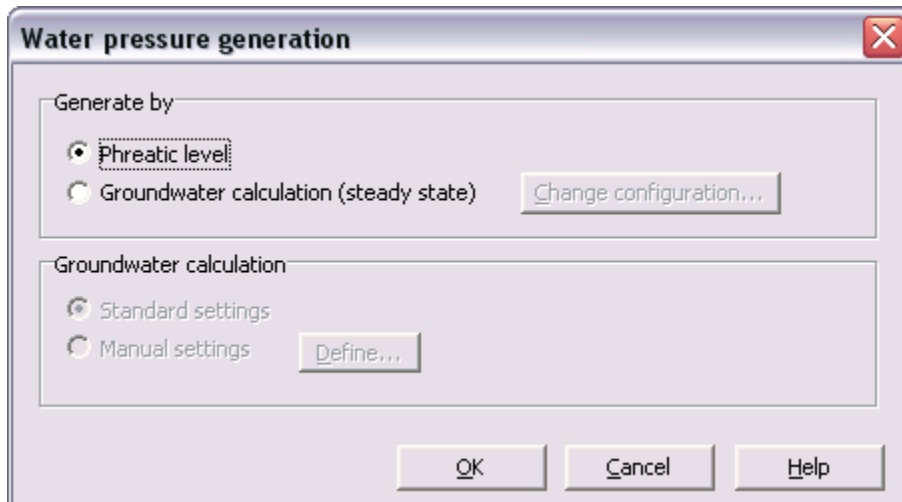
Update

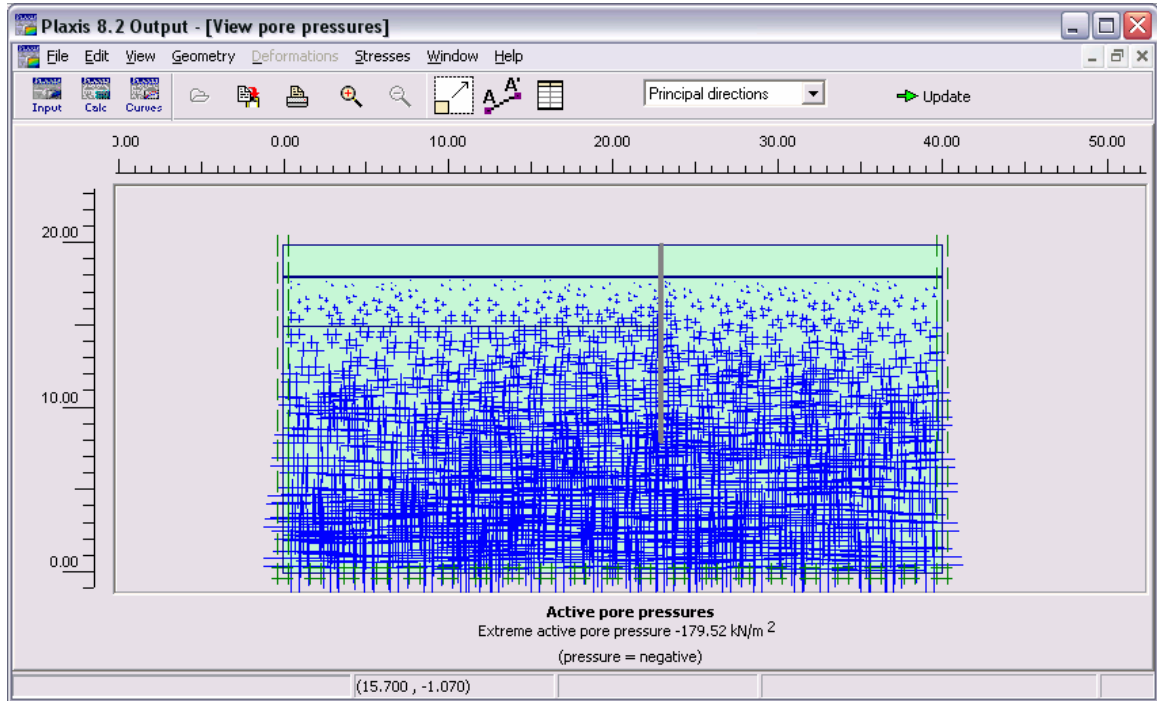
39. Tính toán điều kiện ban đầu

Gán mực nước ngầm




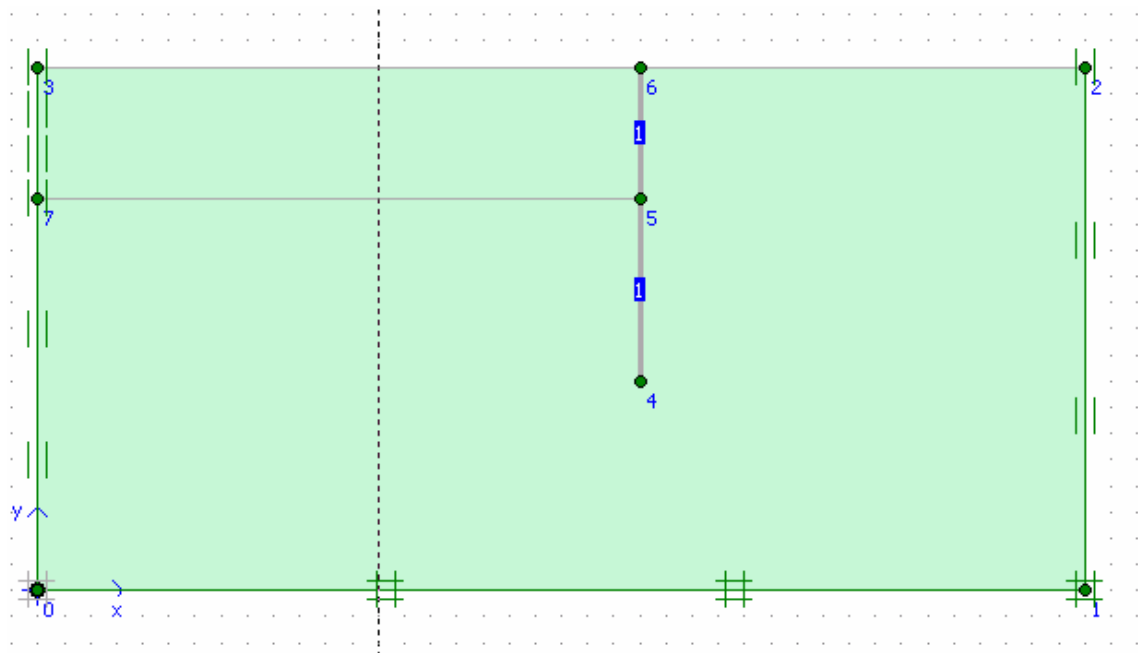
Tính toán áp lực nước  

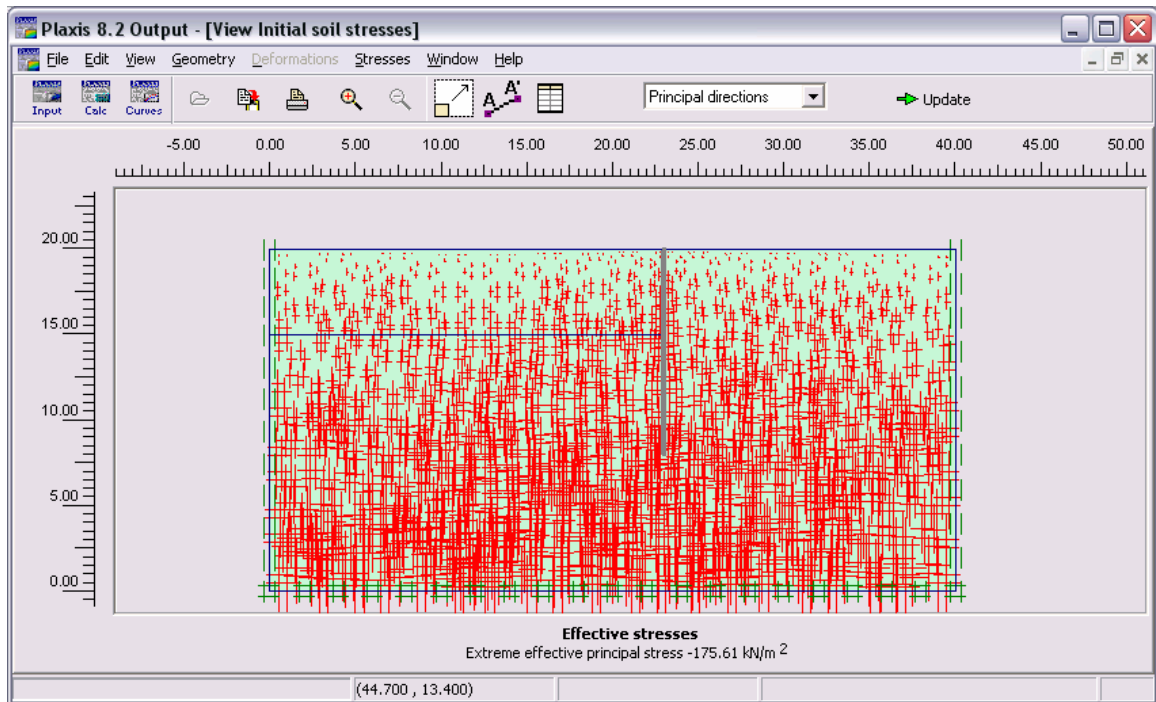
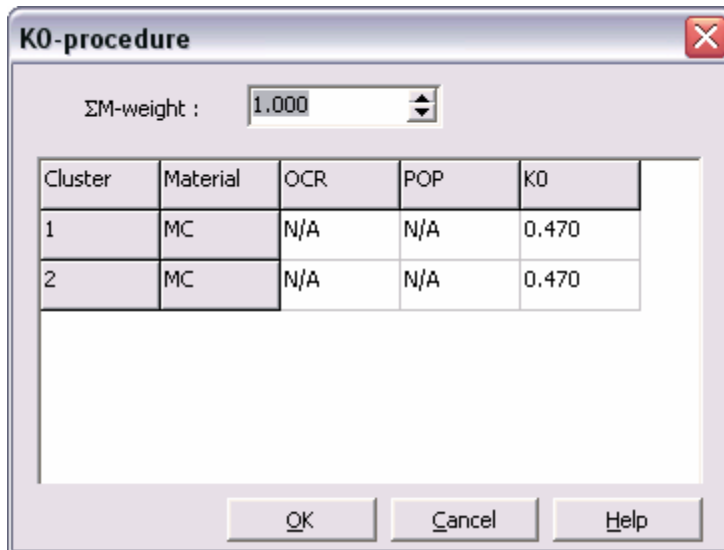




Update

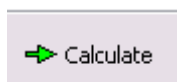
Tính toán áp lực đất 

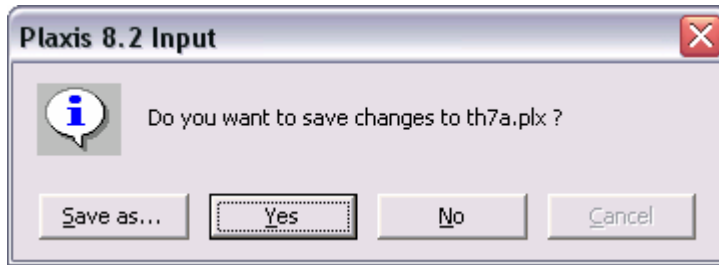




Update

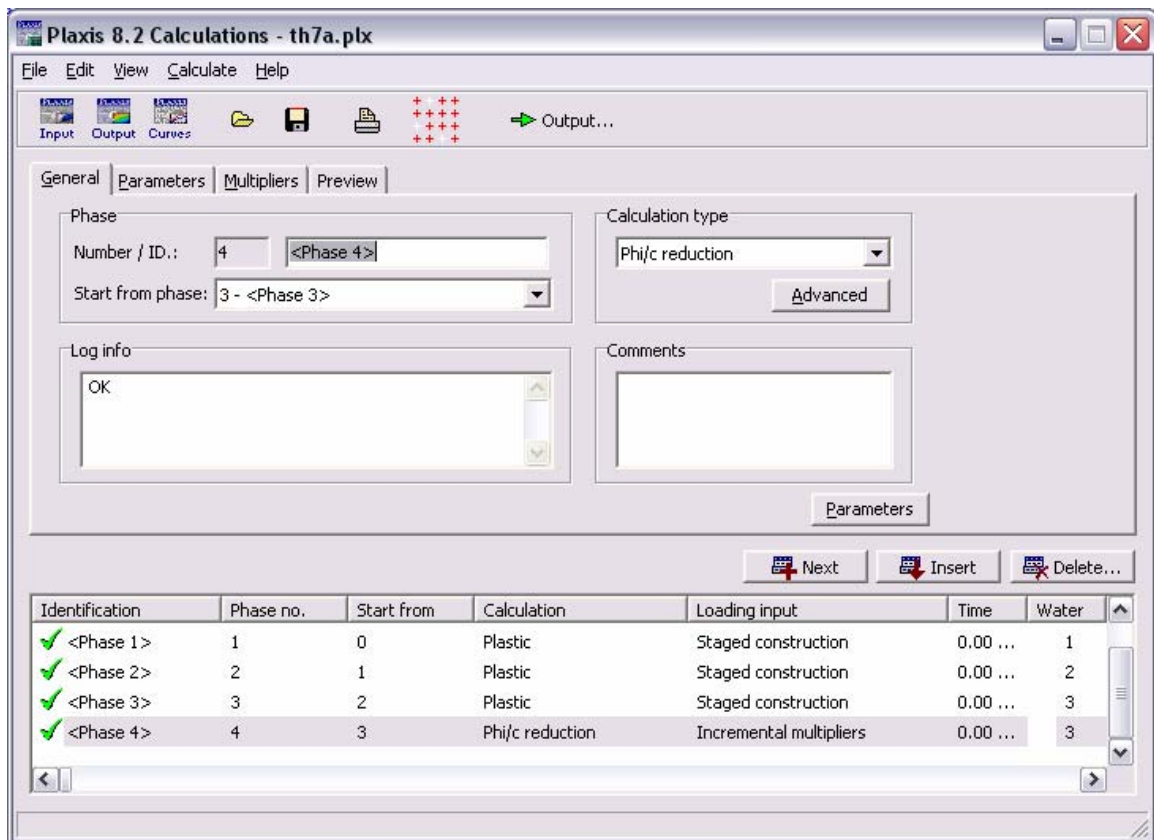
40. Bắt đầu tính toán



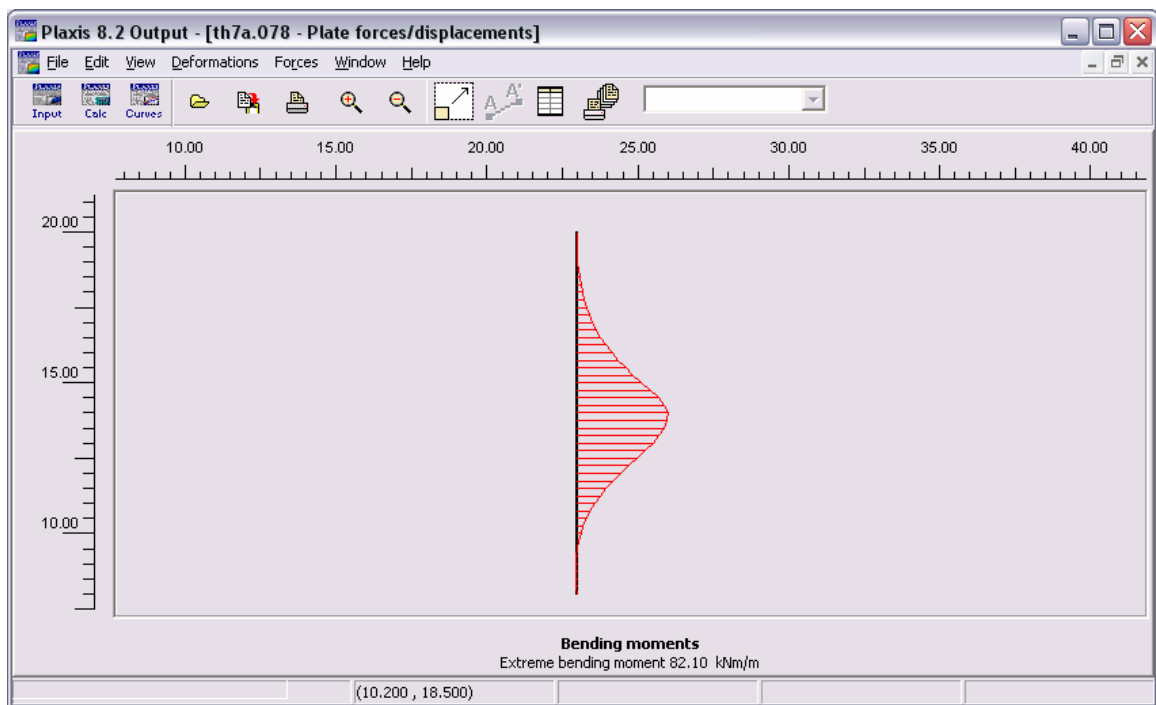
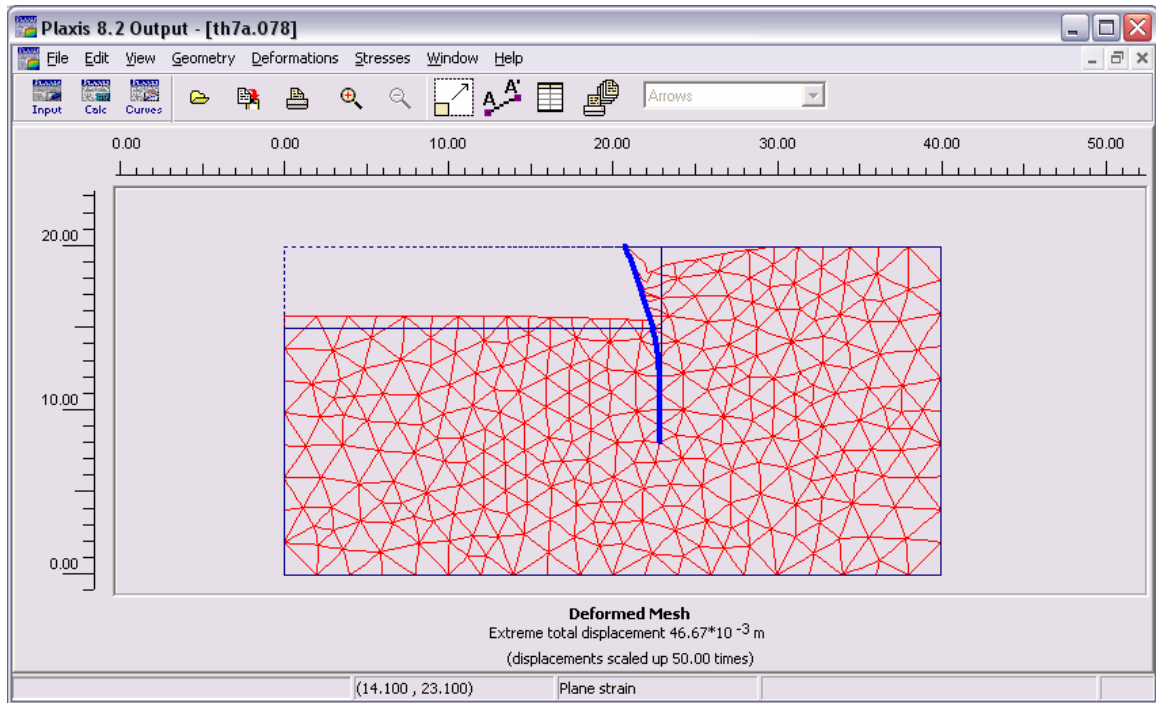


Tính toán cho 4 phase :

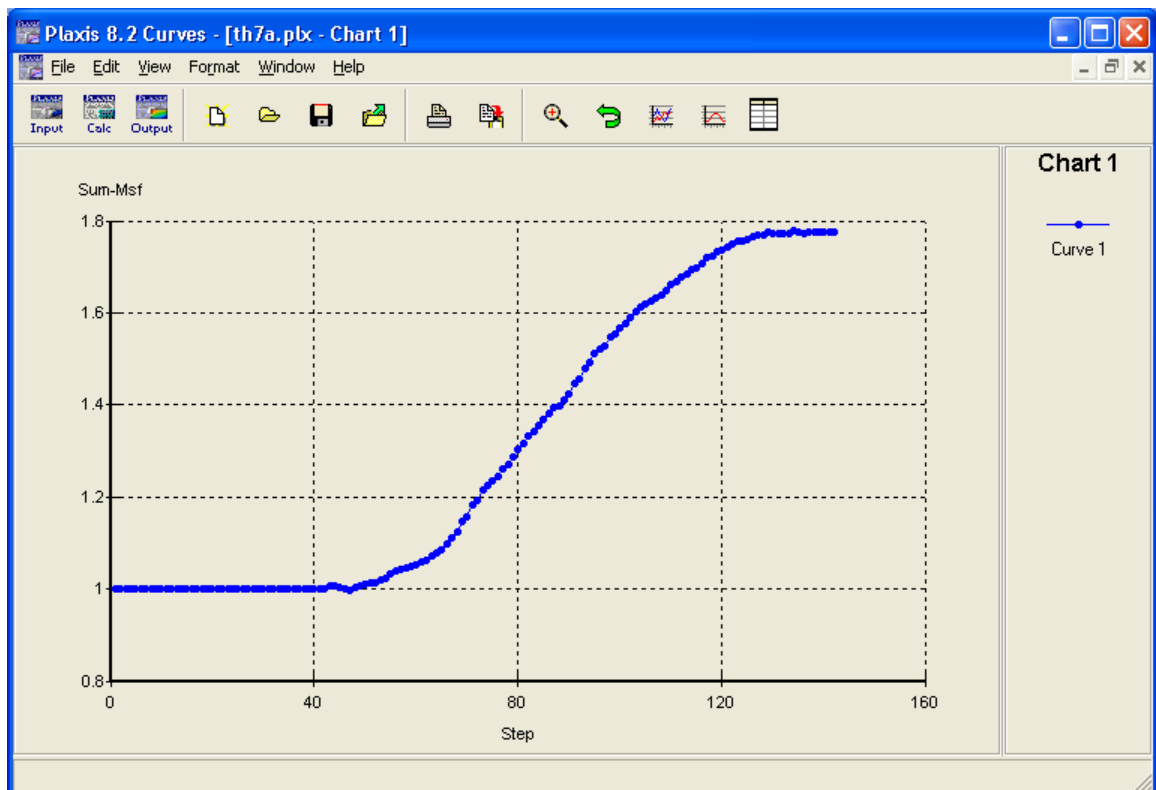
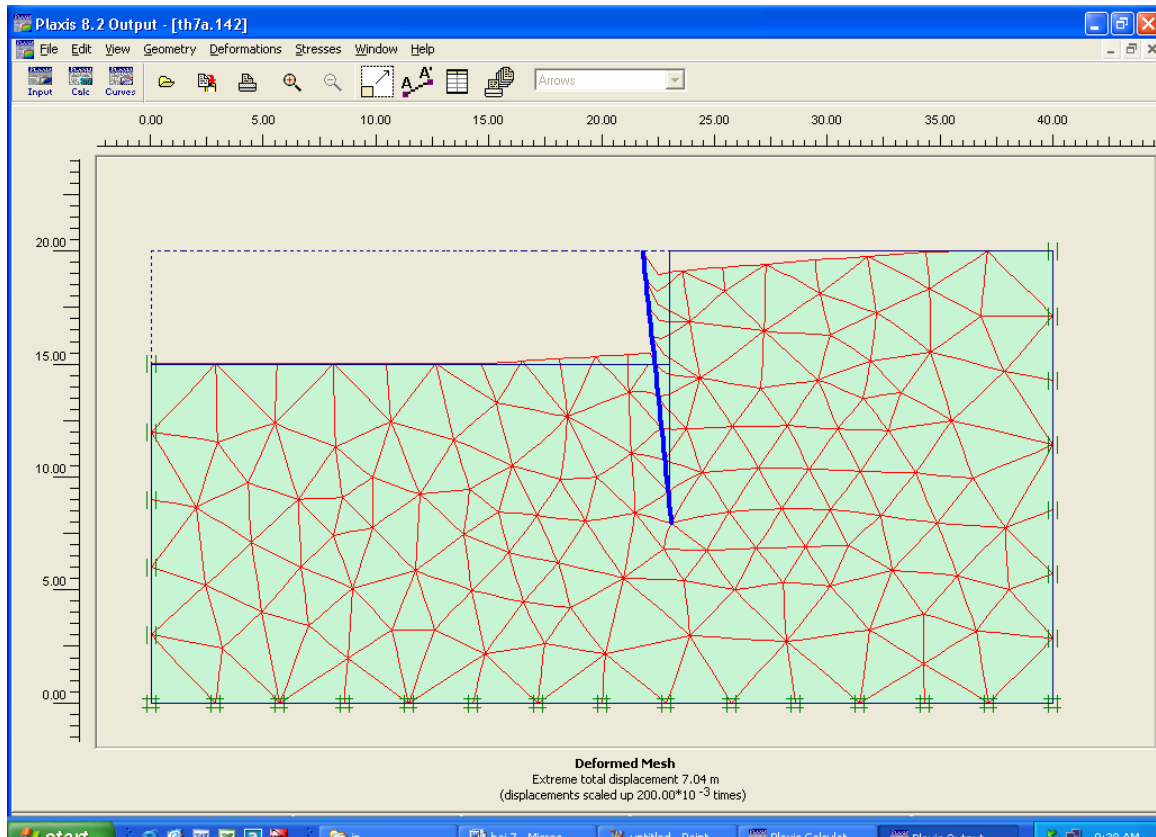
1. Ban đầu
2. Có sheet pile
3. Bỏ đất
4. Tính ổn định Phi/C

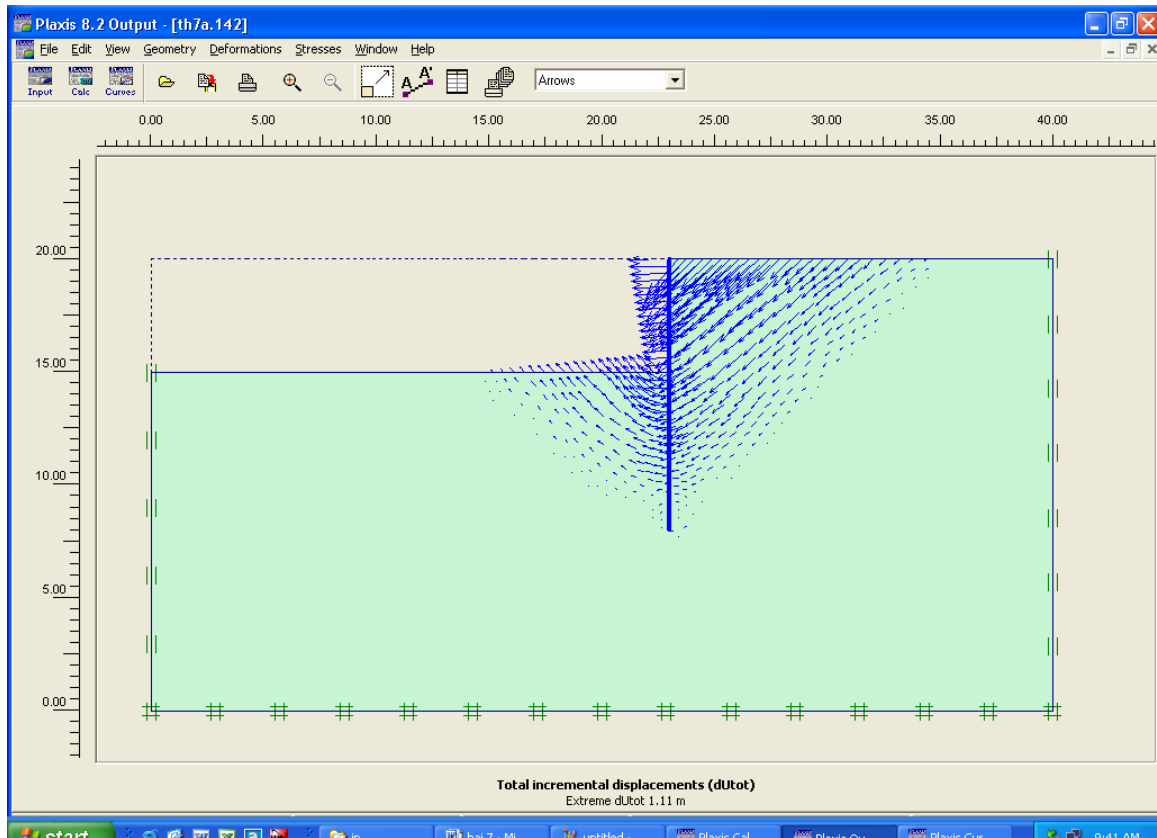


Kết quả phase 3



Kết quả phase 4

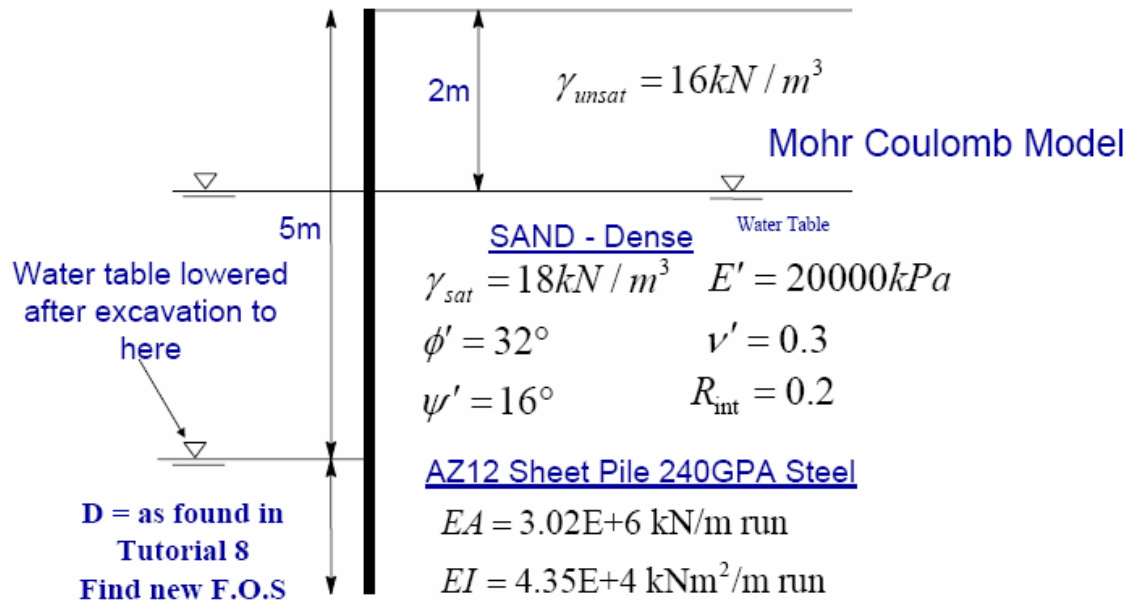




Phần 8 : PLAXIS INPUT, CALCULATE SHEET PILE WALLS




Steel Pile Sections





41. Tạo hình dạng bài toán

Vẽ tấm (Plate)



Vẽ phần tử tiếp xúc 

Gán biên 

Gán số liệu địa chất 

Mohr-Coulomb - Lesson 2 - Sand

General Parameters Interfaces

Material Set

Identification: Lesson 2 - Sand

Material model: Mohr-Coulomb

Material type: Drained

General properties

γ_{unsat} 16.000 kN/m³

γ_{sat} 18.000 kN/m³

Comments

Permeability

k_x : 1.000 m/day

k_y : 1.000 m/day

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help

Mohr-Coulomb - Sand

General Parameters Interfaces

Stiffness

E_{ref} : 1.486E+04 kN/m²

ν (nu) : 0.300

Strength

c_{ref} : 5.000 kN/m²

ϕ (phi) : 32.000 °

ψ (psi) : 16.000 °

Alternatives

G_{ref} : 5714.286 kN/m²

E_{oed} : 2.000E+04 kN/m²

Velocities

V_s : 59.160 m/s

V_p : 110.700 m/s

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help

Mohr-Coulomb - Sand

General Parameters Interfaces

Strength

Rigid

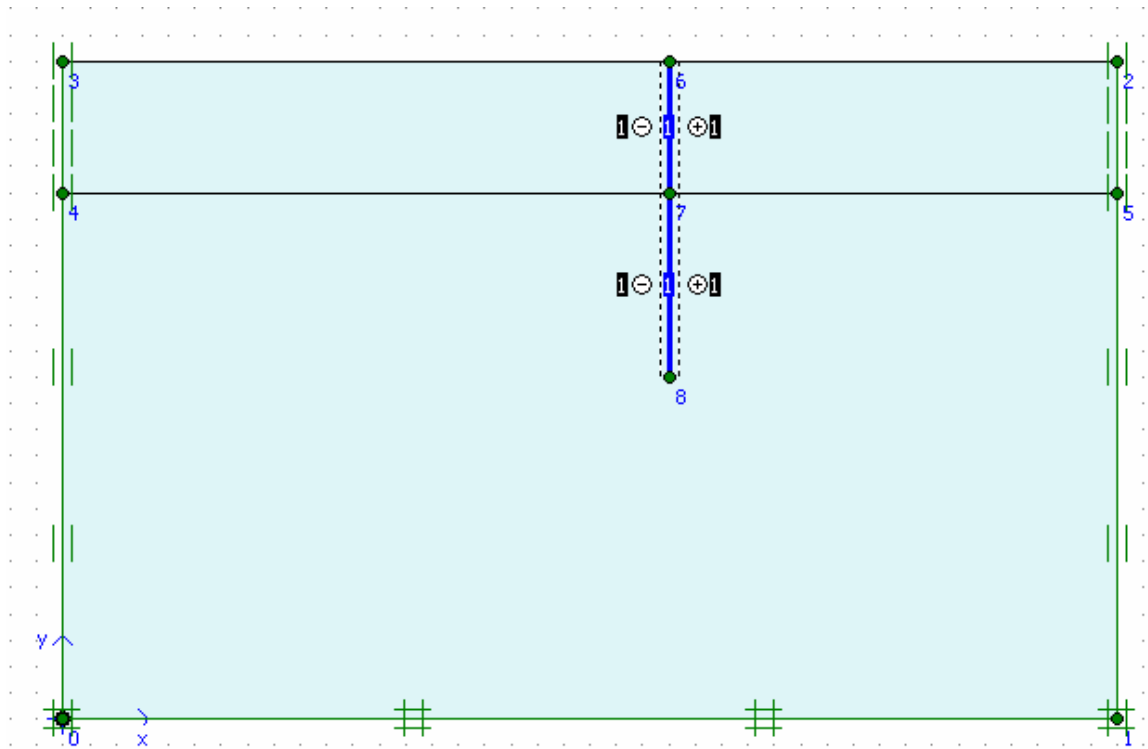
Manual

R_{inter} : 0.200

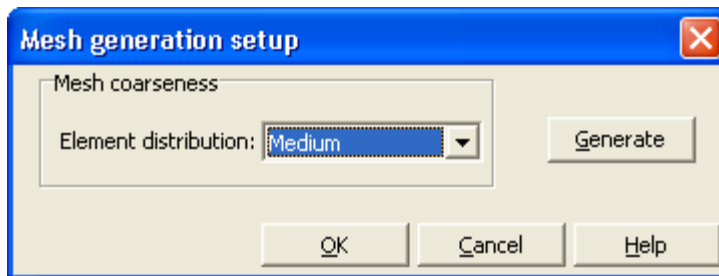
Real interface thickness

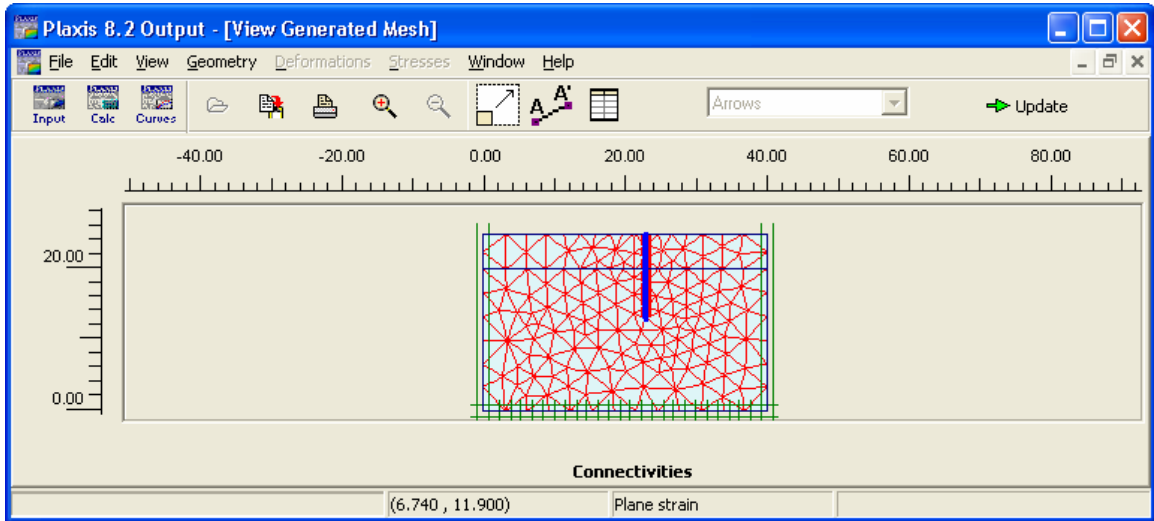
δ_{inter} : 0.000

Next Ok Cancel Help



42. Tạo lưới phần tử

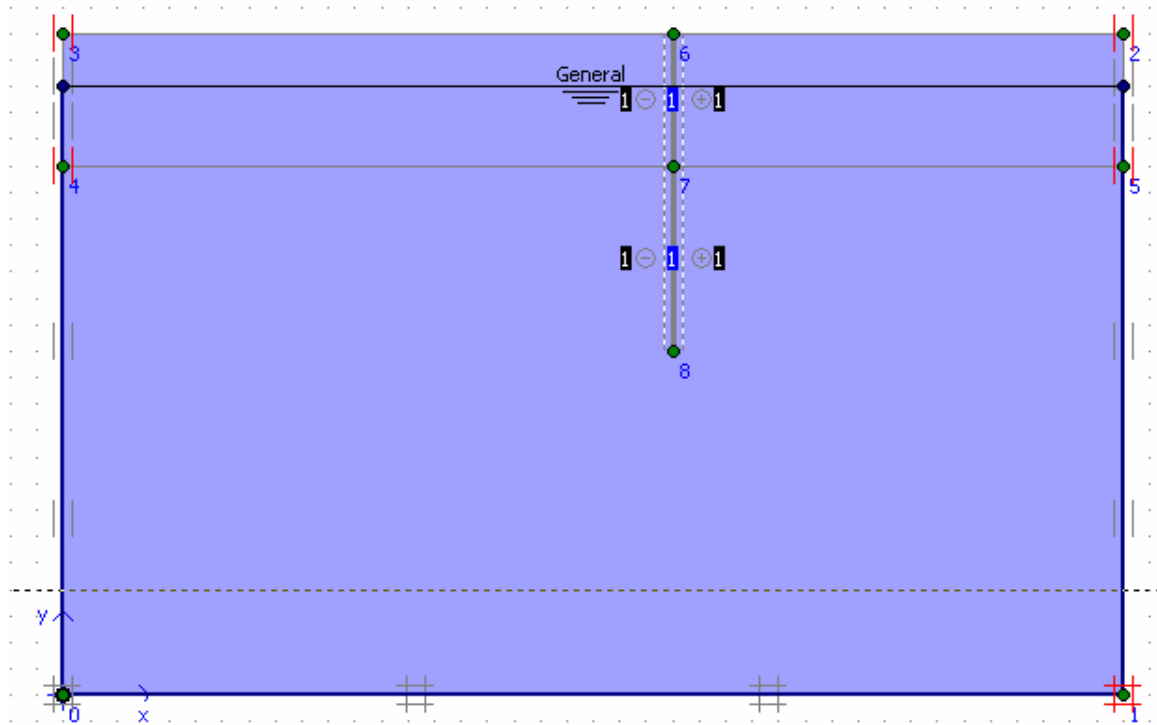





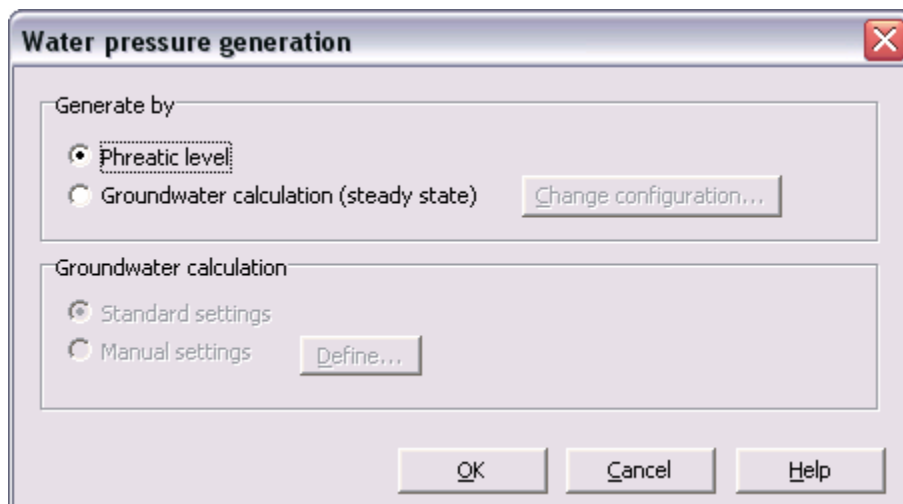
Update

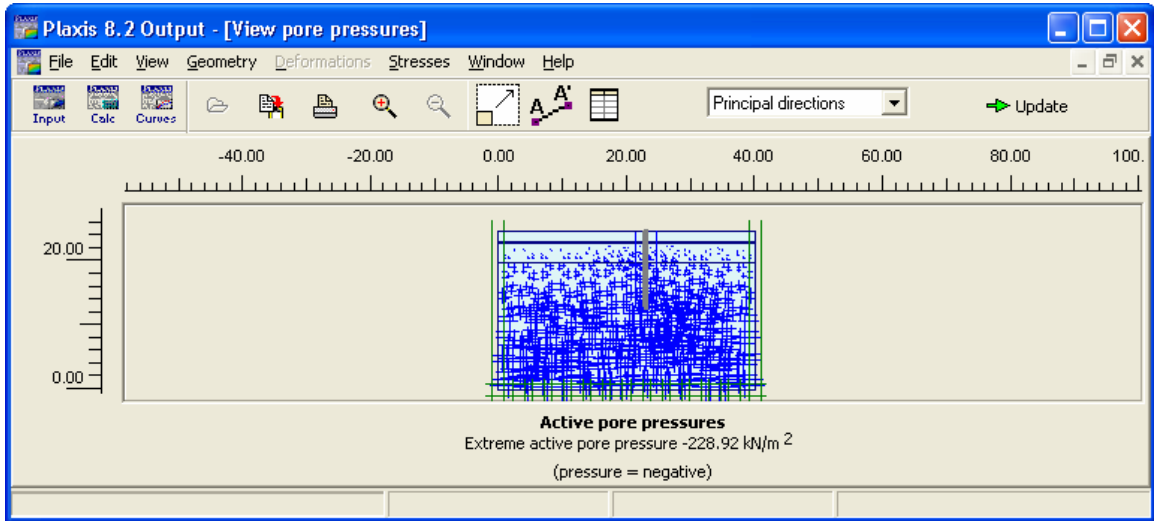
43. Tính toán điều kiện ban đầu

Gán mực nước ngầm




Tính toán áp lực nước 





Update

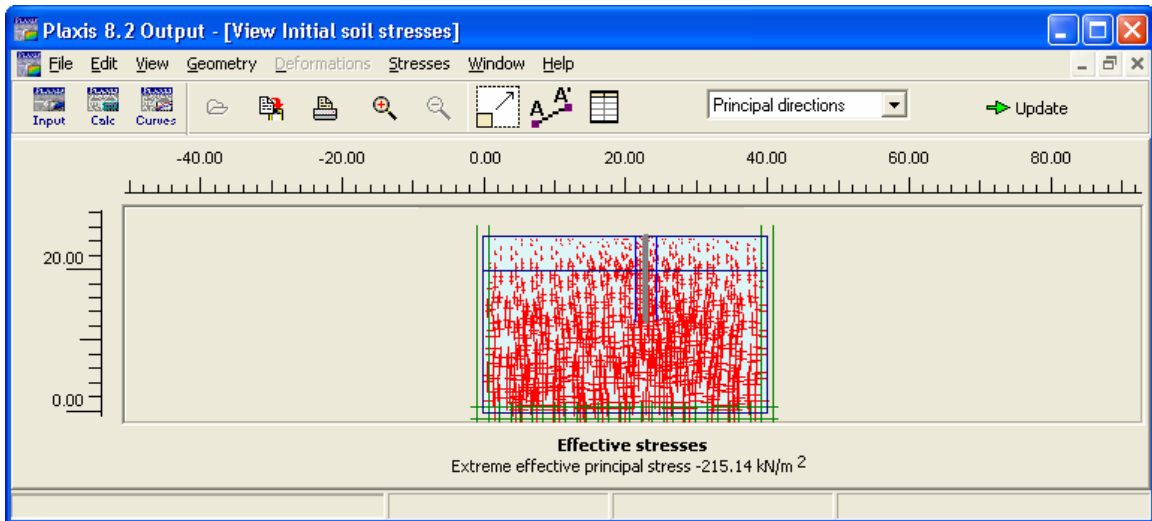
Tính toán áp lực đất 

K0-procedure

ΣM-weight : 1.000

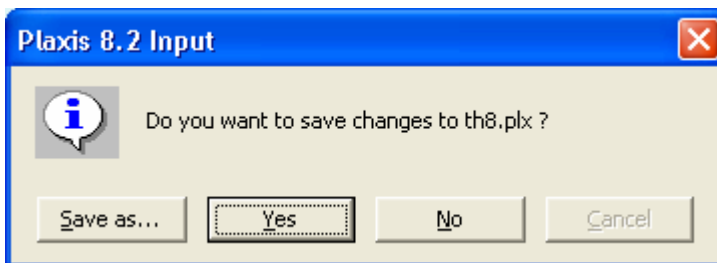
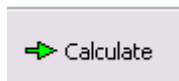
Cluster	Material	OCR	POP	K0
1	MC	N/A	N/A	0.470
2	MC	N/A	N/A	0.470

OK Cancel Help



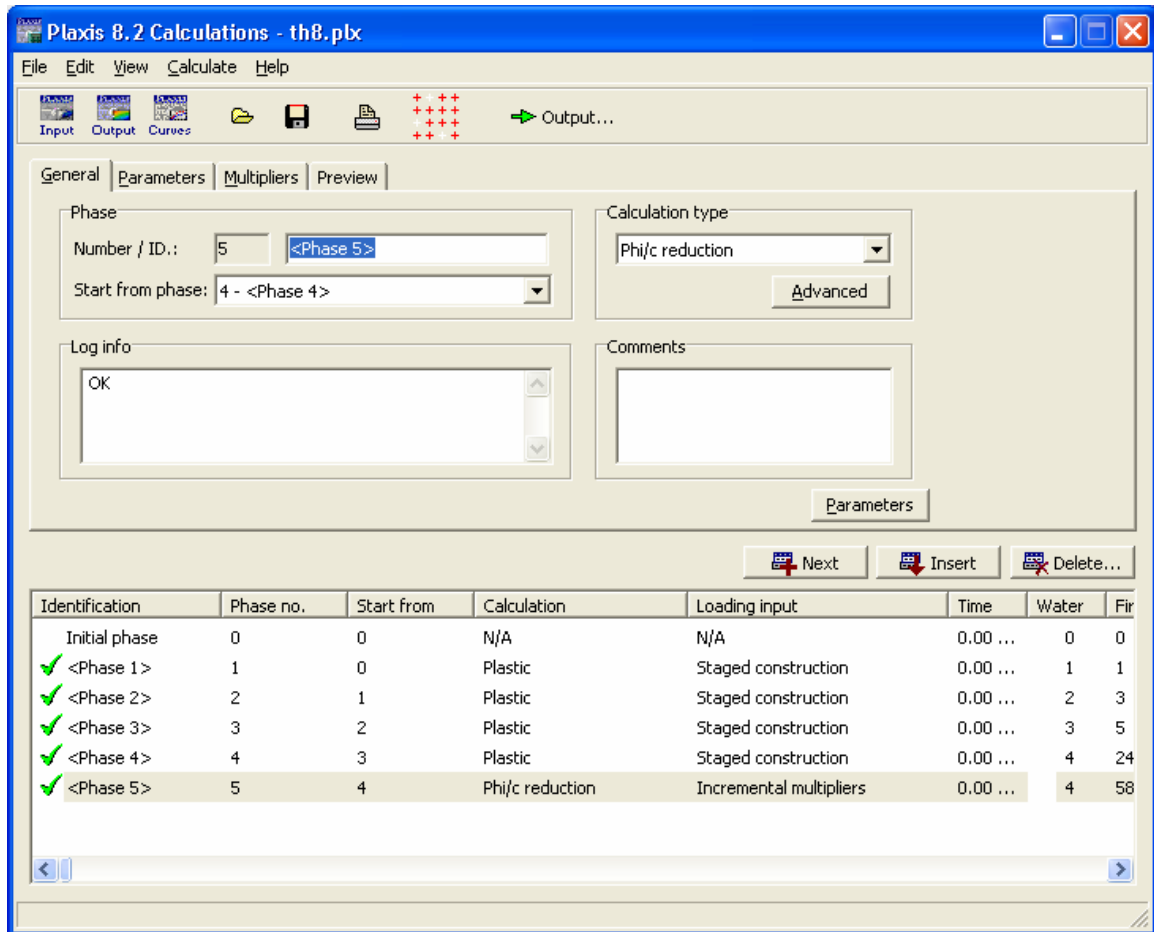
Update

44. Bắt đầu tính toán

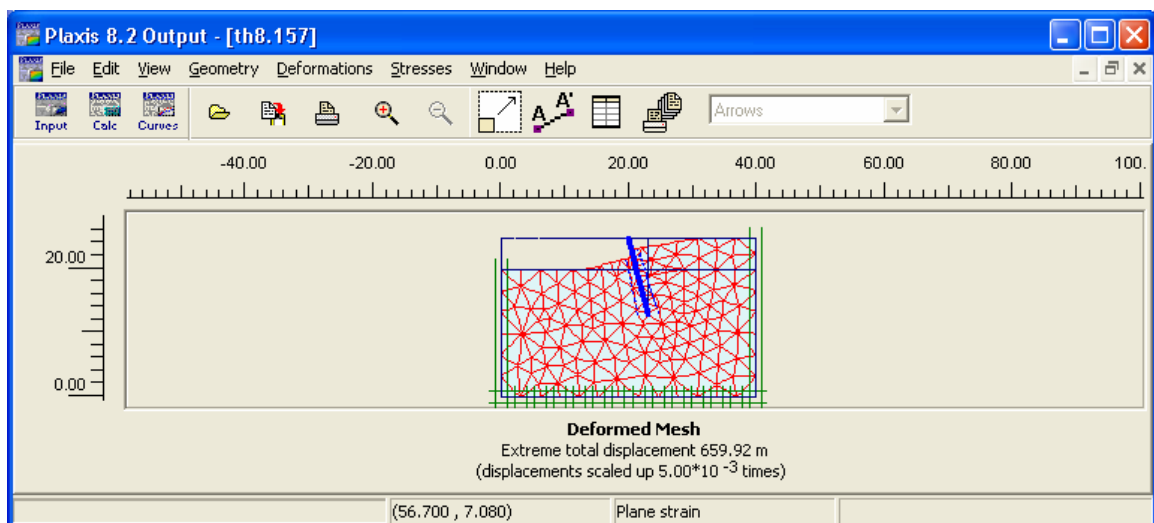


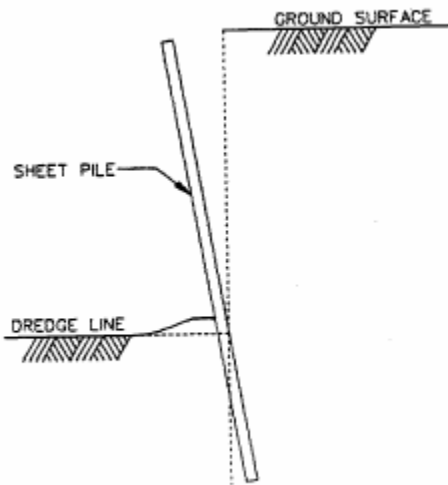
Tính toán cho 5 phase :

5. Ban đầu
6. Có sheet pile
7. Bỏ đất
8. Hạ thấp mực nước GWF
9. Tính ổn định Phi/C

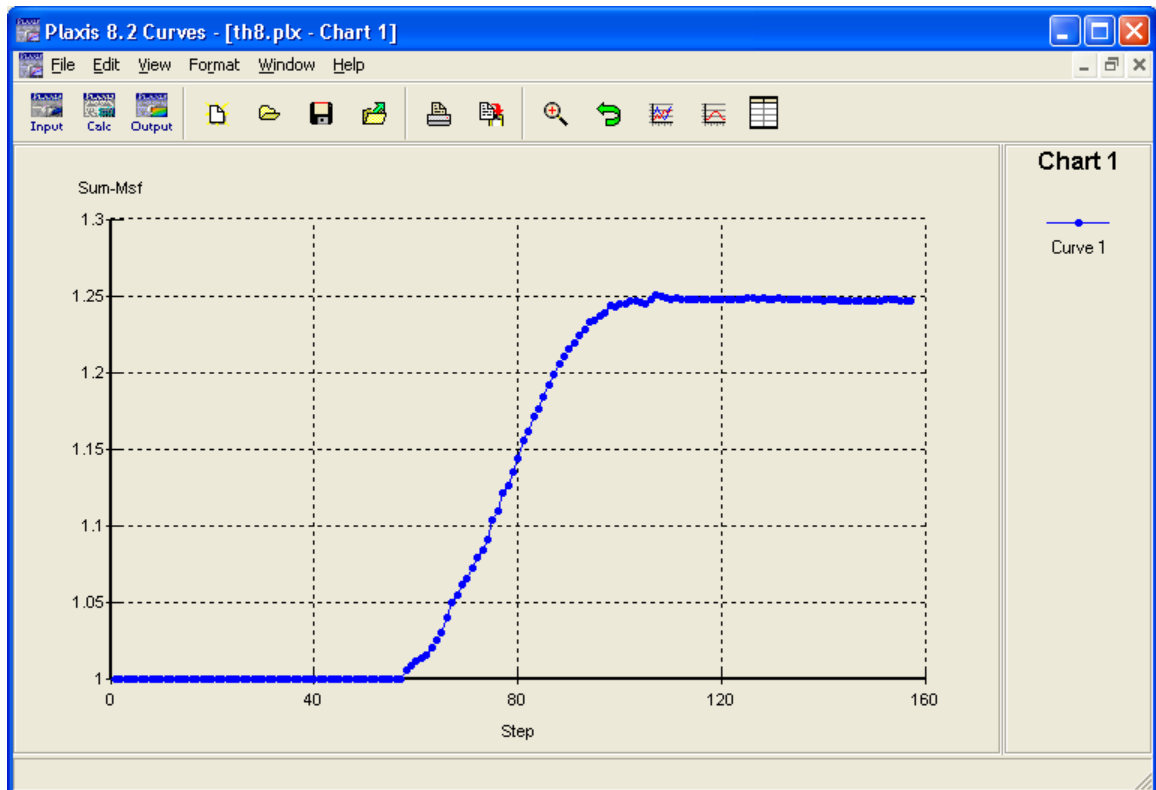


Kết quả phase cuối cùng





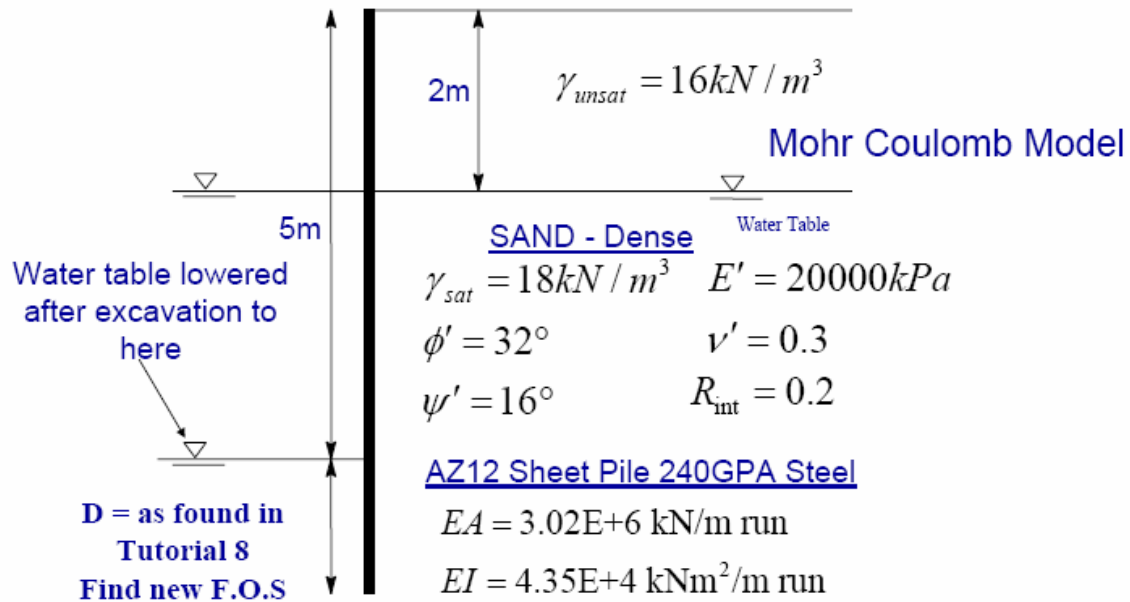
a. Cantilever wall



Phần 9 : PLAXIS INPUT, CALCULATE SHEET PILE WALLS

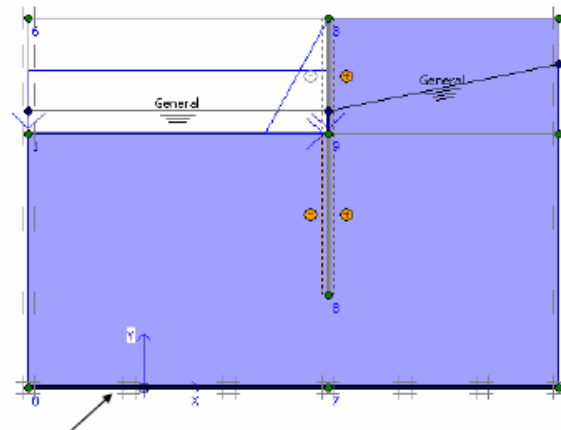
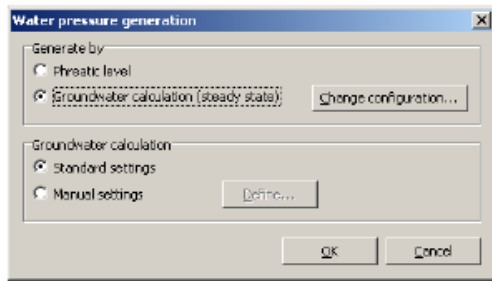


Steel Pile Sections



Now redo the problem but now conducting a ground water flow GWF analysis. Set permeability $k=1$ m/day

$$k = 1 \text{ m/day}$$



Insert "No Flow" boundary condition here
 i.e impermeable base

45. Tạo hình dạng bài toán

- Vẽ tấm (Plate)
- Vẽ phần tử tiếp xúc
- Gán biên
- Gán số liệu địa chất

Mohr-Coulomb - Lesson 2 - Sand

General | Parameters | Interfaces

Material Set

Identification: Lesson 2 - Sand

Material model: Mohr-Coulomb

Material type: Drained

General properties

γ_{unsat} : 16.000 kN/m³

γ_{sat} : 18.000 kN/m³

Comments

Permeability

k_x : 1.000 m/day

k_y : 1.000 m/day

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help

Mohr-Coulomb - Sand

General Parameters Interfaces

Stiffness

E_{ref} : 1.486E+04 kN/m²

ν (nu) : 0.300

Strength

c_{ref} : 2.000 kN/m²

ϕ (phi) : 32.000 °

ψ (psi) : 16.000 °

Alternatives

G_{ref} : 5714.286 kN/m²

E_{oed} : 2.000E+04 kN/m²

Velocities

V_s : 59.160 m/s

V_p : 110.700 m/s

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help

Mohr-Coulomb - Sand

General Parameters Interfaces

Strength

Rigid

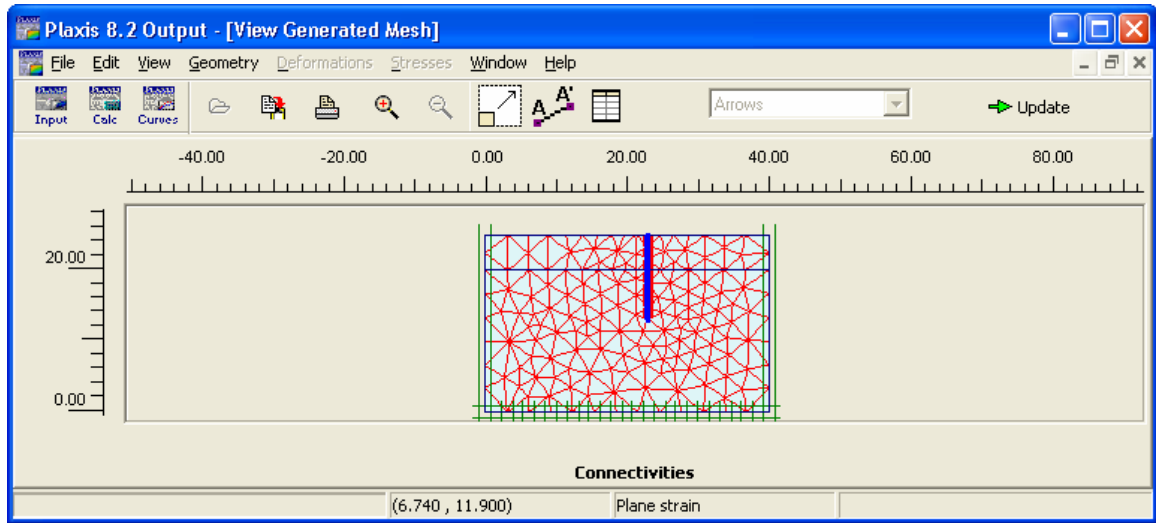
Manual

R_{inter} : 0.200

Real interface thickness

δ_{inter} : 0.000

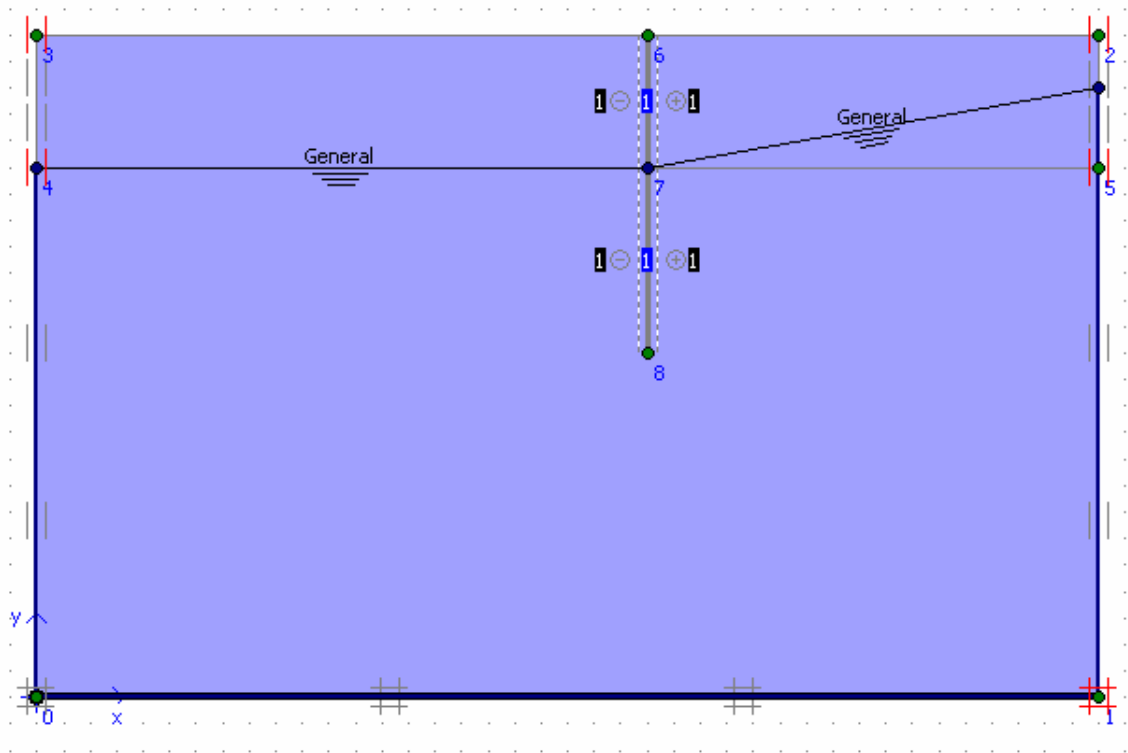
Next Ok Cancel Help




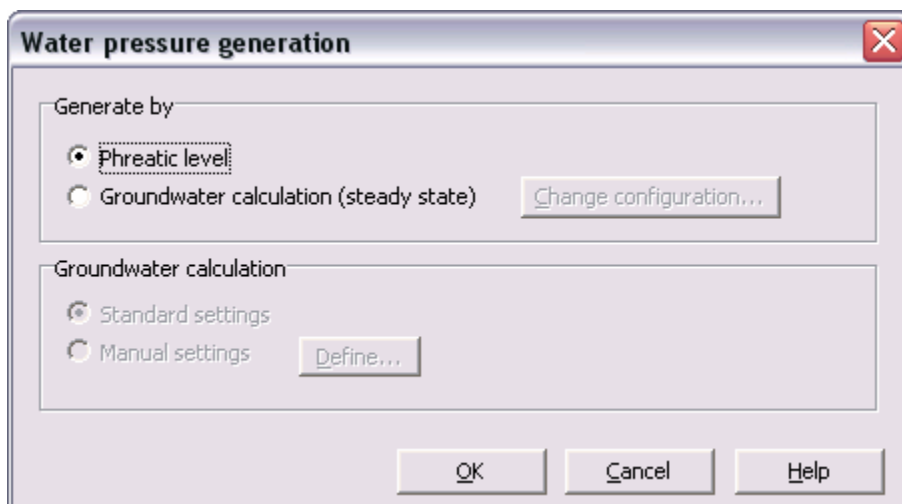
Update

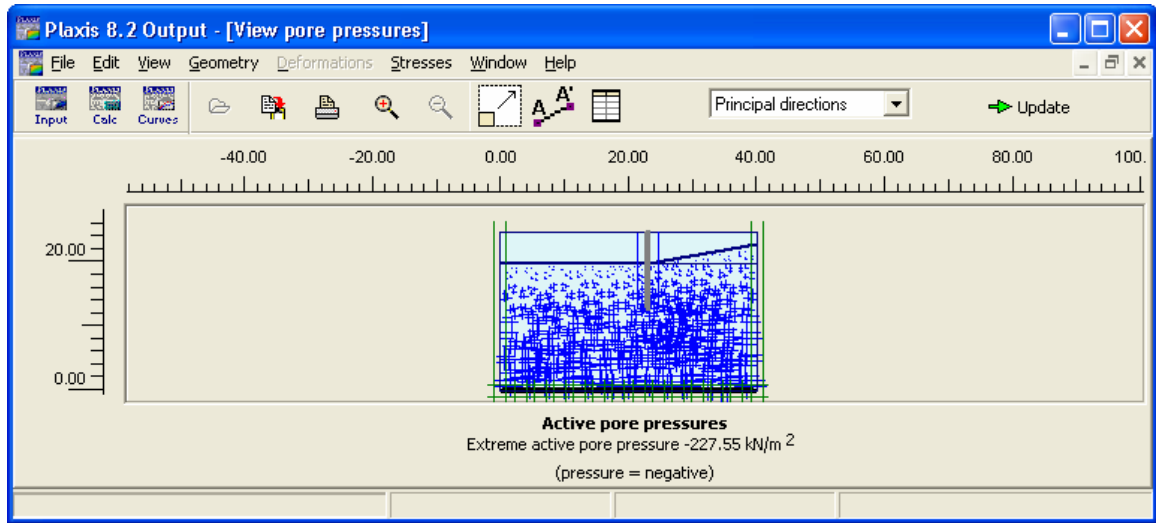
47. Tính toán điều kiện ban đầu

Gán mực nước ngầm

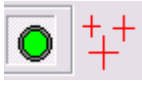


Tính toán áp lực nước 





Update

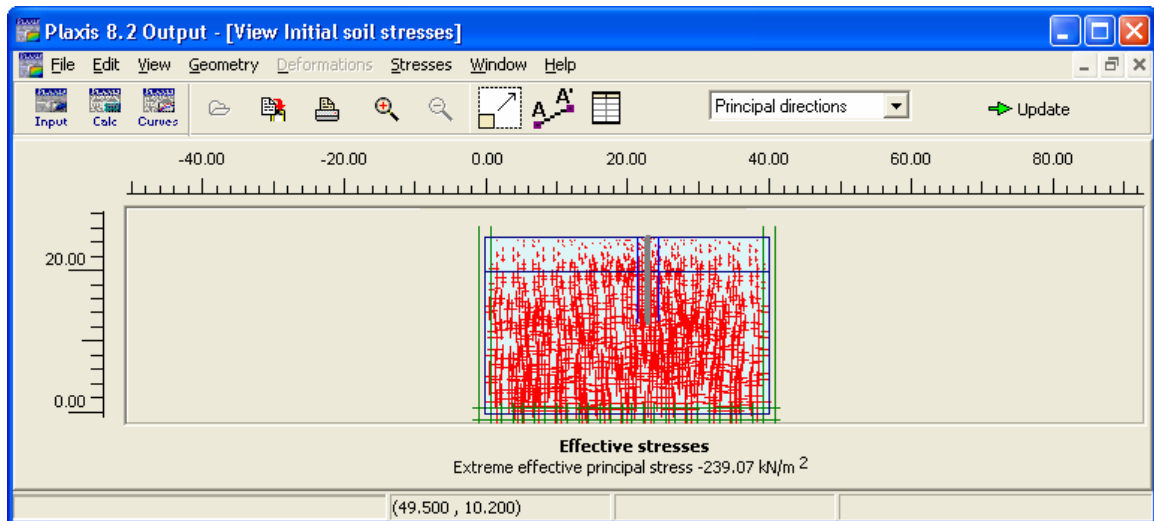
Tính toán áp lực đất 

K0-procedure

ΣM-weight : 1.000

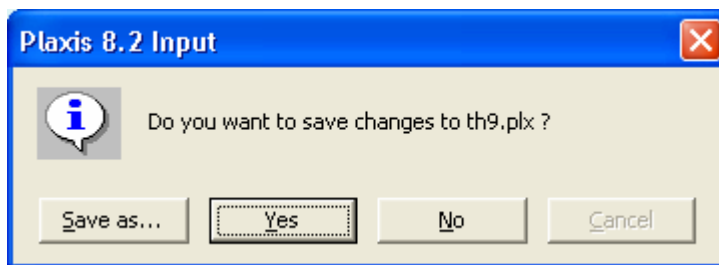
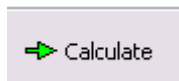
Cluster	Material	OCR	POP	K0
1	MC	N/A	N/A	0.470
2	MC	N/A	N/A	0.470

OK Cancel Help



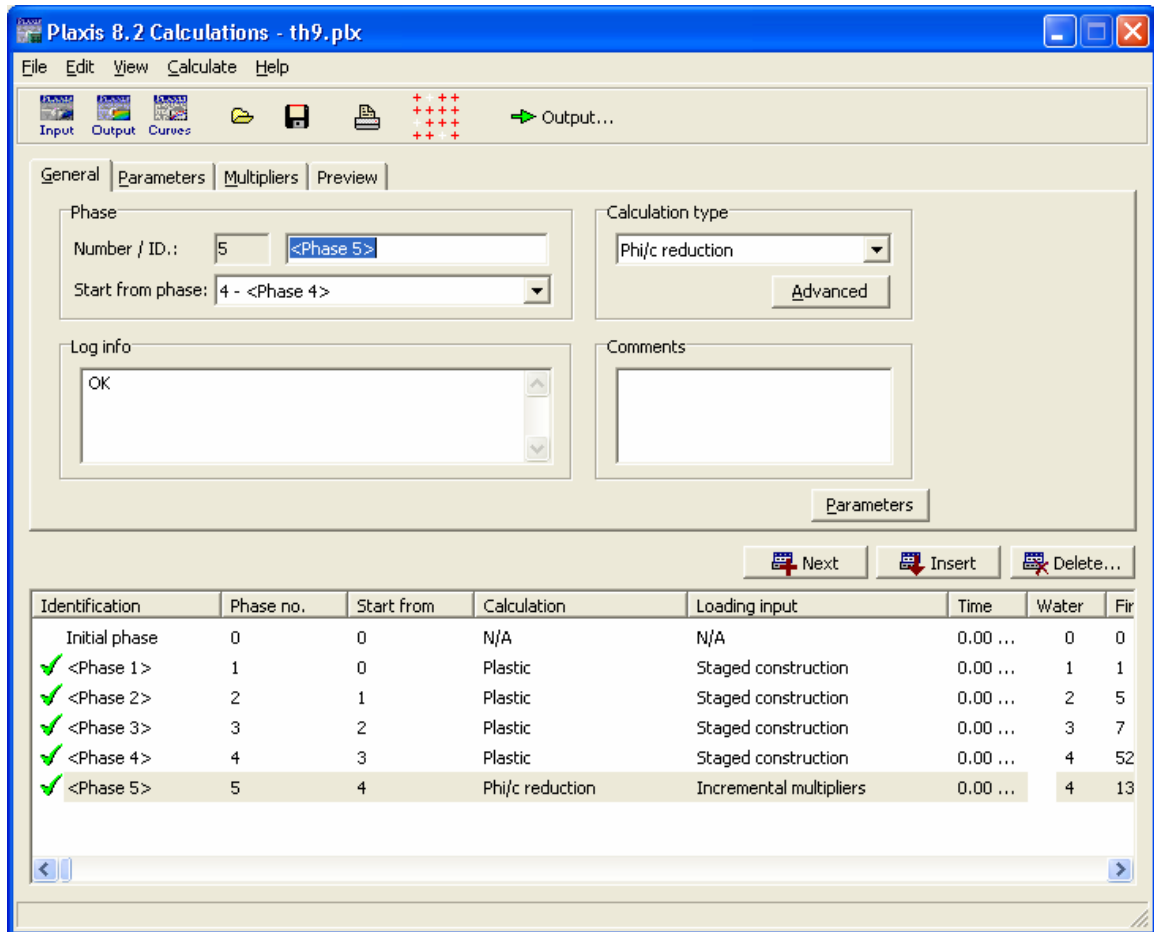
Update

48. Bắt đầu tính toán

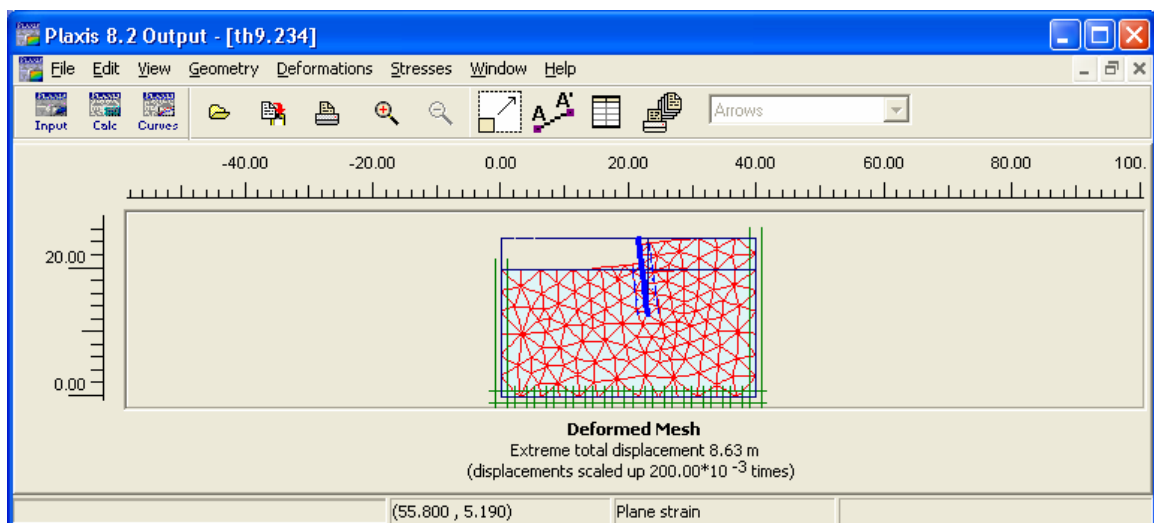


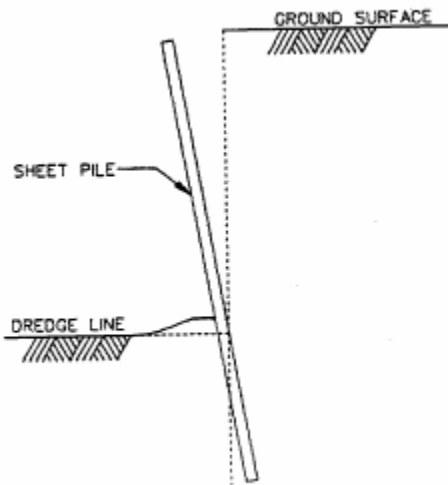
Tính toán cho 5 phase :

10. Ban đầu
11. Có sheet pile
12. Bỏ đất
13. Hạ thấp mực nước GWF
14. Tính ổn định Phi/C

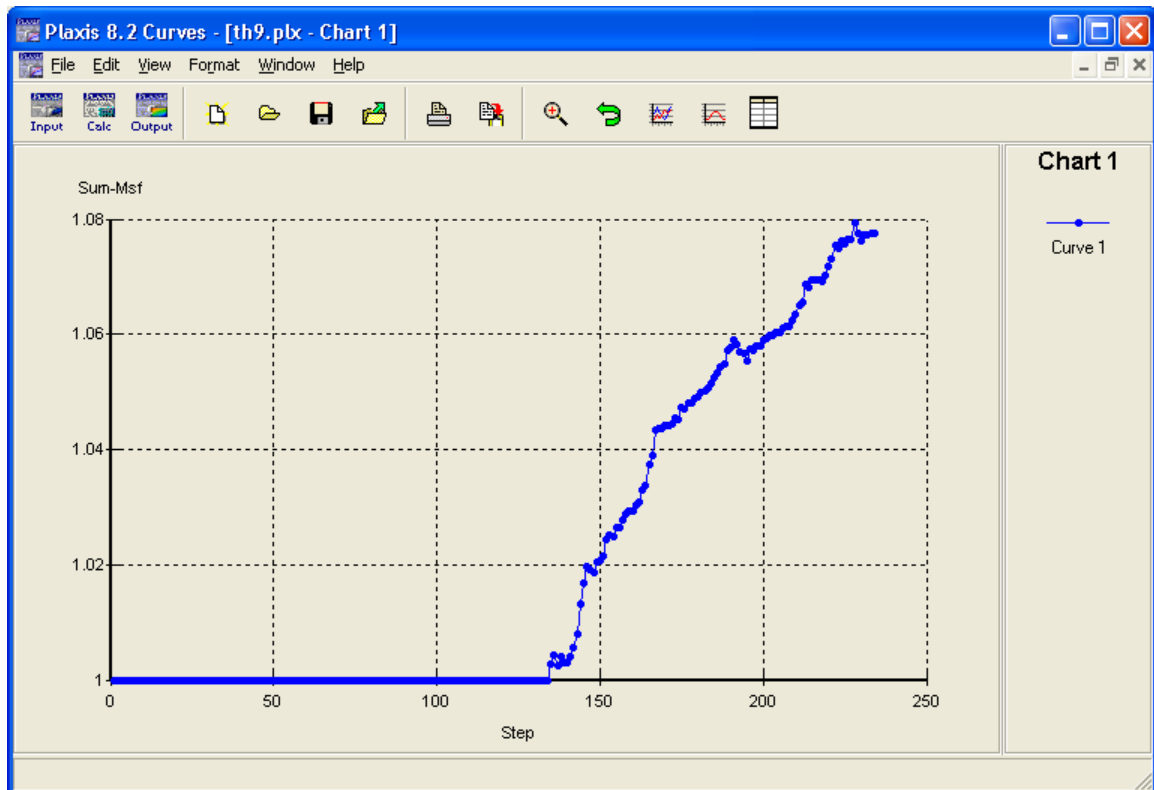


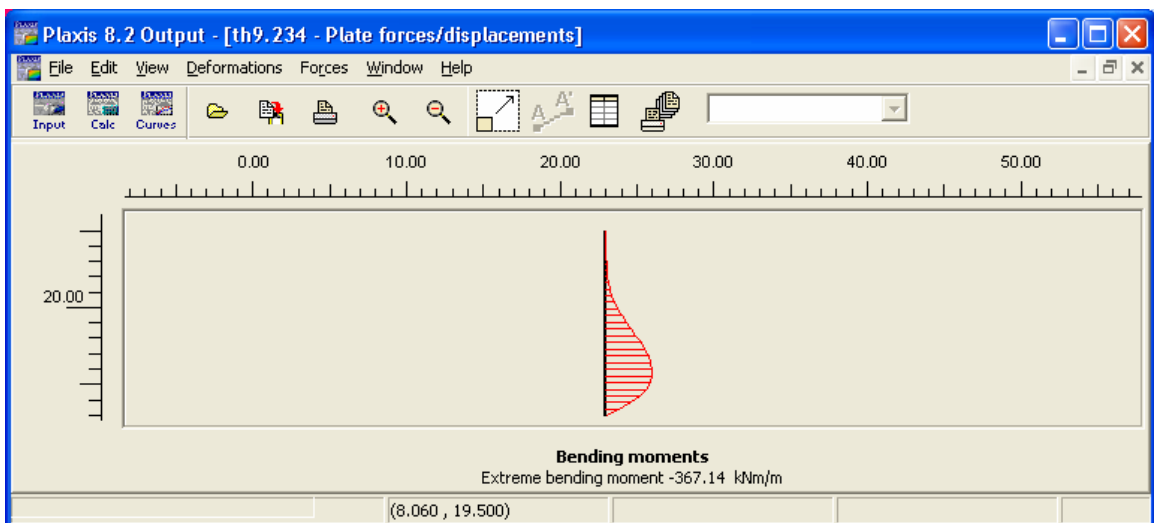
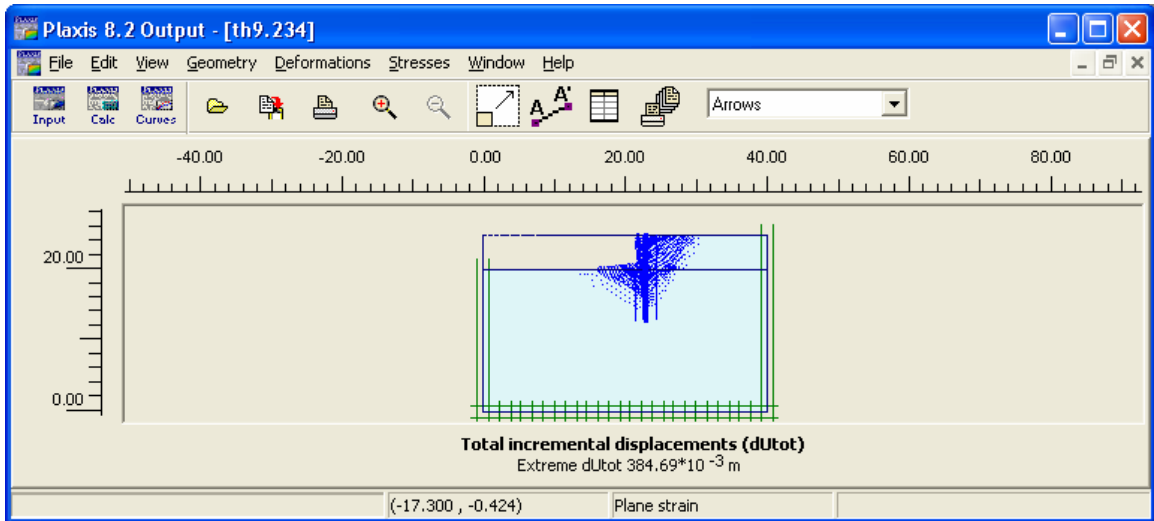
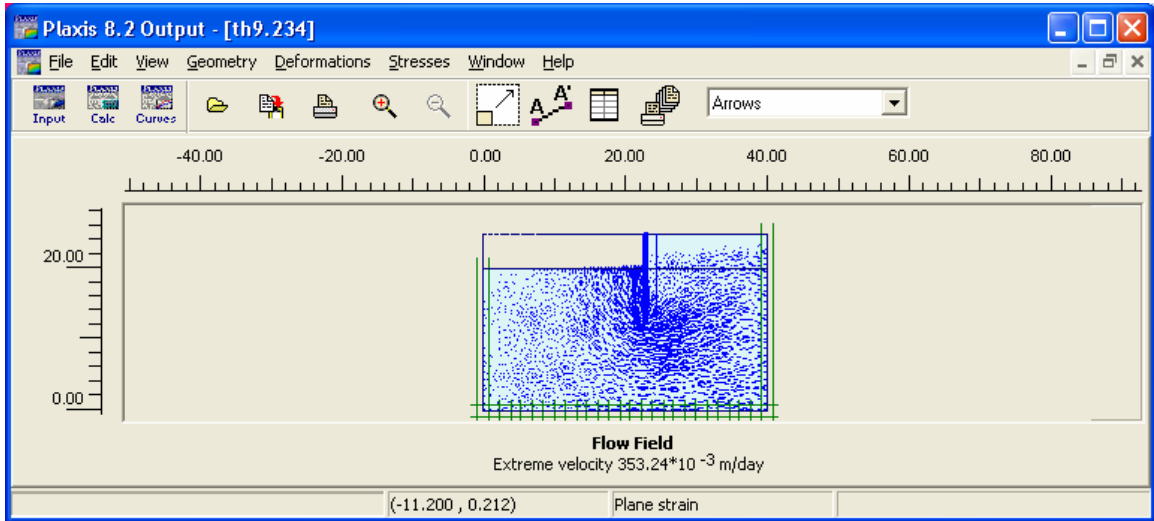
Kết quả phase cuối cùng





a. Cantilever wall

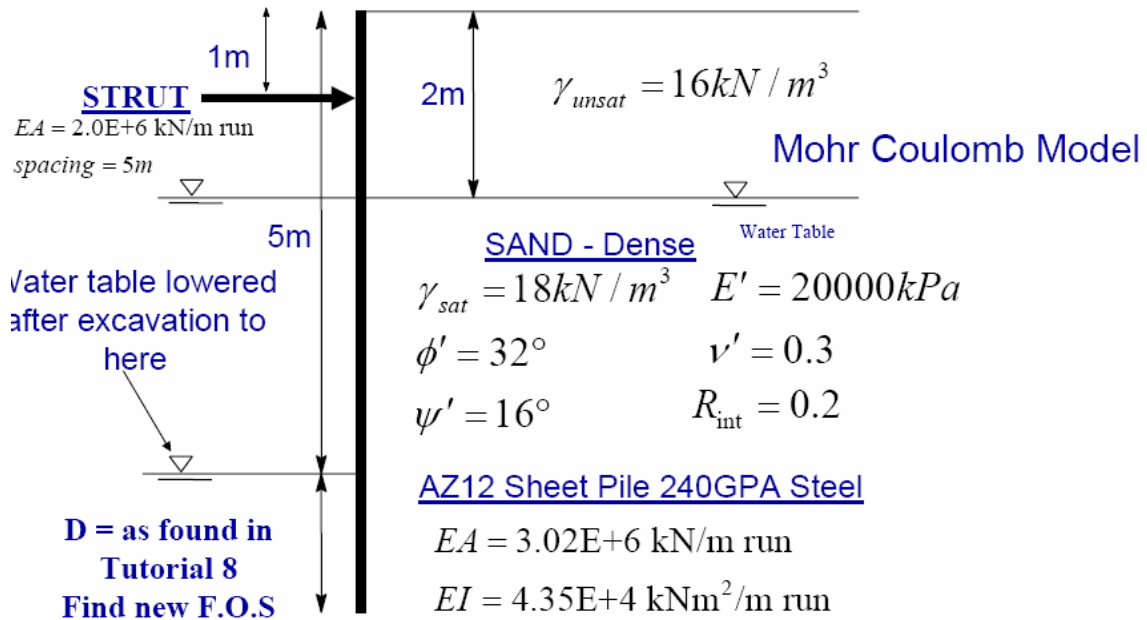
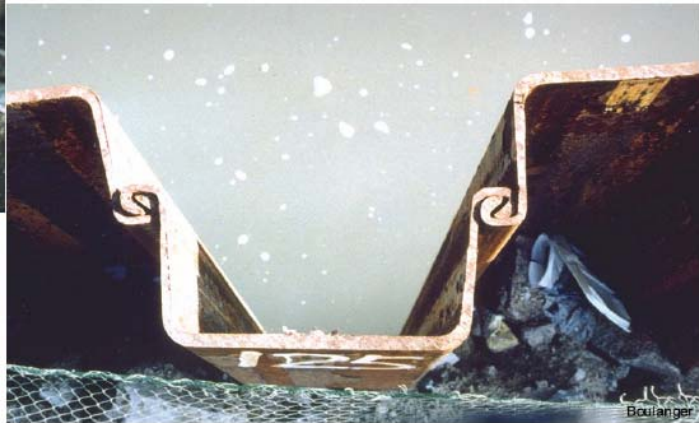




Phần 10 : PLAXIS INPUT,CALCULATE SHEET PILE WALLS



Steel Pile Sections



49. Tạo hình dạng bài toán

- Vẽ tấm (Plate) 
- Vẽ phần tử tiếp xúc 
- Gán biên 
- Gán số liệu địa chất 

Mohr-Coulomb - Lesson 2 - Sand

General | Parameters | Interfaces

Material Set

Identification: Lesson 2 - Sand

Material model: Mohr-Coulomb

Material type: Drained

General properties

γ_{unsat} : 16.000 kN/m³

γ_{sat} : 18.000 kN/m³

Comments

Permeability

k_x : 1.000 m/day

k_y : 1.000 m/day

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help

Mohr-Coulomb - Sand

General Parameters Interfaces

Stiffness

E_{ref} : 1.486E+04 kN/m²

ν (nu) : 0.300

Strength

c_{ref} : 5.000 kN/m²

ϕ (phi) : 32.000 °

ψ (psi) : 16.000 °

Alternatives

G_{ref} : 5714.286 kN/m²

E_{oed} : 2.000E+04 kN/m²

Velocities

V_s : 59.160 m/s

V_p : 110.700 m/s

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help

Mohr-Coulomb - Sand

General Parameters Interfaces

Strength

Rigid

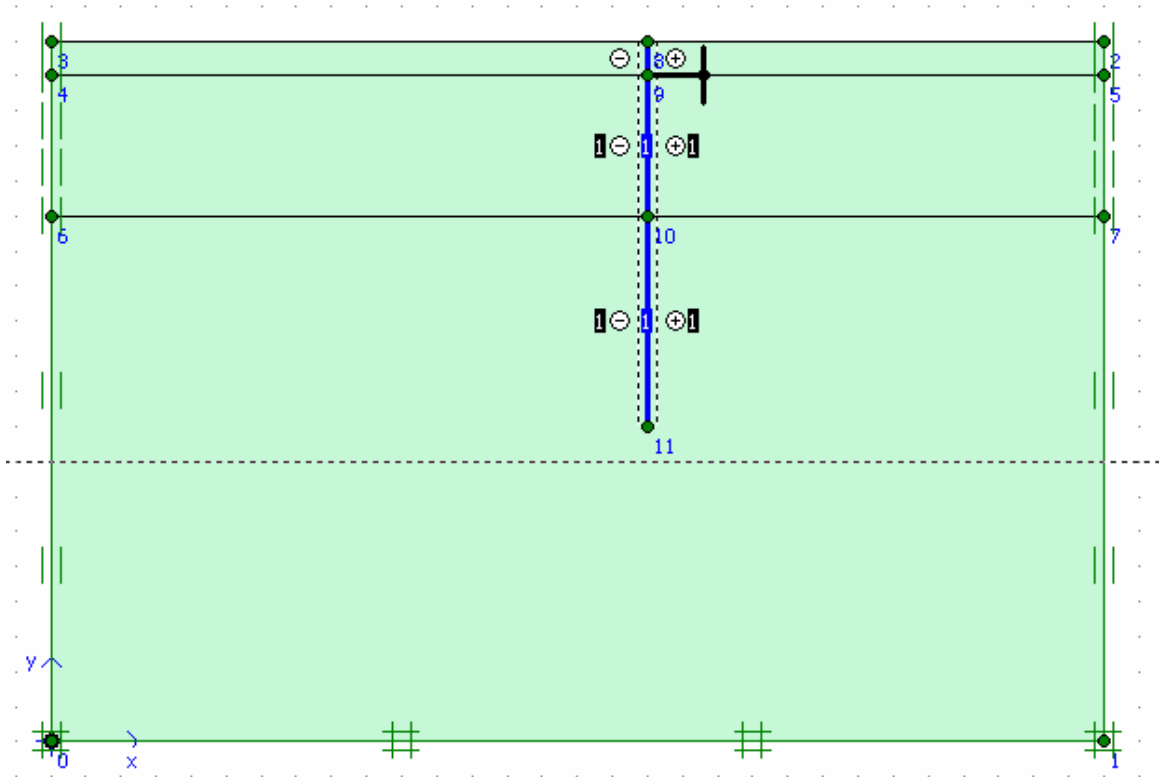
Manual

R_{inter} : 0.200

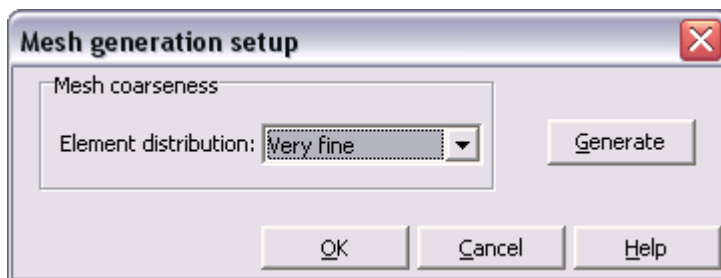
Real interface thickness

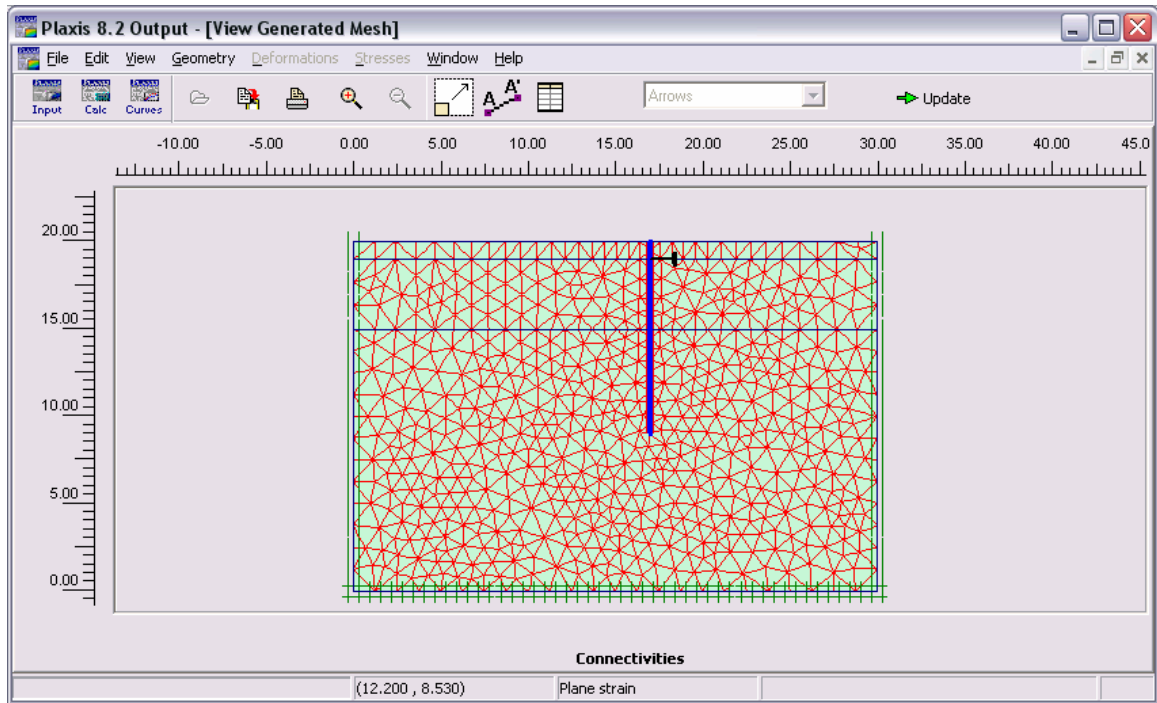
δ_{inter} : 0.000

Next Ok Cancel Help



50. Tạo lưới phần tử

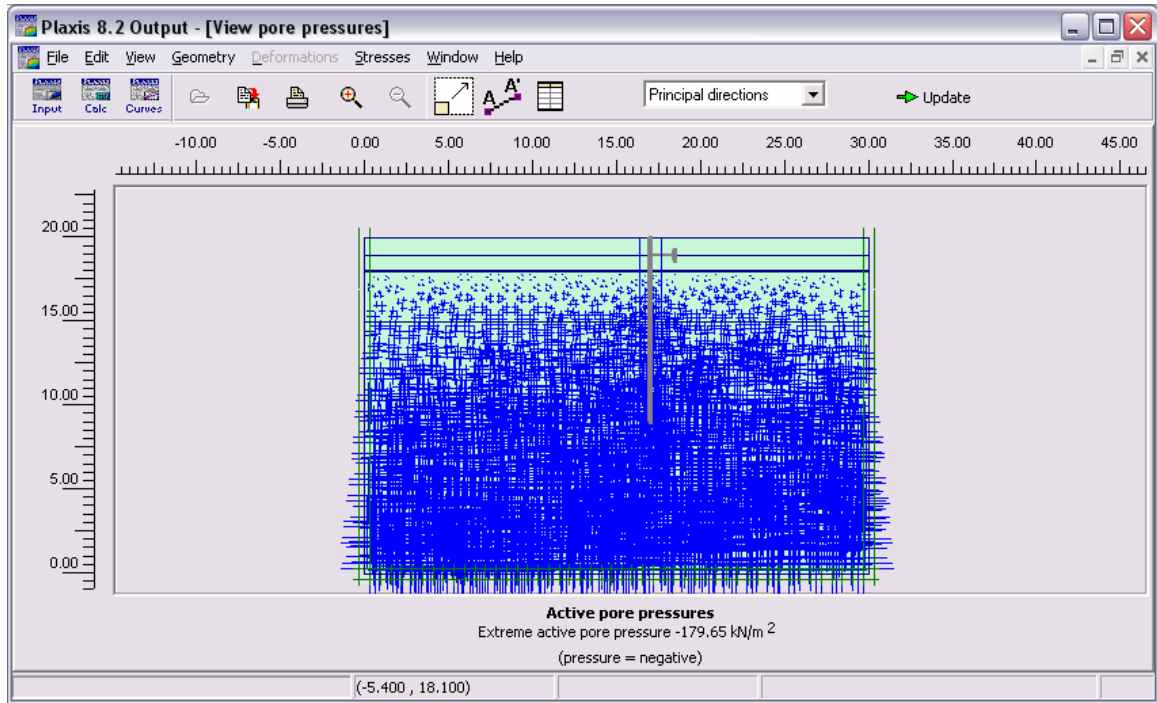





Update

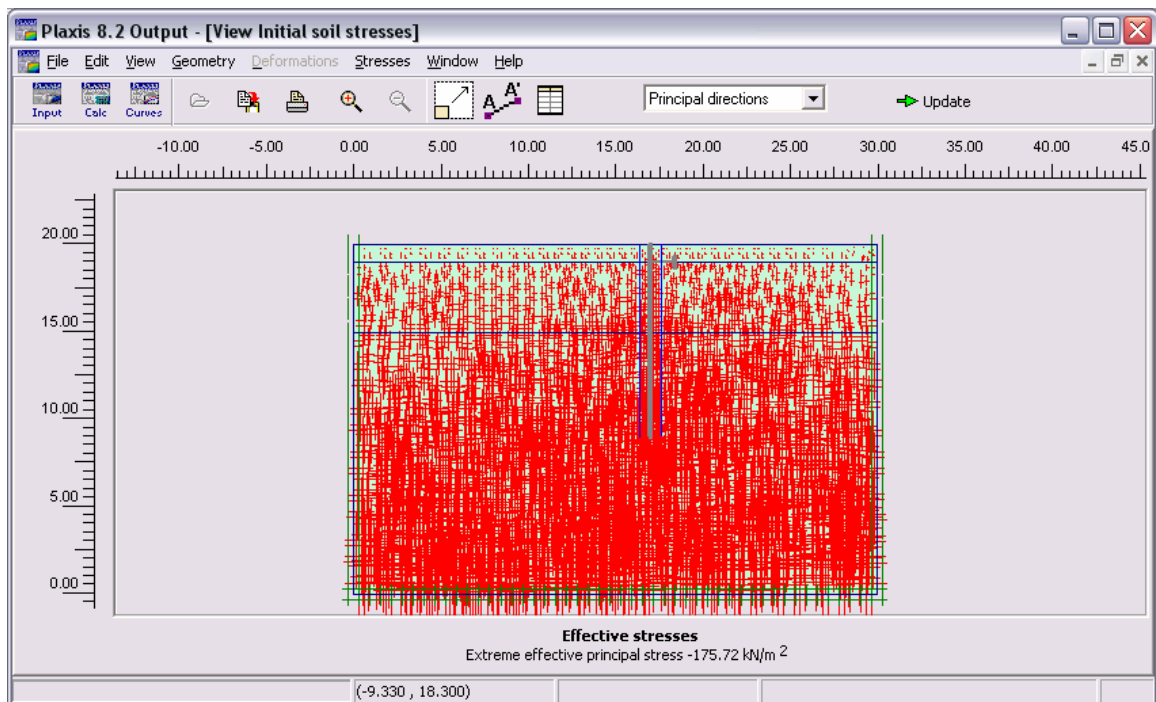
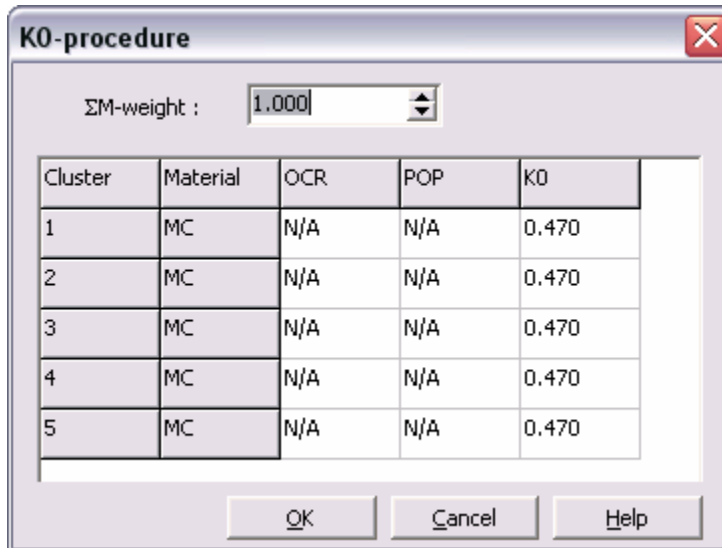
51. Tính toán điều kiện ban đầu

Gán mực nước ngầm



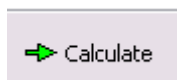
Update

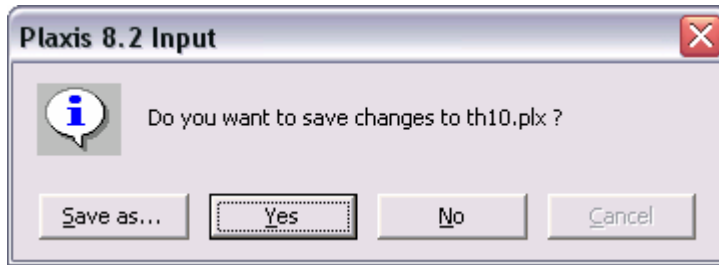
Tính toán áp lực đất 



Update

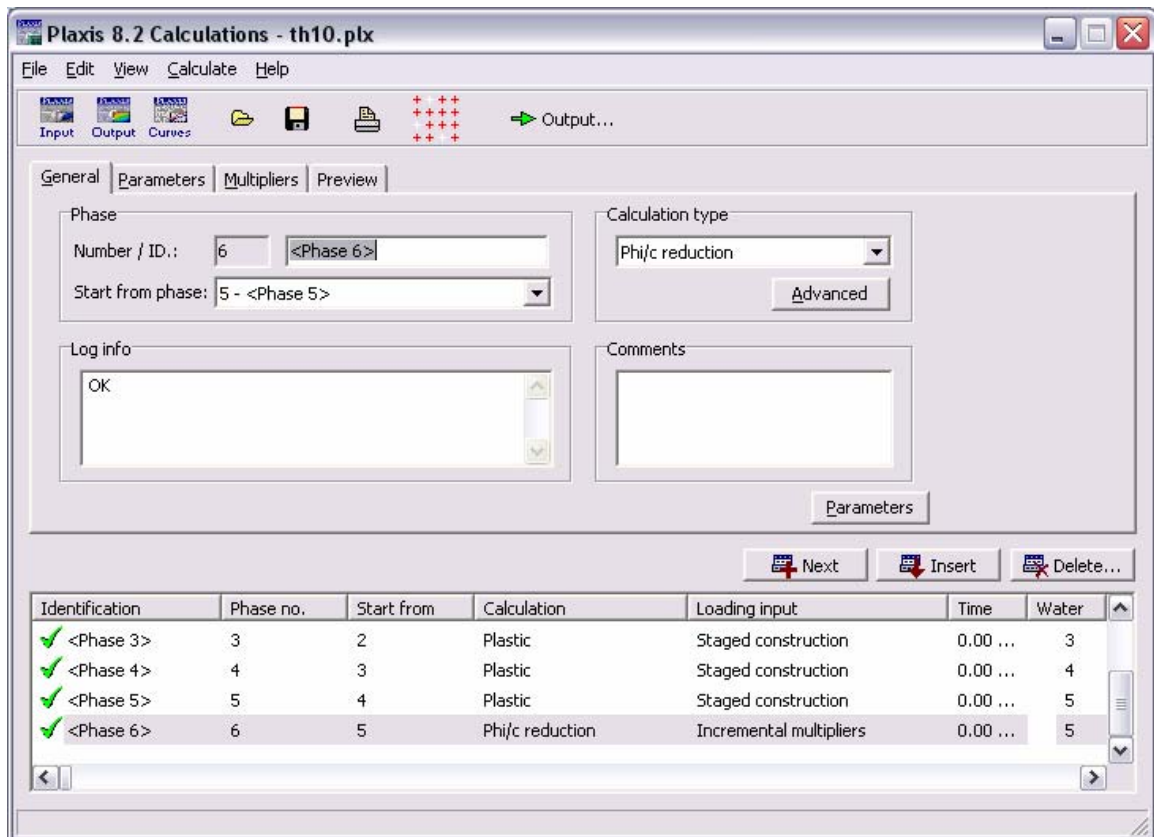
52. Bắt đầu tính toán



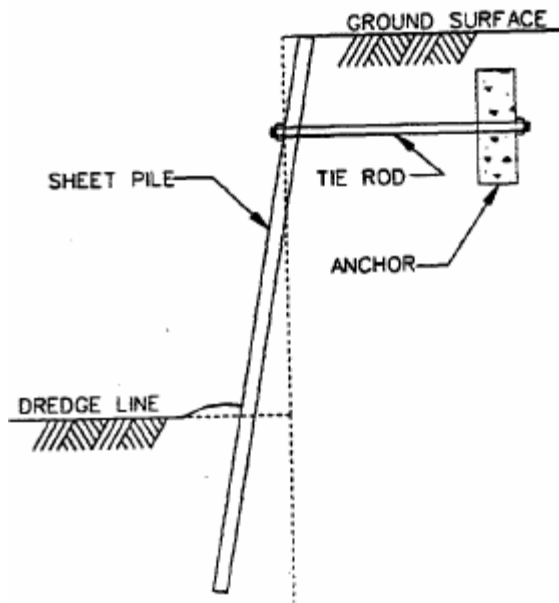
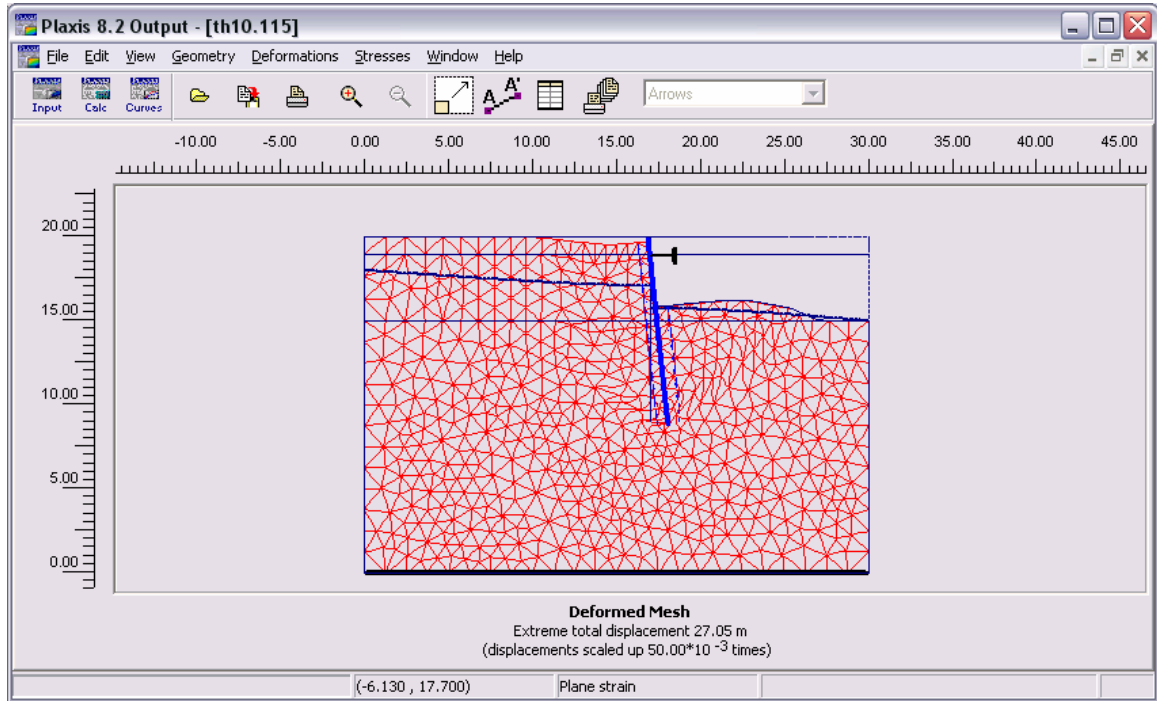


Tính toán cho 5 phase :

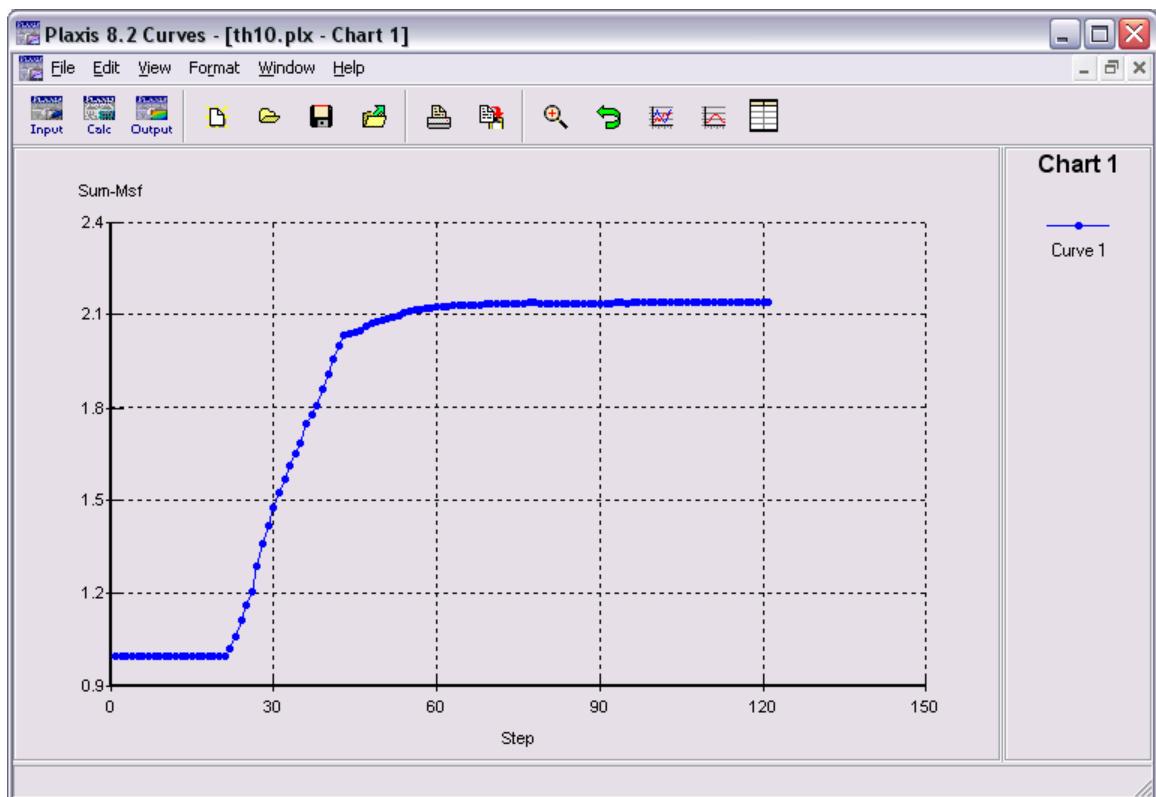
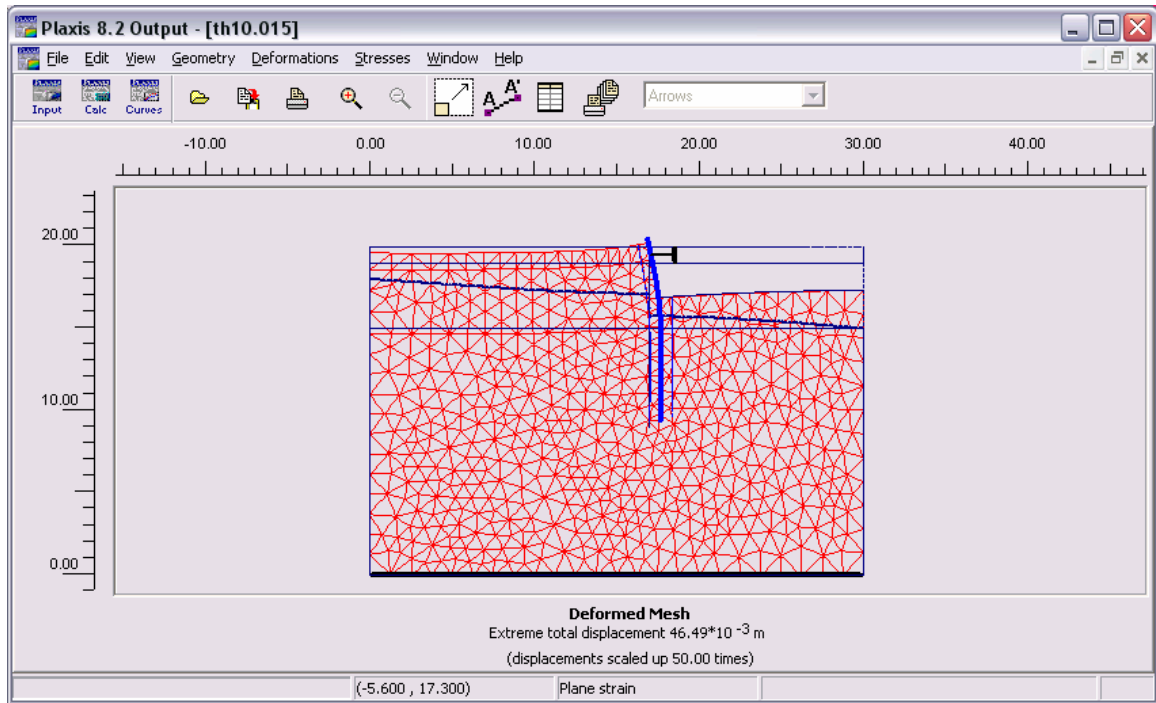
15. Ban đầu
16. Có sheet pile
17. Bỏ đất lớp trên
18. Hạ thấp mực nước GWF và có neo
19. Bỏ đất lớp dưới
20. Tính ổn định Phi/C



Kết quả phase cuối cùng



b. Anchored wall



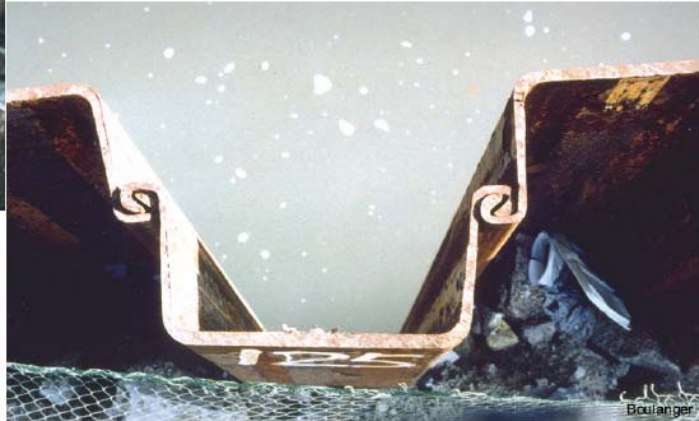
Phần 11 : PLAXIS

INPUT,CALCULATE

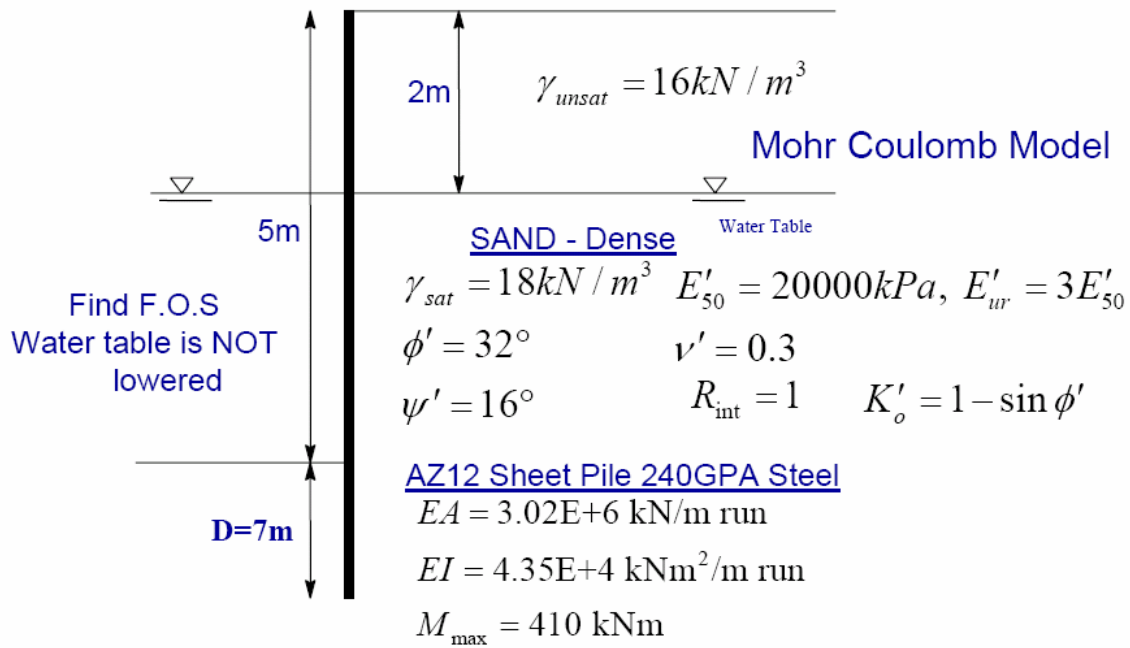
SHEET PILE WALLS






Steel Pile Sections



Hardening Soil Model



53. Tạo hình dạng bài toán

- Vẽ tấm (Plate) 
- Gán biên 
- Gán số liệu địa chất 

Hardening soil model - Lesson 2 - Sand

General | Parameters | Interfaces

Material Set

Identification: Lesson 2 - Sand

Material model: Hardening soil model

Material type: Drained

General properties

γ_{unsat} : 16.000 kN/m³

γ_{sat} : 18.000 kN/m³

Comments

Permeability

k_x : 1.000 m/day

k_y : 1.000 m/day

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help

Hardening soil model - Lesson 2 - Sand

General Parameters Interfaces

Stiffness		Strength	
E_{50}^{ref} :	2.000E+04	c_{ref} :	1.500
E_{oed}^{ref} :	2.000E+04	$\varphi(\text{phi})$:	32.000 °
E_{ur}^{ref} :	6.000E+04	$\psi(\text{psi})$:	16.000 °
power (m) :	0.500		

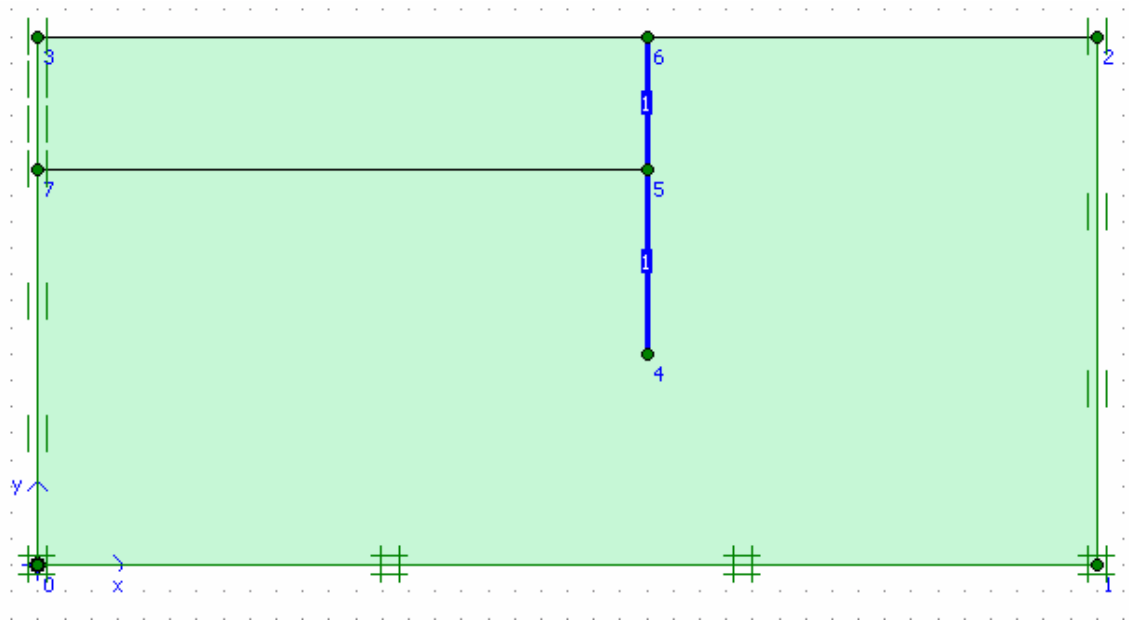
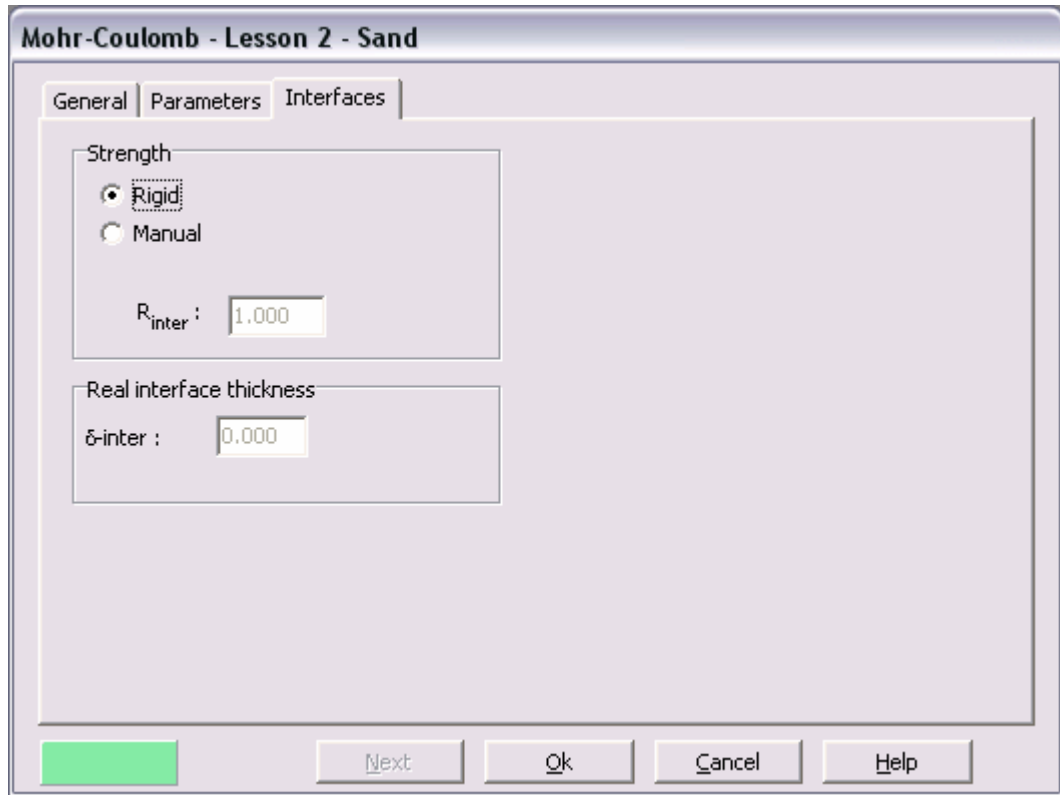
Alternatives

Use alternatives

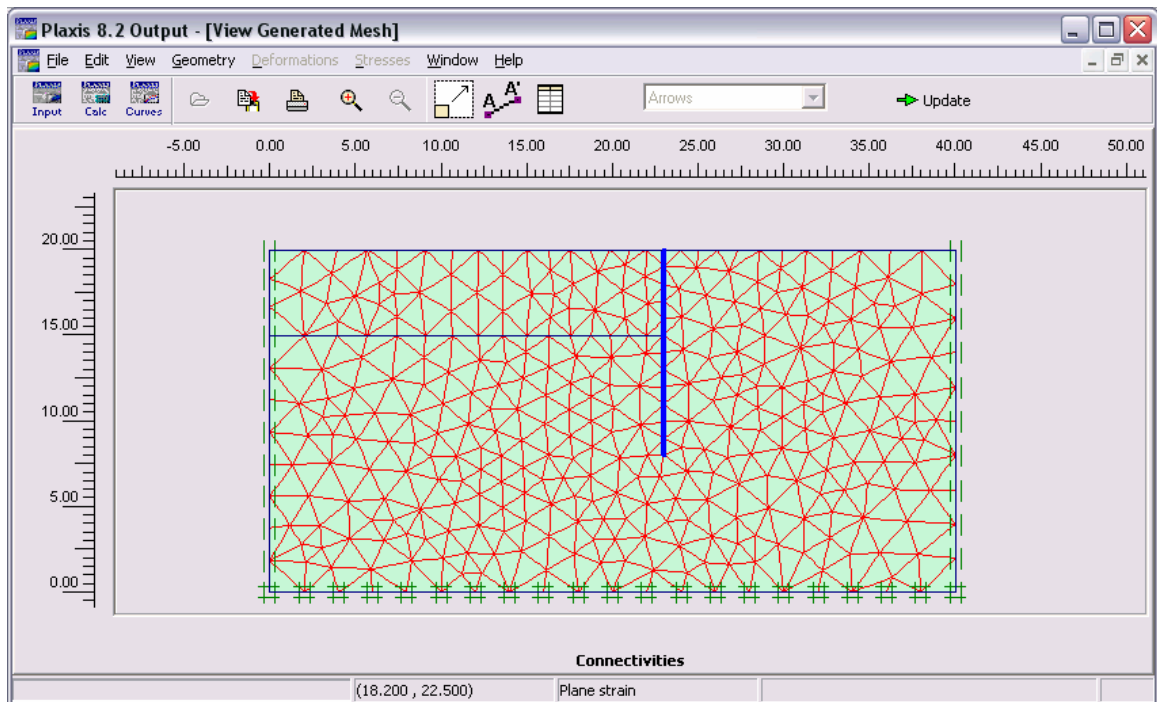
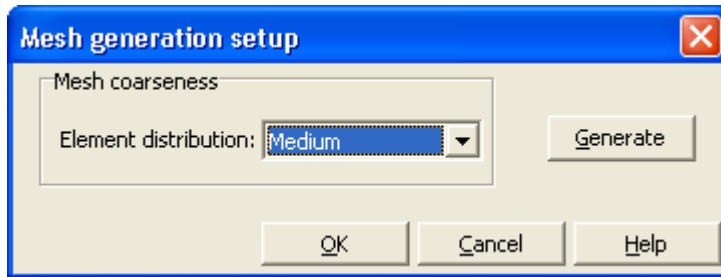
C_c :	0.0172
C_s :	0.0043
e_{init} :	0.5000

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help



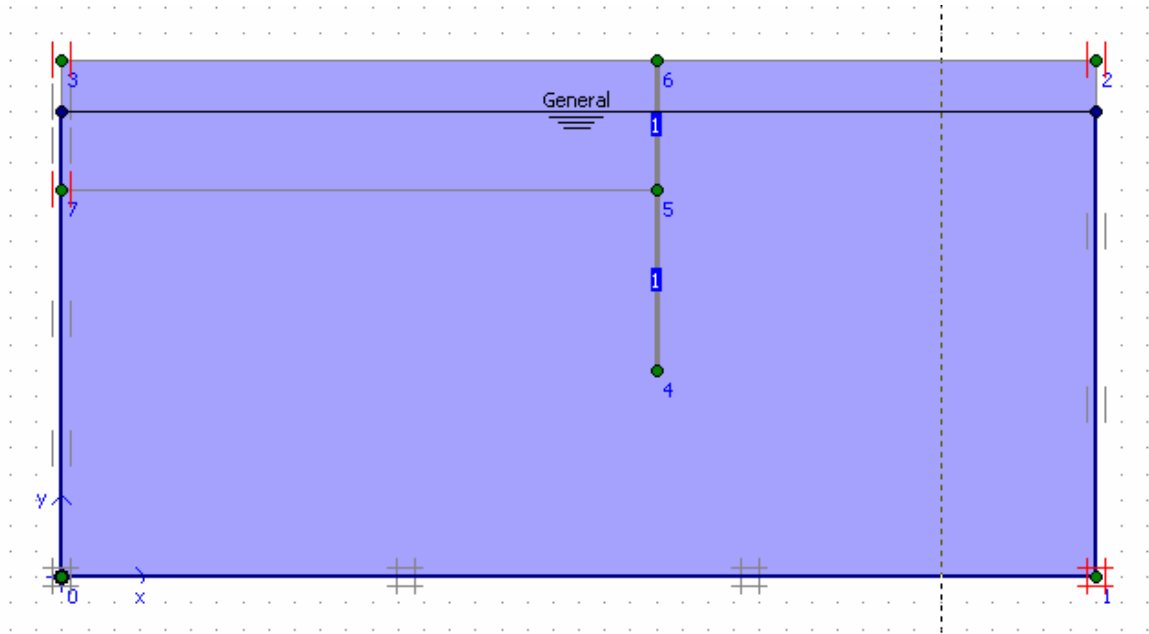
54. Tạo lưới phần tử





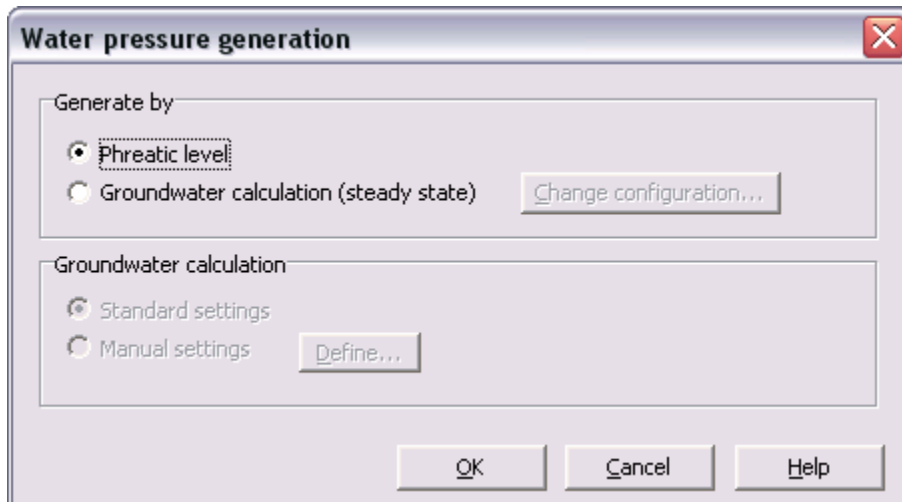
Update

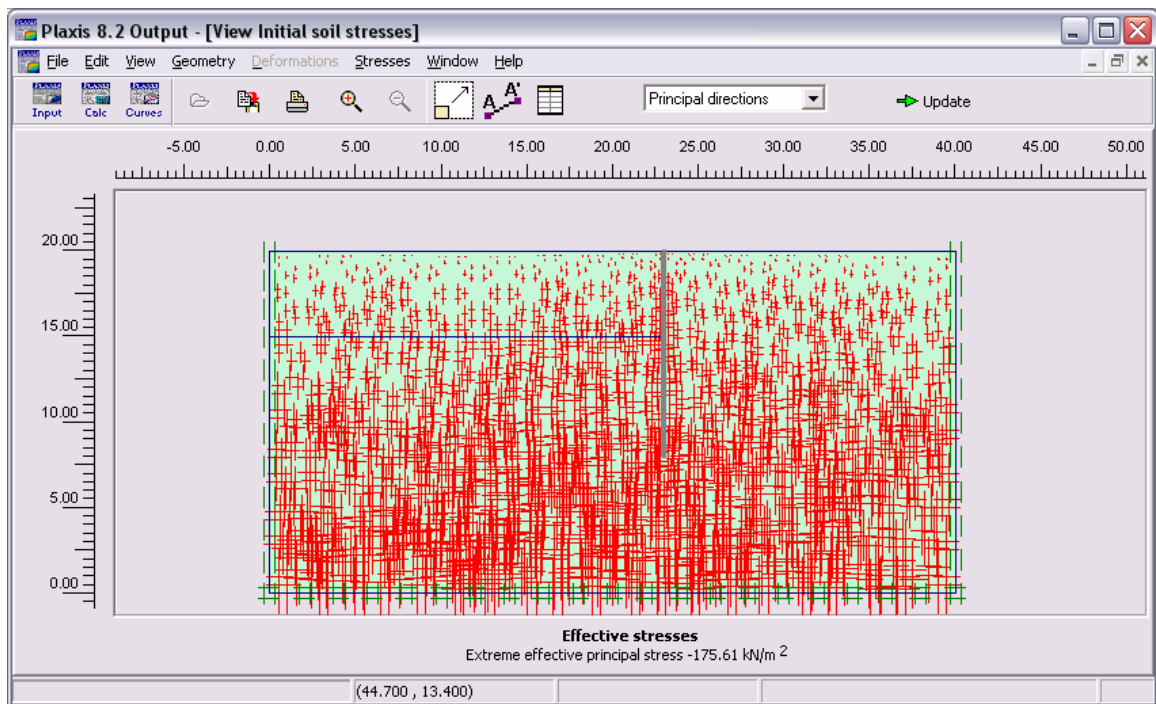
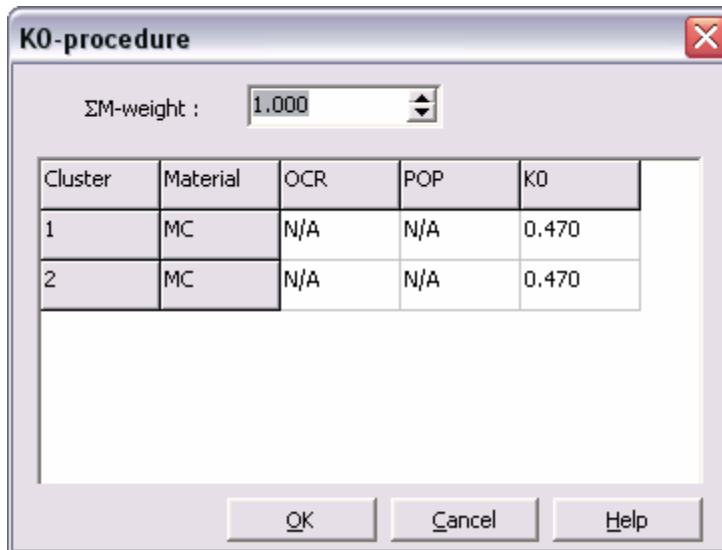
55. Tính toán điều kiện ban đầu

Gán mực nước ngầm



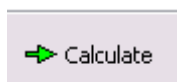
Tính toán áp lực nước  

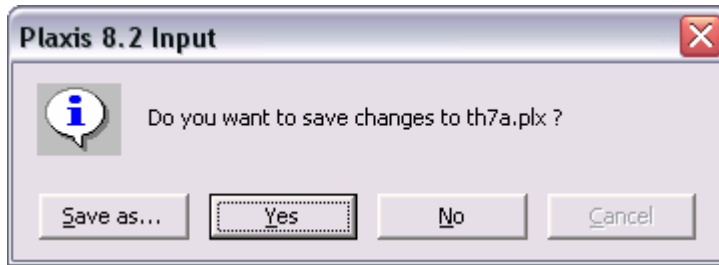




Update

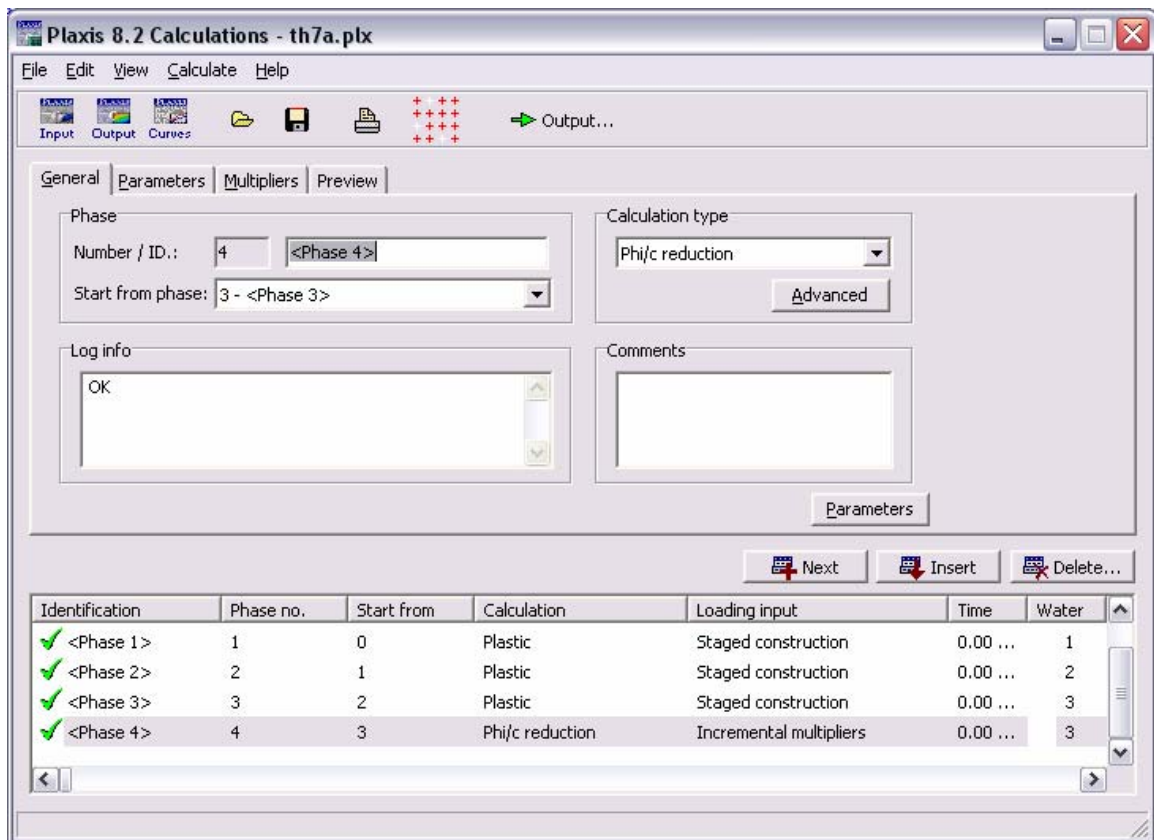
56. Bắt đầu tính toán



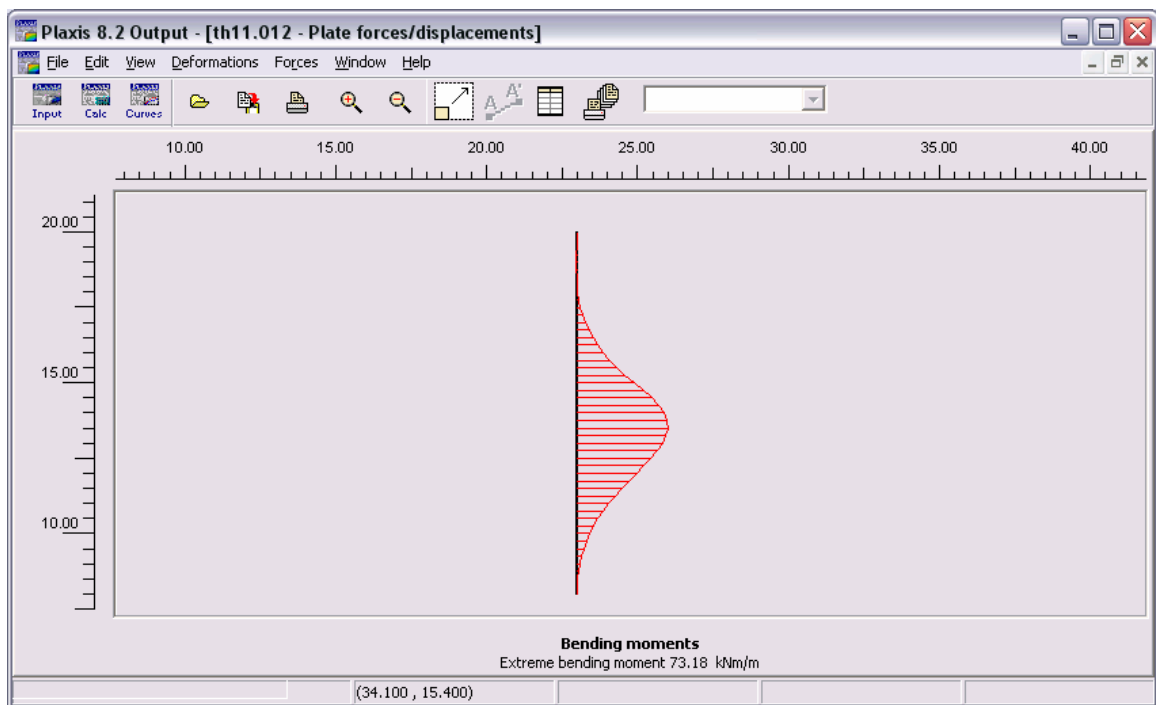
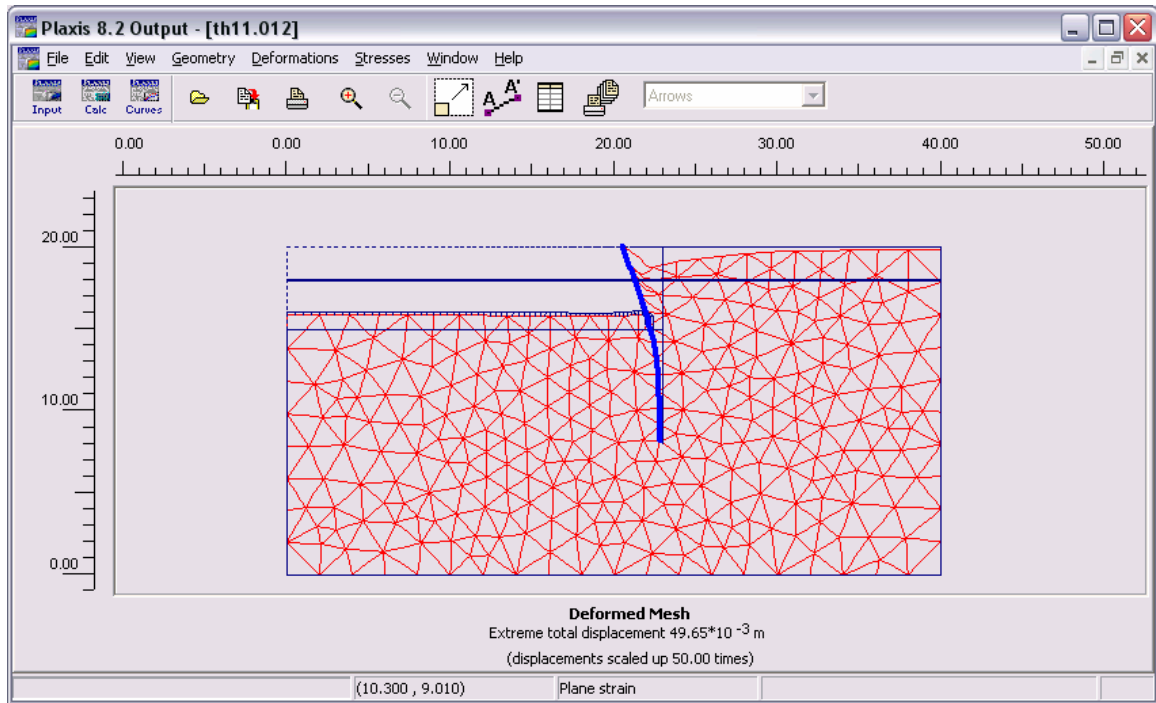


Tính toán cho 4 phase :

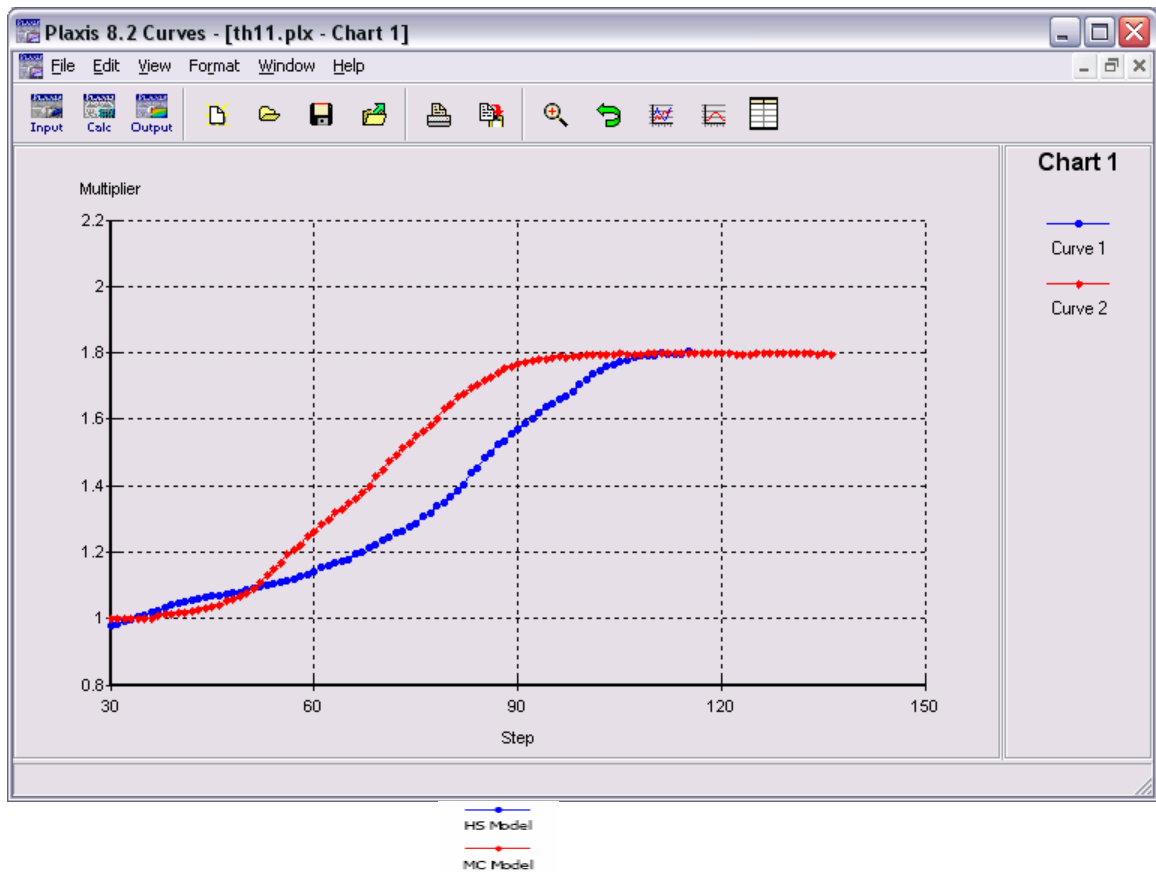
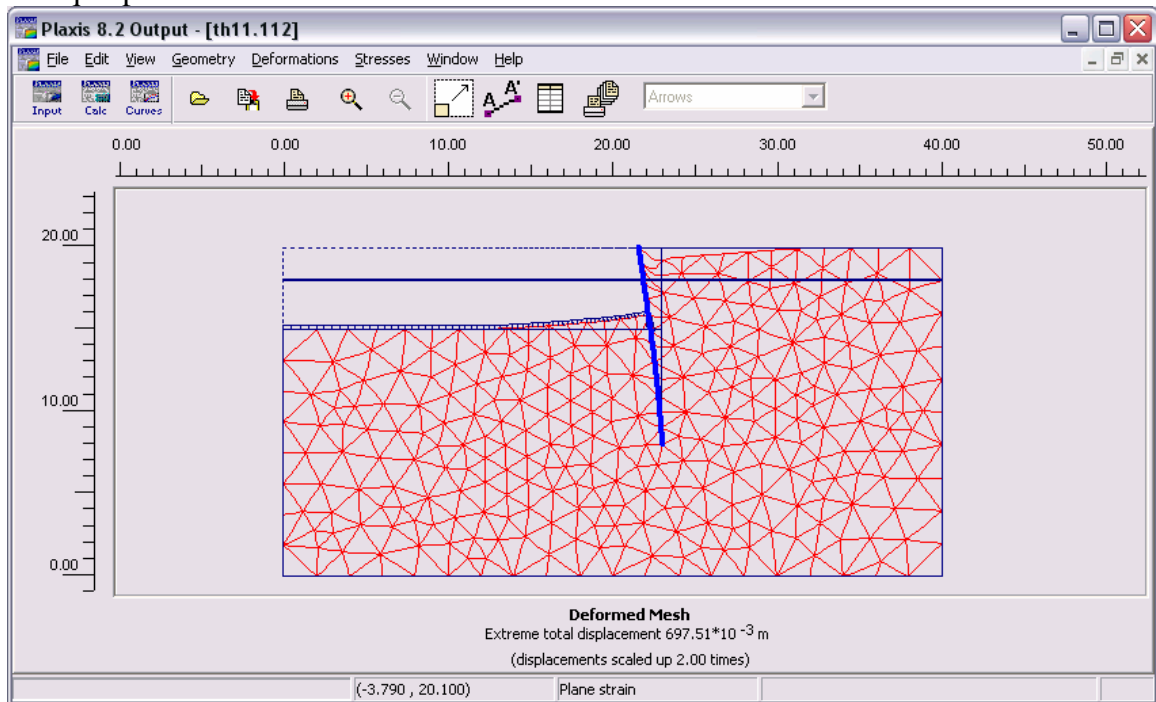
- 21. Ban đầu
- 22. Có sheet pile
- 23. Bỏ đất
- 24. Tính ổn định Phi/C



Kết quả phase 3

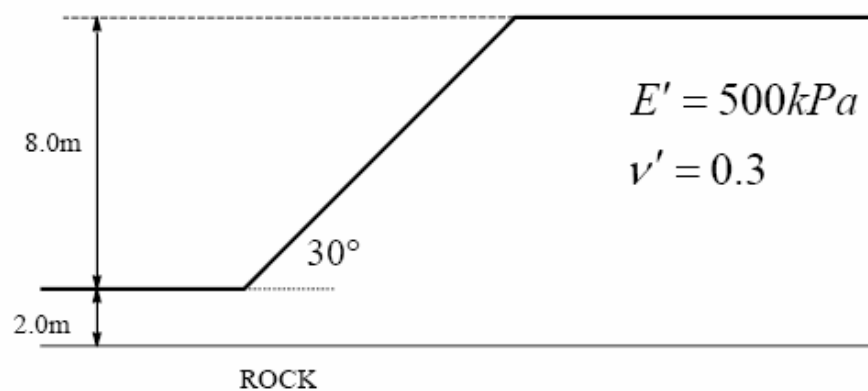


Kết quả phase 4





Phần 12 : PLAXIS INPUT,CALCULATE SLOPE STABILITY

A slope has an inclination of 30° and is 8 m high. The soil properties are $c_u = 50kPa$, $\phi_u = 0^\circ$, $\gamma_{sat} = 15.7kN/m^3$. Determine the short term factor of safety if the clay deposit overlies rock which lies 2 m below the base of the slope.



57. Tạo hình dạng bài toán

Gán biên 

Gán số liệu địa chất 

Mohr-Coulomb - Lesson 2 - Clay

General | Parameters | Interfaces

Material Set

Identification: Lesson 2 - Clay

Material model: Mohr-Coulomb

Material type: UnDrained

General properties

γ_{unsat} : 15.700 kN/m³

γ_{sat} : 15.700 kN/m³

Comments

Permeability

k_x : 1.000E-03 m/day

k_y : 1.000E-03 m/day

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help

Mohr-Coulomb - Lesson 2 - Clay

General Parameters Interfaces

Stiffness

E_{ref} : 371.400 kN/m²

ν (nu) : 0.300

Strength

c_{ref} : 50.000 kN/m²

ϕ (phi) : 0.000 °

ψ (psi) : 0.000 °

Alternatives

G_{ref} : 142.857 kN/m²

E_{oed} : 500.000 kN/m²

Velocities

V_s : 9.443 m/s

V_p : 17.670 m/s

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help

Mohr-Coulomb - Lesson 2 - Clay

General Parameters Interfaces

Strength

Rigid

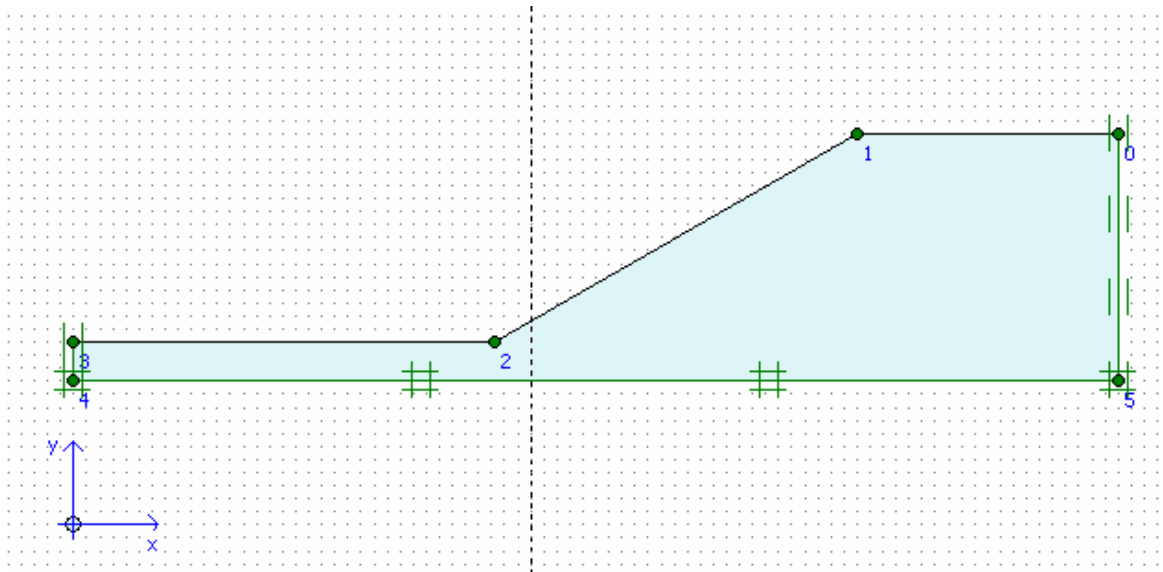
Manual

R_{inter} : 1.000

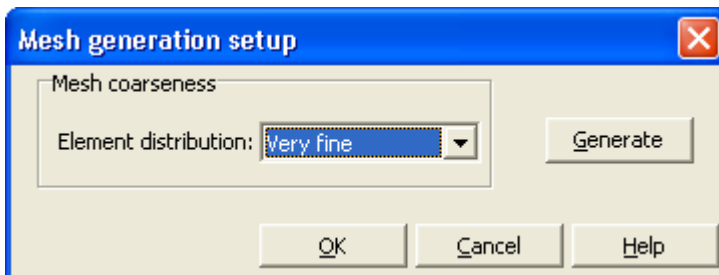
Real interface thickness

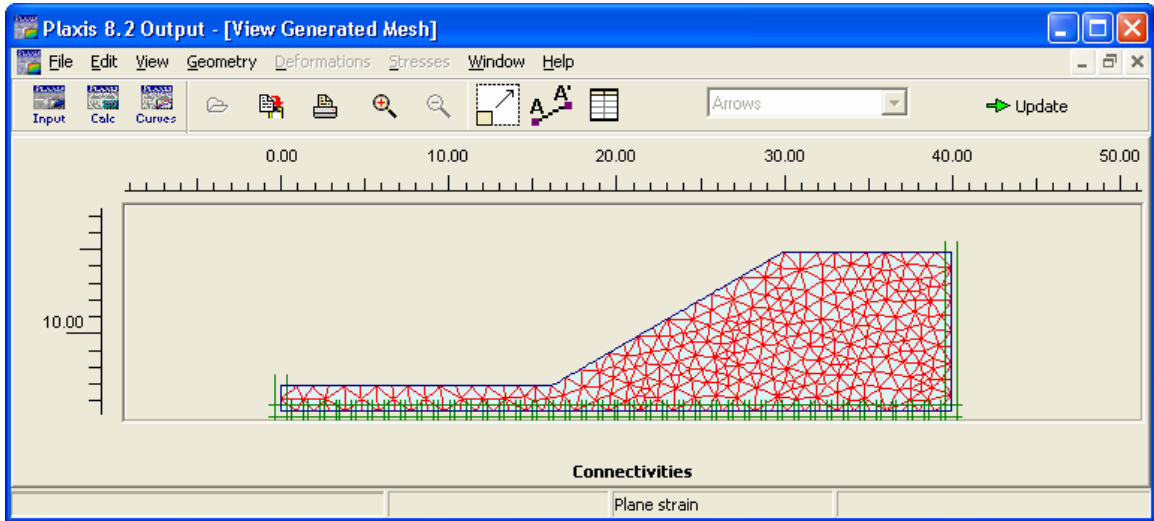
δ_{inter} : 0.000

Next Ok Cancel Help



58. Tạo lưới phần tử

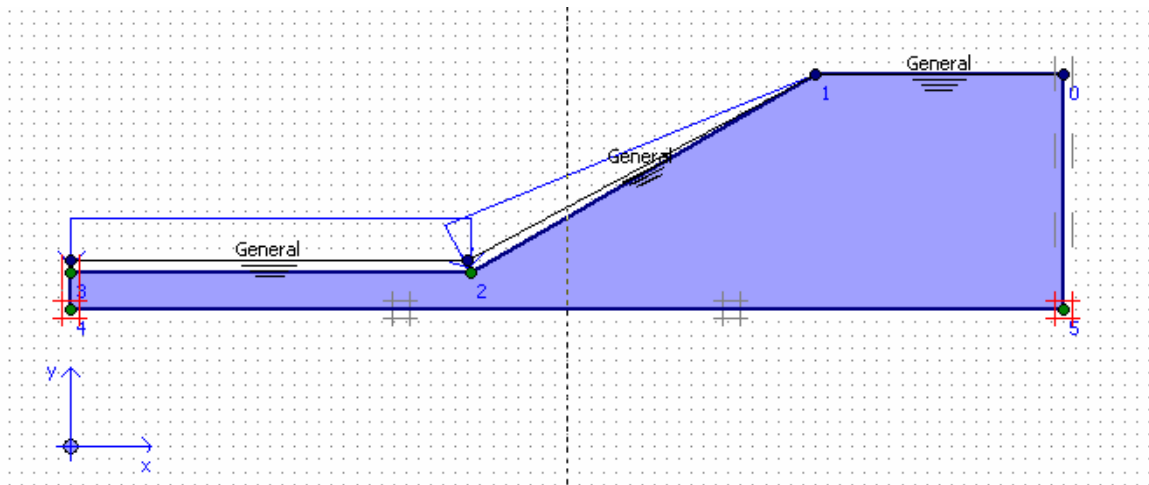





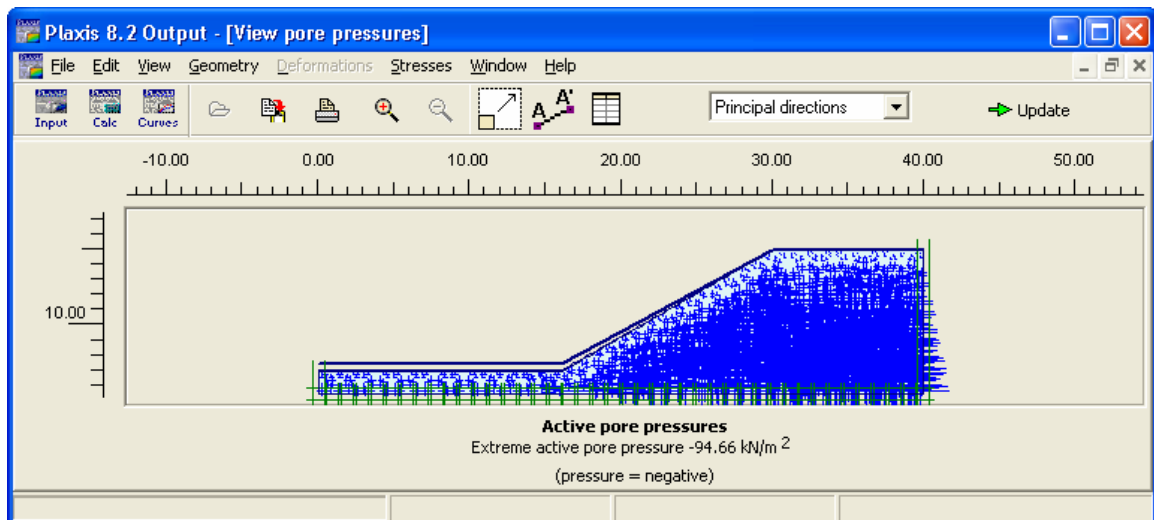
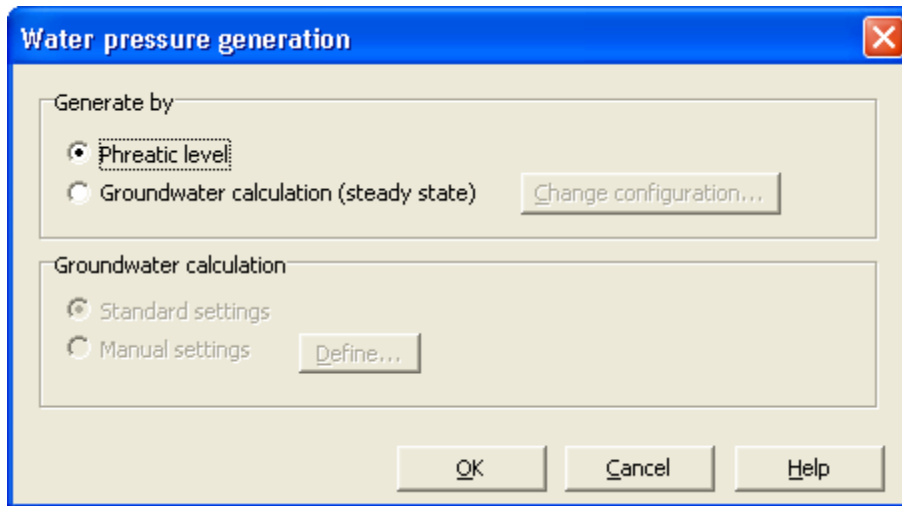
Update

59. Tính toán điều kiện ban đầu

Gán mực nước ngầm

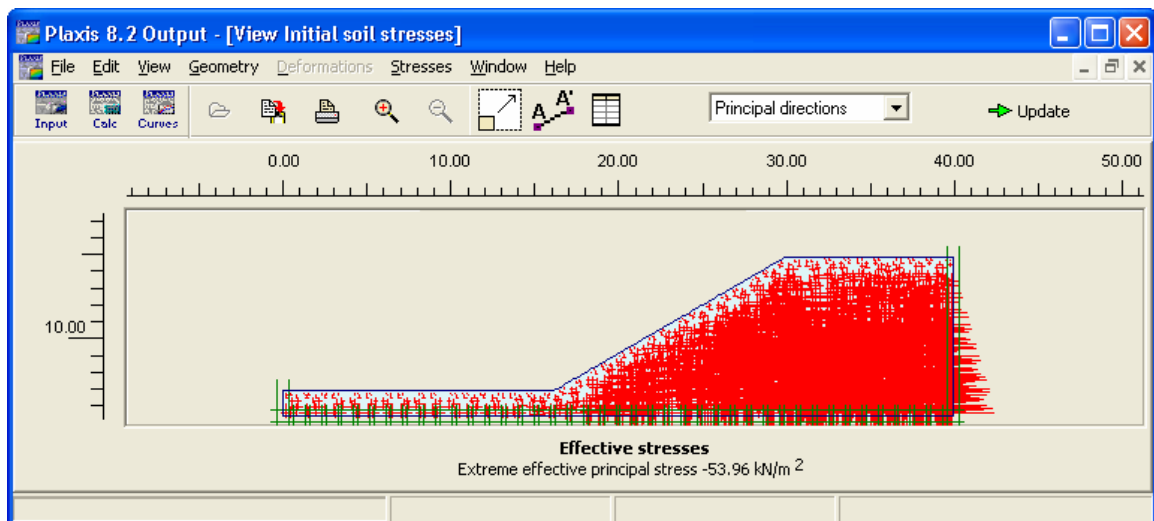
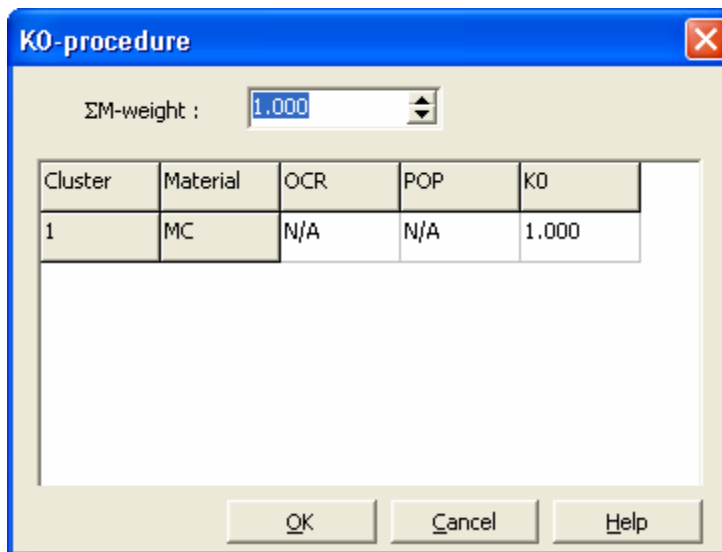


Tính toán áp lực nước 



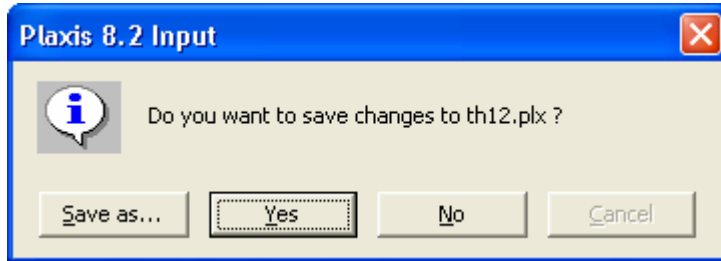
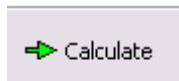
Update

Tính toán áp lực đất



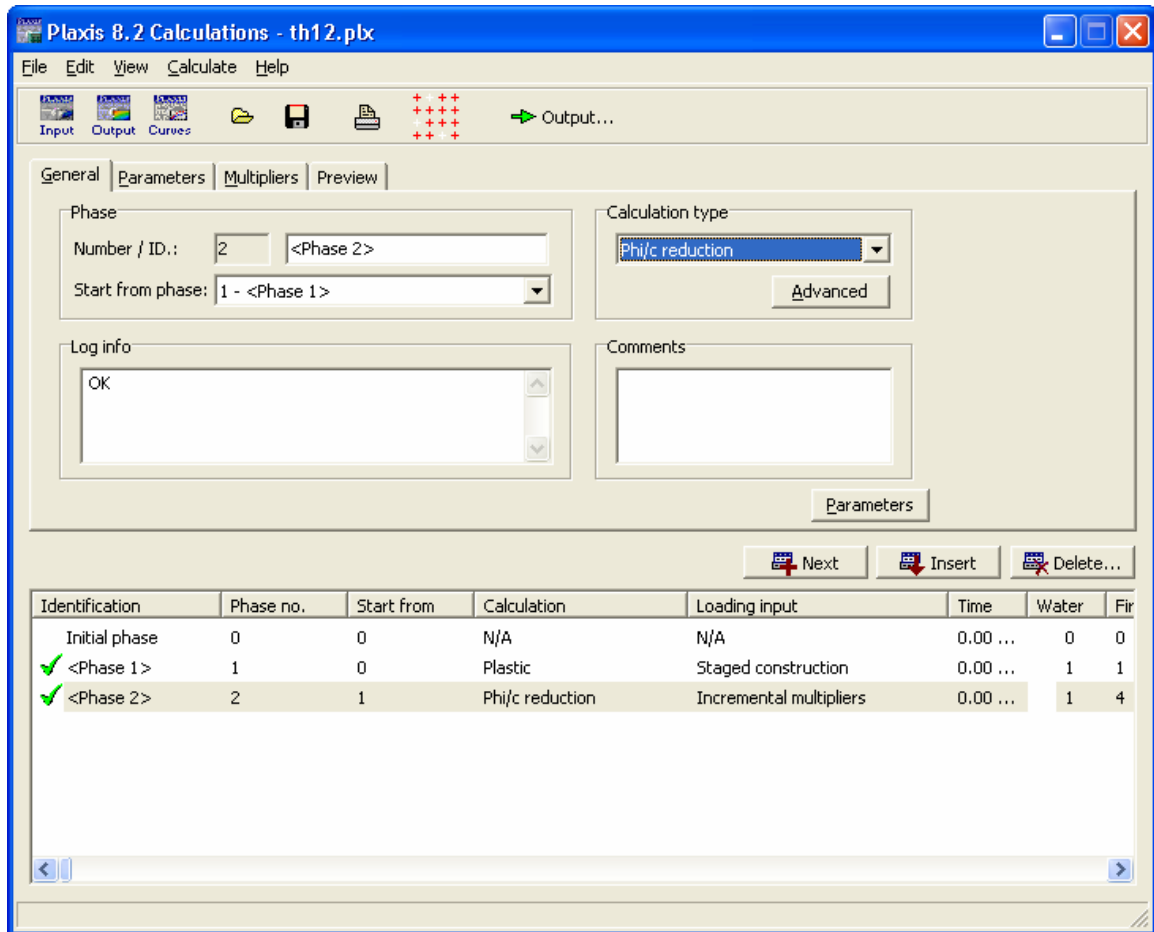
Update

60. Bắt đầu tính toán

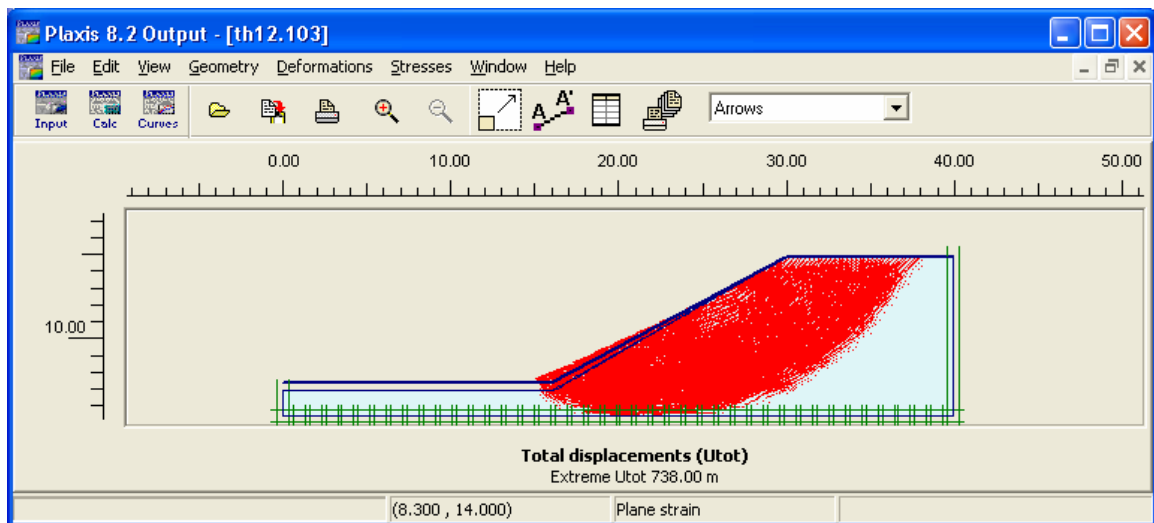


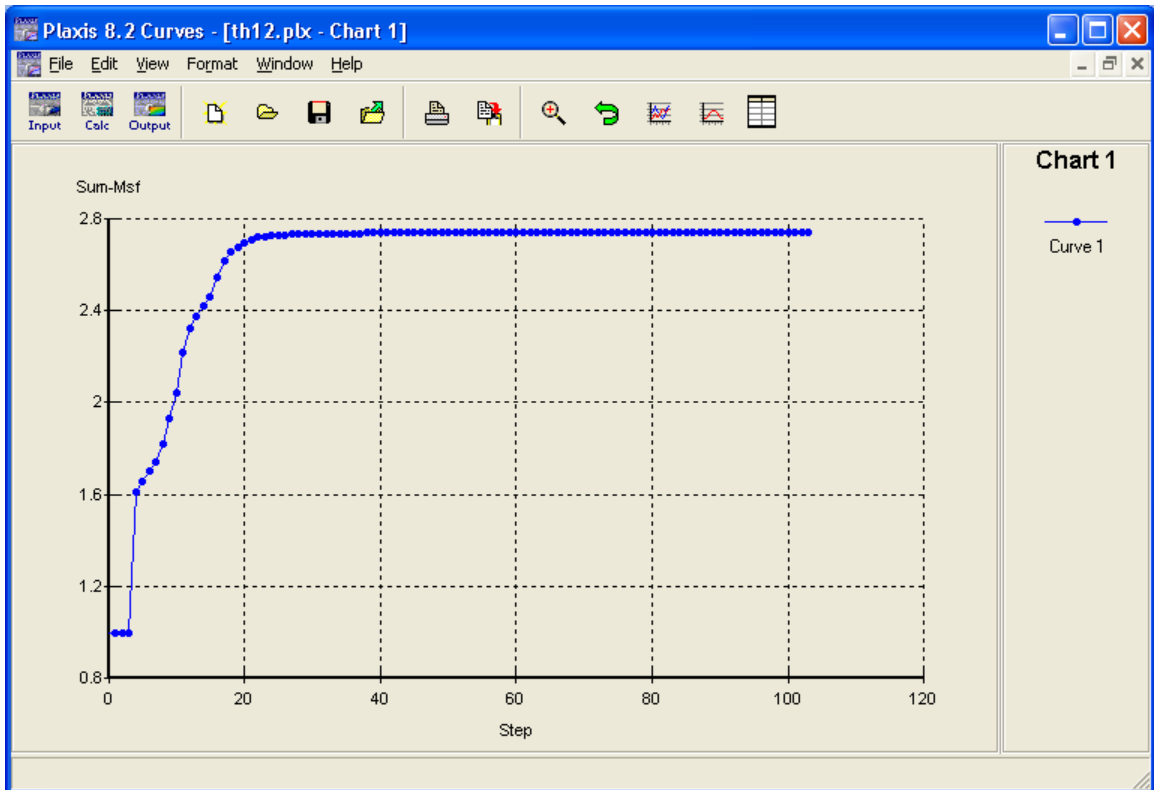
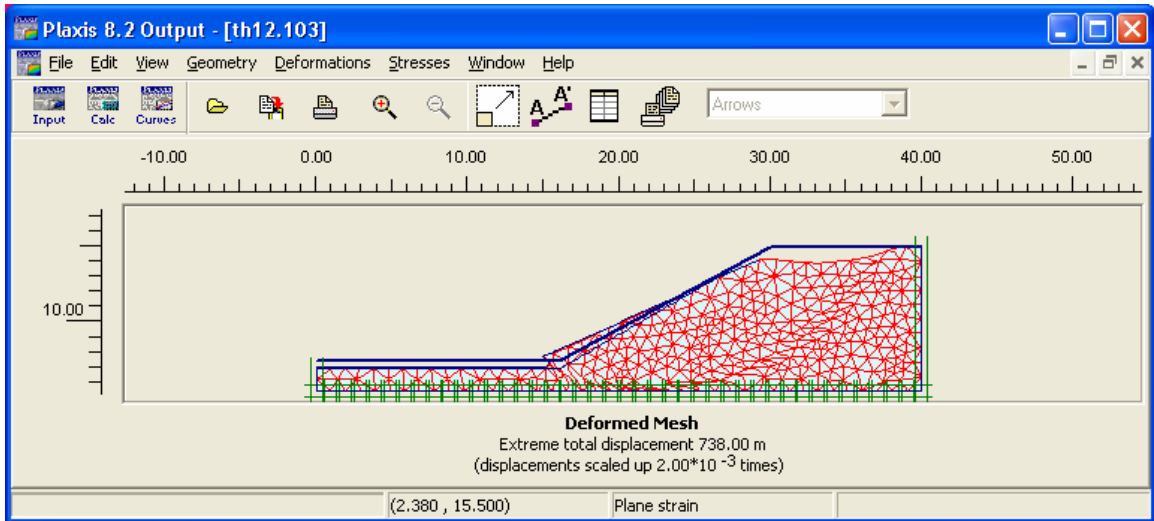
Tính toán cho 3 phase :

- 25. Ban đầu
- 26. Tính trọng lượng bản thân
- 27. Tính ổn định mái dốc



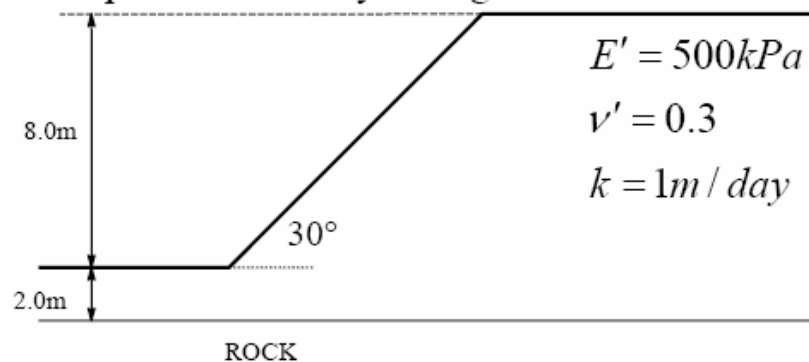
Kết quả phase cuối cùng







Phần 13 : PLAXIS INPUT,CALCULATE SLOPE STABILITY

A slope has an inclination of 30° and is 8 m high. The soil properties are $c' = 25kPa$, $\phi' = 40^\circ$, $\psi' = 12^\circ$, $\gamma_{sat} = 15.7kN/m^3$. Determine the long term factor of safety if the clay deposit overlies rock which lies 2 m below the base of the slope. The water table follows the slope and you must perform a steady state groundwater flow calculation.



61. Tạo hình dạng bài toán

Gán biên 

Gán số liệu địa chất 

Mohr-Coulomb - sand

General | Parameters | Interfaces

Material Set

Identification: sand

Material model: Mohr-Coulomb

Material type: Drained

General properties

γ_{unsat} : 15.700 kN/m³

γ_{sat} : 15.700 kN/m³

Comments

Permeability

k_x : 1.000 m/day

k_y : 1.000 m/day

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help

Mohr-Coulomb - sand

General Parameters Interfaces

Stiffness

E_{ref} : 371.400 kN/m²

ν (nu) : 0.300

Strength

c_{ref} : 25.000 kN/m²

ϕ (phi) : 40.000 °

ψ (psi) : 12.000 °

Alternatives

G_{ref} : 142.857 kN/m²

E_{oed} : 500.000 kN/m²

Velocities

V_s : 9.443 m/s

V_p : 17.670 m/s

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help

Mohr-Coulomb - sand

General Parameters Interfaces

Strength

Rigid

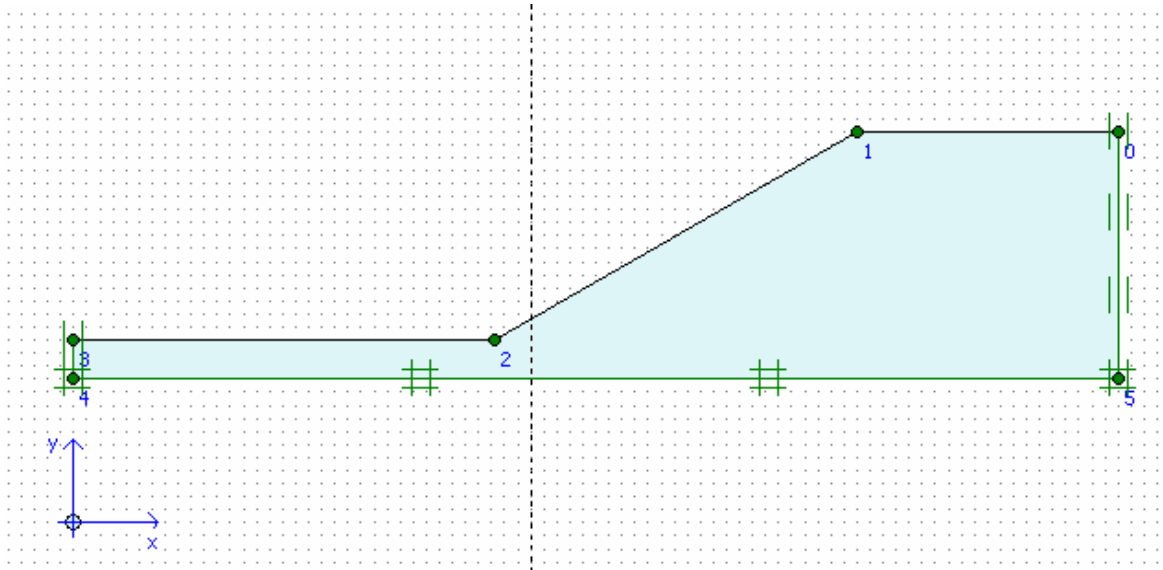
Manual

R_{inter} : 1.000

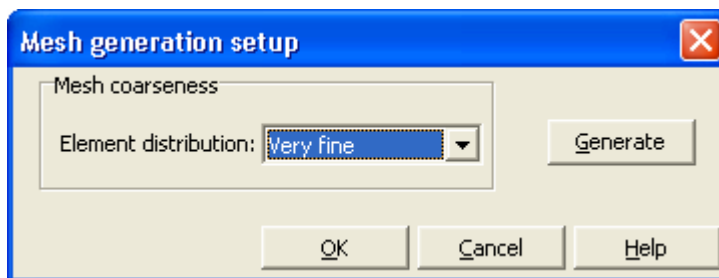
Real interface thickness

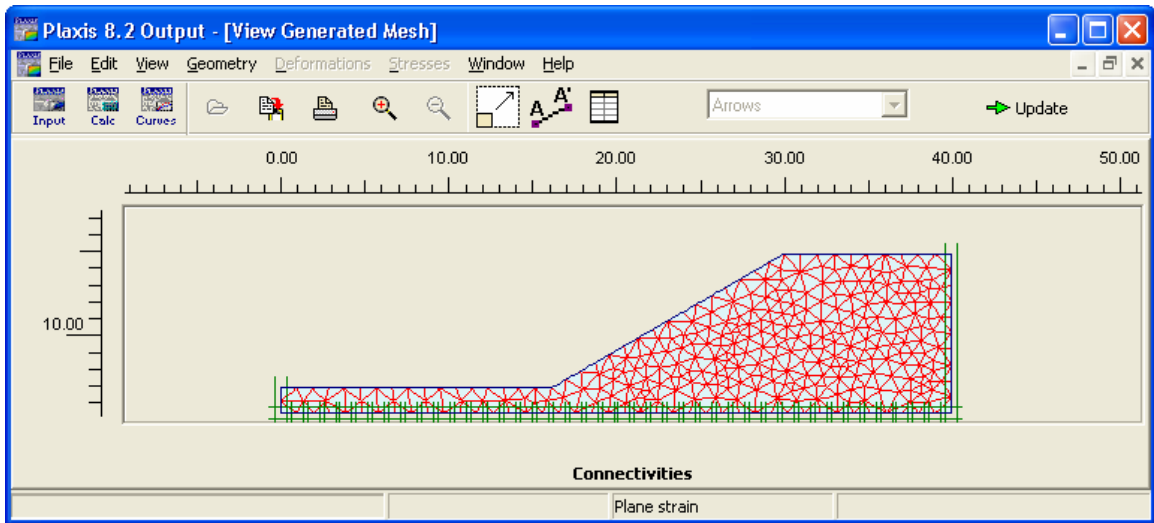
δ_{inter} : 0.000

Next Ok Cancel Help



62. Tạo lưới phần tử

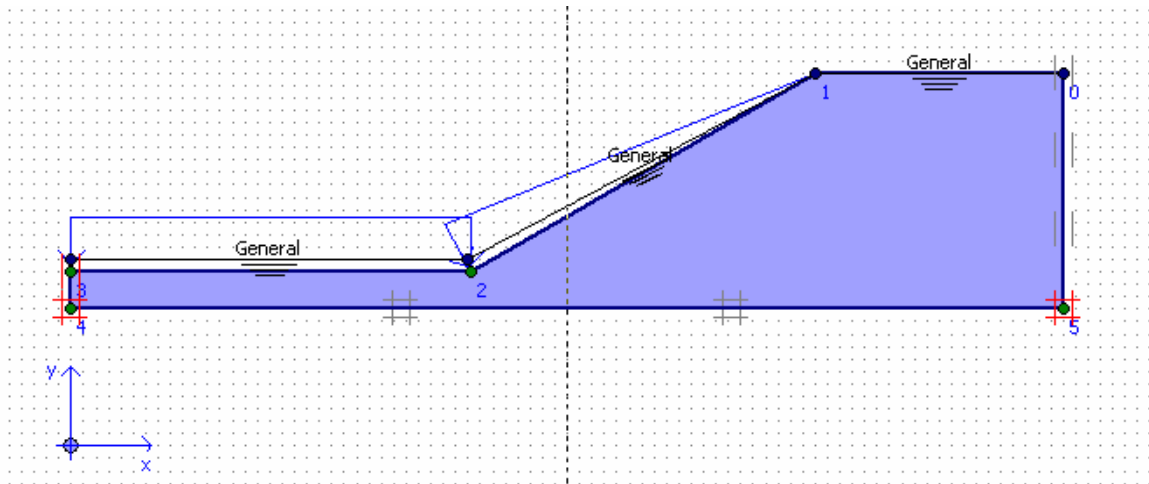





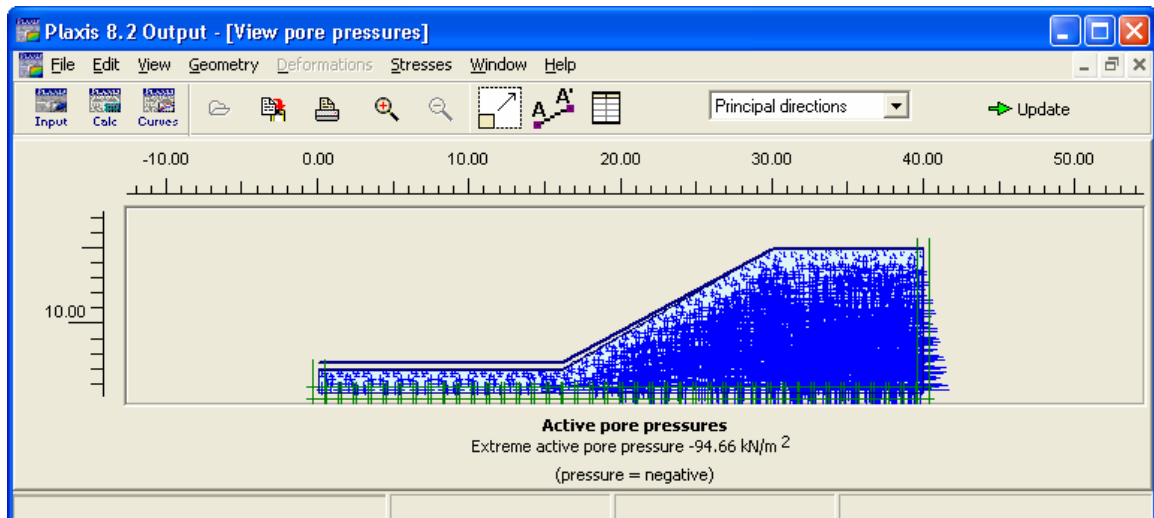
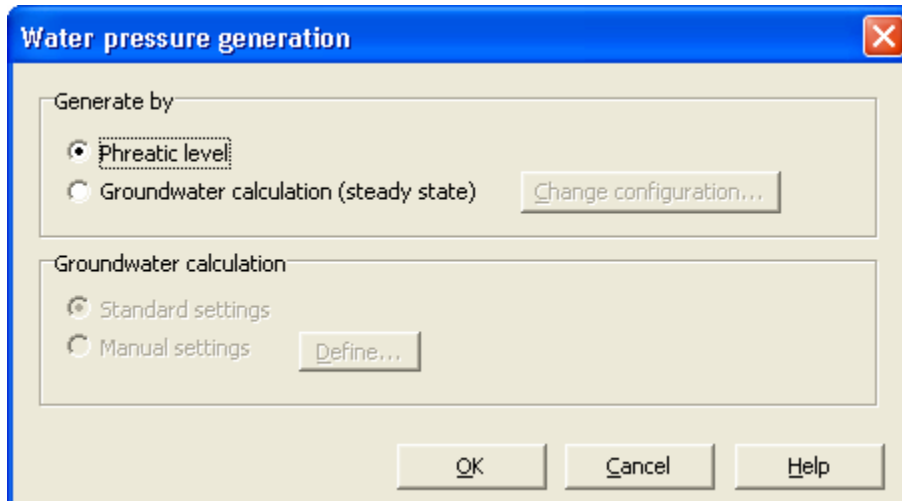
Update

63. Tính toán điều kiện ban đầu


Gán mực nước ngầm

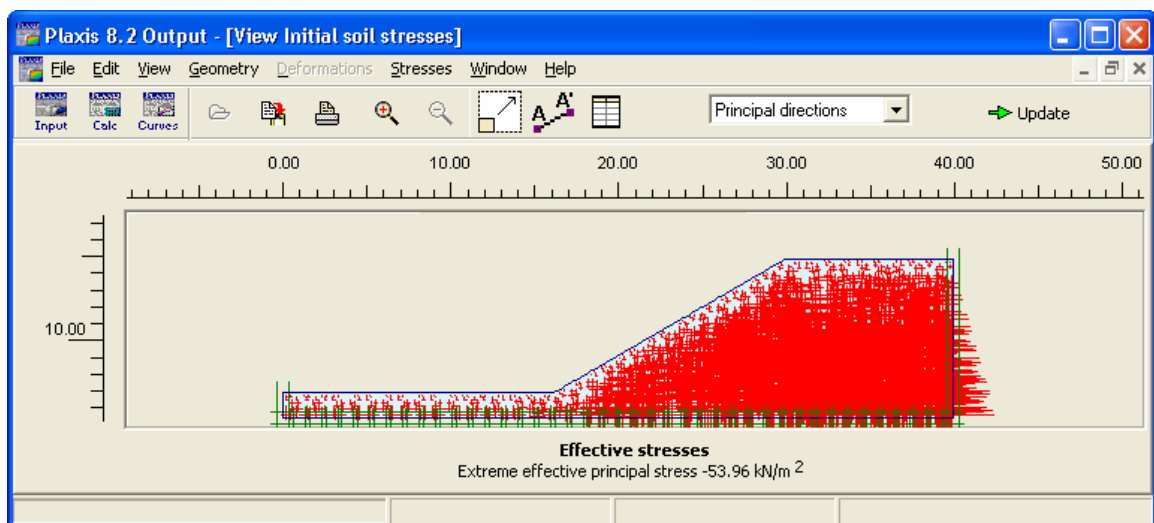
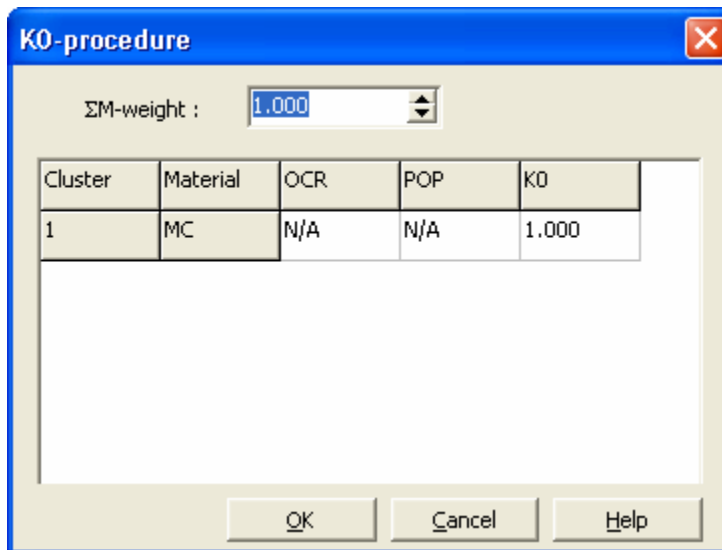


Tính toán áp lực nước 



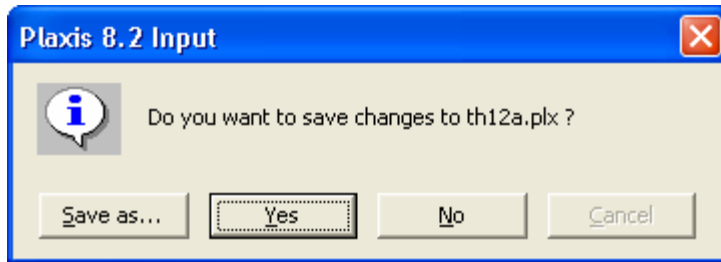
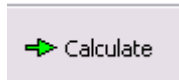
Update

Tính toán áp lực đất 



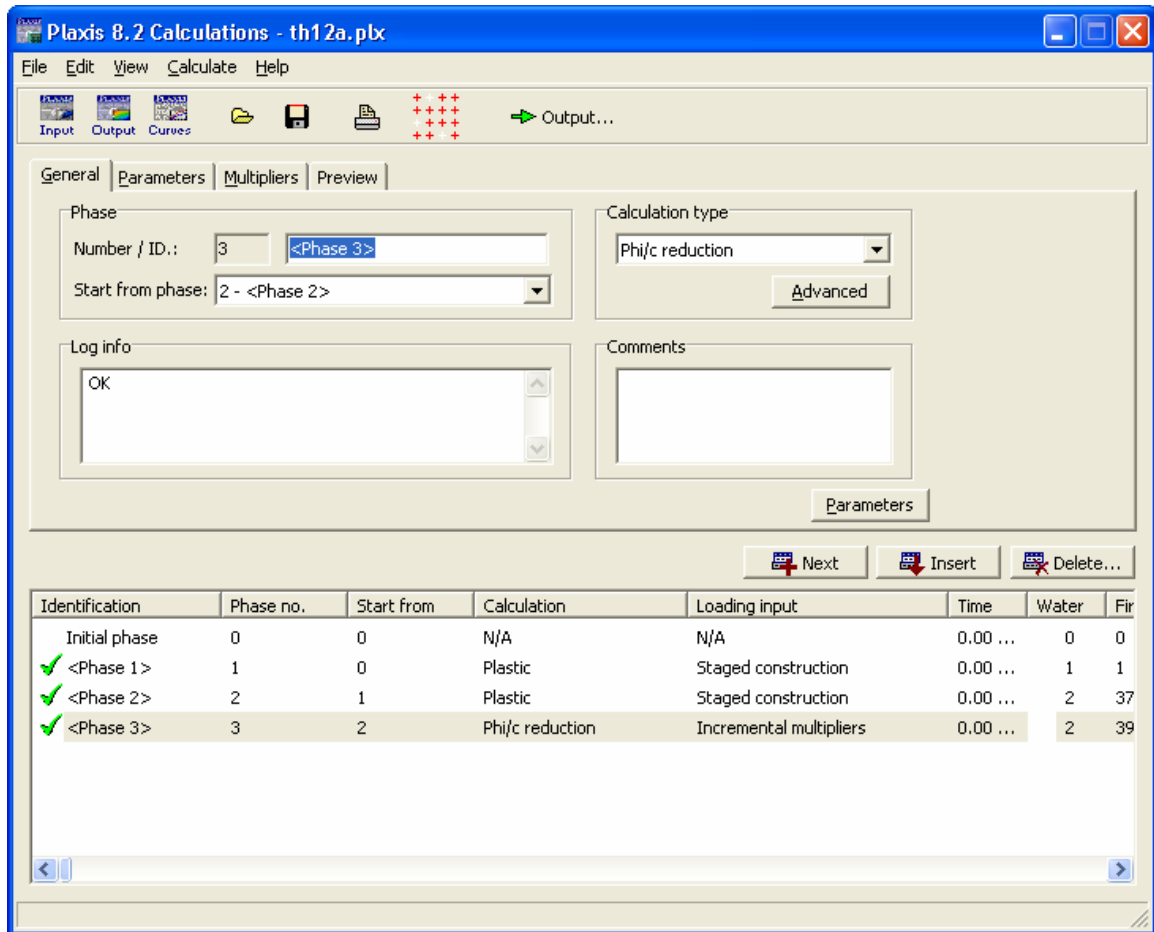
Update

64. Bắt đầu tính toán

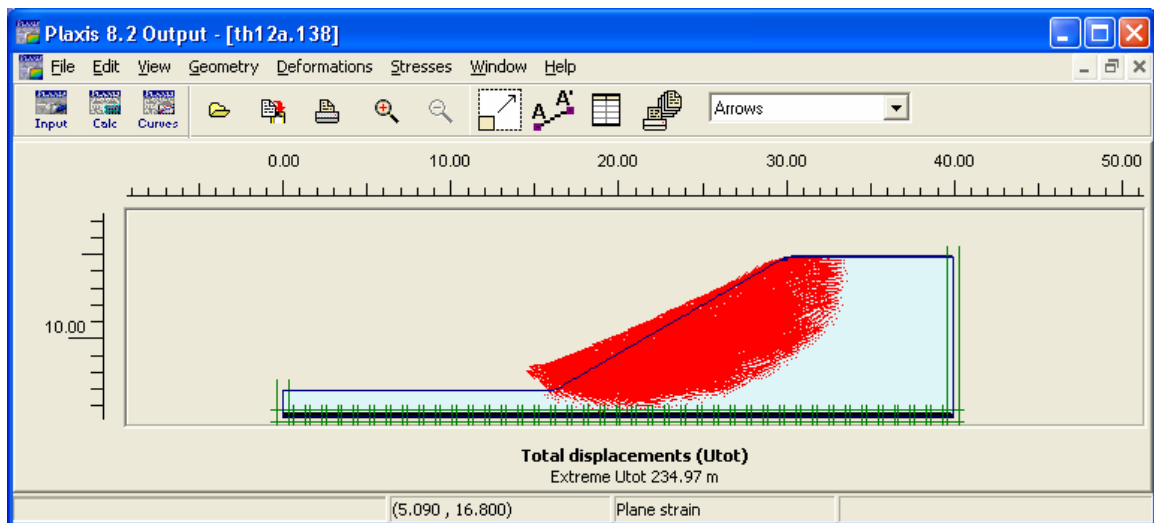


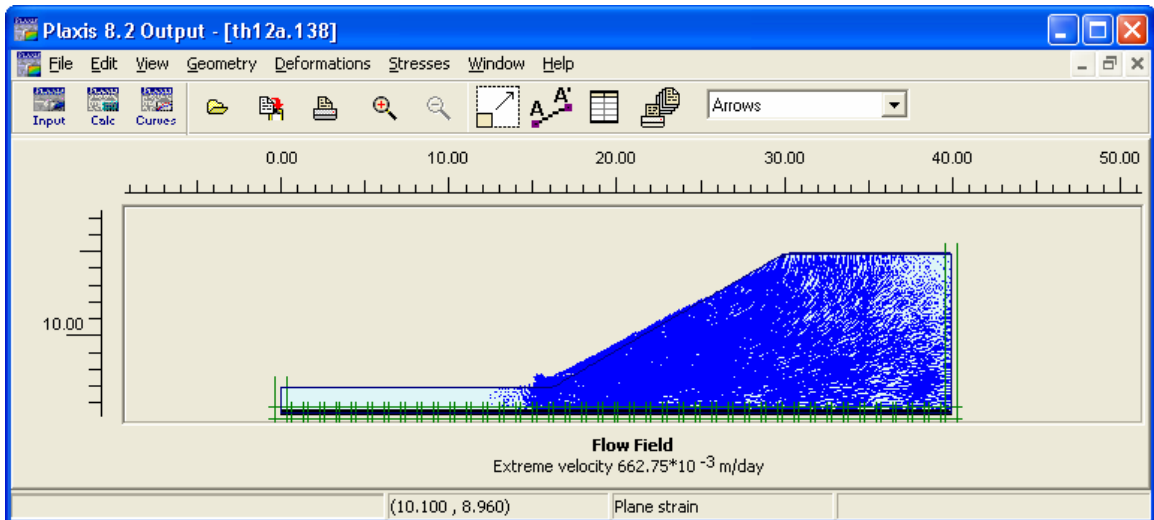
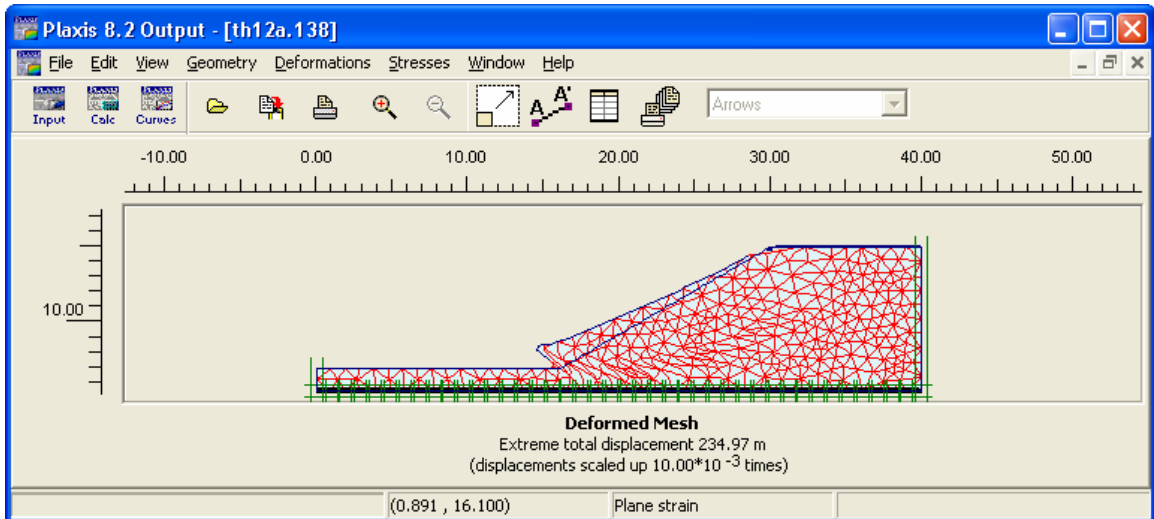
Tính toán cho 4 phase :

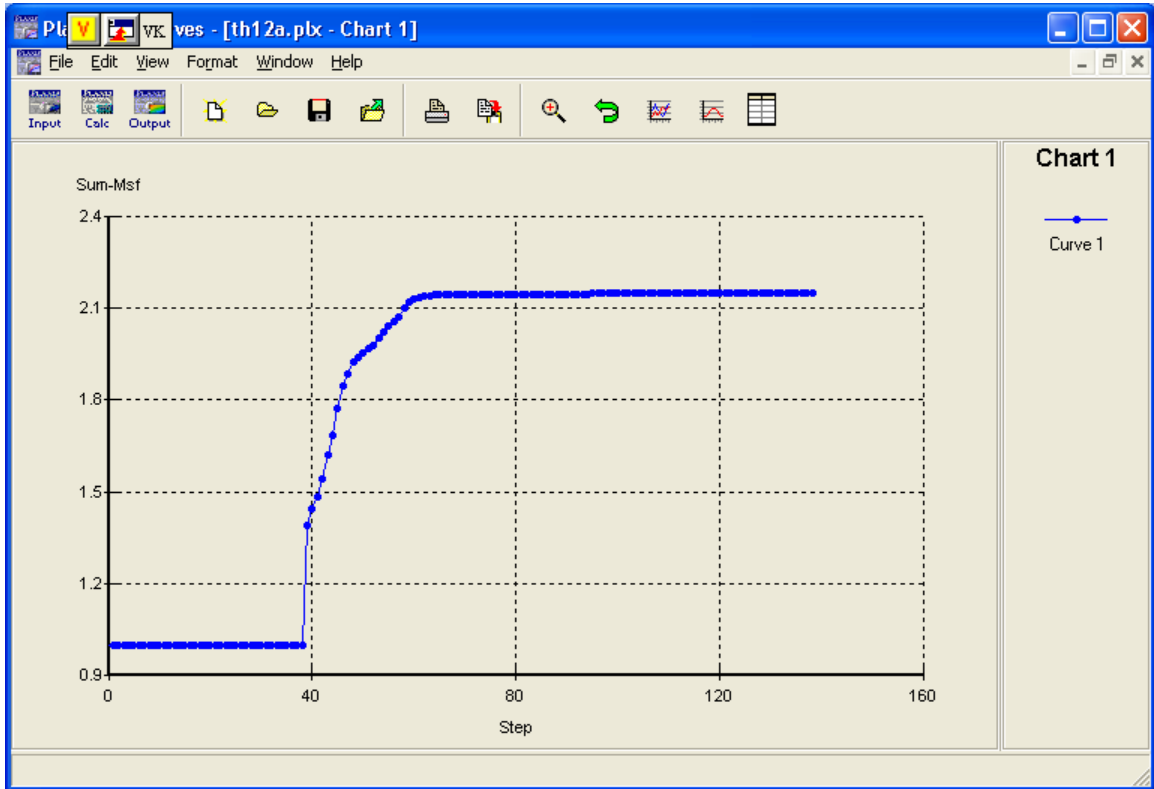
- 28. Ban đầu
- 29. Tính trọng lượng bản thân
- 30. Xét đến GWF
- 31. Tính ổn định mái dốc



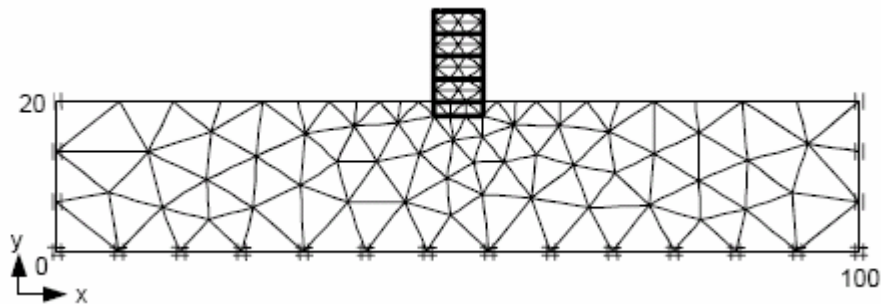
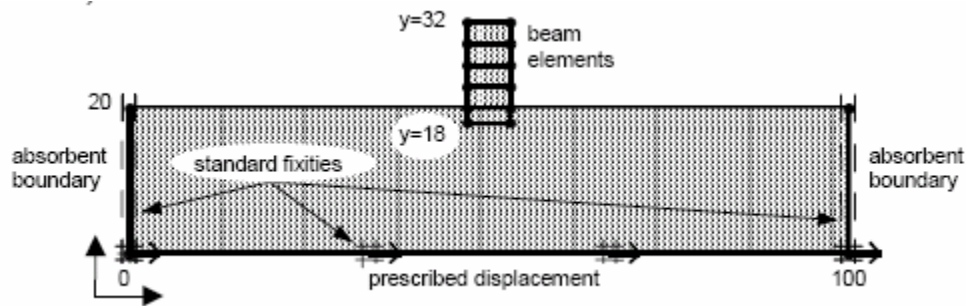
Kết quả phase cuối cùng





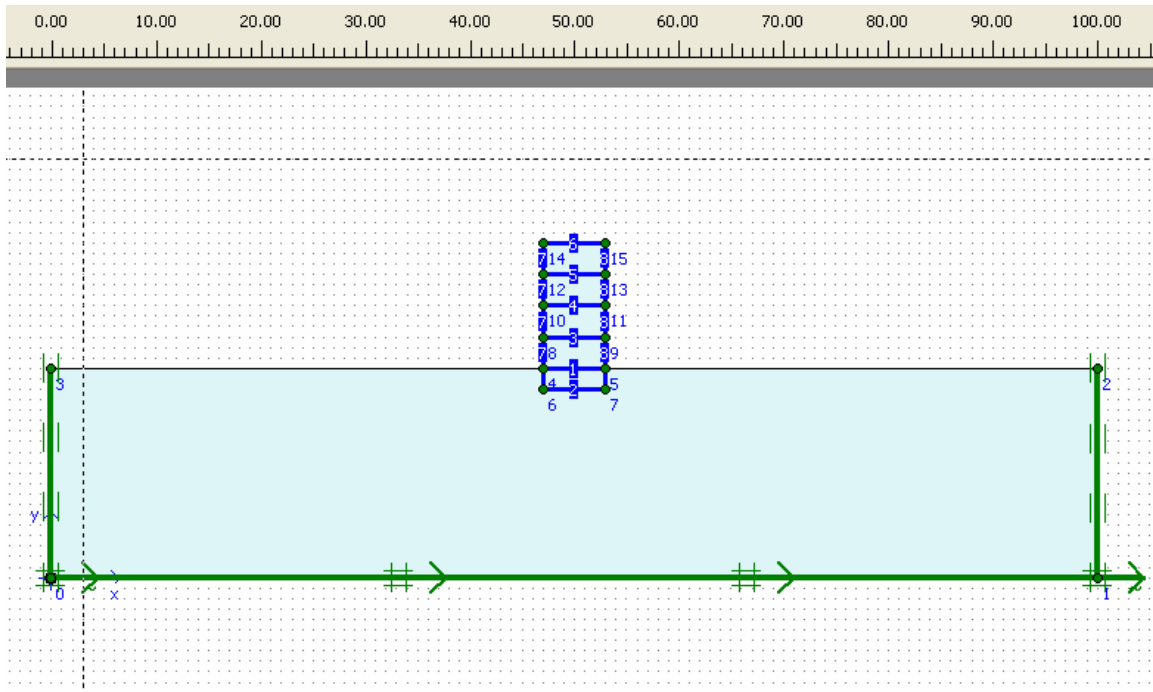


Phần 14 : PLAXIS INPUT,CALCULATE DYNAMICS




Parameter	Name	Value	Unit
Material model	Model	Elastic	-
Type of material behaviour	Type	Drained	-
Unit soil weight	γ	17.0	kN/m ³
Young's modulus (constant)	E_{ref}	30000	kN/m ²
Poisson's ratio	ν	0.2	-
Rayleigh damping	α and β	0.01	-

Parameter	Name	Floors / Walls	Unit
Material model	Model	Elastic	-
Normal stiffness	EA	$5 \cdot 10^6$	kN/m
Flexural rigidity	EI	9000	kNm ² /m
Weight	w	5.0	kN/m/m
Poisson's ratio	ν	0.0	-
Rayleigh damping	α and β	0.01	-




65. Tạo hình dạng bài toán


Gán chuyển vị biết trước 

Sửa lại với chuyển vị $x = 0.01$ để vectơ nằm ngang

Tại Load set Dynamic Load system chọn Prescribed displacements

Tại Load chọn Absorbend boundaries

Gán biên 

Gán số liệu địa chất 

Linear elastic - Loam

General | Parameters | Interfaces

Material Set

Identification:

Material model:

Material type:

General properties

γ_{unsat} kN/m³

γ_{sat} kN/m³

Comments

Permeability

k_x : m/s

k_y : m/s

Linear elastic - Loam

General Parameters Interfaces

Stiffness

E_{ref} : 3.000E+04 kN/m²

ν (nu) : 0.200

Alternatives

G_{ref} : 1.250E+04 kN/m²

E_{oed} : 3.333E+04 kN/m²

Velocities

V_s : 84.890 m/s

V_p : 138.600 m/s

Advanced...

Next Ok Cancel Help

Linear elastic - Loam

General Parameters Interfaces

Strength

Rigid

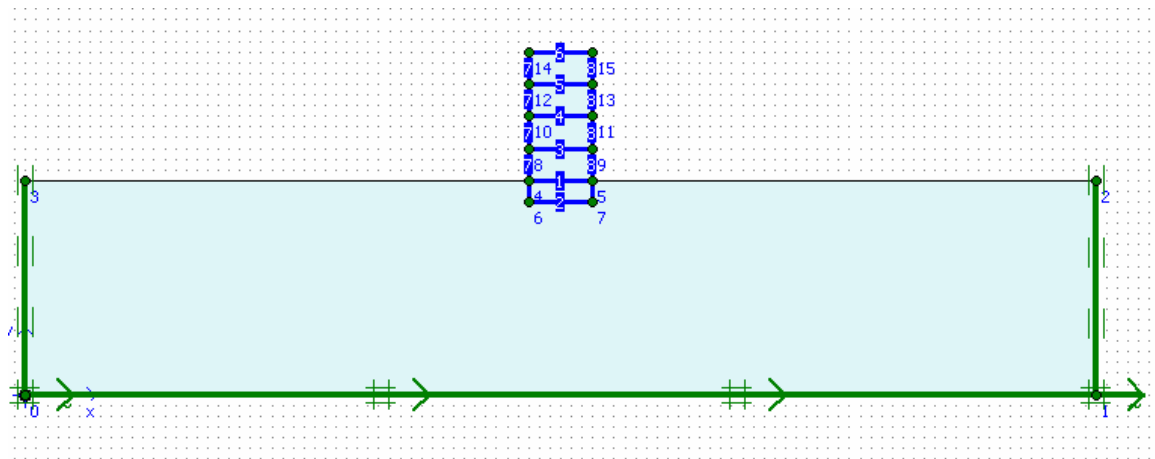
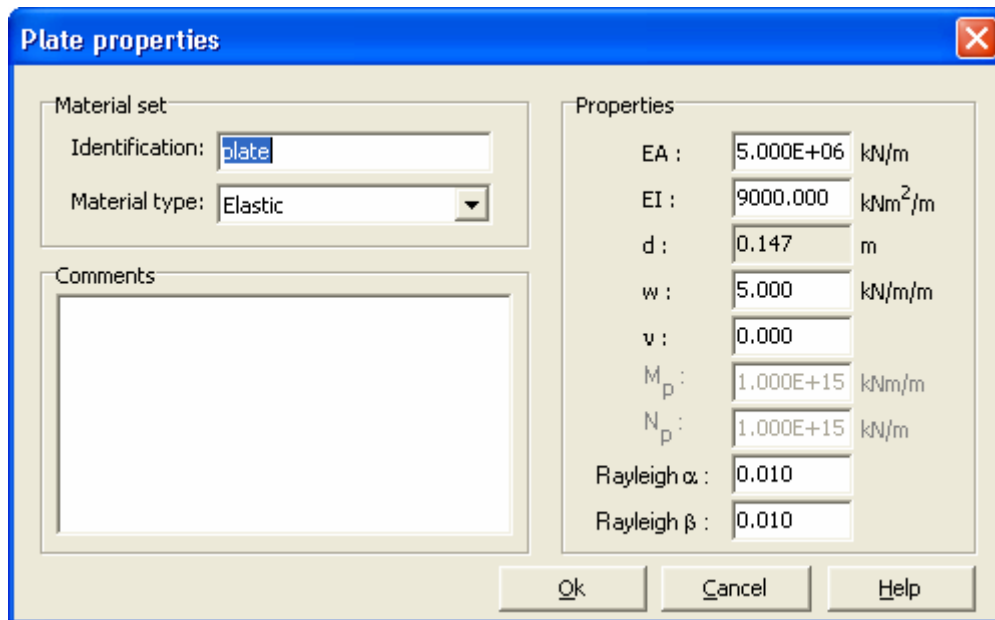
Manual

R_{inter} : 1.000

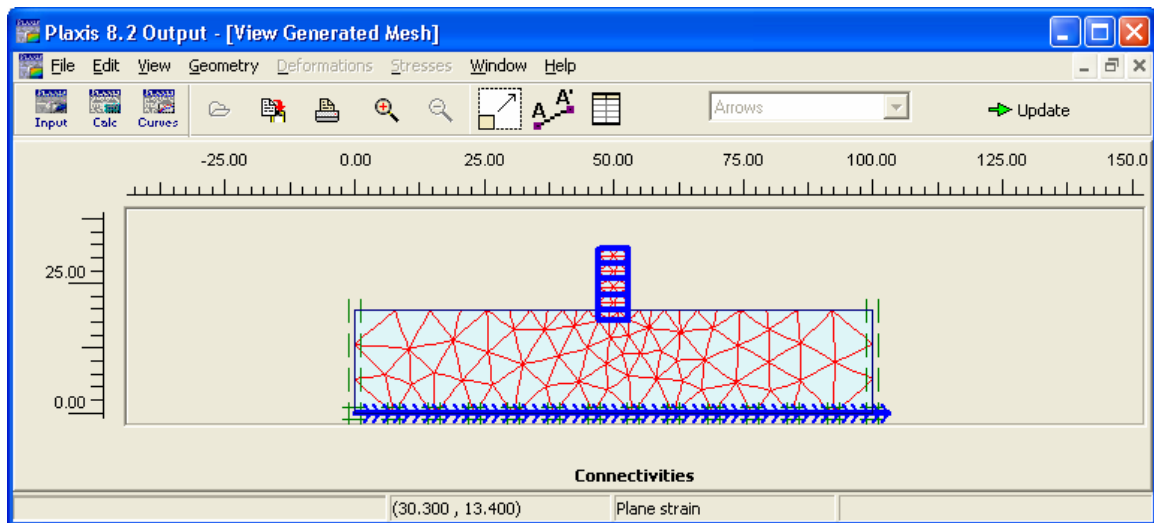
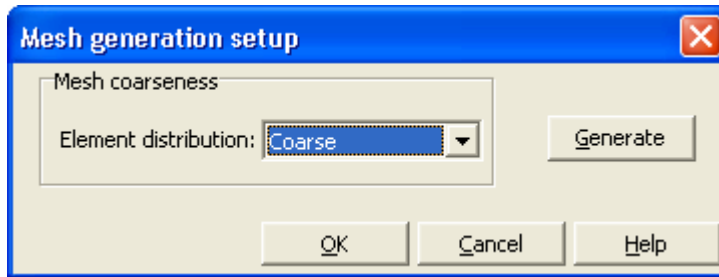
Real interface thickness

δ_{inter} : 0.000

Next Ok Cancel Help



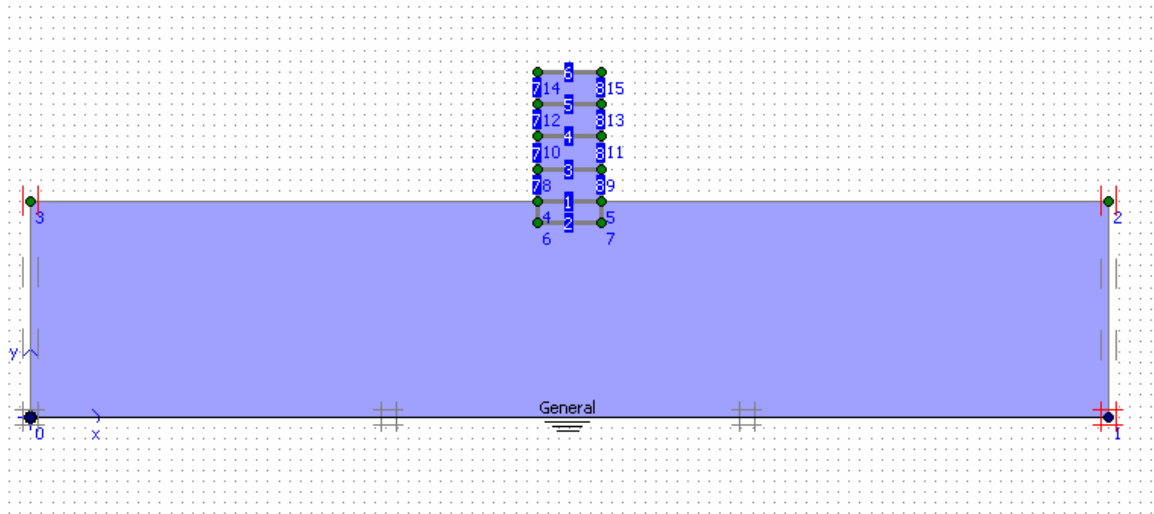
66. Tạo lưới phần tử




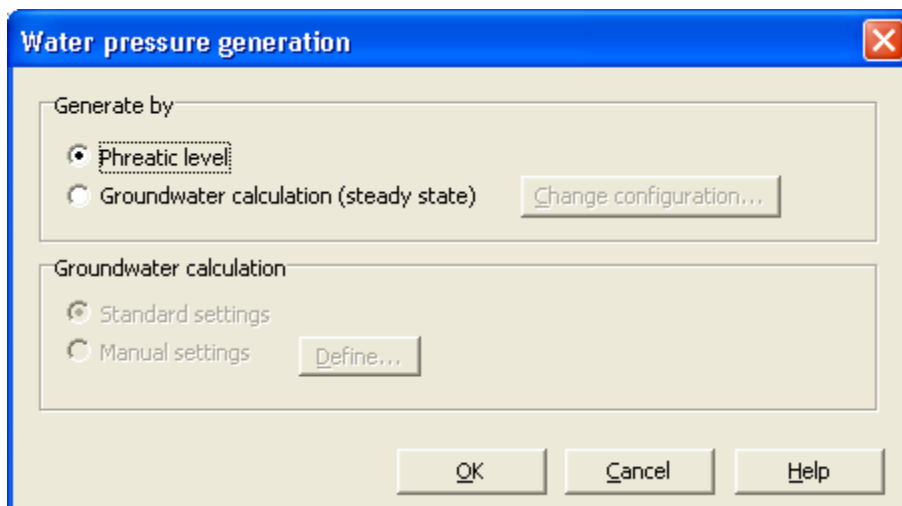
Update

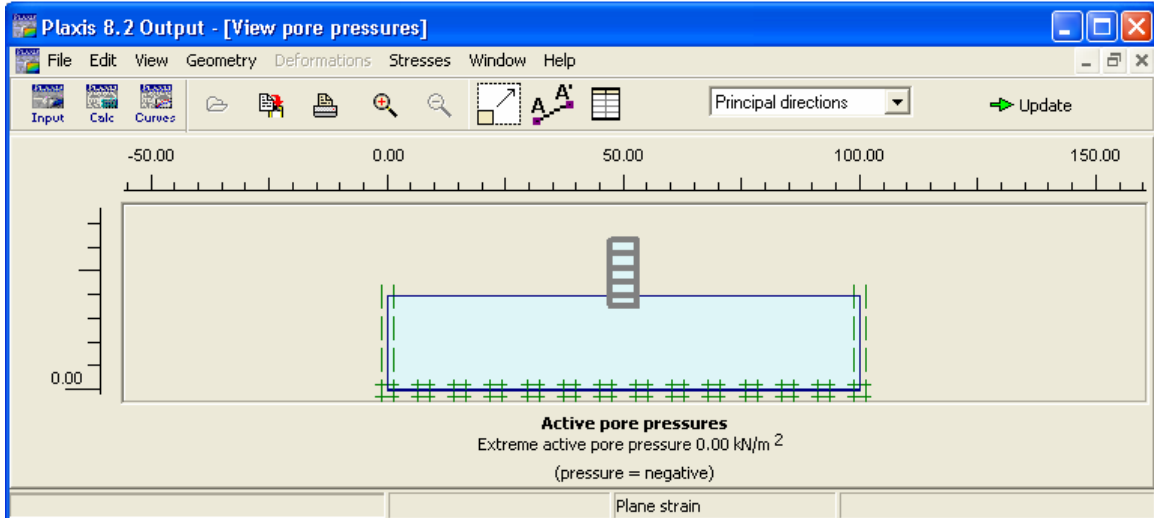
67. Tính toán điều kiện ban đầu

Gán mực nước ngầm




Tính toán áp lực nước 





Update

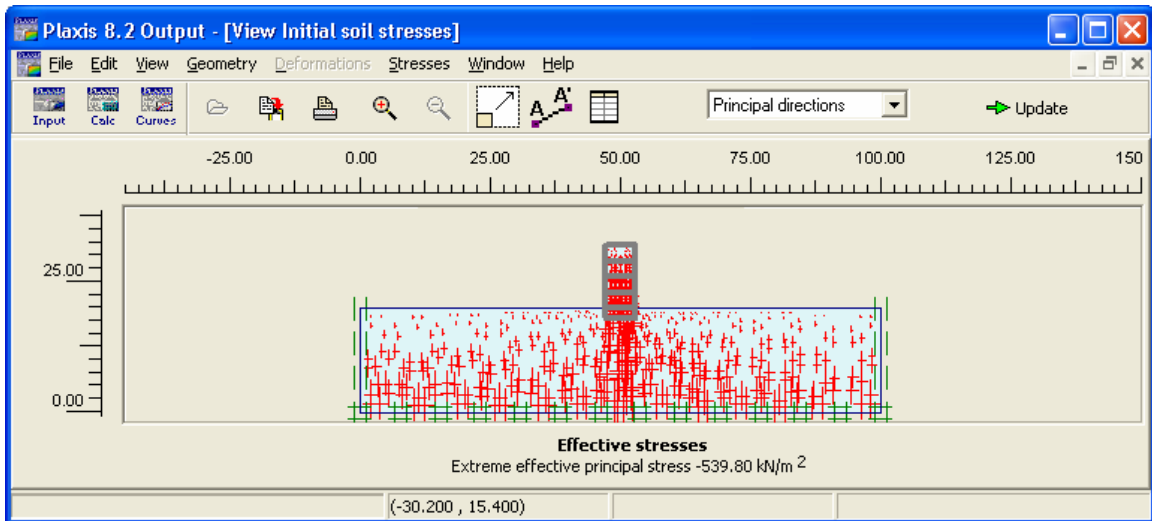
Tính toán áp lực đất 

K0-procedure

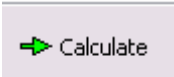
ΣM -weight : 1.000

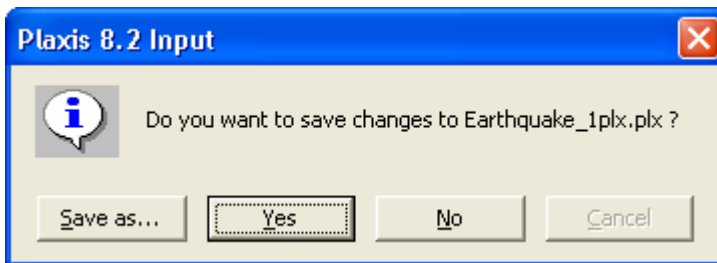
Cluster	Material	OCR	POP	K0
2	Elastic	N/A	N/A	0.500
3	Elastic	N/A	N/A	0.500
4	Elastic	N/A	N/A	0.500
5	Elastic	N/A	N/A	0.500
6	Elastic	N/A	N/A	0.500

OK Cancel Help



Update

68. Bắt đầu tính toán 



Tính toán cho 2 phase :


32. Ban đầu :

Phase 1:

1. Select *Plastic calculation* in the *General* tab sheet.
2. Select *Staged construction* as the loading input in the *Parameters* tab-sheet and click *Define*.
3. Activate the plates of the building and de-activate the soil cluster in the basement. All clusters inside the building should now be inactive.
4. Make sure the prescribed displacement used for modelling the earthquake acceleration is switched on.

33. Tính động học

Phase 2:

1. Select *Dynamic analysis* for the calculation type in the *General* tab sheet.
2. Set the number of *Additional steps* to 250 in the *Parameters* tab-sheet.
3. Select *Reset the displacements to zero*.
4. Set the *Time interval* to 10 sec in the loading input box.
5. Select *Manual setting* for the Iterative procedure. Set *Dynamic sub step* to 1.
6. Click *Define*.
7. Select the *Multiplier* tab sheet.
8. Click  next to the Σ -*Mdisp* multiplier.
9. Select the option *Load multiplier from data file*.
10. Select the appropriate SMC file (225A.smc). This file can be found in the PLAXIS program directory. The data provided in this file is an accelerogram, thus the option *Acceleration* has to be selected from the *File contents* box (See Figure 2.20).

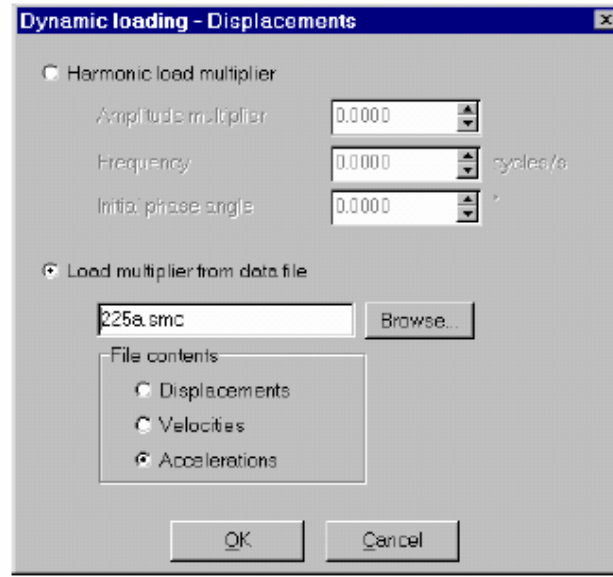
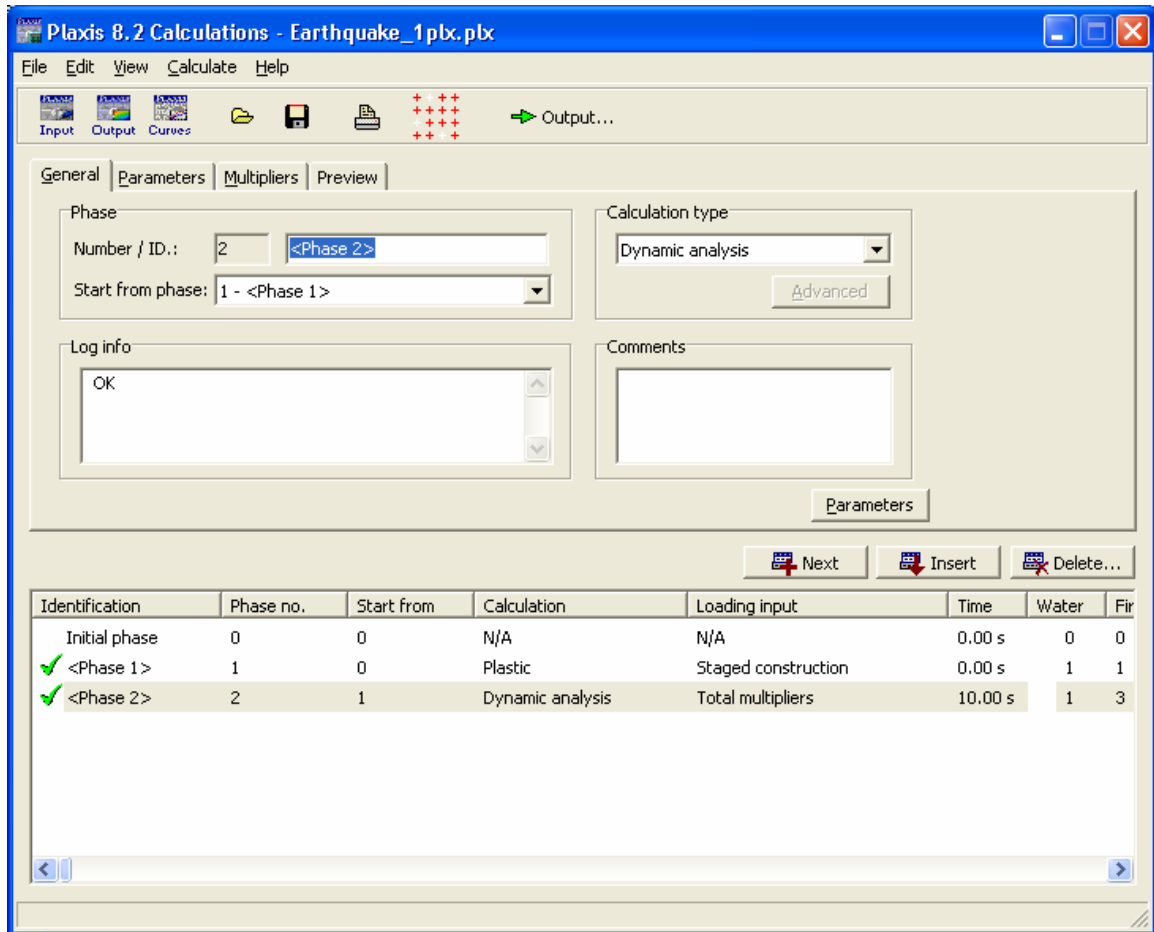


Figure 2.20 Selection of SMC file.

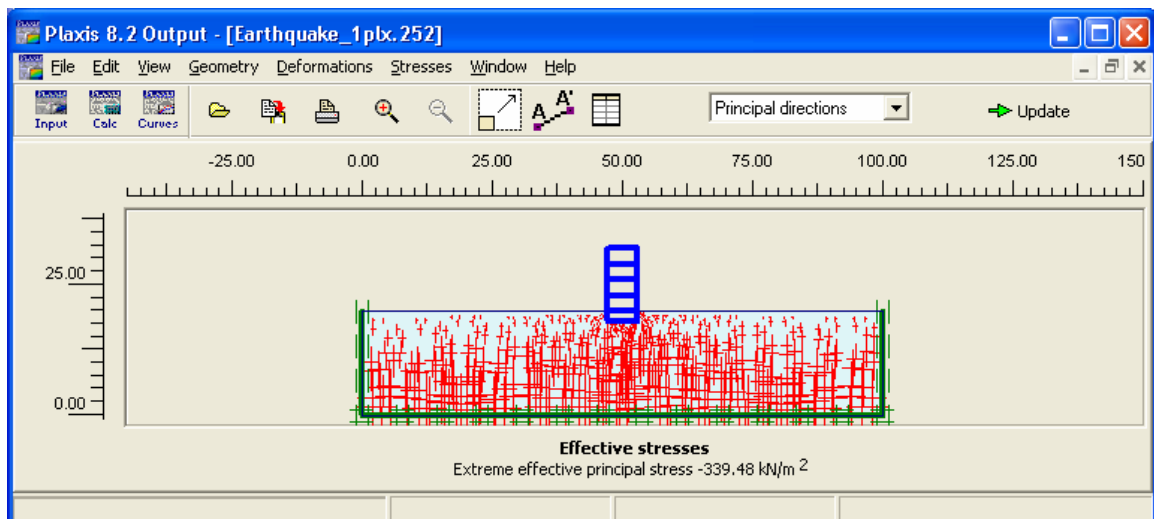
11. Click *OK*.
12. Select points for load displacement curves at the top of the building, at the bottom of the basement and at the bottom of the mesh. You may now start the calculation.

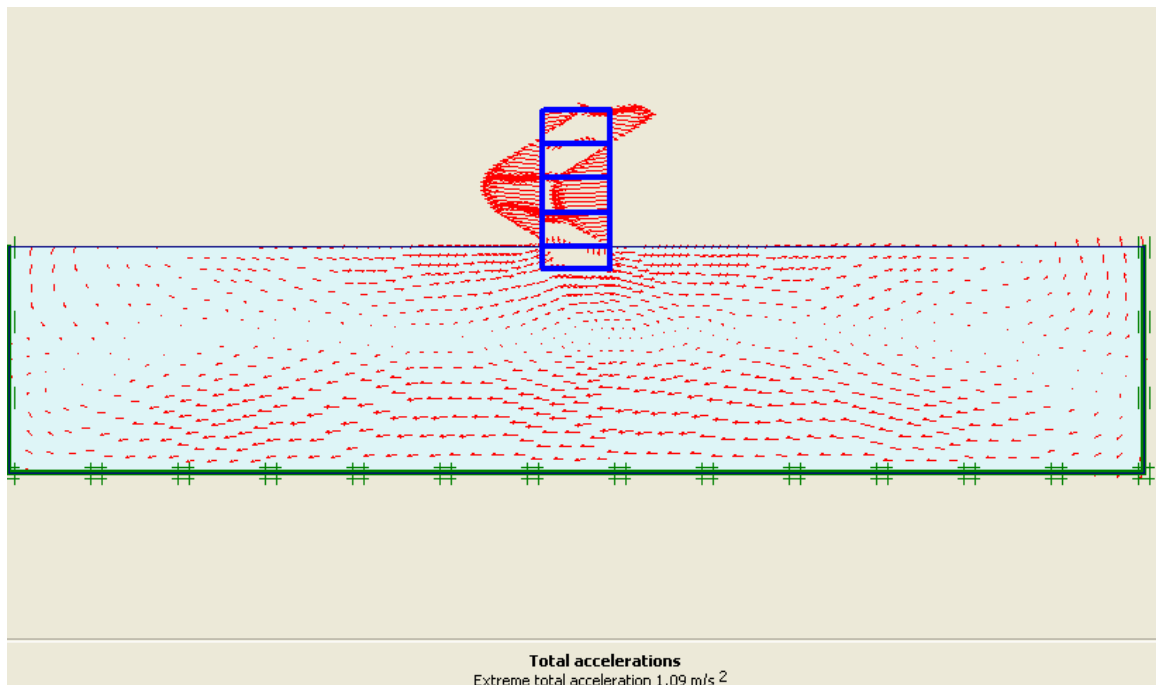
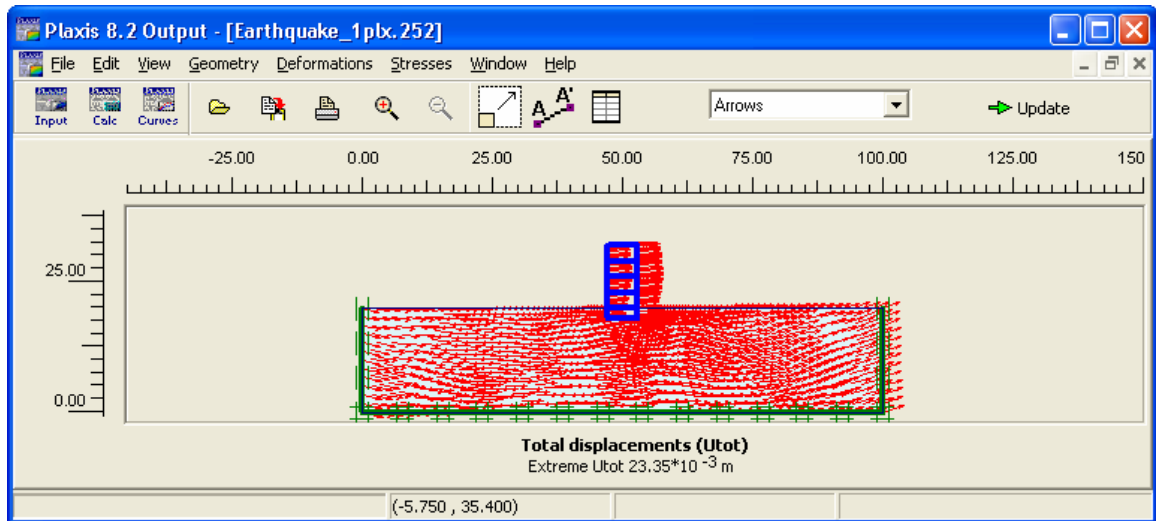
Hint: Plaxis assumes the data file is located in the current project directory when no directory is specified in the *Dynamic loading* window.

> In the SMC files, data is given for each 0.005 s (200 values per second). The calculation step size does not correspond with the data given in the file, but the calculation program will interpolate a proper value for the actual time of each step.



Kết quả phase cuối cùng





The maximum horizontal displacement at the top of the building is 75 mm and occurs at $t=4.8$ s. Figure 2.21 shows the deformed mesh at that time.

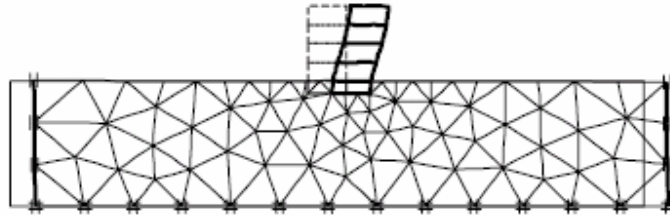


Figure 2.21 Deformed mesh at at $t = 4.80$ s (step 121). Maximum horizontal deformation at the top: $u_x = 75$ mm

The output program also provides data on velocities and accelerations. The maximum horizontal acceleration at the top of the building is 3.44 m/s^2 (0.34 G) and occurs at $t=2.88$ s (see Figure 2.22).

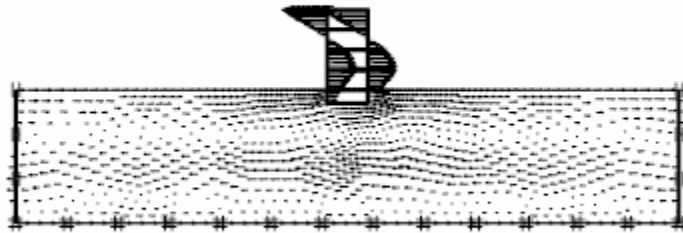


Figure 2.22 Horizontal accelerations at $t = 2.88$ s (step 73). Maximum value at the top:
 $a_x = 3.44 \text{ m/s}^2$

Figure 2.23 and Figure 2.24 show, respectively, time-displacement curves and time-acceleration curves at the bottom of the mesh, the basement and the top of the building. From Figure 2.24 it can be seen that the maximum accelerations at the top of the building are much larger than the accelerations from the earthquake itself.

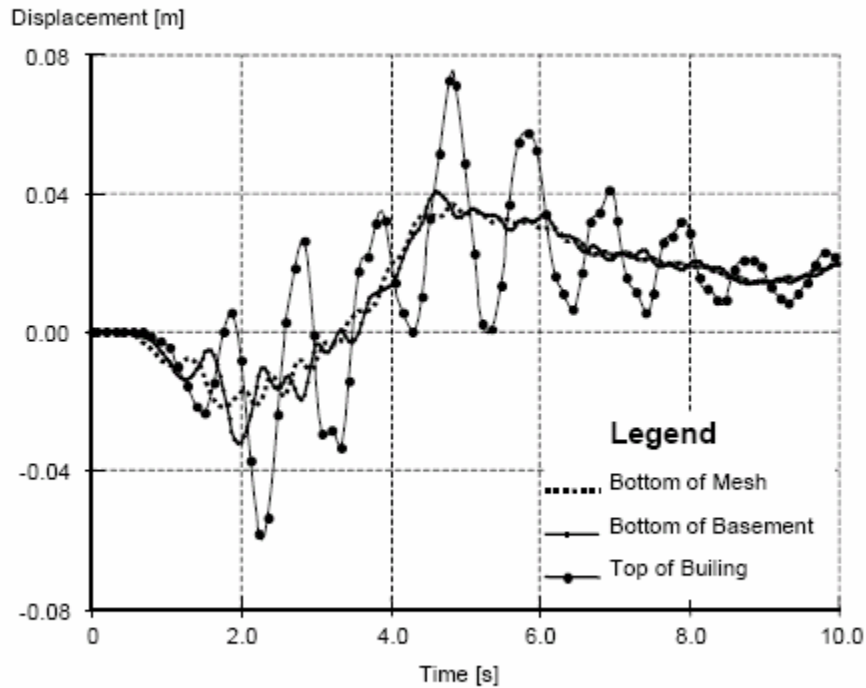


Figure 2.23 Time-displacement curve for the mesh bottom, basement and top of building

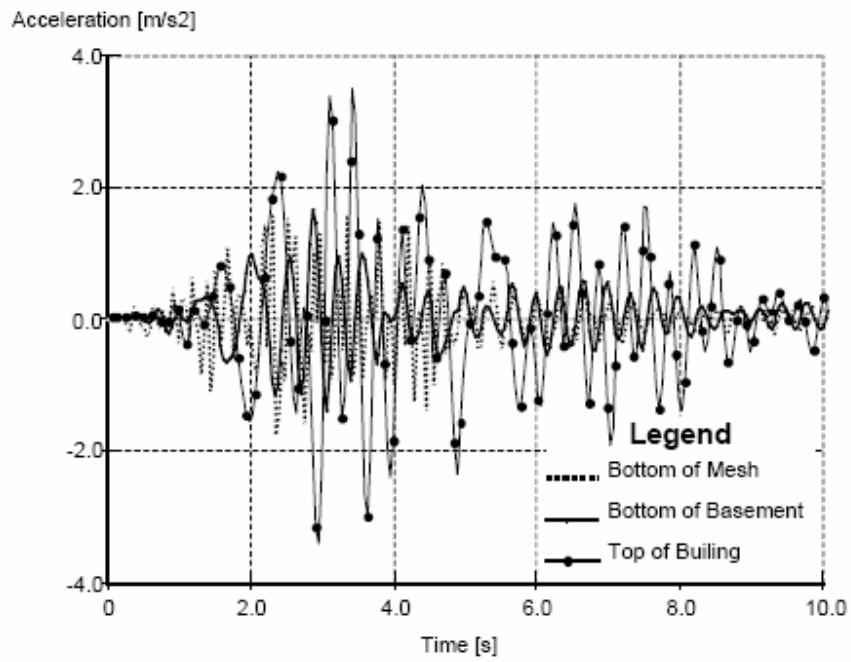


Figure 2.24 Time-acceleration curve for the mesh bottom, basement and top of building.